HEMP AMENDMENTS
2021 FIRST SPECIAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: David P. Hinkins
House Sponsor: Jennifer Dailey-Provost
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill amends provisions of Title 4, Chapter 41, Hemp and Cannabinoid Act, to
provide clarity regarding existing and developing cannabinoids and regulate production
and sale.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
► defines terms;
<ul> <li>allows industrial hemp producers to procure background checks through a federal</li> </ul>
system;
identifies an unlawful act for a person to:
<ul> <li>distribute, sell, or market a product that exceeds the acceptable hemp THC</li> </ul>
level;
• transport material outside of the state that exceeds the acceptable hemp THC
level; or
• produce, sell, or use a cannabinoid product that is added to food other than a
dietary supplement, added to an alcoholic beverage, or enticing to children;
<ul> <li>allows for increased flexibility in dosage forms;</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>provides for registration of a product class rather than individual products; and</li> </ul>
<ul><li>makes technical and conforming changes.</li></ul>
Money Appropriated in this Bill:



28	None
29	Other Special Clauses:
30	This bill provides a special effective date.
31	Utah Code Sections Affected:
32	AMENDS:
33	4-41-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapters 12 and 14
34	4-41-103.2, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 14
35	4-41-104, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 227
36	4-41-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 14
37	4-41-204, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 446
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39	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
40	Section 1. Section 4-41-102 is amended to read:
41	4-41-102. Definitions.
42	As used in this chapter:
43	(1) "Acceptable hemp THC level" means total tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of
44	not more than 0.3% on a dry weight basis if laboratory testing confirms a result within a
45	measurement of uncertainty that includes the total tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of 0.3%.
46	(2) "Cannabidiol" or "CBD" means the cannabinoid identified as CAS# 3556-78-3.
47	(3) "Cannabidiolic acid" or "CBDA" means the cannabinoid identified as CAS#
48	<u>1244-58-2.</u>
49	[(1)] (4) "Cannabinoid product" means [a chemical compound extracted from a hemp]
50	any product that:
51	[(a) is processed into a medicinal dosage form; and]
52	[(b) contains less than 0.3% tetrahydrocannabinol by dry weight.]
53	(a) contains or is represented to contain naturally occurring, derivative, or synthetic
54	cannabinoids; and
55	(b) does not contain more than the acceptable hemp THC level.
56	(5) "Delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol" or "delta-9-THC" means the cannabinoid identified
57	as CAS# 1972-08-03, the primary psychotropic cannabinoid in cannabis.
58	(6) "Derivative cannabinoid" means any cannabinoid that has been intentionally

59	created using a process to convert a naturally occurring cannabinoid into another cannabinoid.
60	(7) (a) "Dosage form" means the form in which a product is produced for individual
61	dosage that is not specified as unlawful in this chapter.
62	(b) "Dosage form" does not include industrial hemp flower.
63	[(2)] (8) "Industrial hemp" means any part of a cannabis plant, whether growing or not
64	with a concentration of less than 0.3% tetrahydrocannabinol by dry weight.
65	[(3)] (9) "Industrial hemp certificate" means a certificate that the department issues to
66	higher education institution to grow or cultivate industrial hemp under Subsection 4-41-103(1)
67	[(4)] (10) "Industrial hemp certificate holder" means a person possessing an industrial
68	hemp certificate that the department issues under this chapter.
69	[(5)] (11) "Industrial hemp laboratory permit" means a permit that the department
70	issues to a laboratory qualified to test industrial hemp under the state hemp production plan.
71	[(6)] (12) "Industrial hemp producer license" means a license that the department
72	issues to a person for the purpose of cultivating or processing industrial hemp or an industrial
73	hemp product.
74	[ <del>(7)</del> ] (13) "Industrial hemp retailer permit" means a permit that the department issues
75	to a retailer who sells any industrial hemp product.
76	[(8)] (14) "Industrial hemp product" means a product derived from, or made by,
77	processing industrial hemp plants or industrial hemp parts.
78	(15) "Industrial hemp product class" means a group of industrial hemp or cannabinoid
79	products that have ingredients in common, as established by the department under Section
80	<u>4-41-204.</u>
81	(16) "Key participant" means any individual who has access to raw hemp materials
82	within the industrial hemp facility.
83	[ <del>(9)</del> ] (17) "Laboratory permittee" means a person possessing an industrial hemp
84	laboratory permit that the department issues under this chapter.
85	[(10)] (18) "Licensee" means a person possessing an industrial hemp producer license
86	that the department issues under this chapter.
87	[(11) "Medicinal dosage form" means:]
88	[ <del>(a) a tablet;</del> ]
89	[ <del>(b) a capsule:</del> ]

90	[ <del>(c) a concentrated oil;</del> ]
91	[ <del>(d) a liquid suspension;</del> ]
92	[(e) a sublingual preparation;]
93	[ <del>(f)</del> a topical preparation;]
94	[(g) a transdermal preparation;]
95	[(h) a gelatinous cube, gelatinous rectangular cuboid, or lozenge in a cube or
96	rectangular cuboid shape; or]
97	[(i) other preparations that the department approves.]
98	[(12)] (19) "Non-compliant material" means a hemp plant or hemp product that does
99	not comply with this chapter, including a cannabis plant or product that contains a
100	concentration of 0.3% [tetrahydrocannabinol] total THC or greater by dry weight.
101	[(13)] (20) "Permittee" means a person possessing a permit that the department issues
102	under this chapter.
103	[ <del>(14)</del> ] <u>(21)</u> "Person" means:
104	(a) an individual, partnership, association, firm, trust, limited liability company, or
105	corporation; and
106	(b) an agent or employee of an individual, partnership, association, firm, trust, limited
107	liability company, or corporation.
108	[(15)] (22) "Research pilot program" means a program conducted by the department in
109	collaboration with at least one licensee to study methods of cultivating, processing, or
110	marketing industrial hemp.
111	[(16)] (23) "Retailer permittee" means a person possessing an industrial hemp retailer
112	permit that the department issues under this chapter.
113	[(17)] (24) "State hemp production plan" means a plan submitted by the state to, and
114	approved by, the United States Department of Agriculture in accordance with 7 C.F.R. Chapter
115	990.
116	(25) "Synthetic cannabinoid" means any cannabinoid that:
117	(a) was chemically synthesized from starting materials other than a naturally occurring
118	cannabinoid; and
119	(b) is not a derivative cannabinoid.
120	(26) "Tetrahydrocannabinol" or "THC" means a substance derived from cannabis or a

121	synthetic cannabinoid equivalent as described in Subsection 58-37-4(2)(a)(iii)(AA).
122	(27) "Total cannabidiol" or "total CBD" means the combined amounts of cannabidiol
123	and cannabidiolic acid, calculated as "total CBD = CBD + (CBDA x 0.877)."
124	(28) "Total tetrahydrocannabinol" or "total THC" means the sum of the determined
125	amounts of delta-9 THC and tetrahydrocannabinolic acid, calculated as "total THC = delta-9
126	$THC + (THCA \times 0.877)."$
127	Section 2. Section 4-41-103.2 is amended to read:
128	4-41-103.2. Industrial hemp producer license.
129	(1) The department or a licensee of the department may cultivate or process industrial
130	hemp.
131	(2) A person seeking an industrial hemp producer license shall provide to the
132	department:
133	(a) the legal description and global positioning coordinates sufficient for locating the
134	fields or greenhouses the person uses to grow industrial hemp; and
135	(b) written consent allowing a representative of the department and local law
136	enforcement to enter all premises where the person cultivates, processes, or stores industrial
137	hemp for the purpose of:
138	(i) conducting a physical inspection; or
139	(ii) ensuring compliance with the requirements of this chapter.
140	(3) An individual who has been convicted of a drug-related felony within the last 10
141	years is not eligible to obtain an industrial hemp producer license.
142	(4) The department may set a fee in accordance with Subsection 4-2-103(2) for the
143	application for an industrial hemp producer license.
144	(5) A licensee may only market industrial hemp that the licensee cultivates or
145	processes.
146	(6) (a) Each applicant for a license to cultivate or process industrial hemp shall submi
147	to the department, at the time of application, from each key participant:
148	(i) a fingerprint card in a form acceptable to the Department of Public Safety;
149	(ii) a signed waiver in accordance with Subsection 53-10-108(4) acknowledging the
150	registration of the individual's fingerprints in the Federal Bureau of Investigation Next
151	Generation Identification System's Ran Back Service: and

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152	(iii) consent to a fingerprint background check by:
153	(A) the Bureau of Criminal Identification; and
154	(B) the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
155	(b) The Bureau of Criminal Identification shall:
156	(i) check the fingerprints the applicant submits under Subsection (6)(a) against the
157	applicable state, regional, and national criminal records databases, including the Federal
158	Bureau of Investigation Next Generation Identification System;
159	(ii) report the results of the background check to the department;
160	(iii) maintain a separate file of fingerprints that applicants submit under Subsection
161	(6)(a) for search by future submissions to the local and regional criminal records databases,
162	including latent prints;
163	(iv) request that the fingerprints be retained in the Federal Bureau of Investigation Next
164	Generation Identification System's Rap Back Service for search by future submissions to
165	national criminal records databases, including the Next Generation Identification System and
166	latent prints; and
167	(v) establish a privacy risk mitigation strategy to ensure that the department only
168	receives notifications for an individual with whom the department maintains an authorizing
169	relationship.
170	(c) The department shall:
171	(i) assess an individual who submits fingerprints under Subsection (6)(a) a fee in an
172	amount that the department sets in accordance with Section 63J-1-504 for the services that the
173	Bureau of Criminal Identification or another authorized agency provides under this section; and
174	(ii) remit the fee described in Subsection (6)(c)(i) to the Bureau of Criminal
175	Identification.
176	Section 3. Section <b>4-41-104</b> is amended to read:
177	4-41-104. Product registration required for distribution Application Fees
178	Renewal.
179	(1) An industrial hemp product that is not registered with the department may not be
180	distributed in this state.
181	(2) A person seeking registration for an industrial hemp product shall:
182	(a) apply to the department on forms provided by the department; and

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183	(b) submit an annual registration fee, determined by the department pursuant to
184	Subsection 4-2-103(2), for each industrial hemp product <u>class</u> the person intends to distribute
185	in this state.
186	(3) The department may conduct tests, or require test results, to ensure that any claim
187	made by an applicant about an industrial hemp product is accurate.
188	(4) Upon receipt by the department of a proper application and payment of the
189	appropriate fee, as described in Subsection (2), the department shall issue a registration to the
190	applicant allowing the applicant to distribute the registered hemp product in the state [through
191	June 30 of each year] for one year from the date of the payment of the fee, subject to
192	suspension or revocation for cause.
193	(5) The department shall mail, either through the postal service or electronically, forms
194	for the renewal of a registration to a registrant at least 30 days before the day on which the
195	registrant's registration expires.
196	Section 4. Section <b>4-41-105</b> is amended to read:
197	4-41-105. Unlawful acts.
198	(1) It is unlawful for a person to:
199	(a) cultivate, handle, process, or market living industrial hemp plants, viable hemp
200	seeds, leaf materials, or floral materials derived from industrial hemp without the appropriate
201	license or permit issued by the department under this chapter[-];
202	[(2)] (b) [It is unlawful for any person to] distribute, sell, or market an industrial hemp
203	or cannabinoid product that is not registered with the department pursuant to Section
204	4-41-104[ <del>-</del> ];
205	(c) distribute, sell, or market an industrial hemp or cannabinoid product that contains
206	greater than the acceptable hemp THC level;
207	(d) transport outside the state extracted material or final product that exceeds the
208	acceptable hemp THC level;
209	(e) produce, sell, or use a cannabinoid product that is:
210	(i) added to a conventional food unless the product is marketed and sold as a dietary
211	supplement, as that term is defined in 21 U.S.C. Sec. 321;

(iii) marketed or manufactured to be enticing to children, as the department specifies in

(ii) added to an alcoholic beverage; or

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214	rule in accordance with Section 4-41-204; or
215	(f) distribute, sell, or use industrial hemp flower.
216	[(3)] (2) The department may seize and destroy non-compliant material.
217	[(4)] (3) Nothing in this chapter authorizes any person to violate federal law,
218	regulation, or any provision of this title.
219	Section 5. Section 4-41-204 is amended to read:
220	4-41-204. Department to make rules regarding cultivation and processing.
221	The department shall make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
222	Administrative Rulemaking Act:
223	(1) to ensure:
224	(a) cannabis cultivated in the state pursuant to this chapter is cultivated from
225	state-approved seed sources; and
226	(b) a private entity contracted to cultivate cannabis has sufficient security protocols;
227	[ <del>and</del> ]
228	(2) governing an entity that puts cannabis into a [medicinal] dosage form, including
229	standards for health and safety[-];
230	(3) regarding what constitutes a product that is marketed or manufactured to be
231	enticing to children; and
232	(4) to establish industrial hemp product classes or the characteristics that constitute an
233	industrial hemp product class in a way that reduces product registration fees and streamlines
234	the product registration process.
235	Section 6. Effective date.
236	If approved by two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, this bill takes effect
237	upon approval by the governor, or the day following the constitutional time limit of Utah
238	Constitution, Article VII, Section 8, without the governor's signature, or in the case of a veto,
239	the date of veto override.