2

3

4

5

25

FINANCIAL DISCLOSURES AMENDMENTS

2022 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

**Chief Sponsor: Jordan D. Teuscher** 

Senate Sponsor: David P. Hinkins



As used in this chapter:

26 (1) (a) "Address" means the number and street where an individual resides or where a 27 reporting entity has its principal office. 28 (b) "Address" does not include a post office box. 29 (2) "Agent of a reporting entity" means: 30 (a) a person acting on behalf of a reporting entity at the direction of the reporting 31 entity; 32 (b) a person employed by a reporting entity in the reporting entity's capacity as a 33 reporting entity; 34 (c) the personal campaign committee of a candidate or officeholder; (d) a member of the personal campaign committee of a candidate or officeholder in the 35 36 member's capacity as a member of the personal campaign committee of the candidate or 37 officeholder; or 38 (e) a political consultant of a reporting entity. (3) "Ballot proposition" includes initiatives, referenda, proposed constitutional 39 amendments, and any other ballot propositions submitted to the voters that are authorized by 40 41 the Utah Code Annotated 1953. (4) "Candidate" means any person who: 42 43 (a) files a declaration of candidacy for a public office; or 44 (b) receives contributions, makes expenditures, or gives consent for any other person to 45 receive contributions or make expenditures to bring about the person's nomination or election 46 to a public office. 47 (5) "Chief election officer" means: 48 (a) the lieutenant governor for state office candidates, legislative office candidates, 49 officeholders, political parties, political action committees, corporations, political issues 50 committees, state school board candidates, judges, and labor organizations, as defined in 51 Section 20A-11-1501; and 52 (b) the county clerk for local school board candidates. 53 (6) (a) "Contribution" means any of the following when done for political purposes: 54 (i) a gift, subscription, donation, loan, advance, or deposit of money or anything of 55 value given to the filing entity;

(ii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make a gift,

57	subscription, donation, unpaid or partially unpaid loan, advance, or deposit of money or
58	anything of value to the filing entity;
59	(iii) any transfer of funds from another reporting entity to the filing entity;
60	(iv) compensation paid by any person or reporting entity other than the filing entity for
61	personal services provided without charge to the filing entity;
62	(v) remuneration from:
63	(A) any organization or its directly affiliated organization that has a registered lobbyist;
64	or
65	(B) any agency or subdivision of the state, including school districts;
66	(vi) a loan made by a candidate deposited to the candidate's own campaign; and
67	(vii) in-kind contributions.
68	(b) "Contribution" does not include:
69	(i) services provided by individuals volunteering a portion or all of their time on behalf
70	of the filing entity if the services are provided without compensation by the filing entity or any
71	other person;
72	(ii) money lent to the filing entity by a financial institution in the ordinary course of
73	business; [or]
74	(iii) goods or services provided for the benefit of a political entity at less than fair
75	market value that are not authorized by or coordinated with the political entity[:]; or
76	(iv) data or information described in Subsection (24)(b).
77	(7) "Coordinated with" means that goods or services provided for the benefit of a
78	political entity are provided:
79	(a) with the political entity's prior knowledge, if the political entity does not object;
80	(b) by agreement with the political entity;
81	(c) in coordination with the political entity; or
82	(d) using official logos, slogans, and similar elements belonging to a political entity.
83	(8) (a) "Corporation" means a domestic or foreign, profit or nonprofit, business
84	organization that is registered as a corporation or is authorized to do business in a state and
85	makes any expenditure from corporate funds for:
86	(i) the purpose of expressly advocating for political purposes; or
87	(ii) the purpose of expressly advocating the approval or the defeat of any ballot

88	proposition.
89	(b) "Corporation" does not mean:
90	(i) a business organization's political action committee or political issues committee; or
91	(ii) a business entity organized as a partnership or a sole proprietorship.
92	(9) "County political party" means, for each registered political party, all of the persons
93	within a single county who, under definitions established by the political party, are members of
94	the registered political party.
95	(10) "County political party officer" means a person whose name is required to be
96	submitted by a county political party to the lieutenant governor in accordance with Section
97	20A-8-402.
98	(11) "Detailed listing" means:
99	(a) for each contribution or public service assistance:
100	(i) the name and address of the individual or source making the contribution or public
101	service assistance, except to the extent that the name or address of the individual or source is
102	unknown;
103	(ii) the amount or value of the contribution or public service assistance; and
104	(iii) the date the contribution or public service assistance was made; and
105	(b) for each expenditure:
106	(i) the amount of the expenditure;
107	(ii) the goods or services acquired by the expenditure; and
108	(iii) the date the expenditure was made.
109	(12) (a) "Donor" means a person that gives money, including a fee, due, or assessment
110	for membership in the corporation, to a corporation without receiving full and adequate
111	consideration for the money.
112	(b) "Donor" does not include a person that signs a statement that the corporation may
113	not use the money for an expenditure or political issues expenditure.
114	(13) "Election" means each:
115	(a) regular general election;
116	(b) regular primary election; and
117	(c) special election at which candidates are eliminated and selected.
118	(14) "Electioneering communication" means a communication that:

119	(a) has at least a value of \$10,000;
120	(b) clearly identifies a candidate or judge; and
121	(c) is disseminated through the Internet, newspaper, magazine, outdoor advertising
122	facility, direct mailing, broadcast, cable, or satellite provider within 45 days of the clearly
123	identified candidate's or judge's election date.
124	(15) (a) "Expenditure" means any of the following made by a reporting entity or an
125	agent of a reporting entity on behalf of the reporting entity:
126	(i) any disbursement from contributions, receipts, or from the separate bank account
127	required by this chapter;
128	(ii) a purchase, payment, donation, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, gift of money,
129	or anything of value made for political purposes;
130	(iii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make any
131	purchase, payment, donation, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, gift of money, or anything of
132	value for political purposes;
133	(iv) compensation paid by a filing entity for personal services rendered by a person
134	without charge to a reporting entity;
135	(v) a transfer of funds between the filing entity and a candidate's personal campaign
136	committee;
137	(vi) goods or services provided by the filing entity to or for the benefit of another
138	reporting entity for political purposes at less than fair market value; or
139	(vii) an independent expenditure, as defined in Section 20A-11-1702.
140	(b) "Expenditure" does not include:
141	(i) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all
142	of their time on behalf of a reporting entity;
143	(ii) money lent to a reporting entity by a financial institution in the ordinary course of
144	business; or
145	(iii) anything listed in Subsection (15)(a) that is given by a reporting entity to
146	candidates for office or officeholders in states other than Utah.
147	(16) "Federal office" means the office of president of the United States, United States
148	Senator or United States Representative

(17) "Filing entity" means the reporting entity that is required to file a financial

150 statement required by this chapter or Chapter 12, Part 2, Judicial Retention Elections. (18) "Financial statement" includes any summary report, interim report, verified 151 152 financial statement, or other statement disclosing contributions, expenditures, receipts, 153 donations, or disbursements that is required by this chapter or Chapter 12, Part 2, Judicial 154 Retention Elections. 155 (19) "Governing board" means the individual or group of individuals that determine the candidates and committees that will receive expenditures from a political action committee. 156 157 political party, or corporation. 158 (20) "Incorporation" means the process established by Title 10, Chapter 2a, Municipal 159 Incorporation, by which a geographical area becomes legally recognized as a city, town, or 160 metro township. 161 (21) "Incorporation election" means the election conducted under Section 10-2a-210 or 162 10-2a-404. (22) "Incorporation petition" means a petition described in Section 10-2a-208. 163 164 (23) "Individual" means a natural person. (24) (a) "In-kind contribution" means anything of value, other than money, that is 165 166 accepted by or coordinated with a filing entity. 167 (b) "In-kind contribution" does not include survey results, voter lists, voter contact 168 information, demographic data, voting trend data, or other information that: (i) is not solicited  $\hat{S} \rightarrow bv$ ,  $\leftarrow \hat{S}$  or commissioned  $\hat{S} \rightarrow [bv, or] \leftarrow \hat{S}$  for the benefit of, a 169 particular candidate or 169a 170 officeholder; and 171 (ii) is offered at no cost to a candidate or officeholder. 172 (25) "Interim report" means a report identifying the contributions received and 173 expenditures made since the last report. 174 (26) "Legislative office" means the office of state senator, state representative, speaker of the House of Representatives, president of the Senate, and the leader, whip, and assistant 175 176 whip of any party caucus in either house of the Legislature. 177 (27) "Legislative office candidate" means a person who: 178 (a) files a declaration of candidacy for the office of state senator or state representative; 179 (b) declares oneself to be a candidate for, or actively campaigns for, the position of

speaker of the House of Representatives, president of the Senate, or the leader, whip, and

183

184

185

186

187

188

189

190

191

194

195

196

197

198

199

200

201

202

203

204

205

206

207

208

209

210

211

- assistant whip of any party caucus in either house of the Legislature; or
  - (c) receives contributions, makes expenditures, or gives consent for any other person to receive contributions or make expenditures to bring about the person's nomination, election, or appointment to a legislative office.
  - (28) "Loan" means any of the following provided by a person that benefits a filing entity if the person expects repayment or reimbursement:
    - (a) an expenditure made using any form of payment;
    - (b) money or funds received by the filing entity;
  - (c) the provision of a good or service with an agreement or understanding that payment or reimbursement will be delayed; or
    - (d) use of any line of credit.
- 192 (29) "Major political party" means either of the two registered political parties that 193 have the greatest number of members elected to the two houses of the Legislature.
  - (30) "Officeholder" means a person who holds a public office.
  - (31) "Party committee" means any committee organized by or authorized by the governing board of a registered political party.
  - (32) "Person" means both natural and legal persons, including individuals, business organizations, personal campaign committees, party committees, political action committees, political issues committees, and labor organizations, as defined in Section 20A-11-1501.
  - (33) "Personal campaign committee" means the committee appointed by a candidate to act for the candidate as provided in this chapter.
  - (34) "Personal use expenditure" has the same meaning as provided under Section 20A-11-104.
  - (35) (a) "Political action committee" means an entity, or any group of individuals or entities within or outside this state, a major purpose of which is to:
  - (i) solicit or receive contributions from any other person, group, or entity for political purposes; or
  - (ii) make expenditures to expressly advocate for any person to refrain from voting or to vote for or against any candidate or person seeking election to a municipal or county office.
  - (b) "Political action committee" includes groups affiliated with a registered political party but not authorized or organized by the governing board of the registered political party

212 that receive contributions or makes expenditures for political purposes. 213 (c) "Political action committee" does not mean: 214 (i) a party committee; 215 (ii) any entity that provides goods or services to a candidate or committee in the regular 216 course of its business at the same price that would be provided to the general public; 217 (iii) an individual; 218 (iv) individuals who are related and who make contributions from a joint checking 219 account; 220 (v) a corporation, except a corporation a major purpose of which is to act as a political 221 action committee; or 222 (vi) a personal campaign committee. 223 (36) (a) "Political consultant" means a person who is paid by a reporting entity, or paid 224 by another person on behalf of and with the knowledge of the reporting entity, to provide 225 political advice to the reporting entity. 226 (b) "Political consultant" includes a circumstance described in Subsection (36)(a), 227 where the person: 228 (i) has already been paid, with money or other consideration; 229 (ii) expects to be paid in the future, with money or other consideration; or 230 (iii) understands that the person may, in the discretion of the reporting entity or another 231 person on behalf of and with the knowledge of the reporting entity, be paid in the future, with 232 money or other consideration. 233 (37) "Political convention" means a county or state political convention held by a 234 registered political party to select candidates. 235 (38) "Political entity" means a candidate, a political party, a political action committee, 236 or a political issues committee. 237 (39) (a) "Political issues committee" means an entity, or any group of individuals or 238 entities within or outside this state, a major purpose of which is to: 239 (i) solicit or receive donations from any other person, group, or entity to assist in 240 placing a ballot proposition on the ballot, assist in keeping a ballot proposition off the ballot, or 241 to advocate that a voter refrain from voting or vote for or vote against any ballot proposition;

(ii) make expenditures to expressly advocate for any person to sign or refuse to sign a

243 ballot proposition or incorporation petition or refrain from voting, vote for, or vote against any 244 proposed ballot proposition or an incorporation in an incorporation election; or 245 (iii) make expenditures to assist in qualifying or placing a ballot proposition on the 246 ballot or to assist in keeping a ballot proposition off the ballot. 247 (b) "Political issues committee" does not mean: 248 (i) a registered political party or a party committee; 249 (ii) any entity that provides goods or services to an individual or committee in the 250 regular course of its business at the same price that would be provided to the general public; 251 (iii) an individual; 252 (iv) individuals who are related and who make contributions from a joint checking 253 account; 254 (v) a corporation, except a corporation a major purpose of which is to act as a political 255 issues committee: or 256 (vi) a group of individuals who: 257 (A) associate together for the purpose of challenging or supporting a single ballot 258 proposition, ordinance, or other governmental action by a county, city, town, local district, 259 special service district, or other local political subdivision of the state; 260 (B) have a common liberty, property, or financial interest that is directly impacted by 261 the ballot proposition, ordinance, or other governmental action; 262 (C) do not associate together, for the purpose described in Subsection (39)(b)(vi)(A), 263 via a legal entity; 264 (D) do not receive funds for challenging or supporting the ballot proposition, 265 ordinance, or other governmental action from a person other than an individual in the group; 266 and (E) do not expend a total of more than \$5,000 for the purpose described in Subsection 267 268 (39)(b)(vi)(A). 269 (40) (a) "Political issues contribution" means any of the following: 270 (i) a gift, subscription, unpaid or partially unpaid loan, advance, or deposit of money or 271 anything of value given to a political issues committee; 272 (ii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make a political 273 issues donation to influence the approval or defeat of any ballot proposition;

275 entity; 276 (iv) compensation paid by another reporting entity for personal services rendered 277 without charge to a political issues committee; and 278 (v) goods or services provided to or for the benefit of a political issues committee at 279 less than fair market value. 280 (b) "Political issues contribution" does not include: 281 (i) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all 282 of their time on behalf of a political issues committee; or 283 (ii) money lent to a political issues committee by a financial institution in the ordinary 284 course of business. (41) (a) "Political issues expenditure" means any of the following when made by a 285 286 political issues committee or on behalf of a political issues committee by an agent of the 287 reporting entity: 288 (i) any payment from political issues contributions made for the purpose of influencing 289 the approval or the defeat of: 290 (A) a ballot proposition; or 291 (B) an incorporation petition or incorporation election; 292 (ii) a purchase, payment, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, or gift of money made for 293 the express purpose of influencing the approval or the defeat of: 294 (A) a ballot proposition; or 295 (B) an incorporation petition or incorporation election; 296 (iii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make any 297 political issues expenditure; 298 (iv) compensation paid by a reporting entity for personal services rendered by a person 299 without charge to a political issues committee; or 300 (v) goods or services provided to or for the benefit of another reporting entity at less 301 than fair market value. 302 (b) "Political issues expenditure" does not include: (i) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all 303 304 of their time on behalf of a political issues committee; or

(iii) any transfer of funds received by a political issues committee from a reporting

- (ii) money lent to a political issues committee by a financial institution in the ordinary course of business.
- (42) "Political purposes" means an act done with the intent or in a way to influence or tend to influence, directly or indirectly, any person to refrain from voting or to vote for or against any:
- (a) candidate or a person seeking a municipal or county office at any caucus, political convention, or election; or
  - (b) judge standing for retention at any election.
- (43) (a) "Poll" means the survey of a person regarding the person's opinion or knowledge of an individual who has filed a declaration of candidacy for public office, or of a ballot proposition that has legally qualified for placement on the ballot, which is conducted in person or by telephone, facsimile, Internet, postal mail, or email.
  - (b) "Poll" does not include:
- 318 (i) a ballot; or
  - (ii) an interview of a focus group that is conducted, in person, by one individual, if:
  - (A) the focus group consists of more than three, and less than thirteen, individuals; and
  - (B) all individuals in the focus group are present during the interview.
  - (44) "Primary election" means any regular primary election held under the election laws.
  - (45) "Publicly identified class of individuals" means a group of 50 or more individuals sharing a common occupation, interest, or association that contribute to a political action committee or political issues committee and whose names can be obtained by contacting the political action committee or political issues committee upon whose financial statement the individuals are listed.
  - (46) "Public office" means the office of governor, lieutenant governor, state auditor, state treasurer, attorney general, state school board member, state senator, state representative, speaker of the House of Representatives, president of the Senate, and the leader, whip, and assistant whip of any party caucus in either house of the Legislature.
  - (47) (a) "Public service assistance" means the following when given or provided to an officeholder to defray the costs of functioning in a public office or aid the officeholder to communicate with the officeholder's constituents:

336	(i) a gift, subscription, donation, unpaid or partially unpaid loan, advance, or deposit of
337	money or anything of value to an officeholder; or
338	(ii) goods or services provided at less than fair market value to or for the benefit of the
339	officeholder.
340	(b) "Public service assistance" does not include:
341	(i) anything provided by the state;
342	(ii) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or al
343	of their time on behalf of an officeholder;
344	(iii) money lent to an officeholder by a financial institution in the ordinary course of
345	business;
346	(iv) news coverage or any publication by the news media; or
347	(v) any article, story, or other coverage as part of any regular publication of any
348	organization unless substantially all the publication is devoted to information about the
349	officeholder.
350	(48) "Receipts" means contributions and public service assistance.
351	(49) "Registered lobbyist" means a person licensed under Title 36, Chapter 11,
352	Lobbyist Disclosure and Regulation Act.
353	(50) "Registered political action committee" means any political action committee that
354	is required by this chapter to file a statement of organization with the Office of the Lieutenant
355	Governor.
356	(51) "Registered political issues committee" means any political issues committee that
357	is required by this chapter to file a statement of organization with the Office of the Lieutenant
358	Governor.
359	(52) "Registered political party" means an organization of voters that:
360	(a) participated in the last regular general election and polled a total vote equal to 2%
361	or more of the total votes cast for all candidates for the United States House of Representatives
362	for any of its candidates for any office; or
363	(b) has complied with the petition and organizing procedures of Chapter 8, Political
364	Party Formation and Procedures.
365	(53) (a) "Remuneration" means a payment:
366	(i) made to a legislator for the period the Legislature is in session; and

expenditures from a political issues committee.

367 (ii) that is approximately equivalent to an amount a legislator would have earned 368 during the period the Legislature is in session in the legislator's ordinary course of business. 369 (b) "Remuneration" does not mean anything of economic value given to a legislator by: 370 (i) the legislator's primary employer in the ordinary course of business; or 371 (ii) a person or entity in the ordinary course of business: 372 (A) because of the legislator's ownership interest in the entity; or 373 (B) for services rendered by the legislator on behalf of the person or entity. 374 (54) "Reporting entity" means a candidate, a candidate's personal campaign committee, 375 a judge, a judge's personal campaign committee, an officeholder, a party committee, a political 376 action committee, a political issues committee, a corporation, or a labor organization, as 377 defined in Section 20A-11-1501. 378 (55) "School board office" means the office of state school board. 379 (56) (a) "Source" means the person or entity that is the legal owner of the tangible or 380 intangible asset that comprises the contribution. 381 (b) "Source" means, for political action committees and corporations, the political 382 action committee and the corporation as entities, not the contributors to the political action 383 committee or the owners or shareholders of the corporation. 384 (57) "State office" means the offices of governor, lieutenant governor, attorney general, 385 state auditor, and state treasurer. 386 (58) "State office candidate" means a person who: 387 (a) files a declaration of candidacy for a state office; or 388 (b) receives contributions, makes expenditures, or gives consent for any other person to 389 receive contributions or make expenditures to bring about the person's nomination, election, or 390 appointment to a state office. 391 (59) "Summary report" means the year end report containing the summary of a reporting entity's contributions and expenditures. 392 393 (60) "Supervisory board" means the individual or group of individuals that allocate