OFFICE OF STATE DEBT COLLECTION AMENDMENTS
2022 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Raymond P. Ward
Senate Sponsor: Todd D. Weiler
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill amends provisions relating to the collection procedures of the Office of State
Debt Collection.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
 requires the Office of State Debt Collection (office) to:
• create and maintain a website that provides a debtor certain information
regarding the debtor's debts; and
create policies regarding settlement practices;
 eliminates a report from the office to the courts;
 requires the office to apply a payment to a debt as directed by a debtor if the
payment would eliminate the debt's balance; and
 makes technical changes.
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
63A-3-502, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 260

28	77-18-114, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 260
29	77-38b-304, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 260
30	ENACTS:
31	63A-3-502.5, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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33	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
34	Section 1. Section 63A-3-502 is amended to read:
35	63A-3-502. Office of State Debt Collection created Duties.
36	(1) The state and each state agency shall comply with:
37	(a) the requirements of this chapter; and
38	(b) any rules established by the Office of State Debt Collection.
39	(2) There is created the Office of State Debt Collection in the Division of Finance.
40	(3) The office shall:
41	(a) have overall responsibility for collecting and managing state receivables;
42	(b) assist the Division of Finance to develop consistent policies governing the
43	collection and management of state receivables;
44	(c) oversee and monitor state receivables to ensure that state agencies are:
45	(i) implementing all appropriate collection methods;
46	(ii) following established receivables guidelines; and
47	(iii) accounting for and reporting receivables in the appropriate manner;
48	(d) assist the Division of Finance to develop policies, procedures, and guidelines for
49	accounting, reporting, and collecting money owed to the state;
50	(e) provide information, training, and technical assistance to each state agency on
51	various collection-related topics;
52	(f) write an inclusive receivables management and collection manual for use by each
53	state agency;
54	(g) prepare quarterly and annual reports of the state's receivables;
55	(h) create or coordinate a state accounts receivable database;
56	(i) develop reasonable criteria to gauge state agencies' efforts in maintaining an
57	effective accounts receivable program;
58	(j) identify any state agency that is not making satisfactory progress toward

59	implementing collection techniques and improving accounts receivable collections;
60	(k) coordinate information, systems, and procedures between each state agency to
61	maximize the collection of past-due accounts receivable;
62	(1) establish an automated cash receipt process between each state agency;
63	(m) assist the Division of Finance to establish procedures for writing off accounts
64	receivable for accounting and collection purposes;
65	(n) establish standard time limits after which an agency will delegate responsibility to
66	collect state receivables to the office or the office's designee;
67	(o) be a real party in interest for:
68	(i) an account receivable referred to the office by any state agency; and
69	(ii) a civil judgment of restitution entered on a civil judgment docket by a court;
70	(p) allocate money collected for a judgment entered on the civil judgment docket under
71	Section 77-18-114 in accordance with Sections 51-9-402, 63A-3-506, and 78A-5-110; [and]
72	(q) if a criminal accounts receivable is transferred to the office under Subsection
73	77-32b-103(2)(a)(ii), receive, process, and distribute payments for the criminal accounts
74	receivable[-];
75	(r) provide a debtor online access to the debtor's accounts receivable or criminal
76	accounts receivable in accordance with Section 63A-3-502.5;
77	(s) establish a written policy for each of the following:
78	(i) the settling of an accounts receivable, including that a restitution amount may be
79	settled if the victim approves of the settlement;
80	(ii) allowing a debtor to pay off a single debt as part of an accounts receivable even if
81	the debtor has a balance on another debt as part of an accounts receivable or criminal accounts
82	receivable;
83	(iii) setting a payment deadline for settlement agreements and for obtaining an
84	extension of a settlement agreement deadline; and
85	(iv) reducing administrative costs when a settlement has been reached;
86	(t) $\hat{H} \rightarrow [\underline{consulting}]$ consult $\leftarrow \hat{H}$ with a state agency on whether:
87	(i) the office may agree to a settlement for an amount that is less than the debtor's
88	principal amount; and
89	(ii) the state agency may retain authority to negotiate a settlement with a debtor; and

90	(u) provide the terms and conditions of any payment arrangement that the debtor has
91	made with a state agency or the office when:
92	(i) the payment arrangement is created; or
93	(ii) the debtor requests a copy of the terms and conditions.
94	(4) The office may:
95	(a) recommend to the Legislature new laws to enhance collection of past-due accounts
96	by state agencies;
97	(b) collect accounts receivables for higher education entities, if the higher education
98	entity agrees;
99	(c) prepare a request for proposal for consulting services to:
100	(i) analyze the state's receivable management and collection efforts; and
101	(ii) identify improvements needed to further enhance the state's effectiveness in
102	collecting [its] the state's receivables;
103	(d) contract with private or state agencies to collect past-due accounts;
104	(e) perform other appropriate and cost-effective coordinating work directly related to
105	collection of state receivables;
106	(f) obtain access to records and databases of any state agency that are necessary to the
107	duties of the office by following the procedures and requirements of Section 63G-2-206,
108	including the financial declaration form described in Section 77-38b-204;
109	(g) collect interest and fees related to the collection of receivables under this chapter,
110	and establish, by following the procedures and requirements of Section 63J-1-504:
111	(i) a fee to cover the administrative costs of collection on accounts administered by the
112	office;
113	(ii) a late penalty fee that may not be more than 10% of the account receivable on
114	accounts administered by the office;
115	(iii) an interest charge that is:
116	(A) the postjudgment interest rate established by Section 15-1-4 in judgments
117	established by the courts; or
118	(B) not more than 2% above the prime rate as of July 1 of each fiscal year for accounts
119	receivable for which no court judgment has been entered; and
120	(iv) fees to collect accounts receivable for higher education;

121	(h) collect reasonable attorney fees and reasonable costs of collection that are related to
122	the collection of receivables under this chapter;
123	(i) make rules that allow accounts receivable to be collected over a reasonable period
124	of time and under certain conditions with credit cards;
125	(j) for a case that is referred to the office or in which the office is a judgment creditor,
126	file a motion or other document related to the office or the accounts receivable in that case,
127	including a satisfaction of judgment, in accordance with the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure;
128	(k) ensure that judgments for which the office is the judgment creditor are renewed, as
129	necessary;
130	(l) notwithstanding Section 63G-2-206, share records obtained under Subsection (4)(f)
131	with private sector vendors under contract with the state to assist state agencies in collecting
132	debts owed to the state agencies without changing the classification of any private, controlled,
133	or protected record into a public record;
134	(m) enter into written agreements with other governmental agencies to obtain and share
135	information for the purpose of collecting state accounts receivable; and
136	(n) collect accounts receivable for a political subdivision of the state if the political
137	subdivision enters into an agreement or contract with the office under Title 11, Chapter 13,
138	Interlocal Cooperation Act, for the office to collect the political subdivision's accounts
139	receivable.
140	(5) The office shall ensure that:
141	(a) a record obtained by the office or a private sector vendor under Subsection $(4)(1)$:
142	(i) is used only for the limited purpose of collecting accounts receivable; and
143	(ii) is subject to federal, state, and local agency records restrictions; and
144	(b) any [person] individual employed by, or formerly employed by, the office or a
145	private sector vendor as referred to in Subsection (4)(l) is subject to:
146	(i) the same duty of confidentiality with respect to the record imposed by law on
147	officers and employees of the state agency from which the record was obtained; and
148	(ii) any civil or criminal penalties imposed by law for violations of lawful access to a
149	private, controlled, or protected record.
150	(6) (a) The office shall collect a civil accounts receivable or a civil judgment of
151	restitution ordered by a court as a result of prosecution for a criminal offense that have been

152	transferred to the office under Subsection $77-18-114(1)$ or (2).
153	(b) The office may not assess:
154	(i) the interest charge established by the office under Subsection (4) on an account
155	receivable subject to the postjudgment interest rate established by Section 15-1-4; and
156	(ii) an interest charge on a criminal accounts receivable that is transferred to the office
157	under Subsection 77-32b-103(2)(a)(ii).
158	(7) The office shall require a state agency to:
159	(a) transfer collection responsibilities to the office or the office's designee according to
160	time limits established by the office;
161	(b) make annual progress towards implementing collection techniques and improved
162	accounts receivable collections;
163	(c) use the state's accounts receivable system or develop systems that are adequate to
164	properly account for and report the state's receivables;
165	(d) develop and implement internal policies and procedures that comply with the
166	collections policies and guidelines established by the office;
167	(e) provide internal accounts receivable training to staff involved in the management
168	and collection of receivables as a supplement to statewide training;
169	(f) bill for and make initial collection efforts of [its] the state agency's receivables up to
170	the time the accounts must be transferred; and
171	(g) submit quarterly receivable reports to the office that identify the age, collection
172	status, and funding source of each receivable.
173	(8) All interest, fees, and other amounts authorized to be collected by the office under
174	Subsection (4)(g):
175	(a) are penalties that may be charged by the office;
176	(b) do not require an order from a court for the office to assess or collect;
177	(c) are not compensation for actual pecuniary loss;
178	(d) for a civil accounts receivable:
179	(i) begin to accrue on the day on which the civil accounts receivable is entered on the
180	civil judgment docket under Subsection 77-18-114(1) or (2); and
181	(ii) may be collected as part of the civil accounts receivable;
182	(e) for a civil judgment of restitution:

183	(i) begin to accrue on the day on which the civil judgment of restitution is entered on
184	the civil judgment docket under Subsection 77-18-114(1); and
185	(ii) may be collected as part of the civil judgment of restitution;
186	(f) for all other accounts receivable:
187	(i) begin to accrue on the day on which the accounts receivable is transferred to the
188	office, even if there is no court order on the day on which the accounts receivable is
189	transferred; and
190	(ii) may be collected as part of the accounts receivable; and
191	(g) may be waived by:
192	(i) the office; or
193	(ii) if the interest, fee, or other amount is charged in error, the court.
194	Section 2. Section 63A-3-502.5 is enacted to read:
195	63A-3-502.5. Debtor's online access to debt amount.
196	(1) As used in this section, "debt" means:
197	(a) an accounts receivable; or
198	(b) a criminal accounts receivable.
199	(2) On or before December 31, 2022, the office shall provide a debtor who has a debt
200	transferred to the office online access to the debtor's account that identifies:
201	(a) the total balance the debtor owes for a debt;
202	(b) (i) each person to whom the debtor owes a debt; or
203	(ii) if the person's name is redacted by a court or a state agency with authority to redact,
204	another identifier for the debt in place of the person's name;
205	(c) for each person the debtor owes:
206	(i) the debtor's original balance for a debt; and
207	(ii) the debtor's current balance for a debt;
208	(d) the current interest rate for a debt; and
209	(e) the history of:
210	(i) any additional charge added to a debt including:
211	(A) the reason for the charge;
212	(B) the total amount of the charge; and
213	(C) the date the charge was added; and

214	(ii) any payment made by the debtor including:
215	(A) the debt to which a payment was applied; and
216	(B) whether the payment was applied to an administrative cost, accrued interest, the
217	principal, or other fee.
218	Section 3. Section 77-18-114 is amended to read:
219	77-18-114. Unpaid balance at termination of sentence Past due account
220	Notice Account or judgment paid in full Effect of civil accounts receivable and civil
221	judgment of restitution.
222	(1) When a defendant's sentence is terminated by law or by the decision of the court or
223	the board:
224	(a) the board shall provide an accounting of the unpaid balance of the defendant's
225	criminal accounts receivable to the court if the defendant was on parole or incarcerated at the
226	time of termination; and
227	(b) within 90 days after the day on which a defendant's sentence is terminated, the
228	court shall:
229	(i) enter an order for a civil accounts receivable and a civil judgment of restitution for a
230	defendant on the civil judgment docket;
231	(ii) transfer the responsibility of collecting the civil accounts receivable and the civil
232	judgment of restitution to the Office of State Debt Collection; and
233	(iii) identify in the order under this Subsection (1):
234	(A) the Office of State Debt Collection as a judgment creditor for the civil accounts
235	receivable and the civil judgment of restitution; and
236	(B) the victim as a judgment creditor for the civil judgment of restitution.
237	(2) If a criminal accounts receivable for the defendant is more than 90 days past due
238	and the court has ordered that a defendant does not owe restitution to any victim, or the time
239	period in Subsection 77-38b-205(5) has passed and the court has not ordered restitution, the
240	court may:
241	(a) enter an order for a civil accounts receivable for the defendant on the civil judgment
242	docket;
243	(b) identify, in the order under Subsection (2)(a), the Office of State Debt Collection as
244	a judgment creditor for the civil accounts receivable; and

245	(c) transfer the responsibility of collecting the civil accounts receivable to the Office of
245	State Debt Collection.
240	(3) An order for a criminal accounts receivable is no longer in effect after the court
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248 249	enters an order for a civil accounts receivable or a civil judgment of restitution under
	Subsection (1) or (2).
250	(4) The court shall provide notice to the Office of State Debt Collection and the
251	prosecuting attorney of any hearing that affects an order for the civil accounts receivable or the
252	civil judgment of restitution.
253	(5) The Office of State Debt Collection shall[: (a)] notify the court when a civil
254	judgment of restitution or a civil accounts receivable is satisfied[; and].
255	[(b) provide the court with an accounting of any distribution made by the Office of
256	State Debt Collection for the civil accounts receivable and the civil judgment of restitution.]
257	(6) When a fine, forfeiture, surcharge, cost, or fee is recorded in an order for a civil
258	accounts receivable on the civil judgment docket, or when restitution is recorded as an order
259	for a civil judgment of restitution on the civil judgment docket, the order:
260	(a) constitutes a lien on the defendant's real property until the judgment is satisfied; and
261	(b) may be collected by any means authorized by law for the collection of a civil
262	judgment.
263	(7) A criminal accounts receivable, a civil accounts receivable, and a civil judgment of
264	restitution are not subject to the civil statutes of limitation and expire only upon payment in
265	full.
266	(8) (a) If a defendant asserts that a payment was made to a victim or third party for a
267	civil judgment of restitution, or enters into any other transaction that does not involve the
268	Office of State Debt Collection, and the defendant asserts that the payment results in a credit
269	towards the civil judgment of restitution for the defendant:
270	(i) the defendant shall provide notice to the Office of State Debt Collection and the
271	prosecuting attorney within 30 days after the day on which the payment or other transaction is
272	made; and
273	(ii) the payment may only be credited towards the principal of the civil judgment of
274	restitution and does not affect any other amount owed to the Office of State Debt Collection
275	under Section 63A-3-502.

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276	(b) Nothing in this Subsection (8) shall be construed to prevent a victim or a third party
277	from providing notice of a payment towards a civil judgment of restitution to the Office of
278	State Debt Collection.
279	Section 4. Section 77-38b-304 is amended to read:
280	77-38b-304. Priority.
281	(1) The court, or the office, shall disburse a payment for restitution within 60 days after
282	the day on which the payment is received from the defendant if:
283	(a) the victim has complied with Subsection 77-38b-203(2);
284	(b) if the defendant has tendered a negotiable instrument, funds from the financial
285	institution are actually received; and
286	(c) the payment to the victim is at least \$5, unless the payment is the final payment.
287	(2) The court, or the office, shall disburse money collected from a defendant for a
288	criminal accounts receivable in the following order of priority:
289	(a) first, and except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), to restitution owed by the
290	defendant in accordance with Subsection (4);
291	(b) second, to the cost of obtaining a DNA specimen from the defendant as described
292	in Subsection (4)(b);
293	(c) third, to any criminal fine or surcharge owed by the defendant;
294	(d) fourth, to the cost owed by the defendant for a reward described in Section
295	77-32b-104;
296	(e) fifth, to the cost owed by the defendant for medical care, treatment, hospitalization,
297	and related transportation paid by a county correctional facility under Section 17-50-319; and
298	(f) sixth, to any other cost owed by the defendant.
299	(3) [The] Subject to Subsection (5), the office shall disburse money collected from a
300	defendant for a civil accounts receivable and civil judgment of restitution in the following
301	order of priority:
302	(a) first, to any past due amount owed to the department for the monthly supervision
303	fee under Subsection 64-13-21(6)(a);
304	(b) second, and except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), to restitution owed by the
305	defendant in accordance with Subsection (4);
306	(c) third, to the cost of obtaining a DNA specimen from the defendant in accordance

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307	with Subsection (4)(b);
308	(d) fourth, to any criminal fine or surcharge owed by the defendant;
309	(e) fifth, to the cost owed by the defendant for a reward described in Section
310	77-32b-104;
311	(f) sixth, to the cost owed by the defendant for medical care, treatment, hospitalization
312	and related transportation paid by a county correctional facility under Section 17-50-319; and
313	(g) seventh, to any other cost owed by the defendant.
314	(4) (a) [H] Subject to Subsection (5), if a defendant owes restitution to more than one
315	person or government agency at the same time, the court, or the office, shall disburse a
316	payment for restitution in the following order of priority:
317	(i) first, to the victim of the offense;
318	(ii) second, to the Utah Office for Victims of Crime;
319	(iii) third, any other government agency that has provided reimbursement to the victim
320	as a result of the defendant's criminal conduct; and
321	(iv) fourth, any insurance company that has provided reimbursement to the victim as a
322	result of the defendant's criminal conduct.
323	(b) [H] Subject to Subsection (5), if a defendant is required under Section 53-10-404 to
324	reimburse the department for the cost of obtaining the defendant's DNA specimen, the
325	reimbursement for the cost of obtaining the defendant's DNA specimen is the next priority after
326	restitution to the victim of the offense under Subsection (4)(a)(i).
327	(c) [H] Subject to Subsection (5), if the defendant is required to pay restitution to more
328	than one victim, restitution shall be disbursed to each victim according to the percentage of
329	each victim's share of the total order for restitution.
330	(5) The office shall disburse money collected from a defendant to a debt that is a part (5)
331	of a civil accounts receivable or civil judgment of restitution if:
332	(a) a defendant has provided a written request to the office to apply the payment to the
333	debt; and
334	(b) (i) the payment will eliminate the entire balance of the debt, including any interest
335	Ĥ → [<u>and fees</u>] ← Ĥ <u>; or</u>
336	(ii) after reaching a settlement, the payment amount will eliminate the entire agreed
337	upon balance of the debt, including any interest $\hat{H} \rightarrow [and fees] \leftarrow \hat{H}$.

- 338 [(5)] (6) For a criminal accounts receivable, the department shall collect the current and
- past due amount owed by a defendant for the monthly supervision fee under Subsection
- 340 64-13-21(6)(a) until the court enters a civil accounts receivable on the civil judgment docket
- 341 under Section 77-18-114.