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59	(b) In addition to any other circumstances established by rule as constituting a
60	reportable adverse event, a reportable adverse event shall include a situation where:
61	(i) an individual is under moderate sedation, deep sedation, or general anesthesia, as
62	those terms are defined in Section 58-1-510; and
63	(ii) there is:
64	$[(i)]$ (A) an escalation of care required for the patient $\hat{H} \rightarrow \underline{\ , including contacting an}$
64a	emergency medical service provider as defined in Section 26-8a-102, transferring the patient to
64b	an emergency room or hospital, or administering to the patient a vasopressor or an
64c	inotrope $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$; or
65	$[(ii)]$ (B) a rescue of a patient from a deeper level of sedation than was intended $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow \mathbf{, which}$
65a	resulted in an unplanned invasive airway procedure ←Ĥ .
66	(3) (a) Information the department receives under this section that identifies a
67	particular individual is subject to Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and
68	Management Act, and the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996.
69	(b) [Beginning July 1, 2018, and on] On or before July 1 of each year [thereafter], the
70	department shall:
71	(i) publicly report:
72	(A) the number of deaths and adverse events reported under Subsection (1);
73	(B) the type of health care providers, by license category and specialty, who submitted
74	reports under Subsection (1) and who administered the sedation or anesthesia that resulted in
75	an adverse event; and
76	(C) the type of facility in which the death or adverse event took place; and
77	(ii) submit a report to the Health and Human Services Interim Committee with the
78	information required by this Subsection (3).
79	(4) An employer of a health care provider who submits a report under this section may
80	not take an adverse employment action against the reporting health care provider if the
81	employment action is based on the provider submitting a report under this section.
82	[(5) (a) This section sunsets in accordance with Section 63I-1-226.]
83	[(b) The sunset review of this section shall include an analysis of:]
84	[(i) the number and types of adverse events reported under this section;]
85	[(ii) the types of health care providers and locations involved in the adverse events;]
86	[(iii) the adequacy of sedation and anesthesia requirements in Sections 58-5a-502,
87	58-31b-502.5, 58-67-502.5, 58-68-502.5, and 58-69-502.5 related to the adverse events
88	reported under this section; and]
89	(iv) the adequacy of the reporting requirements under this section and the need for

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90	additional protections for health care providers who report events under this section.
91	(5) If the department identifies that an emergency medical $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow \underline{\mathbf{service}} \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ provider as
91a	<u>defined in</u>
92	Section 26-8a-102 responds to an event that meets the criteria for a reportable adverse event,
93	the department shall require the individual who administered the sedation or anesthesia that led
94	to the adverse event to report on the adverse event.
95	Section 2. Section 58-1-510 is enacted to read:
96	58-1-510. Anesthesia and sedation requirements Unprofessional conduct.
97	(1) As used in this section:
98	(a) "Anesthesia or sedation provider" means an individual who is licensed:
99	(i) under Chapter 5a, Podiatric Physician Licensing Act;
100	(ii) under Subsection 58-31b-301(2)(e);
101	(iii) under Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act;
102	(iv) under Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical Practice Act; or
103	(v) as a dentist under Chapter 69, Dentist and Dental Hygienist Practice Act, and who
104	has obtained the appropriate permit established by the division under Subsection 58-69-301(4).
105	(b) "Deep sedation" means a drug-induced depression of consciousness where an
106	<u>individual:</u>
107	(i) cannot be easily aroused;
108	(ii) responds purposefully following repeated or painful stimulation;
109	(iii) may not be able to independently maintain ventilatory function;
110	(iv) may require assistance in maintaining a patent airway; and
111	(v) usually maintains cardiovascular function.
112	(c) "General anesthesia" means a drug-induced loss of consciousness where an
113	<u>individual:</u>
114	(i) cannot be aroused, even by painful stimulation;
115	(ii) is often unable to maintain ventilatory function;
116	(iii) often requires assistance in maintaining a patent airway and positive pressure
117	ventilation may be required because of depressed spontaneous ventilation or drug-induced
118	depression of neuromuscular function; and
119	(iv) may not be able to maintain cardiovascular function.
120	(d) "General anesthetic" means a drug identified as a general anesthetic by the federal

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152	(f) if the patient is an adult, having a current advanced cardiovascular life support
153	certification;
154	(g) having at least one individual in the procedure room who has advanced airway
155	training and the knowledge and skills to recognize and treat airway complications and rescue a
156	patient who entered a deeper than intended level of sedation;
157	(h) having access during the procedure to an advanced cardiac life support crash cart in
158	the office with equipment that:
159	(i) is regularly maintained according to guidelines established by the American Heart
160	Association; and
161	(ii) includes:
162	(A) a defibrillator;
163	(B) administrable oxygen;
164	(C) age appropriate airway equipment;
165	(D) positive pressure ventilation equipment; and
166	(E) unexpired emergency and reversal medications including naloxone for opioid
167	sedation and flumazenil for benzodiazepine sedation;
168	(i) using monitors that meet basic standards set by the American Society of
169	Anesthesiologists and continually monitoring ventilatory function with capnography unless
170	precluded or invalidated by the nature of the patient, procedure, or equipment;
171	(j) entering appropriate information into the patient's chart or medical record, which
172	shall include:
173	(i) the patient's name;
174	(ii) route and site the anesthesia or sedation was administered;
175	(iii) the time of anesthesia or sedation administration and the dosage;
176	(iv) the patient's periodic vital signs during the procedure; and
177	(v) the name of the individual who monitored the patient's oxygenation and ventilation;
178	<u>and</u>
179	(k) reporting any adverse event under Section 26-1-40.
180	(3) Ĥ→ (a) An anesthesia or sedation provider who violates Subsection (2) or any rule
180a	created by the division to implement this section commits unprofessional conduct.
180b	(b) ←Ĥ An individual commits unprofessional conduct if the individual administers
181	anesthesia or sedation for which the individual is not appropriately trained.
182	(4) (a) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,

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183	the division shall make rules to create training and safety standards regarding the inducing of
184	general anesthesia, deep sedation, and moderate sedation:
185	(i) for each license described in Subsection (1)(a);
186	(ii) that are based on standards created by nationally recognized organizations, such as
187	the American Society of Anesthesiologists $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\underline{\mathbf{and}}]$, $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ the American Dental Association
187a	Ĥ→, or the American Association of Oral and Maxillofacial Surgeons ←Ĥ; and
188	(iii) that include safety standards for general anesthetic use that are consistent with
189	federal Food and Drug Administration guidance.
190	(b) For making rules described in Subsection (4)(a), the division shall consult with the
191	applicable licensing boards and a board described in Section 58-67-201 $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\underline{\mathbf{or}}]$, $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ 58-68-202
191a	Ĥ→ <u>, and 58-69-201</u> ←Ĥ <u>.</u>
192	(5) The requirements of Subsection (2) do not apply to the practice of inducing
193	minimal sedation.
194	Section 3. Section 63I-1-226 is amended to read:
195	63I-1-226. Repeal dates, Title 26.
196	(1) Subsection 26-1-7(1)(f), related to the Residential Child Care Licensing Advisory
197	Committee, is repealed July 1, 2024.
198	(2) Subsection 26-1-7(1)(h), related to the Primary Care Grant Committee, is repealed
199	July 1, 2025.
200	(3) Section 26-1-7.5, which creates the Utah Health Advisory Council, is repealed July
201	1, 2025.
202	[(4) Section 26-1-40 is repealed July 1, 2022.]
203	[(5)] <u>(4)</u> Section 26-1-41 is repealed July 1, 2026.
204	[(6)] <u>(5)</u> Section 26-7-10 is repealed July 1, 2025.
205	[(7)] <u>(6)</u> Subsection 26-7-11(5), regarding reports to the Legislature, is repealed July 1,
206	2028.
207	[(8)] <u>(7)</u> Section 26-7-14 is repealed December 31, 2027.
208	[(9)] (8) Title 26, Chapter 9f, Utah Digital Health Service Commission Act, is repealed
209	July 1, 2025.
210	[(10)] (9) Subsection 26-10-6(5), which creates the Newborn Hearing Screening
211	Committee, is repealed July 1, 2026.
212	[(11)] (10) Section 26-10b-106, which creates the Primary Care Grant Committee, is
213	repealed July 1, 2025

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