CHILD SUPPORT STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS
2022 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
<b>Chief Sponsor: Clare Collard</b>
Senate Sponsor:
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill addresses the statute of limitations for child support.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
<ul> <li>repeals the statute of limitations for child support orders and sum certain judgments</li> </ul>
for past due support;
<ul> <li>provides that a child support order, or a sum certain judgment for past due support,</li> </ul>
is not subject to the civil statutes of limitations or repose and expires only upon
payment in full;
<ul> <li>addresses retroactivity; and</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>makes technical and conforming changes.</li> </ul>
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
78B-5-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 151

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28	Section 1. Section <b>78B-5-202</b> is amended to read:
29	78B-5-202. Duration of judgment Judgment as a lien upon real property
30	Abstract of judgment Small claims judgment not a lien Appeal of judgment Child
31	support orders.
32	(1) [Judgments] <u>A judgment</u> shall continue for eight years from the date of entry in a
33	court unless:
34	(a) previously satisfied; or [unless]
35	(b) enforcement of the judgment is stayed in accordance with law.
36	(2) Prior to July 1, 1997, except as limited by Subsections (4) and (5), the entry of
37	judgment by a district court creates a lien upon the real property of the judgment debtor, not
38	exempt from execution, owned or acquired during the existence of the judgment, located in the
39	county in which the judgment is entered.
40	(3) An abstract of judgment issued by the court in which the judgment is entered:
41	(a) may be filed in any court of this state; and
42	(b) shall have the same force and effect as a judgment entered in that court.
43	(4) Prior to July 1, 1997, and after May 15, 1998, a judgment entered in the small
44	claims division of any court may not qualify as a lien upon real property unless abstracted to
45	the civil division of the district court and recorded in accordance with Subsection (3).
46	(5) (a) If any judgment is appealed, upon deposit with the court where the notice of
47	appeal is filed of cash or other security in a form and amount considered sufficient by the court
48	that rendered the judgment to secure the full amount of the judgment, together with ongoing
49	interest and any other anticipated damages or costs, including attorney fees and costs on appeal,
50	the lien created by the judgment shall be terminated as provided in Subsection (5)(b).
51	(b) Upon the deposit of sufficient security as provided in Subsection (5)(a), the court
52	shall enter an order terminating the lien created by the judgment and granting the judgment
53	creditor a perfected lien in the deposited security as of the date of the original judgment.
54	[(6) (a) A child support order or a sum certain judgment for past due support may be
55	enforced:]
56	[(i) within four years after the date the youngest child reaches majority; or]
57	[(ii) eight years from the date of entry of the sum certain judgment entered by a
58	tribunal.]

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59	[(b) The longer period of duration shall apply in every order.]
60	[(c) A sum certain judgment may be renewed to extend the duration.]
61	(6) (a) A child support order or a sum certain judgment for past due support:
62	(i) is not subject to any civil statute of limitations or repose; and
63	(ii) expires only upon payment in full.
64	(b) Subsection (6)(a) applies to a child support order, or a sum certain judgment for
65	past due support, entered on or after May 4, 2000.
66	(c) Subsection (6)(b) does not revive a cause of action for a child support order, or a
67	sum certain judgment for past due support, that was time barred on or before May 4, 2022.
68	(7) (a) After July 1, 2002, a judgment entered by a district court or a justice court in the
69	state becomes a lien upon real property if:
70	(i) the judgment or an abstract of the judgment containing the information identifying
71	the judgment debtor as described in Subsection 78B-5-201(4)(b) is recorded in the office of the
72	county recorder; or
73	(ii) the judgment or an abstract of the judgment and a separate information statement of
74	the judgment creditor as described in Subsection 78B-5-201(5) is recorded in the office of the
75	county recorder.
76	(b) The judgment shall run from the date of entry by the district court or justice court.
77	(c) The real property subject to the lien includes all the real property of the judgment
78	debtor:
79	(i) in the county in which the recording under Subsection (7)(a)(i) or (ii) occurs; and
80	(ii) owned or acquired at any time by the judgment debtor during the time the judgment
81	is effective.
82	(d) [State agencies are] A state agency is exempt from the recording requirement of
83	Subsection (7)(a).
84	(8) (a) A judgment referred to in Subsection (7) shall be entered under the name of the
85	judgment debtor in the judgment index in the office of the county recorder as required in
86	Section 17-21-6.
87	(b) A judgment containing a legal description shall also be abstracted in the appropriate
88	tract index in the office of the county recorder.
89	(9) (a) To release, assign, renew, or extend a lien created by a judgment recorded in the

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- 90 office of a county recorder, a person shall, in the office of the county recorder of each county in
- 91 which an instrument creating the lien is recorded, record a document releasing, assigning,
- 92 renewing, or extending the lien.
- 93 (b) The document described in Subsection (9)(a) shall include:
- 94 (i) the date of the release, assignment, renewal, or extension;
- 95 (ii) the name of any judgment creditor, debtor, assignor, or assignee; and
- 96 (iii) for the county in which the document is recorded in accordance with Subsection
- 97 (9)(a):
- 98 (A) the date on which the instrument creating the lien was recorded in that county's
- 99 office of the county recorder; and
- 100 (B) in accordance with Section 57-3-106, that county recorder's entry number and book
- 101 and page of the recorded instrument creating the judgment lien.