	CHILD WELFARE INTERVIEW REQUIREMENTS
	2022 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: Calvin R. Musselman
	Senate Sponsor:
L	ONG TITLE
Ge	eneral Description:
	This bill makes changes concerning support of a child who is interviewed during a child
we	elfare investigation.
Hi	ghlighted Provisions:
	This bill:
	 under certain circumstances, requires the Division of Child and Family Services to
inf	form a child who is being interviewed during a child welfare investigation that the
chi	ild may have a support person present during the interview; and
	makes technical and conforming changes.
M	oney Appropriated in this Bill:
	None
Ot	her Special Clauses:
	None
Ut	ah Code Sections Affected:
AN	MENDS:
	62A-4a-202.3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 29 and 262
	62A-4a-409, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 29, 262, and 365



28	62A-4a-202.3. Investigation Supported or unsupported reports Child in
29	protective custody.
30	(1) When a child is taken into protective custody in accordance with Section
31	62A-4a-202.1 or 80-3-204 or when the division takes any other action that would require a
32	shelter hearing under Subsection 80-3-301(1), the division shall immediately initiate an
33	investigation of the:
34	(a) circumstances of the child; and
35	(b) grounds upon which the decision to place the child into protective custody was
36	made.
37	(2) The division's investigation <u>under Subsection (1)</u> shall conform to reasonable
38	professional standards, and shall include:
39	(a) a search for and review of any records of past reports of abuse or neglect involving
40	(i) the same child;
41	(ii) any sibling or other child residing in the same household as the child; and
42	(iii) the alleged perpetrator;
43	(b) [with regard to a child who is five years old or older,] if the child is five years old
44	or older, a personal interview with the child:
45	(i) outside of the presence of the alleged perpetrator; and
46	(ii) conducted in accordance with [the requirements of] Subsection (7);
47	(c) if a parent or guardian can be located, an interview with at least one of the child's
48	parents or guardian;
49	(d) an interview with the person who reported the abuse, unless the report was made
50	anonymously;
51	(e) [where] if possible and appropriate, interviews with other third parties who have
52	had direct contact with the child, including:
53	(i) school personnel; and
54	(ii) the child's health care provider;
55	(f) an unscheduled visit to the child's home, unless:
56	(i) there is a reasonable basis to believe that the reported abuse was committed by a
57	person who:
58	(A) is not the child's parent; and

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(B) does not:

60	(I) live in the child's home; or
61	(II) otherwise have access to the child in the child's home; or
62	(ii) an unscheduled visit is not necessary to obtain evidence for the investigation; and
63	(g) if appropriate and indicated in any case alleging physical injury, sexual abuse, or
64	failure to meet the child's medical needs, a medical examination, obtained no later than 24
65	hours after the child is placed in protective custody.
66	(3) The division may rely on a written report of a prior interview rather than
67	conducting an additional interview, if:
68	(a) law enforcement:
69	(i) previously conducted a timely and thorough investigation regarding the alleged
70	abuse, neglect, or dependency; and
71	(ii) produced a written report;
72	(b) the investigation described in Subsection (3)(a)(i) included one or more of the
73	interviews [required by] under Subsection (2); and
74	(c) the division finds that an additional interview is not in the best interest of the child.
75	(4) (a) The division's determination of whether a report is supported or unsupported
76	may be based on the child's statements alone.
77	(b) Inability to identify or locate the perpetrator may not be used by the division as a
78	basis for:
79	(i) determining that a report is unsupported; or
80	(ii) closing the case.
81	(c) The division may not determine a case to be unsupported or identify a case as
82	unsupported solely because the perpetrator [was] is an out-of-home perpetrator.
83	(d) [Decisions] The division shall base the division's decision regarding whether a
84	report is supported, unsupported, or without merit [shall be based] on the facts of the case at
85	the time the report [was] is made.
86	(5) The division [should] shall maintain protective custody of the child if [it] the
87	division finds that one or more of the following conditions exist:
88	(a) the child does not have a natural parent, guardian, or responsible relative who is
89	able and willing to provide safe and appropriate care for the child;

90	(b) (i) shelter of the child is a matter of necessity for the protection of the child; and
91	(ii) there are no reasonable means by which the child can be protected in:
92	(A) the child's home; or
93	(B) the home of a responsible relative;
94	(c) there is substantial evidence that the parent or guardian is likely to flee the
95	jurisdiction of the court; or
96	(d) the child has left a previously court ordered placement.
97	(6) (a) Within 24 hours after receipt of a child into protective custody, excluding
98	weekends and holidays, the division shall:
99	(i) convene a child protection team to review the circumstances regarding removal of
100	the child from the child's home or school; and
101	(ii) prepare the testimony and evidence that [will be] is required of the division at the
102	shelter hearing, in accordance with Section 80-3-301.
103	(b) At the 24-hour meeting, the division shall have available for review and
104	consideration the complete child protective services and foster care history of the child and the
105	child's parents and siblings.
106	(7) (a) After receipt of a child into protective custody and [prior to] before the
107	adjudication hearing, all investigative interviews with the child that are initiated by the division
108	shall be:
109	(i) except as provided in Subsection (7)(b), audio or video taped; and
110	(ii) except as provided in Subsection (7)(c), conducted with a support person of the
111	child's choice present.
112	(b) (i) Subject to Subsection (7)(b)(ii), an interview described in Subsection (7)(a) may
113	be conducted without being taped if the child:
114	(A) is at least nine years old;
115	(B) refuses to have the interview audio taped; and
116	(C) refuses to have the interview video taped.
117	(ii) If, [pursuant to] under Subsection (7)(b)(i), an interview is conducted without being
118	taped, the child's refusal shall be documented, as follows:
119	(A) the interviewer shall attempt to get the child's refusal on tape, including the reasons
120	for the refusal; or

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(B) if the child does not allow the refusal, or the reasons for the refusal, to be taped, the interviewer shall:

(I) state on the tape that the child is present, but has refused to have the interview, refusal, or the reasons for the refusal taped; or

- (II) if complying with Subsection (7)(b)(ii)(B)(I) will result in the child, who would otherwise consent to be interviewed, to refuse to be interviewed, the interviewer shall document, in writing, that the child refused to allow the interview to be taped and the reasons for that refusal.
- (iii) The division shall track the number of interviews under this Subsection (7) that are not taped, and the number of refusals that are not taped, for each interviewer, in order to determine whether a particular interviewer has a higher incidence of refusals, or taped refusals, than other interviewers.
- (c) (i) <u>Unless the interview is conducted at a Children's Justice Center, before conducting an interview under Subsection (7)(a), the division shall inform the child that the child is allowed to have a support person of the child's choice present.</u>
- (ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (7)(a)(ii), the support person who is present for an interview of a child may not be an alleged perpetrator.
- [(ii)] (iii) Subsection (7)(a)(ii) does not apply if the child refuses to have a support person present during the interview.
- $[\frac{(iii)}]$ (iv) If [a] the child described in Subsection $[\frac{(7)(c)(ii)}]$ (7)(c)(iii) refuses to have a support person present in the interview, the interviewer shall document, in writing, the refusal and the reasons for the refusal.
- [(iv)] (v) The division shall track the number of interviews under this Subsection (7) where a child refuses to have a support person present for each interviewer, in order to determine whether a particular interviewer has a higher incidence of refusals than other interviewers.
- (8) The division shall cooperate with law enforcement investigations and with the members of a child protection team, if applicable, regarding the alleged perpetrator.
- (9) The division may not close an investigation solely on the grounds that the division investigator is unable to locate the child until all reasonable efforts have been made to locate the child and family members including:

152	(a) visiting the home at times other than normal work hours;
153	(b) contacting local schools;
154	(c) contacting local, county, and state law enforcement agencies; and
155	(d) checking public assistance records.
156	Section 2. Section 62A-4a-409 is amended to read:
157	62A-4a-409. Investigation by division Temporary protective custody
158	Preremoval interview of a child.
159	(1) (a) The division shall conduct a thorough preremoval investigation upon receiving
160	either an oral or written report of alleged abuse or neglect, or an oral or written report under
161	Subsection 62A-4a-404(2), when there is reasonable cause to suspect that a situation of abuse,
162	neglect, or the circumstances described under Subsection 62A-4a-404(2) exist.
163	(b) The primary purpose of the <u>preremoval</u> investigation described in Subsection (1)(a)
164	shall be protection of the child.
165	(2) The preremoval investigation described in Subsection (1)(a) shall include the same
166	investigative requirements described in Section 62A-4a-202.3.
167	(3) The division shall make a written report of [its] the division's investigation that
168	[shall include] includes a determination regarding whether the alleged abuse or neglect is
169	supported, unsupported, or without merit.
170	(4) (a) The division shall use an interdisciplinary approach $[\frac{when}]$ if appropriate in
171	dealing with [reports] a report made under this part.
172	(b) The division shall convene a child protection team to assist the division in the
173	division's protective, diagnostic, assessment, treatment, and coordination services.
174	(c) The division may include [members] a member of a child protection team in the
175	division's protective, diagnostic, assessment, treatment, and coordination services.
176	(d) (i) A representative of the division shall serve as the child protection team's
177	coordinator and chair. [Members]
178	(ii) A member of the child protection team shall serve at the coordinator's invitation.
179	[Whenever]
180	(iii) If possible, the child protection team shall include [representatives] a
181	<u>representative</u> of:
182	[(i)] (A) health, mental health, education, and law enforcement agencies;

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183	[(ii)] (B) the child;
184	[(iii)] (C) parent and family support groups unless the parent is alleged to be the
185	perpetrator; and
186	[(iv)] (D) other appropriate agencies or individuals.
187	(5) If a report of neglect is based upon or includes an allegation of educational neglect,
188	the division shall immediately consult with school authorities to verify the child's status in
189	accordance with Sections 53G-6-201 through 53G-6-206.
190	(6) When the division completes the division's initial investigation under this part, the
191	division shall give notice of that completion to the person who made the initial report.
192	(7) [Division workers or other child protection team members have] A division worker
193	or child protection team member has authority to enter upon public or private premises, using
194	appropriate legal processes, to investigate reports of alleged abuse or neglect, upon notice to
195	parents of [their] the parents' rights under the Child Abuse Prevention and Treatment Act, 42
196	U.S.C. Sec. 5106, or any successor thereof.
197	(8) [With regard to any interview of a child prior to removal of that child from the
198	child's home] If a child is interviewed before removal of the child from the child's home:
199	(a) except as provided in Subsection (8)(b) or (c), the division shall inform a parent of
200	the child [prior to] before the interview of:
201	(i) the specific allegations concerning the child; and
202	(ii) the time and place of the interview;
203	(b) if a child's parent or stepparent, or a parent's paramour [has been] is identified as
204	the alleged perpetrator, the division is not required to comply with Subsection (8)(a);
205	(c) if the perpetrator is unknown, or if the perpetrator's relationship to the child's family
206	is unknown, the division may conduct a minimal interview or conversation, not to exceed 15
207	minutes, with the child [prior to] before complying with Subsection (8)(a);
208	(d) in [all cases] a case described in Subsection (8)(b) or (c), the division shall notify a
209	parent of the child [shall be notified] as soon as practicable after the child [has been] is
210	interviewed, but in no case later than 24 hours after the interview [has taken] takes place;
211	(e) [a child's parents shall be notified] the division shall notify the child's parent of the
212	time and place of all subsequent interviews with the child: [and]

(f) the child shall be allowed to have a support person of the child's choice present,

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214	who:
215	(i) may include:
216	(A) a school teacher;
217	(B) an administrator;
218	(C) a guidance counselor;
219	(D) a child care provider;
220	(E) a family member;
221	(F) a family advocate; or
222	(G) a member of the clergy; and
223	(ii) may not be an individual who is alleged to be, or potentially may be, the
224	perpetrator[-]; and
225	(g) unless the interview is conducted at a Children's Justice Center, before conducting
226	the interview, the division shall inform the child that the child is allowed to have a support
227	person of the child's choice present.
228	(9) (a) In accordance with the procedures and requirements of Sections 62A-4a-202.1
229	through 62A-4a-202.3, a division worker or child protection team member may take a child
230	into protective custody and deliver the child to a law enforcement officer, or place the child in
231	an emergency shelter facility approved by the juvenile court, at the earliest opportunity
232	[subsequent to] after the child's removal from the child's original environment.
233	(b) Control and jurisdiction over the child is determined by [the provisions of] Title
234	78A, Chapter 6, Juvenile Court, and Title 80, Utah Juvenile Code, and as otherwise provided
235	by law.
236	(10) [With regard to cases] In a case in which law enforcement has or is conducting an
237	investigation of alleged abuse or neglect of a child:
238	(a) the division shall coordinate with law enforcement to ensure that there is an
239	adequate safety plan to protect the child from further abuse or neglect; and
240	(b) the division is not required to duplicate an aspect of the investigation that, in the
241	division's determination, has been satisfactorily completed by law enforcement.
242	(11) [With regard to] $\underline{\text{In}}$ a mutual case in which a child protection team [was] $\underline{\text{is}}$
243	involved in the investigation of alleged abuse or neglect of a child, the division shall consult
244	with the child protection team before closing the case.