#### Representative Adam Robertson proposes the following substitute bill:

1	SCHOOL FEES AMENDMENTS
2	2022 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Adam Robertson
5	Senate Sponsor: Ann Millner
6	
7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill amends provisions related to elementary and secondary school fees.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	<ul> <li>amends definitions;</li> </ul>
13	<ul> <li>prescribes the fees an LEA may charge a secondary school student for a curricular</li> </ul>
14	activity or portions of a co-curricular activity;
15	<ul> <li>authorizes an LEA to charge a secondary school student a fee for an extracurricular</li> </ul>
16	activity;
17	<ul> <li>prohibits an LEA from charging a general fee;</li> </ul>
18	<ul> <li>amends provisions related to a fee waiver;</li> </ul>
19	<ul> <li>repeals provisions related to fees for textbooks;</li> </ul>
20	<ul> <li>prohibits charging a student in grade 6 a fee for a remediation program;</li> </ul>
21	<ul> <li>repeals outdated language; and</li> </ul>
22	<ul> <li>makes conforming changes.</li> </ul>
23	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
24	None
25	Other Special Clauses:

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26	None
27	Utah Code Sections Affected:
28	AMENDS:
29	53E-1-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 64, 251, and 351
30	53E-8-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 408
31	53E-10-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapters 220 and 365
32	53G-6-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 408
33	53G-6-303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 293
34	53G-6-701, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 3
35	53G-7-501, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 51
36	53G-7-503, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 341
37	53G-7-504, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 408
38	53G-9-803, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 293
39	53G-10-503, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 247
40	RENUMBERS AND AMENDS:
41	53G-7-506, (Renumbered from 53G-7-602, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020,
42	Chapter 138)
43	53G-7-507, (Renumbered from 53G-7-603, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah
44	2019, Chapter 223)
45	53G-7-508, (Renumbered from 53G-7-606, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019,
46	Chapters 223 and 293)
47	REPEALS:
48	53G-7-601, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 138
49	
50	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
51	Section 1. Section <b>53E-1-201</b> is amended to read:
52	53E-1-201. Reports to and action required of the Education Interim Committee.
53	(1) In accordance with applicable provisions and Section 68-3-14, the following
54	recurring reports are due to the Education Interim Committee:
55	(a) the report described in Section 9-22-109 by the STEM Action Center Board,
56	including the information described in Section 9-22-113 on the status of the computer science

57	initiative and Section 9-22-114 on the Computing Partnerships Grants Program;
58	(b) the prioritized list of data research described in Section 35A-14-302 and the report
59	on research described in Section 35A-14-304 by the Utah Data Research Center;
60	(c) the report described in Section 35A-15-303 by the State Board of Education on
61	preschool programs;
62	(d) the report described in Section 53B-1-402 by the Utah Board of Higher Education
63	on career and technical education issues and addressing workforce needs;
64	(e) the annual report of the Utah Board of Higher Education described in Section
65	53B-1-402;
66	(f) the reports described in Section 53B-28-401 by the Utah Board of Higher Education
67	regarding activities related to campus safety;
68	(g) the State Superintendent's Annual Report by the state board described in Section
69	53E-1-203;
70	(h) the annual report described in Section $53E-2-202$ by the state board on the strategic
71	plan to improve student outcomes;
72	(i) the report described in Section $53E-8-204$ by the state board on the Utah Schools for
73	the Deaf and the Blind;
74	(j) the report described in Section $53E-10-703$ by the Utah Leading through Effective,
75	Actionable, and Dynamic Education director on research and other activities;
76	[(k)] the report described in Section 53F-4-203 by the state board and the independent
77	evaluator on an evaluation of early interactive reading software;]
78	[(1)] (k) the report described in Section 53F-4-407 by the state board on UPSTART;
79	[(m)] (1) the reports described in Sections 53F-5-214 and 53F-5-215 by the state board
80	related to grants for professional learning and grants for an elementary teacher preparation
81	assessment; and
82	[(m)] (m) the report described in Section 53F-5-405 by the State Board of Education
83	regarding an evaluation of a partnership that receives a grant to improve educational outcomes
84	for students who are low income.
85	(2) In accordance with applicable provisions and Section 68-3-14, the following
86	occasional reports are due to the Education Interim Committee:
87	(a) the report described in Section 35A-15-303 by the School Readiness Board by

November 30, 2020, on benchmarks for certain preschool programs;
(b) the report described in Section 53B-28-402 by the Utah Board of Higher Education
on or before the Education Interim Committee's November 2021 meeting;
(c) the reports described in Section $53E-3-520$ by the state board regarding cost centers
and implementing activity based costing;
(d) if required, the report described in Section $53E-4-309$ by the state board explaining
the reasons for changing the grade level specification for the administration of specific
assessments;
(e) if required, the report described in Section $53E-5-210$ by the state board of an
adjustment to the minimum level that demonstrates proficiency for each statewide assessment;
(f) in 2022 and in 2023, on or before November 30, the report described in Subsection
53E-10-309(7) related to the PRIME pilot program;
(g) the report described in Section 53E-10-702 by Utah Leading through Effective,
Actionable, and Dynamic Education;
(h) if required, the report described in Section $53F-2-513$ by the state board evaluating
the effects of salary bonuses on the recruitment and retention of effective teachers in high
poverty schools;
(i) upon request, the report described in Section $53F-5-207$ by the state board on the
Intergenerational Poverty Intervention Grants Program;
(j) the report described in Section $53F-5-210$ by the state board on the Educational
Improvement Opportunities Outside of the Regular School Day Grant Program;
(k) the report described in Section $53G-7-503$ by the state board regarding fees that
LEAs charge during the 2020-2021 school year;
(1) the reports described in Section $53G-11-304$ by the state board regarding proposed
rules and results related to educator exit surveys;
(m) the report described in Section $62A-15-117$ by the Division of Substance Abuse
and Mental Health, the State Board of Education, and the Department of Health regarding
recommendations related to Medicaid reimbursement for school-based health services; and
(n) the reports described in Section $63C-19-202$ by the Higher Education Strategic
Planning Commission.
Section 2. Section <b>53E-8-401</b> is amended to read:

119	53E-8-401. Eligibility for services of the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind.
120	(1) Except as provided in Subsections (3), (4), and (5), an individual is eligible to
121	receive services of the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind if the individual is:
122	(a) a resident of Utah;
123	(b) younger than 22 years [of age] old;
124	(c) referred to the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind by:
125	(i) the individual's school district of residence;
126	(ii) a local early intervention program; or
127	(iii) if the referral is consistent with the Individual with Disabilities Education Act, 20
128	U.S.C. Sec. 1400 et seq., the Parent Infant Program; and
129	(d) identified as deaf, blind, or deafblind through:
130	(i) the special education eligibility determination process; or
131	(ii) the Section 504 eligibility determination process.
132	(2) (a) In determining eligibility for an individual who is younger than age three and is
133	deafblind, the following information may be used:
134	(i) opthalmological and audiological documentation;
135	(ii) functional vision or hearing assessments and evaluations; or
136	(iii) informed clinical opinion conducted by a person with expertise in deafness,
137	blindness, or deafblindness.
138	(b) Informed clinical opinion shall be:
139	(i) included in the determination of eligibility when documentation is incomplete or not
140	conclusive; and
141	(ii) based on pertinent records related to the individual's current health status and
142	medical history, an evaluation and observations of the individual's level of sensory functioning,
143	and the needs of the family.
144	(3) (a) A student who qualifies for special education shall have services and placement
145	determinations made through the IEP process.
146	(b) A student who qualifies for accommodations under Section 504 shall have services
147	and placement determinations made through the Section 504 team process.
148	(4) (a) A nonresident may receive services of the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the
149	Blind in accordance with the rules of the state board described in Subsection (6).

150	(b) [The] Notwithstanding Section 53G-7-503, the rules shall require the payment of
151	tuition for services provided to a nonresident.
152	(5) An individual is eligible to receive services from the Utah Schools for the Deaf and
153	the Blind under circumstances described in Section 53E-8-408.
154	(6) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
155	state board:
156	(a) shall make rules that determine the eligibility of students to be served by the Utah
157	Schools for the Deaf and the Blind; and
158	(b) may make rules to allow a resident of Utah who is neither deaf, blind, nor deafblind
159	to receive services of the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind if the resident is younger
160	than 22 years [of age] old.
161	Section 3. Section <b>53E-10-305</b> is amended to read:
162	53E-10-305. Tuition and fees.
163	(1) Except as provided in this section, the Utah Board of Higher Education or an
164	institution of higher education may not charge tuition or fees for a concurrent enrollment
165	course.
166	(2) (a) The Utah Board of Higher Education may charge a one-time fee for a student to
167	participate in the concurrent enrollment program.
168	(b) A student who pays a fee described in Subsection (2)(a) does not satisfy a general
169	admission application fee requirement for a full-time or part-time student at an institution of
170	higher education.
171	(3) (a) An institution of higher education may charge a one-time admission application
172	fee for concurrent enrollment course credit offered by the institution of higher education.
173	(b) Payment of the fee described in Subsection (3)(a) satisfies the general admission
174	application fee requirement for a full-time or part-time student at an institution of higher
175	education.
176	(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), an institution of higher education may
177	charge partial tuition of no more than \$30 per credit hour for a concurrent enrollment course
178	for which a student earns college credit.
179	(b) An institution of higher education may not charge more than:
180	(i) \$5 per credit hour for an eligible student who qualifies for free or reduced price

181	school lunch;
182	(ii) \$10 per credit hour for a concurrent enrollment course that is taught at an LEA by
183	an eligible instructor described in Subsection 53E-10-302(6)(b); or
184	(iii) \$15 per credit hour for a concurrent enrollment course that is taught through video
185	conferencing.
186	[(5) In accordance with Section 53G-7-603, an LEA may charge a fee for a textbook, as
187	defined in Section 53G-7-601, that is required for a concurrent enrollment course.]
188	Section 4. Section <b>53G-6-302</b> is amended to read:
189	53G-6-302. Child's school district of residence Determination Responsibility
190	for providing educational services.
191	(1) As used in this section:
192	(a) "Health care facility" means the same as that term is defined in Section $26-21-2$ .
193	(b) "Human services program" means the same as that term is defined in Section
194	62A-2-101.
195	(c) "Supervision" means a minor child is:
196	(i) receiving services from a state agency, local mental health authority, or substance
197	abuse authority with active involvement or oversight; and
198	(ii) engaged in a human services program that is properly licensed or certified and has
199	provided the school district receiving the minor child with an education plan that complies with
200	the requirements of Section 62A-2-108.1.
201	(2) The school district of residence of a minor child whose custodial parent resides
202	within Utah is:
203	(a) the school district in which the custodial parent resides; or
204	(b) the school district in which the child resides:
205	(i) while in the custody or under the supervision of a Utah state agency, local mental
206	health authority, or substance abuse authority;
207	(ii) while under the supervision of a private or public agency which is in compliance
208	with Section 62A-4a-606 and is authorized to provide child placement services by the state;
209	(iii) while living with a responsible adult resident of the district, if a determination has
210	been made in accordance with rules made by the state board in accordance with Title 63G,
211	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, that:

212	(A) the child's physical, mental, moral, or emotional health will best be served by
213	considering the child to be a resident for school purposes;
214	(B) exigent circumstances exist that do not permit the case to be appropriately
215	addressed under Section 53G-6-402; and
216	(C) considering the child to be a resident of the district under this Subsection (2)(b)(iii)
217	does not violate any other law or rule of the state board;
218	(iv) while the child is receiving services from a health care facility or human services
219	program, if a determination has been made in accordance with rules made by the state board in
220	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, that:
221	(A) the child's physical, mental, moral, or emotional health will best be served by
222	considering the child to be a resident for school purposes;
223	(B) exigent circumstances exist that do not permit the case to be appropriately
224	addressed under Section 53G-6-402; and
225	(C) considering the child to be a resident of the district under this Subsection (2)(b)(iv)
226	does not violate any other law or rule of the state board; or
227	(v) if the child is married or has been determined to be an emancipated minor by a
228	court of law or by a state administrative agency authorized to make that determination.
229	(3) A minor child whose custodial parent does not reside in the state is considered to be
230	a resident of the district in which the child lives, unless that designation violates any other law
231	or rule of the state board, if:
232	(a) the child is married or an emancipated minor under Subsection (2)(b)(v);
233	(b) the child lives with a resident of the district who is a responsible adult and whom
234	the district agrees to designate as the child's legal guardian under Section 53G-6-303;
235	(c) if permissible under policies adopted by a local school board, it is established to the
236	satisfaction of the local school board that:
237	(i) the child lives with a responsible adult who is a resident of the district and is the
238	child's noncustodial parent, grandparent, brother, sister, uncle, or aunt;
239	(ii) the child's presence in the district is not for the primary purpose of attending the
240	public schools;
241	(iii) the child's physical, mental, moral, or emotional health will best be served by
242	considering the child to be a resident for school purposes; and

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243 (iv) the child is prepared to abide by the policies of the school and school district in 244 which attendance is sought; or 245 (d) it is established to the satisfaction of the local school board that: 246 (i) the child's parent moves from the state; 247 (ii) the child's parent executes a power of attorney under Section 75-5-103 that: 248 (A) meets the requirements of Subsection (4); and 249 (B) delegates powers regarding care, custody, or property, including schooling, to a 250 responsible adult with whom the child resides: 251 (iii) the responsible adult described in Subsection (3)(d)(ii)(B) is a resident of the 252 district; 253 (iv) the child's physical, mental, moral, or emotional health will best be served by 254 considering the child to be a resident for school purposes; 255 (v) the child is prepared to abide by the policies of the school and school district in 256 which attendance is sought; and 257 (vi) the child's attendance in the school will not be detrimental to the school or school 258 district. 259 (4) (a) If admission is sought under Subsection (2)(b)(iii), (3)(c), or (3)(d), then the 260 district may require the person with whom the child lives to be designated as the child's 261 custodian in a durable power of attorney, issued by the party who has legal custody of the child, 262 granting the custodian full authority to take any appropriate action, including authorization for 263 educational or medical services, in the interests of the child. 264 (b) Both the party granting and the party empowered by the power of attorney shall 265 agree to: 266 (i) assume responsibility for any fees [or other charges], as defined in Section 267 53G-7-501, relating to the child's education in the district; and 268 (ii) if eligibility for fee waivers is claimed under Section 53G-7-504, provide the 269 school district with all financial information requested by the district for purposes of 270 determining eligibility for fee waivers. 271 (c) Notwithstanding Section 75-5-103, a power of attorney meeting the requirements of 272 this section and accepted by the school district shall remain in force until the earliest of the 273 following occurs:

274	(i) the child reaches the age of 18, marries, or becomes emancipated;
275	(ii) the expiration date stated in the document; or
276	(iii) the power of attorney is revoked or rendered inoperative by the grantor or grantee,
277	or by order of a court of competent jurisdiction.
278	(5) A power of attorney does not confer legal guardianship.
279	(6) Each school district is responsible for providing educational services for all
280	children of school age who are residents of the district.
281	Section 5. Section <b>53G-6-303</b> is amended to read:
282	53G-6-303. Guardianship for residency purposes by responsible adult
283	Procedure to obtain Termination.
284	(1) For purposes of this part, "responsible adult" means a person 21 years [of age] old
285	or older who is a resident of this state and is willing and able to provide reasonably adequate
286	food, clothing, shelter, and supervision for a minor child.
287	(2) A local school board may adopt a policy permitting it to designate a responsible
288	adult residing in the school district as legal guardian of a child whose custodial parent does not
289	reside within the state upon compliance with the following requirements:
290	(a) submission to the school district of a signed and notarized affidavit by the child's
291	custodial parent stating that:
292	(i) the child's presence in the district is not for the primary purpose of attending the
293	public schools;
294	(ii) the child's physical, mental, moral, or emotional health would best be served by a
295	transfer of guardianship to the Utah resident;
296	(iii) the affiant is aware that designation of a guardian under this section is equivalent
297	to a court-ordered guardianship under Section 75-5-206 and will suspend or terminate any
298	existing parental or guardianship rights in the same manner as would occur under a
299	court-ordered guardianship;
300	(iv) the affiant consents and submits to any such suspension or termination of parental
301	or guardianship rights;
302	(v) the affiant consents and submits to the jurisdiction of the state district court in
303	which the school district is located in any action relating to the guardianship or custody of the
304	child in question;

305	(vi) the affiant designates a named responsible adult as agent, authorized to accept
306	service on behalf of the affiant of any process, notice, or demand required or permitted to be
307	served in connection with any action under Subsection (2)(a)(v); and
308	(vii) it is the affiant's intent that the child become a permanent resident of the state and
309	reside with and be under the supervision of the named responsible adult;
310	(b) submission to the school district of a signed and notarized affidavit by the
311	responsible adult stating that:
312	(i) the affiant is a resident of the school district and desires to become the guardian of
313	the child;
314	(ii) the affiant consents and submits to the jurisdiction of the state district court in
315	which the school district is located in any action relating to the guardianship or custody of the
316	child in question;
317	(iii) the affiant will accept the responsibilities of guardianship for the duration,
318	including the responsibility to provide adequate supervision, discipline, food, shelter,
319	educational and emotional support, and medical care for the child if designated as the child's
320	guardian; and
321	(iv) the affiant accepts the designation as agent under Subsection (2)(a)(vi);
322	(c) submission to the school district of a signed and notarized affidavit by the child
323	stating that:
324	(i) the child desires to become a permanent resident of Utah and reside with and be
325	responsible to the named responsible adult; and
326	(ii) the child will abide by all applicable policies of any public school which the child
327	may attend after guardianship is awarded; and
328	(d) if the child's custodial parent cannot be found in order to execute the statement
329	required under Subsection (2)(a), the responsible adult must submit an affidavit to that effect to
330	the district. The district shall also submit a copy of the statement to the Criminal Investigations
331	and Technical Services Division of the Department of Public Safety, established in Section
332	53-10-103.
333	(3) The district may require the responsible adult, in addition to the documents set forth
334	in Subsection (2), to also submit any other documents which are relevant to the appointment of
335	a guardian of a minor or which the district reasonably believes to be necessary in connection

with a given application to substantiate any claim or assertion made in connection with theapplication for guardianship.

(4) Upon receipt of the information and documentation required under Subsections (2)
and (3), and a determination by the local school board that the information is accurate, that the
requirements of this section have been met, and that the interests of the child would best be
served by granting the requested guardianship, the local school board or its authorized
representative may designate the applicant as guardian of the child by issuing a designation of
guardianship letter to the applicant.

(5) (a) If a local school board has adopted a policy permitting the local school board to
designate a guardian under this section, a denial of an application for appointment of a
guardian may be appealed to the district court in which the school district is located.

347 (b) The court shall uphold the decision of the local school board unless it finds, by
348 clear and convincing evidence, that the local school board's decision was arbitrary and
349 capricious.

350 (c) An applicant may, rather than appealing the local school board's decision under
351 Subsection (5)(b), file an original Petition for Appointment of Guardian with the district court,
352 which action shall proceed as if no decision had been made by the local school board.

353 (6) A responsible adult obtaining guardianship under this section has the same rights,
authority, and responsibilities as a guardian appointed under Section 75-5-201.

(7) (a) The school district shall deliver the original documents filed with the school
district, together with a copy of the designation of guardianship issued by the district, in person
or by any form of mail requiring a signed receipt, to the clerk of the state district court in which
the school district is located.

359 (b) The court may not charge the school district a fee for filing guardianship papers360 under this section.

361 (8) (a) The authority and responsibility of a custodial parent submitting an affidavit
362 under this section may be restored by the district, and the guardianship obtained under this
363 section terminated by the district:

(i) upon submission to the school district in which the guardianship was obtained of a
signed and notarized statement by the person who consented to guardianship under Subsection
(2)(a) requesting termination of the guardianship; or

367	(ii) by the person accepting guardianship under Subsection (2)(b) requesting the
368	termination of the guardianship.
369	(b) If the school district determines that it would not be in the best interests of the child
370	to terminate the guardianship, the district may refer the request for termination to the state
371	district court in which the documents were filed under Subsection (5) for further action
372	consistent with the interests of the child.
373	(9) The school district shall retain copies of all documents required by this section
374	until the child in question has reached the age of 18 unless directed to surrender the documents
375	by a court of competent jurisdiction.
376	(10) (a) Intentional submission to a school district of fraudulent or misleading
377	information under this part is punishable under Section 76-8-504.
378	(b) A school district which has reason to believe that a party has intentionally
379	submitted false or misleading information under this part may, after notice and opportunity for
380	the party to respond to the allegation:
381	(i) void any guardianship, authorization, or action which was based upon the false or
382	misleading information; and
383	(ii) recover, from the party submitting the information, the full cost of any benefits
384	received by the child on the basis of the false or misleading information, including tuition, fees,
385	as defined in Section 53G-7-501, and other unpaid school charges, together with any related
386	costs of recovery.
387	(c) A student whose guardianship or enrollment has been terminated under this section
388	may, upon payment of all applicable tuition and fees, as defined in Section 53G-7-501,
389	continue in enrollment until the end of the school year unless excluded from attendance for
390	cause.
391	Section 6. Section <b>53G-6-701</b> is amended to read:
392	53G-6-701. Definitions.
393	[Reserved] As used in this part, "fee" means the same as that term is defined in Section
394	<u>53G-7-501.</u>
395	Section 7. Section <b>53G-7-501</b> is amended to read:
396	53G-7-501. Definitions.
397	As used in this part:

398	(1) "Co-curricular activity" means an activity, a course, or a program that:
399	(a) is an extension of a curricular activity;
400	(b) is included in an instructional plan and supervised or conducted by a teacher or
401	education professional;
402	(c) is conducted outside of regular school hours;
403	(d) is provided, sponsored, or supported by an LEA; and
404	(e) includes a required regular school day activity, course, or program.
405	(2) "Curricular activity" means an activity, a course, or a program that is:
406	(a) intended to deliver instruction;
407	(b) provided, sponsored, or supported by an LEA; and
408	(c) conducted only during school hours.
409	(3) "Elementary school" means a school that provides instruction to students in grades
410	kindergarten, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6.
411	(4) (a) "Elementary school student" means a student enrolled in an elementary school.
412	(b) "Elementary school student" does not include a secondary school student.
413	(5) (a) "Extracurricular activity" means an activity, a course, or a program that is:
414	(i) not directly related to delivering instruction;
415	(ii) not a curricular activity or co-curricular activity; and
416	(iii) provided, sponsored, or supported by an LEA.
417	(b) "Extracurricular activity" does not include a noncurricular club as defined in
418	Section 53G-7-701.
419	(6) (a) "Fee" means a charge, expense, deposit, rental, or payment:
420	(i) regardless of how the charge, expense, deposit, rental, or payment is termed,
421	described, requested, or required directly or indirectly;
422	(ii) in the form of money, goods, or services; and
423	(iii) that is a condition to a student's full participation in an activity, course, or program
424	that is provided, sponsored, or supported by an LEA.
425	(b) "Fee" includes:
426	(i) money or something of monetary value raised by a student or the student's family
427	through fundraising;
428	(ii) charges or expenditures for a school field trip or activity trip, including related

429	transportation, food, lodging, and admission charges;
430	(iii) payments made to a third party that provides a part of a school activity, class, or
431	program;
432	(iv) charges or expenditures for classroom:
433	[ <del>(A) textbooks;</del> ]
434	[(B)] (A) supplies; or
435	$\left[\frac{(C)}{(B)}\right]$ materials;
436	(v) charges or expenditures for school activity clothing; and
437	(vi) a fine other than a fine described in Subsection $(6)(c)(i)$ .
438	(c) "Fee" does not include:
439	(i) a student fine specifically approved by an LEA for:
440	(A) failing to return school property;
441	(B) losing, wasting, or damaging private or school property through intentional,
442	careless, or irresponsible behavior, or as described in Section 53G-8-212; or
443	(C) improper use of school property, including a parking violation;
444	(ii) a payment for school breakfast or lunch;
445	(iii) a deposit that is:
446	(A) a pledge securing the return of school property; and
447	(B) refunded upon the return of the school property; or
448	(iv) a charge for insurance, unless the insurance is required for a student to participate
449	in an activity, course, or program.
450	(7) (a) "Fundraising" means an activity or event provided, sponsored, or supported by
451	an LEA that uses students to generate funds or raise money to:
452	(i) provide financial support to a school or a school's class, group, team, or program; or
453	(ii) benefit a particular charity or for other charitable purposes.
454	(b) "Fundraising" does not include an alternative method of raising revenue without
455	students.
456	(8) (a) "Instructional equipment and supplies" means an activity-related, a
457	course-related, or program-related equipment, supply, tool, instrument, or other material that:
458	(i) is required for a student to use as part of an activity, course, or program in a
459	secondary school;

460	(ii) typically becomes the property of the student upon exiting the activity, course, or
461	program; and
462	(iii) is subject to a fee waiver.
463	(b) "Instructional equipment and supplies" may include:
464	(i) shears or styling tools;
465	(ii) a stethoscope;
466	(iii) sports equipment, including a bat, mitt, or tennis racquet;
467	(iv) an item that is medically prescribed, such as footwear;
468	(v) clay, paint, or an art canvas;
469	(vi) wood for wood shop;
470	(vii) Legos for Lego robotics;
471	(viii) film; or
472	(ix) filament used for 3d printing.
473	(c) "Instructional equipment and supplies" does not include school equipment.
474	[(8)] (9) (a) "School activity clothing" means special shoes or items of clothing:
475	(i) (A) that meet specific requirements, including requesting a specific brand, fabric, or
476	imprint; and
477	(B) that a school requires a student to provide; and
478	(ii) that is worn by a student for a co-curricular or extracurricular activity.
479	(b) "School activity clothing" does not include:
480	(i) a school uniform; or
481	(ii) clothing that is commonly found in students' homes.
482	(10) (a) "School equipment" means a durable school-owned machine, equipment,
483	facility, or tool used by a student as part of an activity, course, or program in a secondary
484	school.
485	(b) "School equipment" does not mean instructional equipment or an instructional
486	supply.
487	[(9)] (11) (a) "School uniform" means special shoes or an item of clothing:
488	(i) (A) that meet specific requirements, including a requested specific color, style,
489	fabric, or imprint; and
490	(B) that a school requires a student to provide; and

491	(ii) that is worn by a student for a curricular activity.
492	(b) "School uniform" does not include school activity clothing.
493	[(10)] (12) "Secondary school" means a school that provides instruction to students in
494	grades 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, or 12.
495	[(11)] (13) "Secondary school student":
496	(a) means a student enrolled in a secondary school; and
497	(b) includes a student in grade 6 if the student attends a secondary school.
498	[(12)] (14) (a) "Textbook" means [the same as that term is defined in Section
499	53G-7-601.] instructional material necessary for participation in an activity, course, or
500	program, regardless of the format of the material.
501	(b) "Textbook" includes:
502	(i) a hardcopy book or printed pages of instructional material, including a consumable
503	workbook; or
504	(ii) computer hardware, software, or digital content.
505	(c) "Textbook" does not include instructional equipment or an instructional supply.
506	[(13)] (15) "Waiver" means a full or partial release from a requirement to pay a fee and
507	from any provision in lieu of fee payment.
508	Section 8. Section <b>53G-7-503</b> is amended to read:
509	53G-7-503. Fees Prohibitions Voluntary supplies Enforcement.
510	(1) An LEA may only charge a fee if the fee is:
511	(a) authorized; and
512	(b) noticed by the LEA governing board in accordance with Section $53G-7-505$ .
513	(2) (a) An LEA may not require a fee for elementary school activities that are part of
514	the regular school day or for supplies used during the regular school day.
515	(b) An elementary school or elementary school teacher may compile and provide to $[a]$
516	an elementary school student's parent a suggested list of supplies for use during the regular
517	school day so that a parent may furnish <u>only</u> on a voluntary basis those supplies for student use.
518	(c) A list provided to an elementary <u>school</u> student's parent in accordance with
519	Subsection (2) (b) shall include and be preceded by the following language:
520	"NOTICE: THE ITEMS ON THIS LIST WILL BE USED DURING THE REGULAR
521	SCHOOL DAY. THEY MAY BE BROUGHT FROM HOME ON A VOLUNTARY BASIS,

522	OTHERWISE, THEY WILL BE FURNISHED BY THE SCHOOL."
523	(3) Beginning with the 2022-23 school year:
524	(a) for a curricular activity, an LEA may charge a secondary student a fee only for the
525	following:
526	(i) instructional equipment and supplies;
527	(ii) an Advanced Placement test;
528	(iii) a driver education course as described in Section 53G-10-504;
529	(iv) a payment authorized in Section 53G-6-402, 53G-6-503, or 53G-9-803;
530	(v) a payment described in Subsection (5); or
531	(vi) a music instrument rental; and
532	(b) for that portion of a co-curricular activity that is during regular school hours, an
533	LEA may charge a secondary student a fee only for those fees listed in Subsection (3)(a).
534	(4) Beginning with the 2022-23 school year, and except as provided in Subsection (6),
535	an LEA may charge a secondary student a fee for:
536	(a) that portion of a co-curricular activity that is outside of regular school hours; and
537	(b) an extracurricular activity.
538	(5) An LEA may charge a secondary student or an individual a fee for an adult
539	education course in accordance with Section 53E-10-202.
540	(6) An LEA may not charge a fee:
541	(a) for school equipment; or
542	(b) that is:
543	(i) general in nature; and
544	(ii) paid for a service or good that does not have a direct benefit to the student paying
545	the fee.
546	(7) An LEA governing board shall authorize each fee individually.
547	[(3)] (a) Beginning with or after the 2022-2023 school year, if an LEA imposes a
548	fee, the fee shall be equal to or less than the expense incurred by the LEA in providing for a
549	student the activity, course, or program for which the LEA imposes the fee.
550	(b) An LEA may not impose an additional fee or increase a fee to supplant or subsidize
551	another fee, including a fee to supplant or subsidize an expense incurred by the LEA for:
552	(i) a curricular activity; or

553	(ii) an expense incurred by that portion of a co-curricular activity that occurs during
554	regular school hours.
555	[(4)] (9) (a) Beginning with or after the 2021-2022 school year, and notwithstanding
556	Section 53E-3-401, if the state board finds that an LEA has violated a provision of this part [or
557	Part 6, Textbook Fees], the state board shall impose corrective action against the LEA, which
558	may include:
559	(i) requiring an LEA to repay improperly charged fees;
560	(ii) withholding state funds; and
561	(iii) suspending the LEA's authority to charge fees for an amount of time specified by
562	the state board.
563	(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
564	state board shall make rules:
565	(i) that require notice and an opportunity to be heard for an LEA affected by a state
566	board action described in Subsection $[(4)](9)(a)$ ; and
567	(ii) to administer this Subsection $[(4)](9)$ .
568	[(5) (a) For each fee on an LEA's fee schedule described in Section 53G-7-505, the
569	LEA shall:]
570	[(i) by July 1, 2020, determine whether the fee is curricular, co-curricular, or
571	extracurricular;]
572	[(ii) for the 2020-2021 school year, measure the total number of:]
573	[(A) students who pay each fee; and]
574	[(B) money received for each fee;]
575	[(iii) for the 2020-2021 school year, measure the total:]
576	[(A) number of students who receive a fee waiver; and]
577	[(B) value of each waiver for each waived fee; and]
578	[(iv) by July 1, 2021, report the separate categories of data gathered under Subsections
579	(5)(a)(ii) and (iii) to the state board.]
580	[(b) The state board shall report on the data the board receives under Subsection (5)(a)
581	to the Education Interim Committee on or before the date of the November interim meeting in
582	<del>2021.</del> ]
583	Section 9. Section <b>53G-7-504</b> is amended to read:

584	53G-7-504. Waiver of fees Appeal of decision.
585	(1) (a) If an LEA or a school within an LEA charges one or more fees, the LEA shall
586	grant a waiver to a student if charging the fee would deny the student the opportunity to fully
587	participate or complete a requirement because of an inability to pay the fee.
588	(b) An LEA governing board shall:
589	(i) adopt policies for granting a waiver; and
590	(ii) in accordance with Section $53G-7-505$ , give notice of waiver eligibility and
591	policies.
592	(2) (a) An LEA that charges a fee under this part [and Part 6, Textbook Fees,] may
593	provide a variety of alternatives for a student or family to satisfy a fee requirement, including
594	allowing a student to provide:
595	(i) tutorial assistance to other students;
596	(ii) assistance before or after school to teachers and other school personnel on school
597	related matters; and
598	(iii) general community or home service.
599	(b) Each LEA governing board may add to the list of alternatives provided by the state
600	board, subject to approval by the state board.
601	(3) With regard to a student who is in the custody of the Division of Child and Family
602	Services who is also eligible under Title IV-E of the federal Social Security Act, an LEA
603	governing board shall require fee waivers or alternatives in accordance with this section.
604	(4) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
605	state board shall make rules:
606	(a) requiring a parent of a student applying for a fee waiver to provide documentation
607	and certification to the school verifying:
608	(i) the student's eligibility to receive the waiver; and
609	(ii) if applicable, that the student has complied with alternatives for satisfying the fee
610	requirements under Subsection (2) to the fullest extent reasonably possible according to the
611	individual circumstances of the student and the LEA; and
612	(b) specifying the acceptable forms of documentation for the requirement under
613	Subsection (4)(a), which shall include verification based on income tax returns or current pay
614	stubs.

615	(5) Notwithstanding the requirements under Subsection (4), an LEA is not required to
616	keep documentation on file after the verification is completed.
617	(6) If a school denies a student or parent request for a fee waiver, the school shall
618	provide the student or parent:
619	(a) the school's written decision to deny a waiver; and
620	(b) the procedure to appeal in accordance with LEA policy.
621	Section 10. Section <b>53G-7-506</b> , which is renumbered from Section 53G-7-602 is
622	renumbered and amended to read:
623	[ <del>53G-7-602</del> ]. <u>53G-7-506.</u> State policy on providing free textbooks.
624	(1) It is the public policy of this state that public education shall be free.
625	(2) A student may not be denied an education because of economic inability to
626	purchase textbooks necessary for advancement in or graduation from the public school system.
627	(3) [ <del>(a)</del> ] Beginning with the 2022-23 school year, an LEA[ <del>: (i)</del> except as provided in
628	Subsection (3)(a)(ii),] may not sell textbooks or otherwise charge a fee for textbooks [or the
629	maintenance costs of school equipment; and (ii) may only charge a fee for a textbook required
630	for an Advanced Placement or, as described in Section 53E-10-302, a concurrent enrollment
631	course].
632	[(b) The LEA shall waive a fee described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii) in full or in part if a
633	student qualifies for a waiver in accordance with Section 53G-7-504.]
634	Section 11. Section <b>53G-7-507</b> , which is renumbered from Section 53G-7-603 is
635	renumbered and amended to read:
636	[ <del>53G-7-603</del> ]. <u>53G-7-507.</u> Purchase of textbooks Textbooks provided to
637	teachers.
638	(1) An LEA governing board may purchase textbooks directly from the textbook
639	publisher at prices and terms approved by the state board.
640	(2) An LEA governing board shall purchase each textbook necessary for a teacher to
641	conduct his or her class.
642	(3) An LEA may pay the LEA's cost of furnishing textbooks from school operating
643	funds, the textbook fund, or from other available funds.
644	(4) A textbook remains the property of the LEA.
645	Section 12. Section <b>53G-7-508</b> , which is renumbered from Section 53G-7-606 is

646	renumbered and amended to read:
647	[ <del>53G-7-606</del> ]. <u>53G-7-508.</u> Disposal of textbooks.
648	(1) An LEA may not dispose of textbooks without first notifying all other LEAs in the
649	state of the LEA's intent to dispose of the textbooks.
650	(2) Subsection (1) does not apply to textbooks that have been damaged, mutilated, or
651	worn out.
652	(3) The state board shall develop rules and procedures directing the disposal of
653	textbooks.
654	Section 13. Section <b>53G-9-803</b> is amended to read:
655	53G-9-803. Remediation programs for secondary students.
656	(1) For purposes of this section:
657	(a) "Secondary school" means a school that provides instruction to students in grades 7,
658	8, 9, 10, 11, or 12.
659	(b) "Secondary school student":
660	(i) means a student enrolled in a secondary school; and
661	(ii) includes a student in grade 6 if the student attends a secondary school.
662	(2) A school district or charter school shall implement programs for secondary school
663	students to attain the competency levels and graduation requirements established by the state
664	board.
665	(3) (a) A school district or charter school shall establish remediation programs for
666	secondary school students who do not meet competency levels in English, mathematics,
667	science, or social studies.
668	(b) Participation in the programs is mandatory for secondary school students who fail
669	to meet the competency levels based on classroom performance.
670	(4) Secondary school students who require remediation under this section may not be
671	advanced to the following class in subject sequences until they meet the required competency
672	level for the subject or complete the required remediation program, except that a school district
673	or charter school may allow secondary school students requiring remediation who would
674	otherwise be scheduled to enter their first year of high school to complete their remediation
675	program during that first year.
676	(5) (a) Remediation programs provided under this section should not be unnecessarily

677 lengthy or repetitive.

- (b) A secondary school student need not repeat an entire class if remediation canreasonably be achieved through other means.
- 680 (6) A school district or charter school may charge secondary school students a fee to681 participate in the remediation programs unless the secondary school student is in grade 6.

682 Section 14. Section **53G-10-503** is amended to read:

- 53G-10-503. Driver education funding -- Reimbursement of a local education
   agency for driver education class expenses -- Limitations -- Excess funds -- Student fees.
- 685 (1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), a local education agency that provides686 driver education shall fund the program solely through:
- (i) funds provided from the Automobile Driver Education Tax Account in the Uniform
  School Fund as created under Section 41-1a-1205; and
- (ii) student fees collected by each school.
- 690 (b) In determining the cost of driver education, a local education agency may exclude:
- (i) the full-time equivalent cost of a teacher for a driver education class taught duringregular school hours; and
- (ii) classroom space and classroom maintenance.
- 694 (c) A local education agency may not use any additional school funds beyond those695 allowed under Subsection (1)(b) to subsidize driver education.
- (2) (a) The state superintendent shall, prior to September 2nd following the school year
  during which it was expended, or may at earlier intervals during that school year, reimburse
  each local education agency that applied for reimbursement in accordance with this section.
- (b) A local education agency that maintains driver education classes that conform to
  this part and the rules prescribed by the state board may apply for reimbursement for the actual
  cost of providing the behind-the-wheel and observation training incidental to those classes.
- 702 (3) Under the state board's supervision for driver education, a local education agency703 may:
- (a) employ personnel who are not licensed by the state board under Section 53E-6-201;
  or
- (b) contract with private parties or agencies licensed under Section 53-3-504 for the
  behind-the-wheel phase of the driver education program.

708	(4) The reimbursement amount shall be paid out of the Automobile Driver Education
709	Tax Account in the Uniform School Fund and may not exceed:
710	(a) \$100 per student who has completed driver education during the school year;
711	(b) \$30 per student who has only completed the classroom portion in the school during
712	the school year; or
713	(c) \$70 per student who has only completed the behind-the-wheel and observation
714	portion in the school during the school year.
715	(5) If the amount of money in the account at the end of a school year is less than the
716	total of the reimbursable costs, the state superintendent shall allocate the money to each local
717	education agency in the same proportion that the local education agency's reimbursable costs
718	bear to the total reimbursable costs of all local education agencies.
719	(6) If the amount of money in the account at the end of any school year is more than the
720	total of the reimbursement costs provided under Subsection (4), the state superintendent may
721	allocate the excess funds to local education agencies:
722	(a) to reimburse each local education agency that applies for reimbursement of the cost
723	of a fee waived under Section 53G-7-504 for driver education; and
724	(b) to aid in the procurement of equipment and facilities which reduce the cost of
725	behind-the-wheel instruction.
726	(7) (a) A local school board shall, in accordance with Chapter 7, Part 5, Student Fees,
727	establish the student fee for driver education for the local education agency.
728	(b) Student fees shall be reasonably associated with the costs of driver education that
729	are not otherwise covered by reimbursements and allocations made under this section.
730	Section 15. Repealer.
731	This bill repeals:
732	Section 53G-7-601, Definitions.