LEGISLATIVE GENERAL COUNSEL

 $\ \, \mbox{$\mathbb{L}$} \,$ Approved for Filing: E.D. Chelsea-McCarty $\ \, \mbox{$\mathbb{L}$} \,$

₾ 02-10-22 1:30 PM **₾**

H.B. 360 1st Sub. (Buff)

Representative Val L. Peterson proposes the following substitute bill:

1	TITLE 39A - NATIONAL GUARD AND MILITIA ACT
2	2022 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Val L. Peterson
5	Senate Sponsor: David G. Buxton
7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill recodifies Title 39, Militias and Armories, as Title 39A, National Guard and
10	Militia Act.
11	Highlighted Provisions:
12	This bill:
13	restructures Title 39, Militias and Armories, into Title 39A, National Guard and
14	Militia Act;
15	• creates the following new chapters:
16	 Chapter 1, Utah National Guard and Militia Act;
17	• Chapter 2, State Armory Board;
18	• Chapter 3, Utah National Guard;
19	• Chapter 4, Utah State Defense Force;
20	• Chapter 5, Utah Code of Military Justice;
21	 Chapter 6, Utah Service Members Civil Relief Act;
22	• Chapter 7, Morale, Welfare, and Recreation Program; and
23	 Chapter 8, West Traverse Sentinel Landscape Act;
24	 clarifies that the State Defense Force is not subject to federal activation;
25	 specifies qualifications for the adjutant general and staff;



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26
            removes outdated language and provisions; and
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            • makes technical and conforming changes.
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     Money Appropriated in this Bill:
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            None
30
     Other Special Clauses:
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            None
32
     Utah Code Sections Affected:
33
     AMENDS:
34
            31A-22-508, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1985, Chapter 242
35
            53-2a-603, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Fifth Special Session, Chapter 20
36
            59-12-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 280 and 367
37
            76-5-102.4, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapters 62 and 123
38
            78B-20-302, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 292
39
            78B-20-311, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 292
40
     ENACTS:
41
            39A-1-101, Utah Code Annotated 1953
42
            39A-1-102, Utah Code Annotated 1953
43
            39A-1-203, Utah Code Annotated 1953
44
            39A-2-104, Utah Code Annotated 1953
45
            39A-3-101, Utah Code Annotated 1953
46
            39A-3-104, Utah Code Annotated 1953
47
            39A-3-105, Utah Code Annotated 1953
48
            39A-3-106, Utah Code Annotated 1953
49
            39A-3-109, Utah Code Annotated 1953
50
            39A-5-201, Utah Code Annotated 1953
51
            39A-6-102, Utah Code Annotated 1953
52
     RENUMBERS AND AMENDS:
53
            39A-1-201, (Renumbered from 39-1-12, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018,
54
     Chapter 131)
55
            39A-1-202, (Renumbered from 39-1-23, Utah Code Annotated 1953)
56
            39A-2-101, (Renumbered from 39-2-1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter
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57
     286)
58
            39A-2-102, (Renumbered from 39-2-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter
59
     89)
60
            39A-2-103, (Renumbered from 39-2-9, Utah Code Annotated 1953)
            39A-3-102, (Renumbered from 39-1-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter
61
62
      131)
63
            39A-3-103, (Renumbered from 39-1-9, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter
64
     210)
65
            39A-3-107, (Renumbered from 39-1-51, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021,
66
     Chapter 123)
            39A-3-108, (Renumbered from 39-1-47, Utah Code Annotated 1953)
67
68
            39A-3-110, (Renumbered from 39-1-40.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015,
69
     Chapter 70)
70
            39A-3-111, (Renumbered from 39-1-50, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013,
71
     Chapter 237)
72
            39A-3-201, (Renumbered from 39-1-63, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015,
73
     Chapter 65)
74
            39A-3-202, (Renumbered from 39-1-65, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter
75
     299)
76
            39A-3-203, (Renumbered from 39-1-59, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah
77
     2016, Chapter 96)
            39A-3-204. (Renumbered from 39-1-59.5, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter
78
79
     96)
80
            39A-4-101, (Renumbered from 39-1-1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter
81
     131)
82
            39A-4-102, (Renumbered from 39-4-1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter
83
     210)
            39A-4-103, (Renumbered from 39-4-9, Utah Code Annotated 1953)
84
85
            39A-4-104, (Renumbered from 39-4-11, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1988,
86
     Chapter 210)
87
            39A-4-105, (Renumbered from 39-4-10, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1988,
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88
      Chapter 210)
 89
             39A-4-106, (Renumbered from 39-4-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter
 90
      210)
 91
             39A-4-107, (Renumbered from 39-4-8, Utah Code Annotated 1953)
 92
             39A-4-108, (Renumbered from 39-4-5, Utah Code Annotated 1953)
 93
             39A-4-109, (Renumbered from 39-4-12, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1988,
 94
      Chapter 210)
 95
             39A-4-110, (Renumbered from 39-4-7, Utah Code Annotated 1953)
 96
             39A-4-111, (Renumbered from 39-4-4, Utah Code Annotated 1953)
 97
             39A-4-112, (Renumbered from 39-1-8, Utah Code Annotated 1953)
 98
             39A-5-101, (Renumbered from 39-6-1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter
 99
      70)
100
             39A-5-102, (Renumbered from 39-6-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015,
101
      Chapters 70 and 83)
102
             39A-5-103, (Renumbered from 39-6-6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter
103
      287)
104
             39A-5-104, (Renumbered from 39-6-3, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 210)
105
             39A-5-105, (Renumbered from 39-6-5, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 210)
106
             39A-5-106, (Renumbered from 39-6-40, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1988,
107
      Second Special Session, Chapter 9)
108
             39A-5-107, (Renumbered from 39-6-7, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1989, Chapter
109
      15)
             39A-5-108, (Renumbered from 39-6-8, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 210)
110
111
             39A-5-109, (Renumbered from 39-6-4, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter
112
       131)
113
             39A-5-110, (Renumbered from 39-6-9, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 210)
114
             39A-5-111, (Renumbered from 39-6-10, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1989,
115
      Chapter 15)
116
             39A-5-112, (Renumbered from 39-6-11, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1988,
117
      Second Special Session, Chapter 9)
118
             39A-5-113, (Renumbered from 39-6-12, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter
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119 210) 120 39A-5-114, (Renumbered from 39-6-23, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 121 210) 122 39A-5-115, (Renumbered from 39-6-24, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 123 210) 124 39A-5-116, (Renumbered from 39-6-26, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 125 210) 126 39A-5-117, (Renumbered from 39-6-27, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, 127 Chapter 287) 128 39A-5-118, (Renumbered from 39-6-28, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 129 210) 130 39A-5-119, (Renumbered from 39-6-114, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 131 2018, Chapter 131) 132 39A-5-202, (Renumbered from 39-6-15, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, 133 Chapter 70) 134 39A-5-203, (Renumbered from 39-6-16, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 135 210) 136 39A-5-204, (Renumbered from 39-6-109, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 137 210) 138 39A-5-205, (Renumbered from 39-6-108, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 139 210) 140 39A-5-206, (Renumbered from 39-6-20, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, 141 Chapter 287) 142 39A-5-207, (Renumbered from 39-1-41.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1996, 143 Chapter 198) 144 39A-5-208, (Renumbered from 39-6-19, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1989, 145 Chapter 15) 146 39A-5-209, (Renumbered from 39-6-30, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 147 210) 39A-5-210, (Renumbered from 39-6-31, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1993, 148 149 Chapter 110)

150 39A-5-211, (Renumbered from 39-6-29, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 151 210) 39A-5-212, (Renumbered from 39-6-35, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 152 153 210) 154 39A-5-213, (Renumbered from 39-6-34, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 155 210) 156 39A-5-214, (Renumbered from 39-6-22, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1989, 157 Chapter 15) 158 39A-5-215, (Renumbered from 39-6-33, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1989, 159 Chapter 15) 160 39A-5-216, (Renumbered from 39-6-32, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 161 210) 39A-5-217, (Renumbered from 39-6-38, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 162 163 210) 164 39A-5-218, (Renumbered from 39-6-41, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 165 210) 166 39A-5-219, (Renumbered from 39-6-39, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 210) 167 168 39A-5-220, (Renumbered from 39-6-42, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1989, 169 Chapter 15) 170 39A-5-221, (Renumbered from 39-6-43, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 171 210) 172 39A-5-222, (Renumbered from 39-6-44, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 173 210) 174 39A-5-223, (Renumbered from 39-6-45, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1989, 175 Chapter 15) 176 39A-5-224, (Renumbered from 39-6-46, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 177 210) 178 39A-5-225, (Renumbered from 39-6-52, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 179 210) 180 39A-5-226, (Renumbered from 39-6-47, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter

181 210) 182 39A-5-227, (Renumbered from 39-6-53, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 183 210) 184 39A-5-228, (Renumbered from 39-6-54, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 287) 185 186 39A-5-229, (Renumbered from 39-6-55, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1989, 187 Chapter 15) 39A-5-230, (Renumbered from 39-6-56, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1989, 188 189 Chapter 15) 190 39A-5-231, (Renumbered from 39-6-58, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, 191 Chapter 287) 192 39A-5-232, (Renumbered from 39-6-59, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 193 210) 194 39A-5-233, (Renumbered from 39-6-61, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1994, 195 Chapter 12) 196 39A-5-234, (Renumbered from 39-6-62, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1989, 197 Chapter 15) 198 39A-5-235, (Renumbered from 39-6-37, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 199 210) 200 39A-5-236, (Renumbered from 39-6-63, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 201 210) 202 39A-5-237. (Renumbered from 39-6-64, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1988. 203 Second Special Session, Chapter 9) 204 39A-5-238, (Renumbered from 39-6-65, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1988, 205 Second Special Session, Chapter 9) 206 39A-5-239, (Renumbered from 39-6-107, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1993, 207 Chapter 110) 208 39A-5-301, (Renumbered from 39-6-49, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1989, 209 Chapter 15) 210 39A-5-302, (Renumbered from 39-6-14, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 211 2012, Chapter 60)

212 39A-5-303, (Renumbered from 39-6-110, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 210) 213 214 39A-5-304, (Renumbered from 39-6-50, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 215 210) 216 39A-5-305, (Renumbered from 39-6-51, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1988, 217 Second Special Session, Chapter 9) 218 39A-5-306, (Renumbered from 39-6-17, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1989, 219 Chapter 15) 220 39A-6-101, (Renumbered from 39-7-102, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 221 306) 222 39A-6-103, (Renumbered from 39-7-119, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, 223 Chapter 382) 224 39A-6-104, (Renumbered from 39-7-104, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 225 306) 226 39A-6-105, (Renumbered from 39-7-105, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 227 306) 228 39A-6-106, (Renumbered from 39-7-106, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 229 306) 230 39A-6-107, (Renumbered from 39-7-107, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 231 306) 232 39A-6-108, (Renumbered from 39-7-108, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 233 306) 234 39A-6-109, (Renumbered from 39-7-109, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 235 306) 236 39A-6-110, (Renumbered from 39-7-110, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 237 306) 238 39A-6-111, (Renumbered from 39-7-111, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 239 306) 240 39A-6-112, (Renumbered from 39-7-112, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 241 306) 242 39A-6-113, (Renumbered from 39-7-113, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018,

243 Chapter 148) 244 39A-6-114, (Renumbered from 39-7-114, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, 245 Chapter 148) 246 39A-6-115, (Renumbered from 39-7-115, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, 247 Chapter 148) 248 39A-6-116, (Renumbered from 39-7-116, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 249 306) 39A-6-117, (Renumbered from 39-7-117, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, 250 251 Chapter 148) 252 39A-7-101, (Renumbered from 39-9-101, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 253 122) 254 39A-7-102, (Renumbered from 39-9-102, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 255 122) 256 39A-7-103, (Renumbered from 39-9-103, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 257 122) 258 39A-7-104, (Renumbered from 39-9-104, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 259 122) 260 39A-7-105, (Renumbered from 39-9-105, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 261 122) 262 39A-8-101, (Renumbered from 39-10-101, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 263 216) 39A-8-102, (Renumbered from 39-10-102, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 264 265 216) 266 39A-8-103, (Renumbered from 39-10-103, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 267 216) 268 39A-8-104, (Renumbered from 39-10-104, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 269 216) 270 **39A-8-105**, (Renumbered from 39-10-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, 271 Chapter 89) 272 REPEALS: 273 39-1-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 65

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274	39-1-4, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 65
275	39-1-5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 210
276	39-1-7, Utah Code Annotated 1953
277	39-1-10 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
278	39-1-12.5 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 1993, Chapter 110
279	39-1-13, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1989, Chapter 22
280	39-1-14 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
281	39-1-15, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 388
282	39-1-16 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
283	39-1-17 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
284	39-1-18, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 83
285	39-1-19 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
286	39-1-21, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 369
287	39-1-22 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
288	39-1-24, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 215
289	39-1-25, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 336
290	39-1-26 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
291	39-1-28, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1963, Chapter 61
292	39-1-29 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
293	39-1-30, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1989, Chapter 22
294	39-1-31, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1963, Chapter 61
295	39-1-32, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 83
296	39-1-33, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1963, Chapter 61
297	39-1-34, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1963, Chapter 61
298	39-1-35, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1981, Chapter 174
299	39-1-37 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
300	39-1-38, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 210
301	39-1-38.5 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 1996, Chapter 198
302	39-1-39, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1989, Chapter 15
303	39-1-41, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 287
304	39-1-44 , Utah Code Annotated 1953

305	39-1-45, Utah Code Annotated 1953
306	39-1-46, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1953, Chapter 63
307	39-1-52, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1963, Chapter 61
308	39-1-53, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 148
309	39-1-54, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 391
310	39-1-56, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1989, Chapter 15
311	39-1-58, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2004, Chapter 359
312	39-1-60, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1988, Second Special Session, Chapter 9
313	39-1-62, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1983, Chapter 179
314	39-2-7, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1989, Chapter 22
315	39-4-2, Utah Code Annotated 1953
316	39-4-6, Utah Code Annotated 1953
317	39-4-13, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 210
318	39-5-1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 211
319	39-5-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 295
320	39-5-3, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1955, Chapter 130
321	39-6-18, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 210
322	39-6-21, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 210
323	39-6-36, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 189
324	39-6-48, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 210
325	39-6-57, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 210
326	39-6-111 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 210
327	39-6-112 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 210
328	39-6-113, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 131
329	39-7-101 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 306
330	39-7-103, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 306
331	39-8-101 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 333
332	39-8-102 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 333
333	39-9-106, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 122
334	39-9-107 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 122
335	

336	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
337	Section 1. Section 31A-22-508 is amended to read:
338	31A-22-508. National Guard groups.
339	(1) A policy of group life insurance may be issued [on the lives of members of the Utah
340	National Guard under Section 39-1-62] to a group comprised solely of members of the Utah
341	National Guard if the group policy is issued to an association of members.
342	(2) The association is the policyholder to insure members of the Utah National Guard
343	for the benefit of persons other than the association or any of its officials.
344	(3) The premium for the policy shall be paid by the policyholder, either from the
345	association's own funds, or from charges collected from the insured members specifically for
346	the insurance.
347	Section 2. Section 39A-1-101 is enacted to read:
348	TITLE 39A. NATIONAL GUARD AND MILITIA ACT
349	CHAPTER 1. ADMINISTRATION
350	Part 1. General Provisions
351	39A-1-101. National Guard and Militia Act.
352	This title governs the Utah National Guard and unorganized militia in accordance with
353	Utah Constitution Article XV.
354	Section 3. Section 39A-1-102 is enacted to read:
355	<u>39A-1-102.</u> Definitions.
356	As used in this title:
357	(1) "Adjutant general" means the commanding general of the Utah National Guard as
358	appointed by the governor under Section 39A-1-201.
359	(2) "National Guard" means the Utah National Guard created in Section 39A-3-101
360	and in accordance with Utah Constitution Article XV.
361	(3) "Utah State Defense Force" or "Defense Force" means the unorganized militia as
362	structured in Chapter 4 of this title.
363	Section 4. Section 39A-1-201 , which is renumbered from Section 39-1-12 is
364	renumbered and amended to read:
365	Part 2. Adjutant General
366	[39-1-12]. <u>39A-1-201.</u> Adjutant general Appointment Term

367	Qualifications.
368	(1) There shall be one adjutant general of the National Guard appointed by the
369	governor.
370	(2) The adjutant general is the commanding general of the Utah National Guard and the
371	<u>Utah State Defense Force</u> and holds office for a term of six years, unless terminated by
372	resignation, disability, age, in accordance with Subsection (6), or for cause [as determined by a
373	military court or court-martial].
374	[(2)] (3) The [person] individual appointed to the office shall:
375	(a) be a citizen of Utah and meet the requirements provided in Title 32, United States
376	Code;
377	(b) be a federally recognized commissioned officer, with the rank of colonel or higher,
378	of the National Guard of the United States with no fewer than five years commissioned service
379	in the Utah National Guard; and
380	(c) as determined by the governor, have sufficient knowledge and experience to
381	command the Utah National Guard.
382	[(3)] (4) Active service in the armed forces of the United States may be included in the
383	requirement in Subsection [(2)] (3)(b), if the officer was a member of the Utah National Guard
384	when the officer entered that service.
385	(5) The adjutant general shall establish a succession plan consistent with Section
386	53-2a-804 to ensure the continuity of command.
387	[(4)] (6) An officer is no longer eligible to hold the office of adjutant general after
388	attaining [66] the age of 64 years [of age].
389	(7) The adjutant general shall ensure the readiness, training, discipline, and operations
390	of the National Guard.
391	Section 5. Section 39A-1-202, which is renumbered from Section 39-1-23 is
392	renumbered and amended to read:
393	[39-1-23]. <u>39A-1-202.</u> Seal of adjutant general.
394	The seal of the adjutant general shall be circular in form, containing an inner circle[;].
395	[within] Within the inner circle shall be a shield with "Utah" impressed [thereon] on the shield,
396	and between the circles shall be impressed "National Guard, Adjutant General."
397	Section 6. Section 39A-1-203 is enacted to read:

398	39A-1-203. Director of joint staff Assistant adjutants general Chief of staff
399	for the air force.
400	(1) There is authorized an assistant adjutant general for the Army, an assistant adjutant
401	general for the Air Force, a chief of staff for the Air Force, and a director of joint staff.
402	(2) The adjutant general, with the approval of the governor, may appoint assistant
403	adjutant generals, a chief of staff for the Air Force, and a director of joint staff with pay from
404	the state.
405	(3) The assistant adjutants general, the chief of staff for the Air Force, and the director
406	of joint staff shall be at least a federally recognized field grade commissioned officer of the
407	<u>Utah National Guard with not less than five years military service in the armed forces of a state</u>
408	or of the United States, at least three of which shall have been commissioned in the Utah
409	National Guard. The officers shall hold office at the pleasure of the adjutant general.
410	(4) The adjutant general may detail an officer without the required commissioned
411	service in the Utah National Guard to a position in this section only with the written approval
412	of the governor.
413	Section 7. Section 39A-2-101 , which is renumbered from Section 39-2-1 is
414	renumbered and amended to read:
415	CHAPTER 2. STATE ARMORY BOARD
416	[39-2-1]. <u>39A-2-101.</u> State Armory Board Creation Members A body
417	corporate Powers Expenses.
418	(1) [(a) The State Armory Board shall consist of] There is created a three member State
419	Armory Board with the following members:
420	(a) the governor[, the chair of the State Building Board,];
421	(b) the executive director of the Department of Government Operations; and
422	(c) the adjutant general of the Utah National Guard, appointed in accordance with
423	Section 39A-3-102.
424	[(b) It shall be] (2) The board is a body corporate with perpetual succession[-] and the
425	board's property is exempt from all taxes and assessments.
426	[(c) It] (3) The board may:
427	(a) have and use a common seal[, and under the name aforesaid may];
428	(b) sue and be sued[, and];

429	(c) contract and be contracted with[-];
430	(d) [It may] take and hold by purchase, gift, devise, grant, or bequest real and personal
431	property required for [its] the board's use[-]; and
432	(e) [It may also] convert property received by gift, devise, or bequest, and not suitable
433	for [its] the board's uses, into other property [so] as available, or into money.
434	$\left[\frac{(2)}{(4)}\right]$ The board shall have power to:
435	(a) borrow money for the purpose of [erecting arsenals and armories] providing
436	facilities, ranges, and training lands upon the sole credit of the real property to which [it] the
437	board has [the] legal title; and
438	(b) may secure [such] the loans by mortgage upon [such] the property[:].
439	[(i) the] (5) The mortgaged property shall be the sole security for [such] any loan[;
440	<u>and].</u>
441	[(ii) no] (6) A deficiency judgment [shall] may not be made, rendered, or entered
442	against the board upon the foreclosure of [the] a mortgage[;], provided[, however,] that
443	property in one city [shall] may not be mortgaged for the purpose of obtaining money for the
444	erection of armories in any other place. [Said board shall be deemed a public corporation, and
445	its property shall be exempt from all taxes and assessments.]
446	[(3)] (7) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service,
447	but may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
448	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
449	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
450	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
451	63A-3-107.
452	Section 8. Section 39A-2-102 , which is renumbered from Section 39-2-2 is
453	renumbered and amended to read:
454	[39-2-2]. <u>39A-2-102.</u> Responsibilities of State Armory Board.
455	(1) The board shall supervise and control [the armories and arsenals] all facilities,
456	ranges, training lands, and all real property held or acquired for the military purposes of the
457	state.
458	(2) The board may:
459	(a) provide suitable [armories and arsenals] facilities, ranges, and training lands for the

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different organizations of the National Guard;

- (b) lease [buildings for armory and arsenal purposes] real property throughout the state wherever necessary for the use of organizations of the National Guard and for the storage of state and government property at a rental that the board considers reasonable;
- (c) erect [armories and arsenals] <u>facilities</u> and <u>ranges</u> at places within the state that it considers necessary upon lands to which it has acquired the legal title;
- (d) expend military funds to acquire legal title to lands and to construct [armories and arsenals] facilities and ranges;
- (e) <u>sell and</u> lease property that the board holds under Subsection (1) for purposes consistent with the mission of the Utah National Guard; and
- (f) conduct meetings and take official action in person or as necessary via electronic means, including telephone or video teleconferencing, or a combination of these methods.
- (3) (a) Subject to Subsection (3)(b), the board may take options for the purchase of any premises under lease to the state for [armory and arsenal] National Guard purposes:
 - (i) at any time during the life of the lease; and
 - (ii) when the purchase is in the state's interest.
 - (b) An option is not binding upon the board until it is approved by the Legislature.
- (4) (a) Before legally binding the state to sell or lease any [armory, army premises, or other] real property owned by the National Guard, the board shall submit a description of the proposed sale to the Legislative Management Committee for its review and recommendations.
- (b) Before legally binding the state to purchase any interest in real property, the board shall submit a description of the proposed sale to the Legislative Management Committee for its review and recommendations.
- (c) The Legislative Management Committee shall review each proposal and may[:] approve or disapprove the sale.
 - [(i) recommend that the board complete the purchase or sale; or]
 - [(ii) recommend that the board not complete the purchase or sale.]
- (5) The proceeds from the sales and leases of [armories and army] <u>real</u> property authorized by this section shall be appropriated to the State Armory Board to be applied toward the acquisition and sale of real property, and the construction of new armories.
 - (6) Funds may be deposited into a public treasury investment fund to earn interest until

491	<u>use.</u>
492	Section 9. Section 39A-2-103, which is renumbered from Section 39-2-9 is
493	renumbered and amended to read:
494	[39-2-9]. 39A-2-103. Political subdivisions and state agencies may assist in
495	erecting facilities.
496	[The board of commissioners and city councils of cities shall have power to] Any
497	political subdivision or state agency may appropriate from any funds [of the city] available for
498	general purposes [such sums as they may deem expedient for the purpose of assisting] funds to
499	assist the State Armory Board in the [erection of armories within their respective cities, and for
500	the] acquisition, construction, and maintenance of [armories located and maintained therein,
501	and in all cities where waterworks and an electric light plant are owned by the city the water
502	and electric light used in armories maintained therein may at the discretion of the city be
503	furnished without cost] Utah National Guard facilities and infrastructure.
504	Section 10. Section 39A-2-104 is enacted to read:
505	39A-2-104. Use of armories by veterans organizations permitted.
506	Federally chartered veterans organizations have the right to the use of armories owned
507	or leased by the state at no charge, provided that the use does not interfere with the mission of
508	the Utah National Guard as determined by the adjutant general.
509	Section 11. Section 39A-3-101 is enacted to read:
510	CHAPTER 3. UTAH NATIONAL GUARD
511	Part 1. National Guard
512	39A-3-101. Utah National Guard Creation.
513	(1) There is created the Department of the Utah National Guard.
514	(2) The Utah National Guard is commanded by an adjutant general and consists of the
515	<u>following:</u>
516	(a) the joint force headquarters;
517	(b) the Utah Army National Guard, commanded by an assistant adjutant general for the
518	Army;
519	(c) the Utah Air National Guard, commanded by an assistant adjutant general for the
520	Air Force; and
521	(d) the Utah State Defense Force as organized in Title 39A, Chapter 4, Utah State

122	Defense Force.
523	(3) The numerical strength, composition, distribution, organization, arms, uniforms,
524	equipment, training, and discipline of the National Guard shall be prescribed by the governor in
525	conformity with the laws and regulations of the United States and the laws of this state.
526	(4) The location of units including headquarters, when not otherwise prescribed by
527	federal law, shall be fixed by the governor on the recommendation of the adjutant general.
528	Section 12. Section 39A-3-102, which is renumbered from Section 39-1-3 is
529	renumbered and amended to read:
530	[39-1-3]. <u>39A-3-102.</u> Governor commander in chief Powers and duties.
531	(1) The governor by virtue of the governor's office shall be commander in chief of the
532	Utah National Guard [and of the unorganized militia, and of any portions of the unorganized
533	militia which may be organized].
534	(2) The governor:
535	(a) is authorized to issue all orders, rules and regulations necessary to conform the
536	Utah National Guard to Title 32 of the United States Code in its organization, government,
537	discipline, maintenance, training, equipment, and regulations;
538	(b) shall appoint and commission all officers and select all warrant officers, subject to
539	the provisions of Title 32 of the United State Code; [provided, that any appointee failing to
540	receive federal recognition after having been notified by the National Guard Bureau shall revert
541	to status occupied before the appointment;]
542	[(c) shall determine and fix the home station and location of the various units of the
543	Utah National Guard;]
544	[(d)] (c) shall provide [armories, warehouses, maintenance and repair shops, hangars,
545	small arms, artillery and aircraft ranges, campsites, concentration areas, training facilities,
546	military reservations and arsenals] facilities, ranges, and training lands as required for
547	[organizations of] the Utah National Guard; and
548	[(e) shall furnish suitable offices, or office space for regular army personnel assigned to
549	duties with the Utah National Guard, the expenses of which may be paid out of the state
550	military appropriations.]
551	(d) may order the National Guard into active service as necessary.
552	(3) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(b), an appointee who fails to receive federal

553	recognition after being notified by the National Guard of the appointment shall revert to the
554	status occupied before the appointment.
555	Section 13. Section 39A-3-103, which is renumbered from Section 39-1-9 is
556	renumbered and amended to read:
557	[39-1-9]. 39A-3-103. National Guard subject to call by United States.
558	(1) The National Guard [of this state] is at all times subject to the call of the President
559	of the United States.
560	(2) When called into the service of the United States, [it] the National Guard is
561	governed by the applicable laws and military regulations of the United States.
562	[(2)] (3) The National Guard and its members shall attend [drills, encampments, and
563	maneuvers as the president directs] military training as required.
564	Section 14. Section 39A-3-104 is enacted to read:
565	39A-3-104. Service members Appointment and promotion.
566	(1) All officers of the National Guard shall be appointed by the governor and receive a
567	state commission.
568	(2) The power of appointment may be delegated to the adjutant general, and further
569	delegated as the adjutant general considers necessary.
570	(3) Appointments are subject to approval as prescribed by the laws of the United States
571	or related rules or regulations governing the National Guard.
572	(4) The appointment, promotion, and withdrawal of a federal commission shall be
573	made in a manner consistent with all applicable federal policies, rules, instructions, or
574	regulations.
575	(5) The withdrawal of a state commission shall be made in accordance with National
576	Guard regulations in effect at the time of consideration for the withdrawal.
577	(6) The appointment, promotion, and reduction of enlisted personnel shall be made in a
578	manner consistent with all applicable federal policies, rules, instructions, or regulations.
579	Section 15. Section 39A-3-105 is enacted to read:
580	39A-3-105. General officer salary and benefits.
581	(1) Full-time, state employed general officers or officers appointed to a general officer
582	position shall receive a salary that makes the total federal and state compensation at least
583	commensurate with the pay and allowances for their military grade or assigned position, time

584	in grade, and time in service as established in the United States Department of Defense Finance
585	and Accounting Services annual pay and allowances chart.
586	(2) General officers appointed to state employment shall receive the benefits and
587	protections in Section 39-1-36 for the term of the appointment.
588	Section 16. Section 39A-3-106 is enacted to read:
589	39A-3-106. State active duty orders.
590	(1) Orders for state duty may be oral or written.
591	(2) Written orders shall be issued by the governor or the adjutant general.
592	(3) An oral order may be delivered by an officer or noncommissioned officer.
593	Section 17. Section 39A-3-107, which is renumbered from Section 39-1-51 is
594	renumbered and amended to read:
595	[39-1-51]. 39A-3-107. Pay and benefits of National Guard members on state
596	active duty.
597	(1) When called into the service of the state and not in the service of the United States,
598	the members of the National Guard shall:
599	(a) receive at least the same pay and allowance as members of the regular [army] Army
600	or regular [air force] Air Force of like [rank and length of] pay grade and time in service; and
601	(b) elect to:
602	(i) receive medical, dental, disability, or death benefits equal to those received by
603	full-time, permanent state employees; or
604	(ii) maintain any medical, dental, disability, or death benefits already in place[; and].
605	[(c) receive one ration per day.]
606	(2) The state may not make payments to members of the National Guard for service for
607	which the United States government makes payment.
608	Section 18. Section 39A-3-108, which is renumbered from Section 39-1-47 is
609	renumbered and amended to read:
610	[39-1-47]. <u>39A-3-108.</u> Military property exempt from civil process.
611	[All military] Military property issued to or owned by members of the National Guard
612	[shall be] is exempt from all civil process.
613	Section 19. Section 39A-3-109 is enacted to read:
614	39A-3-109. Loss of property Liability.

615	(1) When Utah National Guard federal property is destroyed, damaged, or lost due to
616	the failure of a service member to perform the duties required by law or regulation, the adjutant
617	general may assess financial liability to the service member.
618	(2) Within established law and regulation, the adjutant general may require the service
619	member to reimburse the federal government for all or part of the loss, whether the service
620	member is in federal status, state status, or off duty.
621	Section 20. Section 39A-3-110, which is renumbered from Section 39-1-40.5 is
622	renumbered and amended to read:
623	[39-1-40.5]. <u>39A-3-110.</u> Utah Code of Military Justice Procedures
624	Jurisdiction.
625	(1) [Title 39, Chapter 6, Utah Code of Military Justice] Title 39A, Chapter 5, is
626	adopted as the Utah Code of Military Justice[, which may also be referred to as the UtCMJ].
627	(2) The [UtCMJ] Utah Code of Military Justice sets forth offenses which, if committed
628	by personnel of the Utah National Guard serving under this title or Title 32, United States
629	Code, are punishable as [the Utah Military Court] a military court directs [under regulations
630	made and published under the UtCMJ] in accordance with Chapter 5, Part 2, Military Courts
631	and Part 3, Military Punishments.
632	(3) [The Utah Military Court is a court of the state, convened under orders issued by
633	the governor or the adjutant general.] Judges of [the] a military court may issue summons,
634	executions, and other process. The process shall be served by county sheriffs, at the expense of
635	the state.
636	(4) Judgments for fines or forfeitures may be docketed in the same manner as district
637	court judgments in each county, and without costs.
638	(5) Appeals shall be taken to the Court of Appeals.
639	(6) Sentences of [the Utah Military Court] a military court shall be served in a county
640	jail. Costs incurred by the county shall be paid out of the General Fund of the state.
641	(7) Certification as counsel for prosecution or defense, or as a judge of [the Utah
642	Military Court] a military court, is under orders issued by the adjutant general, and is limited to
643	attorneys who are members of the Utah State Bar and are serving as judge advocates in the
644	Utah National Guard.
645	(8) A [defendant] service member may retain, at no cost to the state or National Guard,

646	civilian counsel to represent [him] the service member before [the Utah Military Court] a
647	military court.
648	(9) [The Utah Military Court] A military court may impose fines not exceeding \$2,500,
649	restitution to victims, statutory surcharges, and may issue all writs and judgments for the
650	execution of any [of them] processes.
651	(10) When consistent with the Utah Manual for Military Courts, the Utah Rules of
652	Criminal Procedure apply [in Utah Military Courts].
653	Section 21. Section 39A-3-111, which is renumbered from Section 39-1-50 is
654	renumbered and amended to read:
655	[39-1-50]. 39A-3-111. Military court Concurrent prosecutorial jurisdiction
656	with county or district attorney.
657	(1) The county attorney or district attorney, as appropriate under Sections 17-18a-202
658	and 17-18a-203, of the county where an offense under the Utah Code of Military Justice is
659	committed has concurrent jurisdiction with [the Utah Military Court] a military court to
660	prosecute the accused [person] individual at the expense of the county.
661	(2) Charges regarding the offense may not be filed in a military court until the
662	appropriate county attorney or district attorney has reviewed and declined to prosecute the
663	offense.
664	Section 22. Section 39A-3-201, which is renumbered from Section 39-1-63 is
665	renumbered and amended to read:
666	Part 2. Service Member Benefits
667	[39-1-63]. 39A-3-201. Tuition and fees assistance for Utah National Guard
668	members Use and allocation Appropriation.
669	(1) (a) As used in this section, "fees" means general course fees, in addition to tuition,
670	that are:
671	(i) imposed by an institution of higher education; and
672	(ii) required to be paid by a student to engage in a course of study at the institution of
673	higher education.
674	(b) "Fees" does not include a special course fee.
675	(2) The Utah National Guard may provide tuition and fees assistance to a member of
676	the Utah National Guard for study at an institution of higher education, subject to the following

677	requirements
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- (a) the individual [must] shall be, at the time the individual receives the assistance, an active member of the Utah National Guard; and
- (b) the assistance is for tuition and fees only and may not be more than the resident tuition and fees for the actual course of postsecondary study engaged in by the individual.
- (3) (a) Tuition and fees assistance shall be awarded [for each academic year] as the adjutant general considers necessary.
- (b) An individual may apply to the adjutant general of the state for assistance for each year during which the individual is an active member of the Utah National Guard.
- [(c) In awarding assistance, the adjutant general shall consider the recruitment and retention needs of the Utah National Guard.]
- (c) The adjutant general may recoup funds if a recipient fails to meet the requirements of the program.
- (4) The adjutant general of the state shall pay [the] tuition and fees assistance directly to [an] the institution of higher education from the funds appropriated.
- (5) The adjutant general of the state shall establish regulations, procedures, forms, and reports necessary to administer the allocation of assistance and payment of funds under this section.
- [(6) The adjutant general of the state shall include a request each year for funds for this program in the annual budget for the Utah National Guard.]
- [(7) An individual who transfers from the Select Reserve to the Utah National Guard is not eligible for the tuition and fees assistance in this section for one year from the date of transfer.]
- (6) The adjutant general may use no more than 10% of the funds for administration of the program as the adjutant general considers necessary.
- Section 23. Section **39A-3-202**, which is renumbered from Section 39-1-65 is renumbered and amended to read:
- [39-1-65]. <u>39A-3-202.</u> Pay and care of soldiers and airmen disabled while on state active duty.
- (1) (a) Before a servicemember may be considered disabled in accordance with this section, the Adjutant General shall determine whether the servicemember's illness, injury, or

disease was contracted or occurred through the fault or negligence of the servicemember. If the servicemember is determined to be at fault for an injury or developed a disability through his or her own negligent actions, the servicemember is not entitled to any care, pension, or benefit in accordance with this section.

- (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a) the servicemember may be eligible for benefits in accordance with Title 34A, Chapter 2, Workers' Compensation Act, and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act.
- (2) A member of the Utah National Guard or Utah State Defense Force who is disabled through illness, injury, or disease contracted or incurred while on state active duty or while reasonably proceeding to or returning from duty is eligible to receive workers' compensation benefits in accordance with Title 34A, Chapter 2, Workers' Compensation Act.
- (3) (a) If the disability temporarily incapacitates the servicemember from pursuing the servicemember's usual business or occupation, the servicemember is eligible to receive workers' compensation benefits in accordance with Title 34A, Chapter 2, Workers' Compensation Act, and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act.
- (b) For the duration of the servicemember's inability to pursue a business or occupation, the [Adjutant General] adjutant general shall provide compensation [equivalent to the difference between] so that the total compensation, including the disability compensation received under Subsection (3)(a) [and the total pay and allowances under state active duty as provided in Section 39-1-51:] is commensurate with the injured service member's lost pay. The adjutant general shall consider lost civilian and military pay in the compensation.
- (4) A servicemember who is permanently disabled, shall receive pensions and benefits from the state that [persons] <u>individuals</u> under like circumstances in the Armed Forces of the United States receive from the United States.
- (5) If a servicemember dies as a result of an injury, illness, or disease contracted or incurred while on state active duty or while reasonably proceeding to or returning from active duty, the surviving spouse, minor children, or dependent parents of the servicemember shall receive compensation as directed in Section [39-1-59] 39A-3-203.
- (6) Costs incurred by reason of this section shall be paid out of the funds available to the Utah National Guard.
 - (7) The [Adjutant General] adjutant general, with the approval of the governor, shall

[39-1-1].

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739	make and publish regulations to implement this section.
740	(8) Nothing in this section shall in any way limit or condition any other payment to a
741	servicemember that the law allows.
742	Section 24. Section 39A-3-203, which is renumbered from Section 39-1-59 is
743	renumbered and amended to read:
744	[39-1-59]. 39A-3-203. Compensation for injury or death.
745	Within 72 hours of the reported death of a member of the National Guard on state
746	active duty, the state shall provide a death gratuity payment of \$100,000 to:
747	(1) the [person] individual designated as the recipient of the member's unpaid pay and
748	allowances in the member's service record; or
749	(2) if no one is designated, the designated [person] individual cannot be found, or the
750	designated [person] individual has predeceased the member, the member's heirs in accordance
751	with Title 75, Chapter 2, Part 1, Intestate Succession.
752	Section 25. Section 39A-3-204, which is renumbered from Section 39-1-59.5 is
753	renumbered and amended to read:
754	[39-1-59.5]. 39A-3-204. National Guard Death Benefit Restricted Account.
755	(1) There is created within the General Fund a restricted account known as "National
756	Guard Death Benefit Account."
757	(2) (a) The restricted account shall be funded from funds appropriated by the
758	Legislature.
759	(b) Funds in the restricted account may only be used to pay the death benefit authorized
760	in Section [39-1-59] <u>39A-3-204</u> .
761	(c) The restricted account may accrue interest which shall be deposited into the
762	restricted account.
763	(d) At the close of any fiscal year, any balance in the fund in excess of \$2,000,000 shall
764	be transferred to the General Fund.
765	Section 26. Section 39A-4-101, which is renumbered from Section 39-1-1 is
766	renumbered and amended to read:
767	CHAPTER 4. UTAH STATE DEFENSE FORCE

(1) [All] Unless exempt under Subsection (2), all able-bodied citizens, and all

39A-4-101. Utah State Defense Force -- How constituted.

770	able-bodied [persons] individuals of foreign birth who have declared their intention to become
771	citizens, [who] are 18 years [of age] old or older and younger than [66] 64 years [of age, who]
772	old, and are residents of this state, constitute the [militia, subject to the following exemptions:]
773	<u>Utah State Defense Force.</u>
774	(2) Individuals exempt from Subsection (1) include:
775	(a) [persons exempted] individuals exempted from military service by laws of the
776	United States;
777	(b) [persons exempted] individuals exempted from military service by the laws of this
778	state;
779	(c) all [persons] individuals who have been honorably discharged from the [army, air
780	force, navy, marines, coast guard] armed forces, or volunteer forces of the United States;
781	(d) active members of any regularly organized fire or police department in any city or
782	town, but [no] a member of the active [militia is] defense force may not be relieved from duty
783	because [of his joining] the individual joined any volunteer fire company or department; [and]
784	(e) judges and clerks of courts of record[;];
785	(f) state and county civil officers holding office by election[5];
786	(g) state officers appointed by the governor for a specified term of office[-;];
787	(h) ministers of the gospel[-,]; and
788	(i) practicing physicians[, superintendents,] and hospital officers and assistants [of
789	hospitals and prisons and jails].
790	[(2)] (3) All [exempted persons, except those enumerated in Subsections (1)(a) through
791	(e),] individuals described in Subsection (1) are liable to military duty in case of war,
792	insurrection, invasion, tumult, riot, or public disaster, or imminent danger of any of these, or
793	after [they have] voluntarily [enlisted] enlisting in the National Guard of this state.
794	Section 27. Section 39A-4-102, which is renumbered from Section 39-4-1 is
795	renumbered and amended to read:
796	[39-4-1]. 39A-4-102. Governor authorized to organize Utah State Defense
797	Force.
798	(1) The governor, by virtue of the governor's office, may organize and maintain [within
799	this state, under regulations the United States may prescribe for discipline in training, military
800	forces the governor considers necessary to defend this state] the Utah State Defense Force.

801	(2) [These forces shall] The Defense Force may be composed of officers commissioned
802	or assigned, and able-bodied citizens of the state who volunteer for service, supplemented if
803	necessary by [persons in the militia] individuals enrolled by draft or otherwise as provided by
804	law.
805	(3) [These forces] The Defense Force shall be additional to and distinct from the
806	National Guard [and shall be known as the Utah State Defense Force. These forces may be
807	uniformed].
808	(4) The Defense Force may have prescribed uniforms.
809	(5) If ordered to active service by the governor, the Defense Force shall be under the
810	command of the adjutant general.
811	Section 28. Section 39A-4-103, which is renumbered from Section 39-4-9 is
812	renumbered and amended to read:
813	[39-4-9]. <u>39A-4-103.</u> Qualifications of members.
814	[No person shall] An individual may not be commissioned or enlisted in [such forces]
815	the Defense Force who:
816	(1) is not a citizen of the United States; or [who]
817	(2) has been expelled or dishonorably discharged from any military [or naval
818	organization of this state, or of another state, or of the United States] service.
819	Section 29. Section 39A-4-104, which is renumbered from Section 39-4-11 is
820	renumbered and amended to read:
821	[39-4-11]. <u>39A-4-104.</u> Term of force enlistment Oaths.
822	[A person] (1) An individual may not be enlisted in the Defense Force for more than
823	one year, but <u>an</u> enlistment may be renewed.
824	(2) The oath to be taken upon enlistment in the [forces] Defense Force shall be
825	substantially in the form prescribed for enlisted [men] individuals of the National Guard,
826	substituting the words, "Utah State Defense Force," where necessary.
827	Section 30. Section 39A-4-105 , which is renumbered from Section 39-4-10 is
828	renumbered and amended to read:
829	[39-4-10]. 39A-4-105. Oaths of force officers.
830	The oath to be taken by officers commissioned in the [forces] Defense Force shall be
831	substantially in the form prescribed for officers of the National Guard, but substituting the

832	words _Otah State Defense Force,_ where necessary.
833	Section 31. Section 39A-4-106, which is renumbered from Section 39-4-3 is
834	renumbered and amended to read:
835	[39-4-3]. <u>39A-4-106.</u> Compensation of force members.
836	(1) [Every member] Members of the Utah State Defense Force, when called into active
837	service by the governor, shall receive compensation as prescribed by the governor.
838	(2) The compensation may not exceed the rate of pay [under law] prescribed for
839	officers and other members of the National Guard when called into active service of the state
840	by the governor.
841	Section 32. Section 39A-4-107, which is renumbered from Section 39-4-8 is
842	renumbered and amended to read:
843	[39-4-8]. 39A-4-107. No organizations to be enlisted as a unit.
844	$[No]$ \underline{A} civil organization, society, club, post, order, fraternity, association, brotherhood,
845	body, union, league, or other combination of [persons] individuals or civil group [shall be
846	enlisted in such forces] may not enlist in the Defense Force as an organization, detachment,
847	company, or unit.
848	Section 33. Section 39A-4-108, which is renumbered from Section 39-4-5 is
849	renumbered and amended to read:
850	[39-4-5]. <u>39A-4-108.</u> Service outside state prohibited Exceptions.
851	[Such forces shall] (1) The Defense Force may not be required to serve outside the
852	boundaries of this state [except: (1) Upon the request of the governor of another state,] unless
853	the governor [of this state may, in his discretion, order any portion or all of such forces to assist
854	the military or police forces of such other state who are actually engaged in defending such
855	other state. Such forces], in response to a request from the governor of another state through
856	the Emergency Management Assistance Compact, orders the Defense Force to assist outside
857	the state.
858	(2) The Defense Force may be recalled by the governor at [his discretion] any time.
859	[(2) Any organization, unit or detachment of such forces, upon order of the officer in
860	immediate command thereof, may continue in fresh pursuit of insurrectionists, saboteurs,
861	enemies or enemy forces beyond the borders of this state into another state until they are
862	apprehended or captured by such organization, unit or detachment or until the military or police

renumbered and amended to read:

863	forces of the other state or the forces of the United States have had a reasonable opportunity to
864	take up the pursuit or to apprehend or capture such persons; provided, such other state shall
865	have given authority by law for such pursuit by such forces of this state. Any such person who
866	shall be apprehended or captured in such other state shall without unnecessary delay be
867	surrendered to the military or police forces of the state in which he is taken or to the United
868	States, but such surrender shall not constitute a waiver by this state of its right to extradite or
869	prosecute such persons for any crime committed in this state.]
870	Section 34. Section 39A-4-109, which is renumbered from Section 39-4-12 is
871	renumbered and amended to read:
872	[39-4-12]. 39A-4-109. Military court law and rules of National Guard
873	applicable.
874	[(1)—]When the [forces] Defense Force or any part of [them are] it is ordered [out for]
875	to active service [or are serving as members of the Utah State Defense Force, the] Chapter 5,
876	Utah Code of Military Justice, as it applies to the [state] National Guard, and regulations
877	prescribed under it apply to the Utah State Defense Force.
878	[(2) Members of the Utah State Defense Force are privileged from arrest under Section
879	39-1-54, when in state service.]
880	[(3) Persons serving in the Utah State Defense Force are, during this service, exempt
881	from posse comitatus and from jury duty.]
882	Section 35. Section 39A-4-110, which is renumbered from Section 39-4-7 is
883	renumbered and amended to read:
884	[39-4-7]. 39A-4-110. State Defense Force not subject to United States military
885	service Members not exempt from United States military service.
886	[Nothing in this act shall] (1) This act may not be construed as authorizing [such
887	forces, or any part thereof] the Defense Force to be called, ordered or in any manner drafted, as
888	such into the military service of the United States[, but no person shall].
889	(2) An individual is not, by reason of [his] enlistment or commission in [any such
890	forces be] the Defense Force, exempted from military service under any law of the United
891	States.
892	Section 36. Section 39A-4-111, which is renumbered from Section 39-4-4 is

894	[39-4-4]. 39A-4-111. Governor may requisition arms and equipment from
895	secretary of defense.
896	For the use of [such forces] the Defense Force, the governor is authorized to requisition
897	from the secretary of [war such arms] defense arms, ammunition, and equipment [as may be in
898	possession of and can be spared by the war department;] and to make the facilities and
899	equipment of the National Guard available to [such forces the facilities of state armories and
900	their equipment and such other state premises and property as may be available] the Defense
901	Force.
902	Section 37. Section 39A-4-112, which is renumbered from Section 39-1-8 is
903	renumbered and amended to read:
904	[39-1-8]. 39A-4-112. Governor may proclaim martial law.
905	(1) Whenever the [militia] Defense Force or any portion [thereof,] of the Defense
906	Force is called into active service, the governor may, by proclamation, declare all or any part of
907	any county, city or town in which the troops are serving to be under martial law[, and when].
908	(2) When the [militia shall be on] Defense Force is in active service [as herein
909	provided], the commanding officer [thereof] and his subordinates may cooperate with the civil
910	authorities [or take entire charge of the situation as in the judgment of the commanding officer
911	the exigencies of the case may require] as directed by the adjutant general.
912	Section 38. Section 39A-5-101, which is renumbered from Section 39-6-1 is
913	renumbered and amended to read:
914	CHAPTER 5. UTAH CODE OF MILITARY JUSTICE
915	Part 1. General Provisions
916	[39-6-1]. <u>39A-5-101.</u> Utah Code of Military Justice.
917	[This chapter is known as the "Utah Code of Military Justice," and may also be cited]
918	The "Utah Code of Military Justice" may be abbreviated as the "UtCMJ[-]" and applies to all
919	individuals subject to this title.
920	Section 39. Section 39A-5-102, which is renumbered from Section 39-6-2 is
921	renumbered and amended to read:
922	[39-6-2]. 39A-5-102. Definitions.
923	As used in this chapter:
924	(1) "Accuser" means [a person] an individual who:

925	(a) signs and swears to charges;
926	(b) directs that charges nominally be signed and sworn to by another; or
927	(c) any other [person] individual who has an interest other than an official interest in
928	the prosecution of the accused.
929	(2) "Apprehend" means taking an individual into custody by competent authority, with
930	or without a warrant.
931	(3) "Arrest" means restraining an individual by an order, not imposed as a punishment
932	for an offense, directing the individual to remain within a specified area.
933	[(2)] (4) "Commanding officer" means both a commissioned officer and a warrant
934	officer designated as a commander.
935	[(3)] (5) "Commissioned officer" includes a commissioned warrant officer.
936	(6) "Confinement" means the physical restraint of an individual.
937	[(4)] (7) "Convening authority" means the governor or the adjutant general.
938	[(5)] (8) "Duty status other than state active duty" means any other type of duty, and
939	includes going to and returning from the duty.
940	[(6)] (9) "Enlisted member" means [a person] an individual in an enlisted grade.
941	[(7)] (10) "Grade" means a step or degree in a graduated scale of office or military
942	rank, established and designated as a grade by law or regulation.
943	[(8)] (11) "Legal officer" means any commissioned officer of the [organized] National
944	Guard [of the state] designated to perform legal duties for a command.
945	[(9)] (12) "Major command" or "MACOM" means a major subdivision of the [Utah]
946	National Guard.
947	[(10)] (13) "Military" means any or all of the armed forces of the United States.
948	[(11)] (14) "Military court" means a court-martial, a court of inquiry, or a provost
949	court.
950	[(12)] (15) "Military judge" means a qualified staff judge advocate officer of a military
951	court detailed under Section [39-6-20] 39A-5-206.
952	[(13)] (16) "National Guard" [means the Utah Army and Air National Guard,
953	$\frac{including}{includes}$ part-time and full-time active guard and reserve (AGR), and $\frac{includes}{includes}$ the
954	Utah [unorganized militia] State Defense Force when called to active duty by the governor [of
955	the state].

956	$\left[\frac{(14)}{(17)}\right]$ "Officer" means a commissioned or warrant officer.
957	[(15)] (18) "Rank" means the order of precedence among members of the armed forces.
958	[(16)] (19) "State active duty" means full-time duty in the active military service of the
959	state under an order of the governor, issued pursuant to the governor's authority, and includes
960	going to and returning from [the] duty.
961	[(17)] (20) "State judge advocate" or "SJA" means the commissioned judge advocate
962	general's corps officer responsible for supervising the delivery of legal services in the National
963	Guard.
964	[(18)] (21) "State staff judge advocate" or "SSJA" means the commissioned judge
965	advocate general's corps officer appointed as the senior legal officer for the [Utah] National
966	Guard.
967	[(19)] (22) "Superior commissioned officer" means a commissioned officer superior to
968	another in rank or command.
969	[(20) "UtCMJ" means Title 39, Chapter 6, Utah Code of Military Justice.]
970	(23) "Unit" means any regularly organized command of the National Guard.
971	Section 40. Section 39A-5-103, which is renumbered from Section 39-6-6 is
972	renumbered and amended to read:
973	[39-6-6]. <u>39A-5-103.</u> State judge advocate Appointment Qualifications
974	Duties Assistants.
975	(1) The adjutant general shall appoint an officer of the National Guard as the state
976	judge advocate. The officer shall be a member of the Utah State Bar, a United States federal
977	court, branch qualified, and designated as a staff judge advocate officer.
978	(2) The state judge advocate is the principal military legal advisor and shall, in
979	connection with rendering legal advice to the adjutant general, prepare pretrial advice, a
980	post-trial review, and act as legal advisor to the adjutant general on all matters involving
981	military justice[, the Utah Manual for Military Courts, and the Utah Code of Military Justice].
982	(3) The adjutant general may appoint assistant state judge advocates as considered
983	necessary. [They] All assistant state judge advocates shall be officers of the National Guard,
984	members of the Utah State Bar, branch qualified, and designated as staff judge advocate
985	officers.

(4) The SJA or an assistant <u>SJA</u> shall make frequent inspections of military units

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987	throughout the state to	supervise the administration	of military justice
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- (5) The convening authority shall review directly with the SJA all matters relating to the administration of military justice and administrative actions. The assistant state judge advocate or legal officer of any command may communicate directly with the assistant state judge advocate or legal officer of a superior or subordinate command, or with the SJA.
- (6) [A person] An individual who has acted as a member, military judge, trial counsel, assistant trial counsel, defense counsel, assistant defense counsel, or investigating officer, or who has been a witness for either the prosecution or defense, may not subsequently act as assistant state judge advocate, SJA, or legal officer to any reviewing authority upon the same case.
- 997 Section 41. Section **39A-5-104**, which is renumbered from Section 39-6-3 is 998 renumbered and amended to read:
- 999 [39-6-3]. 39A-5-104. Individuals subject to chapter -- Jurisdiction over 1000 offenses.
 - (1) The following [persons] individuals are subject to this chapter:
 - (a) all members of the National Guard, including full-time members serving under Title 32, United States Code; and
 - (b) all other [persons] <u>individuals</u> lawfully ordered to duty in or with the National Guard or the [unorganized militia] <u>Utah State Defense Force</u>, from the [dates they are] <u>date</u> required by the terms of the order or other directive[;].
 - (2) (a) If there is a military activation by the federal government, all activated [persons] individuals who would otherwise be under the jurisdiction of this chapter are subject to concurrent jurisdiction under federal and state law.
 - (b) [Persons] <u>Individuals</u> under this subsection may <u>only</u> be tried for offenses occurring during activation and after release from federal service, while within the period of [an] <u>the</u> applicable statute of limitations.
 - Section 42. Section **39A-5-105**, which is renumbered from Section 39-6-5 is renumbered and amended to read:
- 1015 [39-6-5]. 39A-5-105. Application of chapter in and outside of the state -1016 Military courts held outside the state.
- 1017 (1) This chapter applies to all [persons] <u>individuals</u>:

1018	(a) subject to this chapter within the state; [and]
1019	(b) otherwise subject to this chapter while serving outside the state[;]; and
1020	(c) while going to and returning from the service outside the state[, as if they were
1021	serving inside the state].
1022	(2) Military courts may be convened and held in units of the National Guard while
1023	those units are serving without the state, with the same jurisdiction and powers as to [persons]
1024	individuals subject to this chapter as if the proceedings were held within the state. Offenses
1025	committed without the state may be tried and punished either within or without the state, as
1026	military necessity dictates.
1027	(3) Nothing in this chapter limits a commander's authority to use adverse
1028	administrative action to address misconduct by a member, regardless of the member's status at
1029	the time of the misconduct.
1030	Section 43. Section 39A-5-106, which is renumbered from Section 39-6-40 is
1031	renumbered and amended to read:
1032	[39-6-40]. 39A-5-106. Offenses against the state by individual not subject to
1033	chapter.
1034	[A person] An individual not subject to this chapter is guilty of an offense against the
1035	state if [he] the individual willfully neglects or refuses to appear, refuses to qualify as a witness
1036	or to testify, or refuses to produce any evidence which [that person] the individual may have
1037	been legally subpoenaed to produce, after [he] the individual has been:
1038	(1) subpoenaed to appear as a witness or to produce books and records before a
1039	military court or before any military or civil officer designated to take a deposition to be read in
1040	evidence before the court; and
1041	(2) paid or tendered the fees and mileage of a witness at the rates allowed to witnesses
1042	attending the district courts of the state.
1043	Section 44. Section 39A-5-107, which is renumbered from Section 39-6-7 is
1044	renumbered and amended to read:
1045	[39-6-7]. <u>39A-5-107.</u> Apprehension.
1046	[(1) "Apprehension" means the taking of a person into custody by competent authority,
1047	with or without a warrant.]
1048	[(2) A person] (1) An individual authorized under this chapter or rules [made under it]

- promulgated pursuant to this chapter to apprehend [persons] individuals subject to this chapter, any provost marshal of a military court appointed under this chapter, and any peace officer authorized by law, may apprehend [persons] individuals subject to this chapter upon probable cause to believe that an offense has been committed and the [person] individual to be apprehended committed the offense.
- [(3)] (2) Commissioned officers, warrant officers, and noncommissioned officers may quell disorderly conduct among [persons] individuals subject to this chapter and may apprehend those [persons] individuals who are taking part.
- Section 45. Section **39A-5-108**, which is renumbered from Section 39-6-8 is renumbered and amended to read:

[39-6-8]. <u>39A-5-108.</u> Arrest.

- [(1) "Arrest" means the restraint of a person by an order, not imposed as a punishment for an offense, directing the person to remain within a specified area.]
- [(2)] (1) An enlisted <u>service</u> member may be ordered into arrest or confinement by any commanding officer by an order, oral or written, delivered in person or through [persons] <u>individuals</u> subject to this chapter, or through [a person] <u>an individual</u> authorized by this chapter to apprehend [persons] <u>individuals</u>.
- (2) A commanding officer may authorize warrant officers or noncommissioned officers to order enlisted members of his <u>or her</u> command or subject to his <u>or her</u> authority into arrest or confinement.
- (3) A commissioned officer or warrant officer may be ordered apprehended, or ordered into arrest or confinement, only by a commanding officer to whose authority [he] the commissioned officer or warrant officer is subject, and only by an order, oral or written, delivered in person or by another commissioned officer. The authority to order the [person] officer apprehended or into arrest or confinement may not be delegated.
- (4) A [person] service member may not be apprehended or placed under arrest or confinement except upon probable cause.
- (5) This section does not limit [a person] an individual authorized to apprehend offenders in [his] securing the custody of an alleged offender until the proper authority may be notified.
 - Section 46. Section **39A-5-109**, which is renumbered from Section 39-6-4 is

1080	renumbered	and amended	to read

[39-6-4]. <u>39A-5-109.</u> Fraudulently obtained discharge -- Desertion -- Limitations -- Tolling of time limits.

- (1) [A person] An individual discharged from the [Utah] National Guard who is later charged with having fraudulently obtained the discharge is subject to trial by a military court on that charge.
- (2) After apprehension, the [person] <u>individual</u> is subject to this chapter while in military custody for trial. Upon conviction of [that] <u>the</u> charge the [person] <u>individual</u> is subject to trial for all offenses under this chapter committed prior to the fraudulent discharge.
- (3) [A person] An individual who has deserted from a military unit, which [act] would subject the [person] individual to the jurisdiction of this chapter, is not relieved from the jurisdiction of this chapter due to a separation from any later period of service.
- (4) An individual charged with desertion or absence without leave shall be tried and punished within four years after the preferral of charges.
- (5) Except under Subsection (4), an individual charged with any offense may not be tried by a military court or punished under Section 39A-5-303 if the offense was committed more than two years before the receipt of sworn charges and specifications by an officer exercising jurisdiction as a military court convening authority.
- (6) Periods when the accused was outside the state's jurisdiction or in the custody of civilian authorities are excluded in computing limitations of time under this section.
- Section 47. Section **39A-5-110**, which is renumbered from Section 39-6-9 is renumbered and amended to read:

[39-6-9]. 39A-5-110. Confinement.

- [(1) "Confinement" means the physical restraint of a person.]
- [(2) (a) A person] (1) (a) An individual subject to this chapter, who is charged with an offense under this chapter, may be ordered into arrest or confinement, as circumstances require.
- (b) When [a person] an individual subject to this chapter is placed into arrest or confinement prior to trial, action shall be taken immediately to notify [him] the individual of the specific offense charged [against him], and to either try the [person] individual, or dismiss the charges [against him] and release [him] the individual.
 - [(3)] (2) Confinement before, during, or after trial by a military court shall be [in either

1111	a guard house or a civilian jail, or other] ordered by a field grade or general officer and may be
1112	in a penal [facility] institution determined by the governor or [his designee] the adjutant
1113	general.
1114	Section 48. Section 39A-5-111, which is renumbered from Section 39-6-10 is
1115	renumbered and amended to read:
1116	[39-6-10]. 39A-5-111. Parties under obligation to keep a prisoner Reporting.
1117	(1) A provost marshal, [commander of a guard, master at arms, warden, keeper,]
1118	sheriff, or officer of a city or county jail or [other jail] penal institution designated under
1119	Section [39-6-9] 39A-5-110, may not refuse to receive or keep any prisoner [committed to his
1120	charge] if the committing [person] officer provides a signed statement [signed by him,]
1121	indicating the offense charged against the prisoner.
1122	(2) Any party under Subsection (1) charged with keeping a prisoner shall within 24
1123	hours after [that] commitment [or as soon as he is relieved from guard,] report to the
1124	commanding officer of the prisoner the name of the prisoner, the nature of the offense charged
1125	against him, and the name of the [person] individual who ordered or authorized the
1126	commitment.
1127	Section 49. Section 39A-5-112, which is renumbered from Section 39-6-11 is
1128	renumbered and amended to read:
1129	[39-6-11]. <u>39A-5-112.</u> Individual confined prior to trial Punishment
1130	limitations.
1131	(1) Subject to Section [39-6-9] 39A-5-110, [a person] an individual in confinement
1132	prior to trial may not be subjected to punishment or penalty other than arrest or confinement
1133	[upon] while the charges are pending [against him].
1134	(2) The arrest or confinement imposed on a prisoner may not be more rigorous than
1135	necessary to ensure the prisoner's presence. However, [he] the prisoner may be:
1136	(a) subjected to minor punishment during that period for discipline violations; and
1137	(b) required to perform labor as necessary for the policing and sanitation of [his] the
1138	prisoner's living [quarters, mess facilities, and the area] conditions, immediately adjacent [to
1139	these] areas, or as otherwise designated by regulations governing the housing of a prisoner.
1140	Section 50. Section 39A-5-113, which is renumbered from Section 39-6-12 is
1141	renumbered and amended to read:

1142	[39-6-12]. 39A-5-113. Individual accused of offense against civilian
1143	Sentences of military and civilian courts.
1144	(1) [Under this chapter, a person] A service member on duty and subject to this chapter
1145	who is accused of an offense against a civilian [person] individual may be delivered, upon
1146	request, to [the] a civilian authority for judicial proceedings.
1147	(2) (a) [When a person] If an individual under sentence imposed by a military court is
1148	delivered to a civilian authority under this section, and the [person] individual is convicted in a
1149	civilian court, the execution of the sentence of the military court is interrupted.
1150	(b) After the [person] individual has completed the sentence imposed by the civilian
1151	court, upon request of military authority, [he] the individual shall be returned to military
1152	custody for completion of [his] the military court sentence.
1153	Section 51. Section 39A-5-114, which is renumbered from Section 39-6-23 is
1154	renumbered and amended to read:
1155	[39-6-23]. <u>39A-5-114.</u> Charges and specifications Contents Notification of
1156	accused.
1157	(1) Charges and specifications shall be signed by a [person] member subject to this
1158	chapter under oath before [a person] an individual authorized to administer oaths and shall
1159	state that:
1160	(a) the [person] individual signing has personal knowledge of, or has investigated, the
1161	matters set forth in the document; and
1162	(b) the matters set forth are true to the best of [his] the individual's knowledge and
1163	belief.
1164	(2) (a) Upon the preferring of charges, the appropriate authority shall take action
1165	immediately to determine what disposition should be made in the interest of justice and
1166	discipline.
1167	(b) The accused shall be informed of the charges against him or her as soon as
1168	practicable.
1169	Section 52. Section 39A-5-115 , which is renumbered from Section 39-6-24 is
1170	renumbered and amended to read:
1171	[39-6-24]. <u>39A-5-115.</u> Individual charged Limits on evidence obtained from
1172	other individuals.

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1173 (1) [A person] An individual subject to this chapter may not: 1174 (a) compel any [person] individual to incriminate himself or herself or to answer any 1175 question, the answer to which may tend to incriminate [him] the individual; (b) interrogate, or request any statement from an accused or [a person] an individual 1176 1177 suspected of an offense, without first: 1178 (i) informing [him] the individual of the nature of the accusation; and 1179 (ii) advising [him that he is not required to make any] the individual that a statement is 1180 not required regarding the offense of which [he] the individual is accused or suspected, and that 1181 any statement [made by him] may be used as evidence against [him] the individual in a trial by 1182 military court; and 1183 (c) compel any [person] individual to make a statement or produce evidence before any 1184 military court, if the statement or evidence is not material to the issue before the court and may 1185 tend to degrade [him] the individual. 1186 (2) A statement obtained from any [person] individual in violation of this section, or 1187 through the use of coercion, unlawful influence, or unlawful inducement may not be received 1188 in evidence against [him] the individual in a trial by a military court. Section 53. Section **39A-5-116**, which is renumbered from Section 39-6-26 is 1189 1190 renumbered and amended to read: 1191 [39-6-26]. 39A-5-116. Charges to be forwarded to governor or adjutant 1192 general. 1193 When [a person] an individual is held for trial by military court, the commanding 1194 officer shall forward the charges, together with the investigation and related papers, to the 1195 governor or the adjutant general within five working days, excluding holidays, after the 1196 accused is ordered into arrest or confinement. 1197 Section 54. Section 39A-5-117, which is renumbered from Section 39-6-27 is 1198 renumbered and amended to read: 1199 [39-6-27]. 39A-5-117. Review of charge by SJA -- Corrections to charges.

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(1) (a) Before directing the trial of any charge by a military court, the convening

he or she has found that the charge alleges an offense under this chapter and is warranted by

(b) The convening authority may not refer a charge to a military court for trial unless

authority shall refer [it] the charge to the SJA for consideration and advice.

sufficient evidence, as indicated in the report of the investigation.

- (2) If the charges or specifications are not formally correct or do not conform to the substance of the evidence contained in the report of the investigating officer, formal corrections and changes in the charges and specifications as necessary may be made to conform to the evidence.
- Section 55. Section **39A-5-118**, which is renumbered from Section 39-6-28 is renumbered and amended to read:

[39-6-28]. 39A-5-118. Service of charges on accused.

- (1) The trial counsel to whom charges are referred for trial shall cause to be served upon the accused a copy of the charges to be tried.
- (2) [A person] An individual may not, against his <u>or her</u> objection, be brought to trial or be required to participate [by himself or with counsel] in a session called by the military judge under Section [39-6-32] 39A-5-216, in a military court case, within five days after the service of charges [upon him].
- Section 56. Section **39A-5-119**, which is renumbered from Section 39-6-114 is renumbered and amended to read:

[39-6-114]. 39A-5-119. Chapter interpretation -- Federal law governs.

- (1) Federal laws and regulations, forms, precedents, and usages relating to and governing the armed forces of the United States and the National Guard not inconsistent with the constitution and laws of this state or with a rule or regulation adopted pursuant to Section [39-1-3] 39A-3-102, apply to and govern the National Guard of this state, including all members on active duty within the state as active duty [guard/reserve] guard or reserve personnel under U.S.C.A. Title 32, National Guard.
- (2) The Uniform Code of Military Justice, 10 U.S.C.A. 47, including regulations, manuals, forms, precedents, and usages implementing, interpreting and complementing the code, is adopted for use by the National Guard of this state and applies as long as it is not inconsistent with:
- (a) the constitution and laws of this state, including the regulations, manuals, forms, precedents, and usages implementing, interpreting, and complementing the constitution and laws of this state; or
- (b) a rule or regulation adopted pursuant to Section [39-1-3] 39A-3-102, to govern the

1235	National Guard of this state, including all members on active duty within the state as active
1236	duty [guard/reserve] guard or reserve personnel under U.S.C.A. Title 32, National Guard, when
1237	the members are serving other than in a federal capacity under U.S.C.A. Title 10.
1238	Section 57. Section 39A-5-201 is enacted to read:
1239	Part 2. Military Courts
1240	39A-5-201. Military courts.
1241	This part sets the requirements and procedures for the conduct of military courts of the
1242	<u>Utah National Guard.</u>
1243	Section 58. Section 39A-5-202, which is renumbered from Section 39-6-15 is
1244	renumbered and amended to read:
1245	[39-6-15]. <u>39A-5-202.</u> Composition Convening authority Responsibilities.
1246	(1) [In] Within the National Guard [that is] while not in federal service, there is created
1247	a military court to hear matters designated under the [UtCMJ] Utah Code of Military Justice.
1248	(2) The governor or the adjutant general of the state is the convening authority for any
1249	military court in the state and upon receipt of charges may:
1250	(a) dismiss any charges;
1251	(b) forward charges to a subordinate commander for disposition; or
1252	(c) refer charges to a military court for trial.
1253	(3) A military court shall be convened in accordance with this part.
1254	$\left[\frac{(2)}{(4)}\right]$ The court shall be composed of:
1255	(a) a military judge and not fewer than three panel members; or
1256	(b) a military judge, if before the court is assembled, the accused, knowing the identity
1257	of the military judge and after consultation with his defense counsel, requests in writing a court
1258	composed only of a military judge, and the military judge approves the request.
1259	(5) The convening authority of a military court or court of inquiry:
1260	(a) shall detail or employ qualified court reporters to record the proceedings of and
1261	testimony taken by the court; and
1262	(b) may detail or employ interpreters, as necessary.
1263	Section 59. Section 39A-5-203, which is renumbered from Section 39-6-16 is
1264	renumbered and amended to read:
1265	[39_6_16] 39A_5_203 Jurisdiction Punishments

- (1) (a) [Subject to Subsections (2) and (3), a] A military court in this state has jurisdiction to try [persons] individuals subject to this chapter for any offense punishable by this chapter.
- (b) The military court may, under limitations the governor may prescribe, and under applicable state and federal regulations governing punishment, impose any punishment described in Section 39A-5-302 and not prohibited by this chapter or state law, including the issuance of a bad conduct discharge, when the court is in session to consider a penalty.
- (2) Each major command component of the National Guard has military court jurisdiction over all [persons] <u>individuals</u> subject to this chapter. The exercise of this jurisdiction by one command component over members of another shall be in accordance with regulations prescribed by the governor.
- (3) Members of the Utah National Guard [or the unorganized militia] in federal service are subject to the federal Uniform Code of Military Justice and all federal and state laws pertaining to them, until released back to state control.
- (4) The jurisdiction of the courts established by this chapter is presumed, and the burden of proof shall rest on any individual attacking the court's jurisdiction in any action or proceeding.
- Section 60. Section **39A-5-204**, which is renumbered from Section 39-6-109 is renumbered and amended to read:

[39-6-109]. 39A-5-204. Authority -- Processes and mandates.

- (1) A military court may issue all processes and mandates necessary to carry into effect the court's authority. [The court may issue subpoenas duces tecum and enforce by attachment the attendance of witnesses and production of books and records, when they are in the state, and the courts are sitting in the state.]
 - (2) [The processes] Processes and mandates:
 - (a) may be issued by a military court judge or the president of other military courts:
- (b) may be directed to and executed by the military police assigned to the court, or any peace officer; and
 - (c) shall be in a form prescribed by regulations issued under this chapter.
- 1295 (3) (a) All officers to whom [the] processes or mandates are directed shall execute 1296 [them] and [make] return [of their acts according to] all actions in accordance with the

1297	requirements of the documents.
1298	(b) Except [where] as otherwise provided [under] in this chapter, an officer may not
1299	demand or require payment of any fee or charge for receiving, executing, or returning a process
1300	or mandate, or for any service in connection with either document.
1301	Section 61. Section 39A-5-205, which is renumbered from Section 39-6-108 is
1302	renumbered and amended to read:
1303	[39-6-108]. 39A-5-205. Execution of military court processes and sentences.
1304	The processes and sentences of the National Guard in its military court, when the guard
1305	is not in federal service, shall be executed by the civil officers prescribed by state law.
1306	Section 62. Section 39A-5-206, which is renumbered from Section 39-6-20 is
1307	renumbered and amended to read:
1308	[39-6-20]. <u>39A-5-206.</u> Military judge Qualifications Designation for detail.
1309	(1) The [authority] convening authority of a military court shall, subject to regulations
1310	[made] promulgated by the governor, detail a military judge, as designated by the state judge
1311	advocate, to preside over each open session of the court.
1312	(2) A military judge shall be:
1313	(a) a commissioned officer;
1314	(b) a member of the Utah State Bar;
1315	(c) a member of the bar of a federal court; and
1316	(d) certified as qualified for [this] duty by the state judge advocate.
1317	[(3) (a) The military judge of a military court shall be designated by the state judge
1318	advocate or the SJA's designee for detail by the convening authority.]
1319	$[\underline{(b)}]$ (3) Unless the military court $[\underline{was}]$ \underline{is} convened by the governor, neither the
1320	adjutant general nor the adjutant general's staff may prepare or review any report concerning
1321	the effectiveness, fitness, or efficiency of the detailed military judge that relates to the judge's
1322	performance of duty as a military judge.
1323	(4) [A person] An individual is not eligible to act as a military judge in a case if the
1324	[person] individual:
1325	(a) is the accuser;
1326	(b) is a witness in the case;

(c) has acted as investigating officer; or

1328	(d) is a counsel in the same case.
1329	(5) The military judge of a court may not:
1330	(a) consult with the members of the court, except in the presence of the accused, trial
1331	counsel, and defense counsel; or
1332	(b) vote with the members of the court.
1333	Section 63. Section 39A-5-207, which is renumbered from Section 39-1-41.5 is
1334	renumbered and amended to read:
1335	[39-1-41.5]. 39A-5-207. Authority of military court judges Payment of
1336	witnesses.
1337	(1) Judges of military courts may:
1338	(a) issue a warrant [to] for the arrest of an accused [person and bring him before the
1339	court for trial, when the person has failed to obey a prior summons to appear before the court,
1340	and a copy of the charge or information has been delivered to the accused with the summons]
1341	individual who, having been served with a warrant and a copy of the charges, disobeys a
1342	written order by the convening authority to appear before the court;
1343	(b) issue subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum, and enforce by attachment the
1344	attendance of witnesses and the production of books and papers;
1345	(c) sentence for a refusal to be sworn or to answer as provided in actions before civil
1346	courts; and
1347	(d) issue process to compel witnesses to appear and testify, and compel the production
1348	of other evidence in any county within the state.
1349	(2) Witnesses shall be paid in the same manner as in district courts.
1350	Section 64. Section 39A-5-208, which is renumbered from Section 39-6-19 is
1351	renumbered and amended to read:
1352	[39-6-19]. <u>39A-5-208.</u> Individuals who may serve on a military court.
1353	(1) A commissioned officer off or on duty with the National Guard may serve on a
1354	military court for the trial of any [person] individual brought before the court for trial.
1355	(2) A warrant officer off or on duty with the National Guard may serve on a military
1356	court for the trial of any [person] individual, other than a superior commissioned officer, who
1357	is brought before the court for trial.
1358	(3) (a) An enlisted member of the National Guard who is not a member of the same

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unit as the accused may serve on a military court for the trial of any enlisted member brought before the court for trial.

- (b) However, an enlisted member may serve as a member of a court only if before the conclusion of a session called by the court under Section [39-6-32] 39A-5-216, or in the absence of the session, before the court is assembled for the trial of the accused, the accused personally has requested in writing that enlisted members serve on the court.
- (c) If the request is made under Subsection (3)(b), the accused may not be tried by the military court when enlisted members comprise less than 1/2 of the total membership of the court, unless eligible members cannot be obtained on account of physical conditions or military exigencies.
- (d) If [the] eligible members cannot be obtained, the court may be assembled and trial held without them, but the convening authority shall make a detailed written explanation of why [they] eligible members could not be obtained. This statement shall be appended to the court record.
- [(e) "Unit" means any regularly organized major command (MACOM) of the National Guard.]
- (4) (a) [A person] An individual subject to this chapter [shall] may be tried by a military court, but no member of the court may be junior to [him] the individual in rank or grade.
- (b) When [an authority convenes] a military court[, it] is convened, the convening authority shall detail as members of the court [those persons] individuals who [in his opinion] are best qualified for the duty by age, education, training, experience, length of service, and judicial temperament.
- (c) A member is not eligible to serve as a member of a military court [when he] if the member:
 - (i) is the accuser [or] in the case;
- 1385 (ii) is a witness in the case [or];
- 1386 (iii) has acted as investigating officer in the case; or
- 1387 (iv) has acted as counsel in the [same] case.
- 1388 (5) An action or proceeding may not be prosecuted or maintained against a convening authority, member of a military court, or individual acting under the court's authority or

reviewing the court's proceedings because of:

1391	(a) the imposition, approval, or execution of any sentence;
1392	(b) the imposition or collection of a fine or penalty; or
1393	(c) the execution of any warrant, writ, execution, process, or mandate of a military
1394	court.
1395	Section 65. Section 39A-5-209, which is renumbered from Section 39-6-30 is
1396	renumbered and amended to read:
1397	[39-6-30]. <u>39A-5-209.</u> Military court findings Prohibition of censuring or
1398	influencing court actions Military court member's performance.
1399	[(1) An authority convening a military court, or any other commanding officer, or
1400	officer serving on the staff of any of these persons, may not censure, reprimand, or admonish
1401	the court or any member, military judge, or counsel of the court, with respect to the findings or
1402	sentence adjudged by the court, or any other function carried out in the proceeding.]
1403	(1) The court or any panel member, military judge, or counsel of the court may not be
1404	censured, reprimanded, or admonished by a convening authority, commanding officer, or staff
1405	officer with respect to the findings or sentence adjudged by the court, or any other function
1406	carried out in the proceeding.
1407	(2) [A person] An individual subject to this chapter may not attempt to coerce, or by
1408	any unauthorized means influence the action of:
1409	(a) the military court or any other military tribunal or any member of [these in their] \underline{a}
1410	military tribunal arriving at the findings or sentence in any case; or
1411	(b) any convening, approving, or reviewing authority with respect to [his] any judicial
1412	acts.
1413	(3) Subsection (2) does not apply to:
1414	(a) general instructional or informational courses in military justice, if the courses are
1415	designed solely for the purpose of instructing members of a command in the substantive and
1416	procedural aspects of a military court; or
1417	(b) statements and instructions given in open court by the military judge, the president
1418	of a military court, or counsel.
1419	(4) In preparing an effectiveness, efficiency, or fitness report, or any other report or
1420	document used in whole or in part for determining whether a member of the National Guard is

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1421	qualified to be advanced in grade, or in determining the assignment or transfer of a member of
1422	the National Guard, or in determining whether a member should be retained in an active status,
1423	[a person] an individual subject to this chapter may not:
1424	(a) consider or evaluate the performance of duty of any member of a military court; or
1425	(b) give a less favorable rating or evaluation of any member of the National Guard
1426	because of the zeal with which the member, as counsel, represented any accused before a
1427	military court or before any other proceeding authorized by this chapter.
1428	Section 66. Section 39A-5-210, which is renumbered from Section 39-6-31 is
1429	renumbered and amended to read:
1430	[39-6-31]. <u>39A-5-210.</u> Prosecutions in state name Right to defense trial
1431	counsel.
1432	(1) The trial counsel of a military court prosecutes in the name of the state, and shall
1433	prepare the record of the proceedings under the direction of the court.
1434	(2) (a) The accused has the right to be represented [in his defense] before a military
1435	court by civilian counsel if provided by him at no expense to the state, or by military counsel of
1436	his or her own selection if reasonably available.
1437	(b) If the accused has <u>retained civilian</u> counsel [of his own choosing], the defense
1438	counsel and any assistant defense counsel who were detailed shall act as the associate counsel
1439	to the civilian counsel [for the accused] if the accused desires. Otherwise, detailed counsel
1440	shall be excused by the military judge.
1441	(3) In a court proceeding resulting in a conviction, the defense counsel may forward for
1442	attachment to the record of proceedings a brief of matters that should be considered on behalf
1443	of the accused on review, including any objection to the contents of the record.
1444	(4) An assistant trial counsel of a military court may, under the direction of the trial
1445	counsel, or as trial counsel when he is so qualified, perform any duty imposed by law,
1446	regulation, or the custom of the service on the trial counsel of the court. An assistant trial
1447	counsel of a military court may perform any duty of the trial counsel.
1448	(5) An assistant defense counsel of a military court may, under the direction of the
1449	defense counsel or when he is qualified to be the defense counsel, perform any duty imposed

Section 67. Section 39A-5-211, which is renumbered from Section 39-6-29 is

by law, regulation, or the custom of the service upon counsel for the accused.

renumbered and amended to read:

1453	[39-6-29]. <u>39A-5-211.</u> Court procedures Regulations by governor.
1454	(1) In cases subject to or brought under this chapter, before military courts, or before
1455	other military tribunals, the procedure, including elements of proof, may be prescribed by the
1456	governor [by regulations].
1457	(2) The [regulations shall, as the] governor [considers practicable,] shall promulgate
1458	regulations that apply the principles of law and the rules of evidence generally recognized in
1459	the trial of criminal cases in the courts of the state. However, the regulations may not be
1460	contrary to or inconsistent with this chapter.
1461	Section 68. Section 39A-5-212, which is renumbered from Section 39-6-35 is
1462	renumbered and amended to read:
1463	[39-6-35]. <u>39A-5-212.</u> Military court Oath or affirmation.
1464	(1) Before performing their respective duties, an oath or affirmation to perform all
1465	duties faithfully shall be administered to:
1466	(a) military judges[,];
1467	(b) interpreters[,];
1468	(c) members of the court[- ,];
1469	(d) the trial counsel[- ;];
1470	(e) the assistant trial counsel[,];
1471	(f) the defense counsel[,];
1472	(g) the assistant defense counsel[;]; and
1473	(h) court reporters [shall take an oath or affirmation to perform their duties faithfully].
1474	(2) (a) The governor shall prescribe by regulation:
1475	(i) the oath or affirmation[-;];
1476	(ii) the time and place of taking [either of them,] the oath or affirmation;
1477	(iii) the manner of recording the taking[-;]; and
1478	(iv) whether the oath is to be taken for all cases in which these duties are to be
1479	performed or for a specific case.
1480	(b) The regulations may provide that an oath or affirmation to faithfully perform any of
1481	the duties under Subsection (1) except that of court reporter, be taken at any time by any judge
1482	advocate, legal officer, or other [person] individual certified as qualified or competent for the

duty. The regulations may also provide that an oath under this subsection need not again be taken at the time the judge advocate, legal officer, or other [person] individual having taken an oath under this section is detailed to that duty.

[(c)] (3) Each witness in a military court shall be examined [on] under oath or affirmation.

Section 69. Section **39A-5-213**, which is renumbered from Section 39-6-34 is renumbered and amended to read:

[39-6-34]. <u>39A-5-213.</u> Military court -- Challenge for cause -- Peremptory challenge.

- (1) The military judge and members of a military court may be challenged by the accused or the trial counsel for cause stated to the court. The military judge of the court shall determine the relevancy and validity of challenges for cause, and may not receive a challenge to more than one [person] member at a time. Challenges by the trial counsel shall be presented and decided before those by the accused are offered, unless the judge determines otherwise.
- (2) Each accused and the trial counsel are entitled to one peremptory challenge, but the military judge may not be challenged except for cause. The military judge in his <u>or her</u> discretion may grant additional peremptory challenges where appropriate.
- Section 70. Section **39A-5-214**, which is renumbered from Section 39-6-22 is renumbered and amended to read:

[39-6-22]. <u>39A-5-214.</u> Military court members -- When excused -- Trial procedure.

- (1) A member of a military court may not be absent or excused after the court has been assembled for the trial of the accused, except because of physical disability, the result of a challenge, or for good cause by order of the convening authority.
- (2) (a) When a military court other than a court composed solely of a military judge is reduced to fewer than four members, the trial may not proceed unless the convening authority details new members sufficient to provide not fewer than four members.
- (b) When the new members have been sworn, the trial may proceed with the new members present after the recorded evidence previously introduced before the members of the court has been read to the court in the presence of the military judge, the accused, and the counsel for the prosecution and defense.

1514	Section 71. Section 39A-5-215 , which is renumbered from Section 39-6-33 is
1515	renumbered and amended to read:
1516	[39-6-33]. <u>39A-5-215.</u> Military court Continuance.
1517	The military judge may, upon good cause shown, grant a continuance to trial or defense
1518	counsel for a stated period of time, when a continuance appears to be just.
1519	Section 72. Section 39A-5-216, which is renumbered from Section 39-6-32 is
1520	renumbered and amended to read:
1521	[39-6-32]. <u>39A-5-216.</u> Military court Session Procedures.
1522	(1) After the service of charges has been referred for trial to a military court composed
1523	of a military judge and <u>panel</u> members, the military judge may, subject to Section [39-6-28]
1524	39A-5-118, call the court into session. The session shall be:
1525	(a) made a part of the record[,]; and [shall be]
1526	(b) in the presence of the accused, the defense counsel, and the trial counsel.
1527	(2) The session may be conducted without the presence of the <u>panel</u> members.
1528	(3) A session under this subsection may be conducted for the following purposes:
1529	(a) hearing and determining motions raising defenses or objections which are capable
1530	of determination without trial of the issues raised by a plea of not guilty;
1531	(b) hearing and ruling upon any matter a military judge under this chapter may rule
1532	upon, whether or not the matter is appropriate for later consideration or decision by the
1533	members of the court;
1534	(c) holding the arraignment and receiving the pleas of the accused, if permitted by
1535	regulations [prescribed] promulgated by the governor or adjutant general; or
1536	(d) performing any other procedural function that may be performed by the military
1537	judge under this chapter or under rules [prescribed] promulgated under Section [39-6-39]
1538	39A-5-219 and which does not require the presence of the members of the court.
1539	[(3)] (4) When the members of a military court deliberate or vote, only the members
1540	may be present.
1541	(5) All other proceedings, including any other consultation of the members of the court
1542	with counsel or the military judge, shall be made a part of the record and shall be in the
1543	presence of the accused, the defense counsel, and the military judge.
1544	Section 73 Section 39A-5-217 which is renumbered from Section 39-6-38 is

1545	renumbered and amended to read:
1546	[39-6-38]. <u>39A-5-217.</u> Plea of not guilty Accepted Withdrawn.
1547	(1) A plea of not guilty shall be entered in the record, and the court shall proceed as
1548	though the accused [had] pleaded not guilty, if the accused:
1549	(a) after arraignment, makes an irregular pleading;
1550	(b) after a plea of guilty. raises a matter inconsistent with the plea;
1551	(c) has apparently entered the plea of guilty improvidently or through lack of
1552	understanding of its meaning and effect; or
1553	(d) fails or refuses to plead.
1554	(2) (a) A plea of guilty by the accused may not be accepted to any charge or
1555	specification alleging an offense for which a determinate term of one year confinement may be
1556	imposed.
1557	(b) If a plea of guilty has been accepted by the military judge, a finding of guilty, if
1558	permitted by regulations promulgated by the governor, shall be entered immediately without
1559	vote and constitutes the finding of the court.
1560	(c) If the plea of guilty is withdrawn prior to announcement of the sentence, the
1561	proceedings shall continue as though the accused [had] pleaded not guilty.
1562	Section 74. Section 39A-5-218, which is renumbered from Section 39-6-41 is
1563	renumbered and amended to read:
1564	[39-6-41]. <u>39A-5-218.</u> Contempt Penalty.
1565	(1) A military court may punish for contempt any [person] individual who uses any
1566	menacing word, sign, or gesture in its presence, or who disturbs its proceedings by any
1567	disorderly conduct.
1568	(2) The punishment may not exceed confinement for three days in the county jail of the
1569	county where the proceedings are held, or a fine of \$200, or both.
1570	Section 75. Section 39A-5-219 , which is renumbered from Section 39-6-39 is
1571	renumbered and amended to read:
1572	[39-6-39]. <u>39A-5-219.</u> Obtaining evidence and witnesses Procedure.
1573	[(1)]The trial and defense counsel, and the military court, have equal opportunity to
1574	obtain witnesses and other evidence under:
1575	(1) regulations promulgated by the governor[-] or adjutant general[- or]:

1576	(2) the applicable rules of civil and criminal procedure; or
1577	(3) state or federal law [prescribe].
1578	[(2) The military court judge may:]
1579	[(a) issue a warrant for the arrest of any accused person who, having been served with a
1580	warrant and a copy of the charges, disobeys a written order by the convening authority to
1581	appear before the court;]
1582	[(b) issue subpoenas duces tecum and other subpoenas;]
1583	[(c) enforce by attachment the attendance of witnesses and the production of books and
1584	papers; and]
1585	[(d) sentence for refusal to be sworn or to answer, as under civil procedure.]
1586	[(3) Process issued in a military court to compel witnesses to appear and testify and to
1587	compel the production of other evidence may be served within the boundaries of the state.]
1588	Section 76. Section 39A-5-220, which is renumbered from Section 39-6-42 is
1589	renumbered and amended to read:
1590	[39-6-42]. <u>39A-5-220.</u> Depositions Procedure.
1591	(1) After charges have been signed under Section [39-6-23] 39A-5-114, any party may
1592	take oral or written depositions unless the military judge hearing the case, or if the case is not
1593	being heard, an authority competent to convene a military court for the trial of [those] the
1594	charges prohibits the depositions for good cause.
1595	(2) The party at whose instance a deposition is to be taken shall give to every other
1596	party reasonable written notice of the time and place for taking the deposition.
1597	(3) Depositions may be taken before and authenticated by any military or civil officer
1598	authorized to administer oaths under state law or the law of the jurisdiction where the
1599	deposition is to be taken [to administer oaths].
1600	(4) An authenticated deposition, taken upon reasonable notice to the other parties, may
1601	be read in evidence, to the extent it is admissible under the rules of evidence, before any
1602	military court or any proceeding before a court of inquiry, if [it appears to the court]:
1603	(a) the witness resides or is beyond the state in which the military court or court of
1604	inquiry is ordered to sit, or beyond the distance of 100 miles from the location of the trial or
1605	hearing;
1606	(b) the witness due to death, age, illness, bodily infirmity, imprisonment, military

1607	necessity, nonamenability to process, or other reasonable cause, is unable or refuses to appear
1608	and testify in person at the location of the trial or hearing;
1609	(c) the present location of the witness is unknown; or
1610	(d) the deposition was taken in the physical presence of the accused.
1611	Section 77. Section 39A-5-221, which is renumbered from Section 39-6-43 is
1612	renumbered and amended to read:
1613	[39-6-43]. <u>39A-5-221.</u> Sworn testimony Read in evidence.
1614	(1) The sworn testimony of a case which is contained in the authenticated record of
1615	proceedings of a court of inquiry, of [a person] an individual whose oral testimony cannot be
1616	obtained, may be read in evidence by any party before a military court if:
1617	(a) the sworn testimony is otherwise admissible under the rules of evidence;
1618	(b) the accused was a party before the court of inquiry;
1619	(c) the same issue was involved or the accused consents to the introduction of the
1620	evidence; or
1621	(d) the accused was physically present when the testimony was taken.
1622	(2) The testimony may be read in evidence:
1623	(a) before a court of inquiry or a military board; or
1624	(b) by the defense only in cases extending to the dismissal of a commissioned officer.
1625	Section 78. Section 39A-5-222, which is renumbered from Section 39-6-44 is
1626	renumbered and amended to read:
1627	[39-6-44]. 39A-5-222. Voting by military court members Procedure
1628	Presumption of innocence Reasonable doubt Burden of proof.
1629	[(1) (a) Voting by members of a military court on the findings and on the sentence, and
1630	upon questions of challenge, are by secret written ballot.]
1631	[(b) The junior member of the court counts the votes.]
1632	[(c) The count shall be reviewed by the president, who shall immediately announce the
1633	result of the ballot to the members of the court.]
1634	$[\frac{(2)}{2}]$ (a) The military judge shall rule upon all questions of law and all interlocutors
1635	questions arising during the proceedings.
1636	(b) A ruling made by the military judge upon a question of law or an interlocutory
1637	question, other than the factual issue of mental responsibility of the accused, is final and is the

1638	ruling of the court. However, the military judge may change the ruling at any time during the
1639	trial.
1640	[(3)] (2) Before a vote is taken on the findings, the military judge shall, in the presence
1641	of the accused and counsel, instruct the court as to the elements of the offense and charge the
1642	court that:
1643	(a) the accused [must be] is presumed innocent until [his] guilt is established by legal
1644	and competent evidence beyond reasonable doubt;
1645	(b) if there is reasonable doubt as to the guilt of the accused, the doubt shall be
1646	resolved in favor of the accused, and [he] the accused shall be acquitted;
1647	(c) if there is a reasonable doubt as to the degree of guilt, the finding [must] shall be in
1648	a lower degree, as to which there is no reasonable doubt; and
1649	(d) the burden of proof to establish the guilt of the accused beyond a reasonable doubt
1650	is on the state.
1651	(3) (a) Voting by members of a military court on the findings and on the sentence, and
1652	upon questions of challenge, are by secret written ballot.
1653	(b) The junior member of the court counts the votes.
1654	(c) The count shall be reviewed by the president, who shall immediately announce the
1655	result of the ballot to the members of the court.
1656	(4) (a) [Subsections (1), (2), and (3) do not apply to a court] If the court is composed of
1657	a military judge only, [as] the military judge [of a court] determines all questions of law and
1658	fact arising during the proceedings. If the accused is convicted, the judge imposes the sentence.
1659	(b) The military judge of a court shall make a general finding and shall [in addition],
1660	on request, find the facts specially.
1661	(c) If an opinion or memorandum of decision is filed, it is sufficient if the findings of
1662	fact are included.
1663	Section 79. Section 39A-5-223, which is renumbered from Section 39-6-45 is
1664	renumbered and amended to read:
1665	[39-6-45]. <u>39A-5-223.</u> Vote necessary for conviction or other questions Tie
1666	votes.

(1) [A person] The accused may not be convicted of any offense except by a

unanimous verdict of the members of the court present at the time the vote is taken.

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1669	(2) [(a)] All other questions decided by the members of a military court are determined
1670	by a majority vote. [However, a] A determination to reconsider a finding of guilty, to
1671	reconsider a sentence, or to decrease [it] a sentence, may be made by any lesser vote which
1672	indicates that the reconsideration is not opposed by the number of votes required for that
1673	finding or sentence.
1674	[(b)] (3) (a) A tie vote on a challenge disqualifies the member challenged.
1675	(b) A tie vote on a motion for a finding of not guilty or on a motion relating to the
1676	question of the accused's sanity is a determination against the accused.
1677	(c) A tie vote on any other question is a determination in favor of the accused.
1678	Section 80. Section 39A-5-224, which is renumbered from Section 39-6-46 is
1679	renumbered and amended to read:
1680	[39-6-46]. <u>39A-5-224.</u> Findings Background check prior to sentencing.
1681	(1) A court shall announce its findings and sentence to the parties as soon as
1682	determined.
1683	(2) The court panel may defer sentencing pending an investigation of the background
1684	of the accused to determine a just and appropriate sentence.
1685	Section 81. Section 39A-5-225, which is renumbered from Section 39-6-52 is
1686	renumbered and amended to read:
1687	[39-6-52]. <u>39A-5-225.</u> Finding or sentence Error Review.
1688	(1) A finding or sentence of a military court may not be held incorrect on the ground of
1689	an error of law unless the error materially prejudices the substantial rights of the accused.
1690	(2) A reviewing authority with the power to approve or affirm a finding of guilty may
1691	approve or affirm that portion of the finding that includes a lesser included offense.
1692	Section 82. Section 39A-5-226, which is renumbered from Section 39-6-47 is
1693	renumbered and amended to read:
1694	[39-6-47]. <u>39A-5-226.</u> Military court records.
1695	(1) (a) Each military court shall maintain a separate record of the proceedings in each
1696	case brought before it. [The] Each record shall be authenticated by the signature of the military
1697	judge.

(b) (i) If the record cannot be authenticated by the military judge due to [his] death,

disability, or absence, it shall be authenticated by the signature of the trial counsel.

Procedure.

1700	(ii) If the trial counsel is unable to authenticate due to [his] death, disability, or
1701	absence, a member of the court panel shall authenticate the record by [his] signature.
1702	(c) In a court of only a military judge, the record shall be authenticated by the court
1703	reporter under the same conditions that a member of a court would authenticate under this
1704	section[-]:
1705	(i) if the proceedings have resulted in an acquittal of all charges and specifications; or[;
1706	if]
1707	(ii) if the proceedings are not affecting a general or flag officer, [in] for a sentence that
1708	does not [including] include a discharge and is not in excess of that which may be prescribed
1709	by regulations of the governor.
1710	(2) A copy of the record of the proceedings of each court shall be given to the accused
1711	as soon as it is authenticated.
1712	(3) The expense in preparing and transmitting the record shall be by regulations
1713	prescribed by the governor or the adjutant general.
1714	Section 83. Section 39A-5-227, which is renumbered from Section 39-6-53 is
1715	renumbered and amended to read:
1716	[39-6-53]. <u>39A-5-227.</u> Trial record forwarded to convening authority.
1717	After a trial by a military court, the record shall be forwarded to the convening
1718	authority, as the reviewing authority. Action on the record may be taken by the [person who
1719	convened the court] convening authority, a commissioned officer commanding at that time, a
1720	successor in command, or by the governor.
1721	Section 84. Section 39A-5-228, which is renumbered from Section 39-6-54 is
1722	renumbered and amended to read:
1723	[39-6-54]. 39A-5-228. Convening authority refers record to SJA Opinion.
1724	The convening authority shall refer the record of each military court to the SJA, who
1725	shall submit a written opinion to the convening authority. If the final action of the court is an
1726	acquittal of all charges and specifications, the opinion is limited to questions of jurisdiction.
1727	Section 85. Section 39A-5-229, which is renumbered from Section 39-6-55 is
1728	renumbered and amended to read:
1729	[39-6-55]. <u>39A-5-229.</u> Specification dismissal No finding of not guilty

- (1) If a specification before a military court has been dismissed on motion and the ruling does not amount to a finding of not guilty, the convening authority may return the record to the court for reconsideration of the ruling and any further appropriate action.
 - (2) If there is an apparent error or omission in the record or the record shows improper or inconsistent action by a court martial regarding a finding or sentence, that may be rectified without material prejudice to the substantial rights of the accused, the convening authority may return the record to the court for appropriate action. However, the record may not be returned for:
 - (a) reconsideration of a finding of not guilty of any specification, or a ruling which amounts to a finding of not guilty;
 - (b) reconsideration of a finding of not guilty of any charge unless the record shows a finding of guilty under a specification laid under that charge, which sufficiently alleges a violation of a provision of this chapter; or
 - (c) increasing the severity of the sentence.

Section 86. Section **39A-5-230**, which is renumbered from Section 39-6-56 is renumbered and amended to read:

[39-6-56]. <u>39A-5-230.</u> Rehearing ordered by convening authority -- Grounds -- Procedure.

- (1) (a) If the convening authority disapproves the findings and sentence of a military court [he may, except if], the convening authority may, unless there is a lack of sufficient evidence in the record to support the findings, order a rehearing, and [shall] state the reasons for disapproval.
- (b) If [he] the convening authority disapproves the findings and sentence and does not order a rehearing, [he shall dismiss] the charges shall be dismissed.
- (2) (a) Each rehearing shall take place before a military court composed of members who are not members of the military court that [first] originally heard the case.
- (b) At <u>a</u> rehearing, the accused may not be tried for any offense [of] for which [he was found] a verdict of not guilty was returned by the [first] original military court.
- (3) A sentence imposed may not exceed or be more severe than the original sentence, unless based on a finding of guilty regarding an offense not considered on the merits in the original proceedings.

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by the convening authority.

Section 87. Section 39A-5-231, which is renumbered from Section 39-6-58 is
renumbered and amended to read:
[39-6-58]. 39A-5-231. Convening authority review Action by governor final
SJA review Appeal of final action.
(1) When the governor is the convening authority, the governor's action on the review
of a record of trial is final.
(2) The state judge advocate shall review the record of trial in each case prior to final
action being taken.
(3) The SJA shall make a written review and recommendation on legal issues to the
convening authority for [its] consideration prior to final action in any case.
(4) In a case subject to review by the SJA under this section, the SJA shall submit an
opinion regarding any errors committed during the trial and an analysis of the legal effect of the
error to the convening authority prior to [its] the convening authority's affirmation and action
regarding the findings and sentence in the case.
(5) The convening authority may affirm only findings of guilty and the sentence or part
of the sentence that:
(a) is correct in law and fact; and
(b) should be approved, based on the entire record and the advice of the SJA, and any
rebuttal submitted by the accused or defense counsel.
(6) In considering the record, the convening authority may weigh the evidence, judge
the credibility of witnesses, and determine controverted questions of fact, recognizing that the
trial court saw and heard the testimony of the witnesses.
(7) If the convening authority sets aside the findings and sentence:
(a) a rehearing may be ordered, except when the decision to set aside is based on a lack
of sufficient evidence in the record to support the findings; or
(b) if a rehearing is not ordered, the charges shall be dismissed.
(8) (a) Final action approved by the convening authority may be appealed directly to
the Utah Court of Appeals.

(b) Notice of appeal shall be filed within 30 days after the final action has been taken

Section 88. Section 39A-5-232, which is renumbered from Section 39-6-59 is

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1793	renumbered and amended to read:
1794	[39-6-59]. <u>39A-5-232.</u> Military court sentence Execution by convening
1795	authority.
1796	(1) Except under Sections [39-6-17 and 39-6-58] <u>39A-5-306 and 39A-5-231</u> , a military
1797	court sentence may be ordered executed by the convening authority when approved [by him],
1798	unless suspended or deferred.
1799	(2) The convening authority [shall, in his] has discretion[;] to approve the sentence or
1800	[the] a part or commuted form of the sentence.
1801	(3) After [his] approval, [he] the convening authority may suspend the execution of the
1802	sentence.
1803	Section 89. Section 39A-5-233, which is renumbered from Section 39-6-61 is
1804	renumbered and amended to read:
1805	[39-6-61]. <u>39A-5-233.</u> Probation violation Hearing Counsel Execution of
1806	suspended sentence.
1807	(1) Probation imposed as a result of a suspended sentence may be vacated by the
1808	convening authority.
1809	(2) (a) Before [the vacation of the suspension of] a suspended military court sentence
1810	may be vacated, the officer holding convening authority jurisdiction over the probationer shall
1811	hold a hearing on the alleged violation of probation.
1812	(b) The probationer shall be represented by counsel at the hearing.
1813	[(2)] (3) (a) The record of the hearing and the recommendation of the officer having
1814	jurisdiction shall be sent for action to:
1815	(i) the governor in cases involving a military court sentence of confinement[, and]; or
1816	(ii) in all other cases, to the commanding officer of the [unit of the] National Guard
1817	<u>unit</u> of which the probationer is a member[, in all other cases].
1818	(b) If the governor or commanding officer vacates the suspension, any unexecuted part
1819	of the sentence except a dismissal shall be executed.
1820	[(3)] (4) The suspension of any other sentence may be vacated by any authority for the
1821	command in which the accused is serving or assigned that is competent to convene[, for the

command in which the accused is serving or assigned,] a court that imposed the sentence.

Section 90. Section 39A-5-234, which is renumbered from Section 39-6-62 is

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new trial or rehearing.

1824	renumbered and amended to read:
1825	[39-6-62]. <u>39A-5-234.</u> Petition for new trial Grounds.
1826	Within 30 days after approval by the convening authority of a military court sentence,
1827	the accused may petition the convening authority for a new trial on the ground of newly
1828	discovered evidence or fraud on the court.
1829	Section 91. Section 39A-5-235, which is renumbered from Section 39-6-37 is
1830	renumbered and amended to read:
1831	[39-6-37]. 39A-5-235. Second trial on an offense prohibited.
1832	(1) [A person] An individual may not, without [his] the individual's written consent, be
1833	brought to trial a second time in any military or civilian court of the state for the same offense.
1834	(2) A proceeding in which an accused has been found guilty by a military court upon
1835	any charge or specification, is not a trial under this section until the finding of guilty has
1836	become final and the review of the case has been completed.
1837	(3) A proceeding that, after the introduction of evidence but before a finding, is
1838	dismissed or terminated by the convening authority or on motion of the prosecution for failure
1839	of available evidence or witnesses without any fault of the accused is a trial under this section.
1840	Section 92. Section 39A-5-236, which is renumbered from Section 39-6-63 is
1841	renumbered and amended to read:
1842	[39-6-63]. Sentence Vacation or suspension.
1843	(1) A convening authority may [remit] vacate or suspend any part or amount of the
1844	unexecuted portion of the sentence, including all uncollected forfeitures.
1845	(2) The governor may for good cause shown substitute an administrative form of a
1846	discharge for a bad conduct discharge or dismissal executed under a military court sentence.
1847	Section 93. Section 39A-5-237, which is renumbered from Section 39-6-64 is
1848	renumbered and amended to read:
1849	[39-6-64]. Sentence set aside Rights restored.
1850	(1) Under rules prescribed by the governor or the adjutant general all rights, privileges,
1851	and property affected by an executed portion of a military court sentence which has been set
1852	aside or disapproved, except an executed dismissal or discharge, shall be restored unless a new

trial or rehearing is ordered and the executed part is included in a sentence imposed upon the

- (2) If a previously executed sentence of bad conduct discharge is not imposed in a new trial, the governor shall substitute a discharge authorized for administrative issue, unless the accused is serving the remainder of his <u>or her</u> enlistment.
 - (3) (a) If a previously executed sentence of dismissal is not imposed in a new trial, the governor shall substitute a discharge authorized for administrative issue.
 - (b) [The] A commissioned officer dismissed by [the] a sentence may be reappointed by the governor to the grade and rank [he] the commissioned officer had attained, if a position is available under the applicable organization.
 - (c) Time between the dismissal and reappointment is considered service for all purposes.
 - Section 94. Section **39A-5-238**, which is renumbered from Section 39-6-65 is renumbered and amended to read:

[39-6-65]. <u>39A-5-238.</u> Finality of military court judgments.

- (1) The proceedings, findings, and sentence a military court has reviewed and approved under this chapter, and all dismissals and discharges executed under sentences by military court following review and approval under this chapter, are final and conclusive.
- (2) Orders publishing the proceedings of military court and all action taken pursuant to those proceedings are binding upon all departments, courts, agencies, and officers of the state, subject only to action upon a petition for new trial under Section [39-6-62] 39A-5-234.
- Section 95. Section **39A-5-239**, which is renumbered from Section 39-6-107 is renumbered and amended to read:

[39-6-107]. 39A-5-239. Courts of inquiry.

- (1) Courts of inquiry to investigate any matter may be convened by the governor or his designee, whether or not the [persons] individuals involved have requested the inquiry.
- (2) A court of inquiry consists of three or more commissioned officers. For each court, the convening authority shall also appoint counsel for the court.
- (3) (a) [A person] An individual subject to this chapter whose conduct is subject to inquiry shall be designated as a party. [A person] An individual subject to this chapter or employed by the National Guard, who has a direct interest in the subject of inquiry, has the right to be designated as a party upon request to the court.
 - (b) [A person] An individual designated as a party shall be given due notice and has the

1886	right to be present, represented by counsel, to have counsel appointed, to cross examine
1887	witnesses, and to introduce evidence.
1888	(4) Members of a court of inquiry may be challenged by a party, but only for cause
1889	stated to the court.
1890	(5) The members, counsel, [the] reporter, and interpreters of a court of inquiry shall
1891	take an oath or affirmation to faithfully perform [their duties] the duties required under this
1892	section.
1893	(6) Witnesses may be summoned to appear and testify and be examined before a court
1894	of inquiry, under the same provisions as for a military court.
1895	(7) A court of inquiry shall make findings of fact but may not express opinions or make
1896	recommendations, unless required to do so by the convening authority.
1897	(8) (a) A court of inquiry shall keep a record of [its] the court's proceedings, which
1898	shall be authenticated by the signatures of the president and counsel for the court and
1899	forwarded to the convening authority.
1900	(b) (i) If the record cannot be authenticated by the president, it shall be signed by a
1901	member in lieu of the president.
1902	(ii) If the record cannot be authenticated by the counsel for the court, it shall be
1903	authenticated by a member in lieu of the counsel.
1904	Section 96. Section 39A-5-301, which is renumbered from Section 39-6-49 is
1905	renumbered and amended to read:
1906	Part 3. Military Punishments
1907	[39-6-49]. 39A-5-301. Military punishments Limits of punishment Cruel
1908	and unusual punishments Use of irons.
1909	(1) Punishment directed by a military court for an offense may not exceed limits
1910	prescribed under [Section 39-1-38.5] Subsection (2) or lesser limits prescribed by the governor
1911	[may prescribe] for the offense.
1912	(2) A military court may impose upon an accused any of the following after conviction
1913	for an offense:
1914	(a) incarceration in a county jail for no longer than one year;
1915	(b) a fine of not more than \$2,500;

(c) forfeiture of pay of not more than \$2,500;

1917	(d) detention of pay equivalent to three months' pay for a period not to exceed one
1918	year;
1919	(e) arrest in quarters for officers;
1920	(f) restriction to specified limits for enlisted members;
1921	(g) extra duty for not more than 60 consecutive days;
1922	(h) reprimand;
1923	(i) reduction of enlisted members to the lowest enlisted grade;
1924	(j) a bad conduct discharge for enlisted members;
1925	(k) dismissal for officers;
1926	(1) restitution to any individual or entity injured as a result of the accused's conduct; or
1927	(m) any combination of Subsections (2)(a) through (2)(l).
1928	(3) Cruel or unusual punishments, including flogging, branding, marking, or tattooing
1929	on the body may not be imposed by any court or inflicted upon any individual subject to this
1930	chapter.
1931	(4) Single or double irons may not be used unless necessary for safe custody.
1932	Section 97. Section 39A-5-302, which is renumbered from Section 39-6-14 is
1933	renumbered and amended to read:
1934	[39-6-14]. <u>39A-5-302.</u> Nonjudicial punishment.
1935	(1) The governor and the adjutant general of Utah may prescribe regulations governing
1936	the administration of nonjudicial punishment. The imposition and enforcement of disciplinary
1937	punishment under this section for any act or omission is not a bar to trial by a civilian court of
1938	competent jurisdiction.
1939	(2) A service member subject to this chapter may request trial by military court in lieu
1940	of nonjudicial punishment at any time prior to imposition of nonjudicial punishment.
1941	(a) Upon receipt of a timely request for trial by military court in lieu of nonjudicial
1942	punishment, the commanding officer may grant the request, or deny the request and continue
1943	with nonjudicial punishment proceedings. If the commander denies the member's request for
1944	trial by military court, the commander may not impose limitations on personal liberty as a
1945	punishment under nonjudicial punishment proceedings. For purposes of this section,
1946	punishments imposing limitations on personal liberty include restriction to specific limited
1947	areas and extra duties.

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- 1948 (b) Denial of a request for trial by military court in lieu of nonjudicial punishment does 1949 not create a private right of action and is not subject to judicial review.
 - (3) Any commanding officer in the [Utah] National Guard may, in addition to a reprimand, impose one or more of the punishments under this section without the intervention of a military court.
 - (a) Forfeiture of pay shall be calculated based on the monthly amount a service member would receive as base pay if on active duty.
 - (b) If a reduction of pay grade is imposed, forfeiture of pay is based on the grade to which the service member was reduced even if the reduction was suspended.
 - (4) Punishment imposed by the governor, a general officer, or a full colonel upon officers within the general officer's or full colonel's command may include:
 - (a) forfeiture of not more than one-half of one month's pay per month for three months; and
 - (b) restriction to specific limited areas, with or without suspension from duty, for not more than 60 consecutive days.
 - (5) Punishment imposed by the governor, a general officer, or a full colonel upon enlisted personnel within the general officer's or full colonel's command may include:
 - (a) forfeiture of not more than one-half of one month's pay per month for two months;
 - (b) reduction of one or more pay grades if the imposing commander holds promotion authority over the grade from which the enlisted [person] member was demoted, but an enlisted member in a pay grade above E-4 may not be reduced more than two pay grades;
 - (c) extra duties, including fatigue or other duties, for not more than 60 consecutive days; and
 - (d) restriction to specific limited areas, with or without suspension from duty, for not more than 60 consecutive days.
 - (6) Punishment imposed by a commander of the grade of lieutenant colonel or major upon enlisted personnel within the lieutenant colonel's or major's command may include:
 - (a) forfeiture of not more than one-half of one month's pay per month for two months;
 - (b) reduction of no more than two pay grades if the imposing commander holds promotion authority over the grade from which the enlisted [person] member was demoted;
 - (c) extra duties, including fatigue or other duties, for not more than 45 consecutive

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- 1980 (d) restriction to specific limited areas, with or without suspension of duty, for not more than 45 consecutive days.
 - (7) Punishment imposed by a commander of the grade of captain or lieutenant upon enlisted personnel within the captain's or lieutenant's command may include:
 - (a) forfeiture of not more than one-half of one month's pay for one month;
- 1985 (b) extra duties, including fatigue or other duties, for not more than 30 consecutive days;
 - (c) restriction to specific limited areas, with or without suspension from duty, for not more than 30 consecutive days; and
 - (d) reduction of one pay grade if the imposing commander holds promotion authority over the grade from which the enlisted [person] member was demoted.
 - (8) Punishments of restriction to specific limited areas and extra duty may be combined to run concurrently, but the combination may not exceed the maximum duration imposable for extra duty.
 - (9) (a) The imposing commander or a successor in command may, at any time, suspend by probation:
 - (i) all or any part of the amount of the unexecuted punishment; and
 - (ii) a reduction in grade or a forfeiture imposed, whether or not executed.
 - (b) The imposing commander or a successor in command shall set the terms of probation for any suspended punishment.
 - (c) The imposing commander or a successor in command may, at any time, [remit] vacate or mitigate any part or amount of the unexecuted punishment. The imposing commander or a successor in command may also set aside in whole or in part the findings, punishment, or both, whether executed or unexecuted, and restore all rights, privileges, and affected property.
 - (d) The imposing commander or a successor in command may mitigate reduction in grade to forfeiture of pay. Extra duties may be mitigated to restriction.
 - (e) A mitigated punishment may not span a greater period of time than the original punishment.
 - (f) When mitigating a reduction in grade to forfeiture of pay, the amount of the

forfeiture may not exceed the maximum allowable forfeiture the imposing commander could have originally imposed.

- (10) (a) A service member punished under this section may appeal to the next superior commander in the service member's chain of command. The next superior commander shall conduct a de novo review of both the findings and punishment under procedures provided by regulation. The next superior commander may modify or set aside the findings or punishment, having the same options afforded the imposing commander as described in this section. In no case may the next superior commander increase the severity of the findings or the amount of punishment originally imposed.
- (b) If two levels of command exist above the imposing commander, the service member, having exhausted the service member's first level of appeal, may appeal to the next superior commander. If the matter originates with the governor, the adjutant general, or one level of command below the adjutant general, no right to a second appeal exists. The decision of the adjutant general on an appeal of nonjudicial punishment is final and is not subject to further appeal or judicial review.
- (c) The decision of the governor or the adjutant general to impose nonjudicial punishment upon a service member is final and is not subject to further appeal or judicial review.
- (d) The imposing commander shall promptly forward any appeal to the next superior commander. During the course of the appeal, the imposing commander may require the appellant to submit to the imposed punishment.
- (11) A superior commander shall first obtain a legal review from a judge advocate of the Utah National Guard before acting on an appeal from any of the following imposed punishments:
 - (a) forfeiture of more than seven day's pay;
 - (b) reduction of one or more pay grades;
 - (c) extra duties for more than 14 days; or
 - (d) restriction for more than 14 days.
- (12) Punishments imposed under this section, except forfeiture of pay, may not extend beyond the termination of the duty status of the punished individual.
 - Section 98. Section 39A-5-303, which is renumbered from Section 39-6-110 is

renumbered and amended to read:

2042 [39-6-110]. <u>39A-5-</u>303. Fines.

- (1) Fines <u>imposed by a military court</u> may be paid to [a] <u>the</u> military court or to an officer executing [its] process <u>for the court</u>. The amount of the fine may be noted upon any state roll or account for pay of the delinquent and deducted from any pay or allowance due or to become due to [him] the individual fined, until the fine is completely paid.
- (2) Any sum deducted shall be turned in to the military court which imposed the fine and shall be paid by the officer receiving it under the same procedure as for fines and other money collected under a sentence of a military court.
- (3) A fine or penalty imposed by a military court upon an officer or enlisted [person] member shall be paid by the officer collecting it to the state General Fund[-] within 30 days.
- Section 99. Section **39A-5-304**, which is renumbered from Section 39-6-50 is renumbered and amended to read:

[39-6-50]. 39A-5-304. Forfeiture of pay as sentence.

- (1) When a lawful and approved sentence of a court includes a forfeiture of pay or allowances in addition to confinement that is not suspended or deferred, the forfeiture may apply to pay or allowances becoming due on or after the date the sentence is approved by the convening authority.
- (2) A forfeiture may not extend to any pay or allowances [acquired] received before that date.
- Section 100. Section **39A-5-305**, which is renumbered from Section 39-6-51 is renumbered and amended to read:

[39-6-51]. <u>39A-5-305.</u> Confinement as sentence -- Penal institutions.

- (1) A sentence of confinement imposed by a military court, whether or not it includes discharge or dismissal and whether or not the discharge or dismissal has been executed, may be carried into execution by confinement in any place of confinement under the control of any of the forces of the National Guard or in any [jail, penitentiary, or prison under the control] penal institution of the state or of any political subdivision of the state.
- (2) If the words "hard labor" are not included in a sentence or punishment imposed by a court martial imposing confinement, the authority executing the sentence or punishment is not prohibited from requiring hard labor as a part of the sentence or punishment.

2072	(3) The [keepers,] officers, sheriffs, and [wardens of] penal institutions of the state and
2073	[its] any political subdivisions of the state designated by the governor or his designee under
2074	Section [39-6-10] <u>39A-5-111</u> shall:
2075	(a) receive [persons] individuals ordered into confinement before trial and [persons]
2076	individuals committed to confinement by a military court;
2077	(b) confine them according to law; and
2078	(c) receive or confine [a person] an individual under this chapter without assessing any
2079	fee or charge.
2080	Section 101. Section 39A-5-306, which is renumbered from Section 39-6-17 is
2081	renumbered and amended to read:
2082	[39-6-17]. 39A-5-306. Bad conduct discharge or dismissal Approval by
2083	governor.
2084	(1) A sentence imposing dismissal or bad conduct discharge against a member of the
2085	National Guard who is not in federal service may not be executed until it is approved by the
2086	governor.
2087	(2) A discharge or dismissal may not be imposed by any military court unless a
2088	complete written record of the proceedings has been made and is available for consideration of
2089	the military court.
2090	Section 102. Section 39A-6-101, which is renumbered from Section 39-7-102 is
2091	renumbered and amended to read:
2092	CHAPTER 6. UTAH SERVICE MEMBERS' CIVIL RELIEF ACT
2093	[39-7-102]. <u>39A-6-101.</u> Utah Service Members' Civil Relief Act Definitions.
2094	As used in this chapter:
2095	(1) "Dependent" means the spouse and children of a service member or any other
2096	[person] individual dependent upon the service member for support.
2097	(2) "Interest" includes service charges, renewal charges, fees, or any other charges in
2098	respect to any obligation or liability.
2099	(3) "Service member" means any member of the Utah National Guard or Utah State
2100	Defense Force serving on active military service in an organized military unit.
2101	[(3) "Military] (4) "State military service" means active, full-time service with a
2102	recognized military unit called into service by the governor for at least 30 days.

2103	(4) "Service member" means any member of the National Guard serving on active
2104	military service in an organized military unit.]
2105	Section 103. Section 39A-6-102 is enacted to read:
2106	39A-6-102. Application of this chapter.
2107	(1) Military members of the National Guard or the Defense Force, when ordered to
2108	state military service by the governor have the same rights and protections as provided by
2109	federal law for activation to federal military service.
2110	(2) Proper application of this chapter shall suspend or postpone actions upon certain
2111	obligations until 60 days after discharge from active, full-time state military service.
2112	Section 104. Section 39A-6-103, which is renumbered from Section 39-7-119 is
2113	renumbered and amended to read:
2114	[39-7-119]. <u>39A-6-103.</u> Rulemaking authority.
2115	The [Adjutant General] adjutant general may make rules in accordance with Title 63G,
2116	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to implement this chapter.
2117	Section 105. Section 39A-6-104, which is renumbered from Section 39-7-104 is
2118	renumbered and amended to read:
2119	[39-7-104]. <u>39A-6-104.</u> Reopening default judgments.
2120	(1) A default judgment rendered in any civil action against a service member during a
2121	period of state military service or within 30 days after termination of the state military service
2122	may be set aside if:
2123	(a) it appears that the [person] service member was prejudiced by reason of [his] the
2124	service member's state military service in making a defense to the action;
2125	(b) application by the [person] service member or [his] the service member's legal
2126	representative is made to the court rendering the judgment not later than 60 days after the
2127	termination of the service member's state military service; and
2128	(c) the application provides enough facts that it appears that the defendant has a
2129	meritorious or legal defense to the action or some part of the action.
2130	(2) Vacating, setting aside, or reversing any judgment because of any of the provisions
2131	of this chapter may not impair any right or title acquired by any bona fide purchaser for value
2132	under the judgment.
2133	Section 106. Section 39A-6-105 , which is renumbered from Section 39-7-105 is

2134 renumbered and amended to read:

[39-7-105]. 39A-6-105. Stay of proceedings.

- (1) If at any point during an action or proceeding it appears that a plaintiff or defendant is a service member and in the conduct of the proceedings may be adversely affected by [his] the service member's state military service, the court may, on its own motion, stay the proceedings.
- (2) The court may stay the proceedings if the service member or another [person] individual on [his] the service member's behalf makes a request in writing to the court, unless the court determines on the record that the ability of the plaintiff to pursue the action or the defendant to conduct [his] a defense is not materially affected by reason of [his] the service member's state military service.
- Section 107. Section **39A-6-106**, which is renumbered from Section 39-7-106 is renumbered and amended to read:

[39-7-106]. 39A-6-106. Fines and penalties on contracts.

- (1) If compliance with the terms of a contract is stayed pursuant to this chapter, a fine or penalty may not accrue by reason of failure to comply during the period of the stay.
- (2) If a service member has not obtained a stay and a fine or penalty is imposed for nonperformance of an obligation, a court may relieve enforcement if the service member was in state military service when the penalty was incurred and [his] the service member's ability to pay or perform was materially impaired.
- Section 108. Section **39A-6-107**, which is renumbered from Section 39-7-107 is renumbered and amended to read:

[39-7-107]. <u>39A-6-107.</u> Exercise of rights not to affect future financial transactions.

Application by a service member in <u>state</u> military service for, or receipt of, a stay, postponement, or suspension under the provisions of this chapter in the payment of any fine, penalty, insurance premium, or other civil obligation or liability may not be used for any of the following:

- (1) a determination by any lender or other person that the service member is unable to pay any civil obligation or liability in accordance with its terms;
 - (2) with respect to a credit transaction between a creditor and a service member:

2165	(a) a denial or revocation of credit by the creditor;
2166	(b) a change by the creditor in the terms of an existing credit arrangement; or
2167	(c) a refusal by the creditor to grant credit to the service member in substantially the
2168	amount or on substantially the terms requested; or
2169	(3) an adverse report relating to the creditworthiness of the service member by or to
2170	any person or entity engaged in the practice of assembling or evaluating consumer credit
2171	information.
2172	Section 109. Section 39A-6-108, which is renumbered from Section 39-7-108 is
2173	renumbered and amended to read:
2174	[39-7-108]. <u>39A-6-108.</u> Stay of execution of judgment.
2175	Unless the court determines on the record that the ability of the service member to
2176	comply with the judgment or order entered or sought is not materially affected by reason of
2177	[his] the service member's state military service, the court may, on its own motion, or upon
2178	application [to it] by the service member or another [person on his] individual on the service
2179	member's behalf:
2180	(1) stay the execution of any judgment or order entered against the service member, as
2181	provided in this chapter; and
2182	(2) vacate or stay any attachment or garnishment of property, money, or debts in the
2183	hands of another, whether before or after judgment as provided in this chapter.
2184	Section 110. Section 39A-6-109, which is renumbered from Section 39-7-109 is
2185	renumbered and amended to read:
2186	[39-7-109]. <u>39A-6-109.</u> Duration of stays.
2187	(1) Any stay of any action, proceeding, attachment, or execution, ordered by any court
2188	under the provisions of this chapter may be ordered for the period of state military service plus
2189	60 days after its termination or any part of that time period.
2190	(2) [Where] If the service member in state military service is a codefendant with others
2191	the plaintiff may, with leave of the court, proceed against the others.
2192	Section 111. Section 39A-6-110, which is renumbered from Section 39-7-110 is
2193	renumbered and amended to read:
2194	[39-7-110]. 39A-6-110. Statutes of limitations affected by state military service.
2195	The period of <u>state</u> military service is not included in computing any period limited by

law, rule, or order for the bringing of any action or proceeding in any court, board, bureau, commission, department, or other agency of government by or against any [person] individual in state military service or by or against [his] the service member's heirs, executors, administrators, or assigns, whether the cause of action or the right or privilege to institute the action or proceeding has accrued prior to or during the period of state military service.

Section 112. Section **39A-6-111**, which is renumbered from Section 39-7-111 is renumbered and amended to read:

[39-7-111]. <u>39A-6-111.</u> Maximum rate of interest.

An obligation or liability bearing interest at a rate in excess of six percent per year incurred by a service member in <u>state</u> military service before [his] the service member's entry into <u>state</u> military service may not, during any part of the period of <u>state</u> military service, bear interest at a rate in excess of six percent per year unless, in the opinion of the court and upon application to the court by the obligee, the ability of the service member to pay interest upon the obligation or liability at a rate in excess of six percent per year is not materially affected by reason of [his] the service member's service. The court may make any order in the action that, in [its] the court's opinion, is just.

Section 113. Section **39A-6-112**, which is renumbered from Section 39-7-112 is renumbered and amended to read:

[39-7-112]. <u>39A-6-112.</u> Dependent benefits.

Dependents of a service member in <u>state</u> military service are entitled to the benefits accorded to service members in <u>state</u> military service under the provisions of Sections [39-7-113 through 39-7-117] 39A-6-113 through 39A-6-117 upon application to a court, unless, in the opinion of the court, the ability of the dependents to comply with the terms of the obligation, contract, lease, or bailment has not been materially impaired by reason of the <u>state</u> military service of the service member upon whom the applicants are dependent.

Section 114. Section **39A-6-113**, which is renumbered from Section 39-7-113 is renumbered and amended to read:

[39-7-113]. 39A-6-113. Eviction or distress of dependents.

(1) A landlord may not evict or take and hold property of a service member or the service member's dependents for nonpayment of rent during the period of <u>state</u> military service if the rent on the premises occupied by the service member or the service member's dependents

is less than \$2,400 per month unless a court allows it after application to the court and an order granted in an action or proceeding affecting the right of possession.

- (2) In any action affecting the right of possession, the court may, on its own motion, stay the proceedings for not longer than three months, or make any order the court determines to be reasonable and just under the circumstances, unless the court finds that the ability of the tenant to pay the agreed rent is not materially affected by reason of the service member's <u>state</u> military service.
- (3) When a stay is granted or other order is made by the court, the owner of the premises shall be entitled, upon application, to relief with respect to the premises similar to that granted service members in military service in Sections [39-7-114 through 39-7-116] 39A-6-114 through 39A-6-116 to the extent and for any period as the court determines to be just and reasonable under the circumstances.
- (4) Any person who knowingly takes part in any eviction or distress otherwise than as provided in Subsection (1), or attempts to do so, is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
- (5) The governor is empowered to order an allotment of the pay of a service member in state military service in reasonable proportion to discharge the rent of premises occupied for dwelling purposes by any dependents of the service member.
- Section 115. Section **39A-6-114**, which is renumbered from Section 39-7-114 is renumbered and amended to read:

[39-7-114]. 39A-6-114. Installment contracts.

- (1) The creditor of a service member who, prior to entry into <u>state</u> military service, has entered into an installment contract for the purchase of real or personal property may not terminate the contract or repossess the property for nonpayment or any breach occurring during military service without an order from a court of competent jurisdiction.
- (2) The court, upon application to it under this section, may, unless the court finds on the record that the ability of the service member to comply with the terms of the contract is not materially affected by reason of the service member's state military service:
- (a) order repayment of any prior installments or deposits as a condition of terminating the contract and resuming possession of the property;
- 2256 (b) order a stay of the proceedings on [its] the court's own motion, or on motion by the service member or another [person] individual on the service member's behalf; or

- (c) make any other disposition of the case [it] the court considers to be equitable to conserve the interests of all parties.
 - (3) Any person who knowingly repossesses property which is the subject of this section other than as provided in Subsection (1) is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
 - Section 116. Section **39A-6-115**, which is renumbered from Section 39-7-115 is renumbered and amended to read:

[39-7-115]. <u>39A-6-115.</u> Mortgage foreclosures.

- (1) The creditor of a service member who[, prior to entry into military service, has] entered into a mortgage contract with the service member or the service member's dependent for the purchase of real or personal property prior to the service member's entry into state military service may not foreclose on the mortgage or repossess the property for nonpayment or any breach occurring during the service member's state military service without an order from a court of competent jurisdiction.
- (2) The court, upon <u>an</u> application [to it] under this section, may, unless the court finds on the record that the ability of the service member to comply with the terms of the mortgage is not materially affected by reason of the service member's state military service:
- (a) order repayment of any prior installments or deposits as a condition of terminating the contract and resuming possession of the property;
- (b) order a stay of the proceedings on [its] the court's own motion, or on motion by the service member or another [person] individual on the service member's behalf; or
- (c) make any other disposition of the case as [it] the court considers to be equitable to conserve the interests of all parties.
- (3) In order to come within the provisions of this section, the service member or dependent shall establish the following:
- (a) that relief is sought on an obligation secured by a mortgage, trust deed, or other security in the nature of a mortgage on either real or personal property;
- (b) that the obligation originated prior to the service member's entry into <u>state</u> military service;
- (c) that the property was owned by the service member or the service member's dependent prior to the commencement of state military service; and
- (d) that the property is still owned by the service member or the service member's

dependent at the time relief is sought.

(4) Any person who knowingly forecloses on property which is the subject of this section other than as provided in Subsection (1) is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.

Section 117. Section **39A-6-116**, which is renumbered from Section 39-7-116 is renumbered and amended to read:

[39-7-116]. <u>39A-6-116.</u> Application for relief.

- (1) A [person] service member may, at any time during [his] the service member's period of state military service or within 60 days after discharge or termination, apply to a court for relief in respect of any obligation or liability incurred by the [person] service member prior to [his] the service member's period of military service.
- (2) The court, after appropriate notice and hearing, unless in [its] the court's opinion the ability of the applicant to comply with the terms of the obligation or liability has not been materially affected by reason of [his] the service member's state military service, may grant the following relief:
- (a) In the case of an obligation payable under its terms in installments under a contract for the purchase of real estate, or secured by a mortgage or other instrument in the nature of a mortgage upon real estate, a stay of the enforcement of the obligation during the applicant's period of <u>state</u> military service and, from the date of termination of the period of <u>state</u> military service, for a period equal to the period of the remaining life of the installment contract or other instrument plus a period of time equal to the period of <u>state</u> military service of the applicant, or any part of the combined period, subject to payment of the balance of principal and accumulated interest due and unpaid at the date of termination of the period of <u>state</u> military service or from the date of application, in equal installments during the combined period at the rate of interest on the unpaid balance as is prescribed in the contract, or other instrument evidencing the obligation, for installments paid when due, and subject to any other terms as the court may consider just.
- (b) In the case of any other obligation or liability, a stay of the enforcement during the applicant's period of <u>state</u> military service and, from the date of termination of the period of <u>state</u> military service or from the date of application if made after termination of the period of <u>state</u> military service, for a period of time equal to the period of <u>state</u> military service of the applicant or any part of that period, subject to payment of the balance of principal and

accumulated interest due and unpaid at the date of termination of the period of <u>state</u> military
service or the date of application, in equal periodic installments during the extended period at
the rate of interest prescribed for the obligation or liability, if paid when due, and subject to
other terms the court considers to be reasonable and just.

(3) When any court has granted a stay as provided in this section, a fine or penalty may not be accrued for failure to comply with the terms or conditions of the obligation or liability for which the stay was granted during the period the terms and conditions of the stay are complied with.

Section 118. Section **39A-6-117**, which is renumbered from Section 39-7-117 is renumbered and amended to read:

[39-7-117]. <u>39A-6-117.</u> Storage liens.

- (1) A person may not exercise any right to foreclose or enforce any lien for storage of household goods, furniture, or personal effects of a service member in <u>state</u> military service during the service member's period of <u>state</u> military service and for 60 days after termination or discharge, except upon an order previously granted by a court upon application and a return to the court made and approved by the court. In the proceeding the court may, after hearing the matter, on its own motion, and shall, on application [to it] by the service member in <u>state</u> military service or another [person] <u>individual</u> on the service member's behalf, unless in the opinion of the court the ability of the service member to pay the storage charges due is not materially affected by reason of the service member's state military service:
 - (a) stay the proceedings as provided in this chapter; or
- (b) make any other disposition the court considers to be equitable to conserve the interest of all the parties.
- (2) The enactment of the provisions of this section may not be construed in any way as affecting or limiting the scope of Section [39-7-115] 39A-6-115.
- (3) Any person who knowingly takes any action contrary to the provisions of this section, or attempts to do so, is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
- Section 119. Section **39A-7-101**, which is renumbered from Section 39-9-101 is renumbered and amended to read:

2349 CHAPTER 7. MORALE, WELFARE, AND RECREATION PROGRAM
2350 [39-9-101]. 39A-7-101. State Morale, Welfare, and Recreation Program --

2351	Program established.
2352	[(1) This chapter is known as the "State Morale, Welfare, and Recreation Program."]
2353	[(2)] The adjutant general is authorized to establish a Utah National Guard Morale,
2354	Welfare, and Recreation Program to serve members of the military, eligible dependents, and
2355	others as set out in Section $[\frac{39-9-103}{39A-7-103}]$
2356	Section 120. Section 39A-7-102, which is renumbered from Section 39-9-102 is
2357	renumbered and amended to read:
2358	[39-9-102]. <u>39A-7-102.</u> Definitions.
2359	For purposes of this chapter:
2360	(1) "Dependent" means the spouse or children of [a person] an individual eligible to
2361	use the program and facilities in accordance with Section [39-9-103] 39A-7-103.
2362	(2) "MWR" means morale, welfare, and recreation.
2363	(3) "MWR facility" means any Utah National Guard facility located on a Department
2364	of Defense or Utah National Guard installation or on property controlled by the Department of
2365	Defense or the Utah National Guard, the purpose of which is to enhance MWR for authorized
2366	patrons.
2367	Section 121. Section 39A-7-103, which is renumbered from Section 39-9-103 is
2368	renumbered and amended to read:
2369	[39-9-103]. 39A-7-103. Eligibility and facilities.
2370	(1) Use of the MWR program and facilities is limited to:
2371	(a) active and reserve component members of the Utah National Guard and armed
2372	forces of the United States;
2373	(b) [persons] individuals retired from the armed forces of the United States;
2374	(c) civilian employees of the Utah National Guard;
2375	(d) dependents of authorized [persons] individuals in Subsections (1)(a) through (c);
2376	(e) contracted employees of the Utah National Guard while working on-site or
2377	conducting business on National Guard property; [and]
2378	(f) sponsored [persons] individuals when personally accompanied by a sponsor who is
2379	an eligible patron as described in this section; and
2380	(g) other personnel or organizations at the discretion of the adjutant general.
2381	(2) MWR facilities include any of the following, even if the shop, building, or parcel is

2382	only partially used for MWR purposes:
2383	(a) post or base exchange;
2384	(b) canteen or service club;
2385	(c) barber shop;
2386	(d) fitness center;
2387	(e) snack bar;
2388	(f) restaurant;
2389	(g) billeting operation;
2390	(h) laundry facility;
2391	(i) range;
2392	(j) swimming pool; or
2393	(k) any other shop, building, or parcel that meets the definition of MWR facility in
2394	Section [39-9-102] <u>39A-7-102</u> .
2395	(3) The adjutant general shall, by regulation, determine specific use priorities when
2396	MWR facilities cannot accommodate all authorized patrons.
2397	Section 122. Section 39A-7-104, which is renumbered from Section 39-9-104 is
2398	renumbered and amended to read:
2399	[39-9-104]. <u>39A-7-104.</u> Administration of MWR Program.
2400	(1) The adjutant general may authorize the program to:
2401	(a) contract for goods and services;
2402	(b) hire employees; and
2403	(c) receive funds from patrons in exchange for goods or services provided within the
2404	program.
2405	(2) The adjutant general is authorized to establish MWR facilities throughout the state
2406	that, in the adjutant general's judgment, are necessary for military purposes.
2407	(3) The adjutant general shall promulgate regulations to govern the operation of the
2408	program.
2409	(4) The adjutant general may appoint a director for the program.
2410	(5) The adjutant general shall establish a system of bookkeeping, accounting, and
2411	auditing procedures for the proper handling of funds derived from the program's operations.
2412	(6) The program may use State Armory Board-controlled properties, provided:

2413	(a) the use incurs no more than nominal cost to the state; or
2414	(b) any costs to the state above nominal associated with the use are reimbursed to the
2415	state by the program.
2416	Section 123. Section 39A-7-105, which is renumbered from Section 39-9-105 is
2417	renumbered and amended to read:
2418	[39-9-105]. <u>39A-7-105.</u> National Guard MWR Fund Proceeds.
2419	(1) There is created an expendable special revenue fund known as the National Guard
2420	MWR Fund.
2421	(2) The fund shall consist of:
2422	(a) all proceeds collected under this chapter;
2423	(b) donations made to the National Guard MWR Program; and
2424	(c) any appropriations to the program by the Legislature.
2425	(3) Money from the fund shall be used for the enhancement of morale, welfare, and
2426	recreation, and the administration of the program under this chapter, including paying the costs
2427	of:
2428	(a) salaries of program employees;
2429	(b) public liability insurance, when needed;
2430	(c) the adjutant general's Outreach Program;
2431	(d) the State Partnership Program; and
2432	(e) any other expenses considered necessary in furtherance of the program by the
2433	adjutant general or the adjutant general's designee.
2434	Section 124. Section 39A-8-101, which is renumbered from Section 39-10-101 is
2435	renumbered and amended to read:
2436	CHAPTER 8. WEST TRAVERSE SENTINEL LANDSCAPE ACT
2437	[39-10-101]. <u>39A-8-101.</u> West Traverse Sentinel Landscape Act
2438	Purpose.
2439	[(1) This chapter is known as "West Traverse Sentinel Landscape Act."]
2440	[(2)] The purpose of this act is to:
2441	[(a)] (1) identify lands adjacent to Camp Williams that are important to the nation's
2442	defense mission;
2443	[(b)] (2) preserve and enhance the relationship between adjacent landowners and Camp

2444	Williams; and
2445	[(c)] (3) create incentives to encourage adjacent landowners to adopt land management
2446	practices consistent with Camp Williams's military mission.
2447	Section 125. Section 39A-8-102, which is renumbered from Section 39-10-102 is
2448	renumbered and amended to read:
2449	[39-10-102]. <u>39A-8-102.</u> Area designation West Traverse Sentinel
2450	Landscape.
2451	(1) The compatible use buffer area surrounding Camp Williams shall be known as the
2452	West Traverse Sentinel Landscape.
2453	(2) Lands designated by the committee established in Section [39-10-103] <u>39A-8-103</u>
2454	and lands acquired or encumbered through the Camp Williams Army Compatible Use Buffer
2455	(ACUB) Program shall be added to the buffer area.
2456	Section 126. Section 39A-8-103, which is renumbered from Section 39-10-103 is
2457	renumbered and amended to read:
2458	[39-10-103]. <u>39A-8-103.</u> West Traverse Sentinel Landscape Coordinating
2459	Committee.
2460	(1) There is created the West Traverse Sentinel Landscape Coordinating Committee.
2461	(2) The committee shall be composed of the following members:
2462	(a) the adjutant general of the Utah National Guard or another senior officer appointed
2463	by the adjutant general;
2464	(b) the executive director of the Department of Veterans and Military Affairs or the
2465	director's designee;
2466	(c) a landowner, selected by the chair, who owns property within the sentinel landscape
2467	area;
2468	(d) a representative from a land conservation organization in Utah recognized as
2469	accredited under the standards and practices of the Land Trust Accreditation Commission;
2470	(e) a representative from each municipality adjacent to Camp Williams, at the
2471	discretion of the municipality;
2472	(f) one representative each from Salt Lake, Utah, and Tooele counties, at the discretion
2473	of the county governing body;
2474	(g) a representative from a nongovernmental land management organization; and

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- 2475 (h) one member selected from a state agency that participates in land management activities.

 2476 (activities)
- 2477 (3) Committee members shall be selected and serve in accordance with this Subsection 2478 (3).
 - (a) The committee member representing Subsection (2)(c) shall be selected by the chair from a list of nominees presented by local officials.
 - (b) The committee members representing Subsections (2)(d) and (g) shall be invited to participate by the chair with the approval of a majority of the committee.
 - (c) Each incorporated municipality bordering Camp Williams shall, at its discretion no later than July 1 of each year, provide the chair with the name of the individual who will represent the municipality on the committee, as provided in Subsection (2)(e). If the municipality declines to be represented on the committee, it shall send a letter to the chair on the municipality's letterhead stating that no individual will be appointed.
 - (d) If a county, as provided in Subsection (2)(f), declines to be represented on the committee, it shall send a letter to the chair on the county's letterhead not later than July 1 of each year stating that no individual will be appointed.
 - (e) The committee chair shall request the appointment of members representing Subsection (2)(h) from:
 - (i) the governor if the request is for a member from a state agency; or
 - (ii) the mayor or governing body of a local government entity if the request is for a member from a local government agency.
 - (4) The adjutant general or his appointee shall serve as chair of the committee.
 - (5) The committee shall meet at the call of the chair, but not less than twice each calendar year.
 - (6) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service but may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
 - (a) Section 63A-3-106;
- 2502 (b) Section 63A-3-107; and
- 2503 (c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and 2504 63A-3-107.
- 2505 (7) The Utah National Guard shall provide staff support for the committee.

2506	Section 127. Section 39A-8-104 , which is renumbered from Section 39-10-104 is
2507	renumbered and amended to read:
2508	[39-10-104]. <u>39A-8-104.</u> Committee responsibilities.
2509	(1) The committee shall:
2510	(a) identify lands to be included in the designated sentinel landscape;
2511	(b) develop strategies and recommendations to encourage landowners within the
2512	sentinel landscape to voluntarily participate in and begin or continue land uses compatible with
2513	Camp Williams's military mission; and
2514	(c) publish any policies and procedures as administrative rules in accordance with Title
2515	63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
2516	(2) In designating sentinel lands, the coordinating committee shall include all working
2517	or natural lands that the coordinating committee believes contribute to the long-term
2518	sustainability of the military missions conducted at Camp Williams.
2519	(3) The committee shall determine the appropriate level of state resources required to
2520	adequately protect Camp Williams's military mission and may apply for grants from the LeRay
2521	McAllister Critical Lands Conservation Program to aid in securing those resources.
2522	(4) In determining lands to designate, the coordinating committee shall seek input
2523	from:
2524	(a) the director of the Department of Defense Readiness and Environmental Protection
2525	Integration Program; and
2526	(b) the director of the National Guard Bureau Army Compatible Use Buffer Program,
2527	as authorized under 10 U.S.C. Sec. 2684(a).
2528	(5) The committee shall provide a written report of its activities if state funds are
2529	expended during the previous calendar year no later than July 31 annually to:
2530	(a) the governor;
2531	(b) the Government Operations Interim Committee; and
2532	(c) the Executive Appropriations Committee.
2533	Section 128. Section 39A-8-105 , which is renumbered from Section 39-10-105 is
2534	renumbered and amended to read:
2535	[39-10-105]. <u>39A-8-105.</u> West Traverse Sentinel Landscape Fund.
2536	(1) As used in this section:

2537	(a) "Committee" means the West Traverse Sentinel Landscape Coordinating
2538	Committee created in Section [39-10-103] <u>39A-8-103</u> .
2539	(b) "Fund" means the West Traverse Sentinel Landscape Fund.
2540	(2) There is created a restricted account within the General Fund known as the West
2541	Traverse Sentinel Landscape Fund.
2542	(3) The fund shall consist of:
2543	(a) appropriations from the Legislature; and
2544	(b) grants or donations from other public or private sources.
2545	(4) The fund shall be administered by the Utah National Guard and the committee.
2546	(5) The purpose of the fund shall be to provide:
2547	(a) matching funds for established federal funding programs concerning sentinel
2548	landscapes;
2549	(b) matching funds for local and private funding programs that assist with sentinel
2550	landscape designations;
2551	(c) incentives for landowners who voluntarily participate in land management practices
2552	that are consistent with Camp Williams's military missions;
2553	(d) sentinel landscape monitoring, community outreach, and education;
2554	(e) costs associated with due diligence and administration of purchasing land and
2555	easements; and
2556	(f) administrative costs as approved by the Utah National Guard and the committee.
2557	(6) The committee may make an appropriation request through the Utah National
2558	Guard to the Legislature for necessary funds to carry out the committee's purpose.
2559	(7) Upon appropriation, funds may only be used for landscapes that qualify under:
2560	(a) the Army Compatible Use Buffer Program guidelines or similar regulations as a
2561	federal program whose purpose is to secure landscapes that serve to buffer military
2562	installations;
2563	(b) Internal Revenue Code guidelines in 26 U.S.C. Sec. 170(h); or
2564	(c) local municipal or county guidelines established through the committee and
2565	consistent with Camp Williams's military mission.
2566	Section 129. Section 53-2a-603 is amended to read:
2567	53-2a-603. State Disaster Recovery Restricted Account.

2568	(1) (a) There is created a restricted account in the General Fund known as the "State
2569	Disaster Recovery Restricted Account."
2570	(b) The disaster recovery account consists of:
2571	(i) money deposited into the disaster recovery account in accordance with Section
2572	63J-1-314;
2573	(ii) money appropriated to the disaster recovery account by the Legislature; and
2574	(iii) any other public or private money received by the division that is:
2575	(A) given to the division for purposes consistent with this section; and
2576	(B) deposited into the disaster recovery account at the request of:
2577	(I) the division; or
2578	(II) the person or entity giving the money.
2579	(c) The Division of Finance shall deposit interest or other earnings derived from
2580	investment of account money into the General Fund.
2581	(2) Subject to being appropriated by the Legislature, money in the disaster recovery
2582	account may only be expended or committed to be expended as follows:
2583	(a) (i) subject to Section 53-2a-606, in any fiscal year the division may expend or
2584	commit to expend an amount that does not exceed \$500,000, in accordance with Section
2585	53-2a-604, to fund costs to the state of emergency disaster services in response to a declared
2586	disaster;
2587	(ii) subject to Section 53-2a-606, in any fiscal year the division may expend or commit
2588	to expend an amount that exceeds \$500,000, but does not exceed \$3,000,000, in accordance
2589	with Section 53-2a-604, to fund costs to the state of emergency disaster services in response to
2590	a declared disaster if the division:
2591	(A) before making the expenditure or commitment to expend, obtains approval for the
2592	expenditure or commitment to expend from the governor;
2593	(B) subject to Subsection (5), provides written notice of the expenditure or
2594	commitment to expend to the speaker of the House of Representatives, the president of the
2595	Senate, the Division of Finance, the Executive Offices and Criminal Justice Appropriations
2596	Subcommittee, the Legislative Management Committee, and the Office of the Legislative
2597	Fiscal Analyst no later than 72 hours after making the expenditure or commitment to expend;
2598	and

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2599 (C)	makes the report	required b	v Subsection	53-	2a-606	(2):

- (iii) subject to Section 53-2a-606, in any fiscal year the division may expend or commit to expend an amount that exceeds \$3,000,000, but does not exceed \$5,000,000, in accordance with Section 53-2a-604, to fund costs to the state of emergency disaster services in response to a declared disaster if, before making the expenditure or commitment to expend, the division:
- (A) obtains approval for the expenditure or commitment to expend from the governor; and
- (B) submits the expenditure or commitment to expend to the Executive Appropriations Committee in accordance with Subsection 53-2a-606(3); and
- (iv) in any fiscal year the division may expend or commit to expend an amount that does not exceed \$150,000 to fund expenses incurred by the National Guard if:
- (A) in accordance with Section [39-1-5] 39A-3-103, the governor orders into active service the National Guard in response to a declared disaster; and
- (B) the money is not used for expenses that qualify for payment as emergency disaster services;
- (b) money not described in Subsections (2)(a)(i), (ii), and (iii) may be expended or committed to be expended to fund costs to the state directly related to a declared disaster that are not costs related to:
 - (i) emergency disaster services;
 - (ii) emergency preparedness; or
- (iii) notwithstanding whether a county participates in the Wildland Fire Suppression Fund created in Section 65A-8-204, any fire suppression or presuppression costs that may be paid for from the Wildland Fire Suppression Fund if the county participates in the Wildland Fire Suppression Fund;
- 2623 (c) to fund the Local Government Emergency Response Loan Fund created in Section 53-2a-607;
 - (d) the division may provide advanced funding from the disaster recovery account to recognized agents of the state when:
- 2627 (i) Utah has agreed, through the division, to enact the Emergency Management
 2628 Assistance Compact with another member state that has requested assistance during a declared
 2629 disaster;

2630	(ii) Utah agrees to provide resources to the requesting member state;
2631	(iii) the agent of the state who represents the requested resource has no other funding
2632	source available at the time of the Emergency Management Assistance Compact request; and
2633	(iv) the disaster recovery account has a balance of funds available to be utilized while
2634	maintaining a minimum balance of \$10,000,000;
2635	(e) the division may expend up to \$3,200,000 during fiscal year 2019 to fund
2636	operational costs incurred by the division during fiscal year 2019; and
2637	(f) to fund up to \$500,000 for the governor's emergency appropriations described in
2638	Subsection 63J-1-217(4).
2639	(3) All funding provided in advance to an agent of the state and subsequently
2640	reimbursed shall be credited to the account.
2641	(4) The state treasurer shall invest money in the disaster recovery account according to
2642	Title 51, Chapter 7, State Money Management Act.
2643	(5) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (1) and (2), the money in the disaster
2644	recovery account may not be diverted, appropriated, expended, or committed to be expended
2645	for a purpose that is not listed in this section.
2646	(b) Notwithstanding Section 63J-1-410, the Legislature may not appropriate money
2647	from the disaster recovery account to eliminate or otherwise reduce an operating deficit if the
2648	money appropriated from the disaster recovery account is expended or committed to be
2649	expended for a purpose other than one listed in this section.
2650	(c) The Legislature may not amend the purposes for which money in the disaster
2651	recovery account may be expended or committed to be expended except by the affirmative vote
2652	of two-thirds of all the members elected to each house.
2653	(6) The division:
2654	(a) shall provide the notice required by Subsection (2)(a)(ii) using the best available
2655	method under the circumstances as determined by the division; and
2656	(b) may provide the notice required by Subsection (2)(a)(ii) in electronic format.
2657	Section 130. Section 59-12-104 is amended to read:
2658	59-12-104. Exemptions.
2659	Exemptions from the taxes imposed by this chapter are as follows:

(1) sales of aviation fuel, motor fuel, and special fuel subject to a Utah state excise tax

2001	under Chapter 15, Motor and Special Fuel 1ax Act,
2662	(2) subject to Section 59-12-104.6, sales to the state, its institutions, and its political
2663	subdivisions; however, this exemption does not apply to sales of:
2664	(a) construction materials except:
2665	(i) construction materials purchased by or on behalf of institutions of the public
2666	education system as defined in Utah Constitution, Article X, Section 2, provided the
2667	construction materials are clearly identified and segregated and installed or converted to real
2668	property which is owned by institutions of the public education system; and
2669	(ii) construction materials purchased by the state, its institutions, or its political
2670	subdivisions which are installed or converted to real property by employees of the state, its
2671	institutions, or its political subdivisions; or
2672	(b) tangible personal property in connection with the construction, operation,
2673	maintenance, repair, or replacement of a project, as defined in Section 11-13-103, or facilities
2674	providing additional project capacity, as defined in Section 11-13-103;
2675	(3) (a) sales of an item described in Subsection (3)(b) from a vending machine if:
2676	(i) the proceeds of each sale do not exceed \$1; and
2677	(ii) the seller or operator of the vending machine reports an amount equal to 150% of
2678	the cost of the item described in Subsection (3)(b) as goods consumed; and
2679	(b) Subsection (3)(a) applies to:
2680	(i) food and food ingredients; or
2681	(ii) prepared food;
2682	(4) (a) sales of the following to a commercial airline carrier for in-flight consumption
2683	(i) alcoholic beverages;
2684	(ii) food and food ingredients; or
2685	(iii) prepared food;
2686	(b) sales of tangible personal property or a product transferred electronically:
2687	(i) to a passenger;
2688	(ii) by a commercial airline carrier; and
2689	(iii) during a flight for in-flight consumption or in-flight use by the passenger; or
2690	(c) services related to Subsection (4)(a) or (b);
2691	(5) sales of parts and equipment for installation in an aircraft operated by a common

2692 carrier in interstate or foreign commerce;

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- (6) sales of commercials, motion picture films, prerecorded audio program tapes or records, and prerecorded video tapes by a producer, distributor, or studio to a motion picture exhibitor, distributor, or commercial television or radio broadcaster;
- (7) (a) except as provided in Subsection (85) and subject to Subsection (7)(b), sales of cleaning or washing of tangible personal property if the cleaning or washing of the tangible personal property is not assisted cleaning or washing of tangible personal property;
- (b) if a seller that sells at the same business location assisted cleaning or washing of tangible personal property and cleaning or washing of tangible personal property that is not assisted cleaning or washing of tangible personal property, the exemption described in Subsection (7)(a) applies if the seller separately accounts for the sales of the assisted cleaning or washing of the tangible personal property; and
- (c) for purposes of Subsection (7)(b) and in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may make rules:
- (i) governing the circumstances under which sales are at the same business location; and
- (ii) establishing the procedures and requirements for a seller to separately account for sales of assisted cleaning or washing of tangible personal property;
- (8) sales made to or by religious or charitable institutions in the conduct of their regular religious or charitable functions and activities, if the requirements of Section 59-12-104.1 are fulfilled;
- (9) sales of a vehicle of a type required to be registered under the motor vehicle laws of this state if the vehicle is:
 - (a) not registered in this state; and
 - (b) (i) not used in this state; or
- 2717 (ii) used in this state:
- 2718 (A) if the vehicle is not used to conduct business, for a time period that does not exceed the longer of:
- 2720 (I) 30 days in any calendar year; or
- 2721 (II) the time period necessary to transport the vehicle to the borders of this state; or
- 2722 (B) if the vehicle is used to conduct business, for the time period necessary to transport

2723	the vehicle to the borders of this state;
2724	(10) (a) amounts paid for an item described in Subsection (10)(b) if:
2725	(i) the item is intended for human use; and
2726	(ii) (A) a prescription was issued for the item; or
2727	(B) the item was purchased by a hospital or other medical facility; and
2728	(b) (i) Subsection (10)(a) applies to:
2729	(A) a drug;
2730	(B) a syringe; or
2731	(C) a stoma supply; and
2732	(ii) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
2733	commission may by rule define the terms:
2734	(A) "syringe"; or
2735	(B) "stoma supply";
2736	(11) purchases or leases exempt under Section 19-12-201;
2737	(12) (a) sales of an item described in Subsection (12)(c) served by:
2738	(i) the following if the item described in Subsection (12)(c) is not available to the
2739	general public:
2740	(A) a church; or
2741	(B) a charitable institution; or
2742	(ii) an institution of higher education if:
2743	(A) the item described in Subsection (12)(c) is not available to the general public; or
2744	(B) the item described in Subsection (12)(c) is prepaid as part of a student meal plan
2745	offered by the institution of higher education; or
2746	(b) sales of an item described in Subsection (12)(c) provided for a patient by:
2747	(i) a medical facility; or
2748	(ii) a nursing facility; and
2749	(c) Subsections (12)(a) and (b) apply to:
2750	(i) food and food ingredients;
2751	(ii) prepared food; or
2752	(iii) alcoholic beverages;
2753	(13) (a) except as provided in Subsection (13)(b), the sale of tangible personal property

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or a product transferred electronically by a person:

- (i) regardless of the number of transactions involving the sale of that tangible personal property or product transferred electronically by that person; and
- (ii) not regularly engaged in the business of selling that type of tangible personal property or product transferred electronically;
 - (b) this Subsection (13) does not apply if:
- (i) the sale is one of a series of sales of a character to indicate that the person is regularly engaged in the business of selling that type of tangible personal property or product transferred electronically;
- (ii) the person holds that person out as regularly engaged in the business of selling that type of tangible personal property or product transferred electronically;
- (iii) the person sells an item of tangible personal property or product transferred electronically that the person purchased as a sale that is exempt under Subsection (25); or
- (iv) the sale is of a vehicle or vessel required to be titled or registered under the laws of this state in which case the tax is based upon:
- (A) the bill of sale or other written evidence of value of the vehicle or vessel being sold; or
- (B) in the absence of a bill of sale or other written evidence of value, the fair market value of the vehicle or vessel being sold at the time of the sale as determined by the commission; and
- (c) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission shall make rules establishing the circumstances under which:
- (i) a person is regularly engaged in the business of selling a type of tangible personal property or product transferred electronically;
- (ii) a sale of tangible personal property or a product transferred electronically is one of a series of sales of a character to indicate that a person is regularly engaged in the business of selling that type of tangible personal property or product transferred electronically; or
- (iii) a person holds that person out as regularly engaged in the business of selling a type of tangible personal property or product transferred electronically;
- (14) amounts paid or charged for a purchase or lease of machinery, equipment, normal operating repair or replacement parts, or materials, except for office equipment or office

2785	supplies, by:
2786	(a) a manufacturing facility that:
2787	(i) is located in the state; and
2788	(ii) uses or consumes the machinery, equipment, normal operating repair or
2789	replacement parts, or materials:
2790	(A) in the manufacturing process to manufacture an item sold as tangible personal
2791	property, as the commission may define that phrase in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
2792	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act; or
2793	(B) for a scrap recycler, to process an item sold as tangible personal property, as the
2794	commission may define that phrase in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
2795	Administrative Rulemaking Act;
2796	(b) an establishment, as the commission defines that term in accordance with Title
2797	63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, that:
2798	(i) is described in NAICS Subsector 212, Mining (except Oil and Gas), or NAICS
2799	Code 213113, Support Activities for Coal Mining, 213114, Support Activities for Metal
2800	Mining, or 213115, Support Activities for Nonmetallic Minerals (except Fuels) Mining, of the
2801	2002 North American Industry Classification System of the federal Executive Office of the
2802	President, Office of Management and Budget;
2803	(ii) is located in the state; and
2804	(iii) uses or consumes the machinery, equipment, normal operating repair or
2805	replacement parts, or materials in:
2806	(A) the production process to produce an item sold as tangible personal property, as the
2807	commission may define that phrase in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
2808	Administrative Rulemaking Act;
2809	(B) research and development, as the commission may define that phrase in accordance
2810	with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
2811	(C) transporting, storing, or managing tailings, overburden, or similar waste materials
2812	produced from mining;
2813	(D) developing or maintaining a road, tunnel, excavation, or similar feature used in
2814	mining; or
2815	(E) preventing, controlling, or reducing dust or other pollutants from mining; or

2816	(c) an establishment, as the commission defines that term in accordance with Title 63G,
2817	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, that:
2818	(i) is described in NAICS Code 518112, Web Search Portals, of the 2002 North
2819	American Industry Classification System of the federal Executive Office of the President,
2820	Office of Management and Budget;
2821	(ii) is located in the state; and
2822	(iii) uses or consumes the machinery, equipment, normal operating repair or
2823	replacement parts, or materials in the operation of the web search portal;
2824	(15) (a) sales of the following if the requirements of Subsection (15)(b) are met:
2825	(i) tooling;
2826	(ii) special tooling;
2827	(iii) support equipment;
2828	(iv) special test equipment; or
2829	(v) parts used in the repairs or renovations of tooling or equipment described in
2830	Subsections (15)(a)(i) through (iv); and
2831	(b) sales of tooling, equipment, or parts described in Subsection (15)(a) are exempt if:
2832	(i) the tooling, equipment, or parts are used or consumed exclusively in the
2833	performance of any aerospace or electronics industry contract with the United States
2834	government or any subcontract under that contract; and
2835	(ii) under the terms of the contract or subcontract described in Subsection (15)(b)(i),
2836	title to the tooling, equipment, or parts is vested in the United States government as evidenced
2837	by:
2838	(A) a government identification tag placed on the tooling, equipment, or parts; or
2839	(B) listing on a government-approved property record if placing a government
2840	identification tag on the tooling, equipment, or parts is impractical;
2841	(16) sales of newspapers or newspaper subscriptions;
2842	(17) (a) except as provided in Subsection (17)(b), tangible personal property or a
2843	product transferred electronically traded in as full or part payment of the purchase price, except
2844	that for purposes of calculating sales or use tax upon vehicles not sold by a vehicle dealer,
2845	trade-ins are limited to other vehicles only, and the tax is based upon:
2846	(i) the bill of sale or other written evidence of value of the vehicle being sold and the

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2847	vehicle being traded in; or
2848	(ii) in the absence of a bill of sale or other written evidence of value, the then existing
2849	fair market value of the vehicle being sold and the vehicle being traded in, as determined by the
2850	commission; and
2851	(b) Subsection (17)(a) does not apply to the following items of tangible personal
2852	property or products transferred electronically traded in as full or part payment of the purchase
2853	price:
2854	(i) money;
2855	(ii) electricity;
2856	(iii) water;
2857	(iv) gas; or
2858	(v) steam;
2859	(18) (a) (i) except as provided in Subsection (18)(b), sales of tangible personal property
2860	or a product transferred electronically used or consumed primarily and directly in farming
2861	operations, regardless of whether the tangible personal property or product transferred
2862	electronically:
2863	(A) becomes part of real estate; or
2864	(B) is installed by a farmer, contractor, or subcontractor; or
2865	(ii) sales of parts used in the repairs or renovations of tangible personal property or a
2866	product transferred electronically if the tangible personal property or product transferred
2867	electronically is exempt under Subsection (18)(a)(i); and
2868	(b) amounts paid or charged for the following are subject to the taxes imposed by this
2869	chapter:
2870	(i) (A) subject to Subsection (18)(b)(i)(B), machinery, equipment, materials, or
2871	supplies if used in a manner that is incidental to farming; and
2872	(B) tangible personal property that is considered to be used in a manner that is
2873	incidental to farming includes:
2874	(I) hand tools; or
2875	(II) maintenance and janitorial equipment and supplies;

(ii) (A) subject to Subsection (18)(b)(ii)(B), tangible personal property or a product

transferred electronically if the tangible personal property or product transferred electronically

2878	is used in an activity other than farming; and
2879	(B) tangible personal property or a product transferred electronically that is considered
2880	to be used in an activity other than farming includes:
2881	(I) office equipment and supplies; or
2882	(II) equipment and supplies used in:
2883	(Aa) the sale or distribution of farm products;
2884	(Bb) research; or
2885	(Cc) transportation; or
2886	(iii) a vehicle required to be registered by the laws of this state during the period
2887	ending two years after the date of the vehicle's purchase;
2888	(19) sales of hay;
2889	(20) exclusive sale during the harvest season of seasonal crops, seedling plants, or
2890	garden, farm, or other agricultural produce if the seasonal crops are, seedling plants are, or
2891	garden, farm, or other agricultural produce is sold by:
2892	(a) the producer of the seasonal crops, seedling plants, or garden, farm, or other
2893	agricultural produce;
2894	(b) an employee of the producer described in Subsection (20)(a); or
2895	(c) a member of the immediate family of the producer described in Subsection (20)(a);
2896	(21) purchases made using a coupon as defined in 7 U.S.C. Sec. 2012 that is issued
2897	under the Food Stamp Program, 7 U.S.C. Sec. 2011 et seq.;
2898	(22) sales of nonreturnable containers, nonreturnable labels, nonreturnable bags,
2899	nonreturnable shipping cases, and nonreturnable casings to a manufacturer, processor,
2900	wholesaler, or retailer for use in packaging tangible personal property to be sold by that
2901	manufacturer, processor, wholesaler, or retailer;
2902	(23) a product stored in the state for resale;
2903	(24) (a) purchases of a product if:
2904	(i) the product is:
2905	(A) purchased outside of this state;
2906	(B) brought into this state:
2907	(I) at any time after the purchase described in Subsection (24)(a)(i)(A); and
2908	(II) by a nonresident person who is not living or working in this state at the time of the

2909	purchase;
2910	(C) used for the personal use or enjoyment of the nonresident person described in
2911	Subsection (24)(a)(i)(B)(II) while that nonresident person is within the state; and
2912	(D) not used in conducting business in this state; and
2913	(ii) for:
2914	(A) a product other than a boat described in Subsection (24)(a)(ii)(B), the first use of
2915	the product for a purpose for which the product is designed occurs outside of this state;
2916	(B) a boat, the boat is registered outside of this state; or
2917	(C) a vehicle other than a vehicle sold to an authorized carrier, the vehicle is registered
2918	outside of this state;
2919	(b) the exemption provided for in Subsection (24)(a) does not apply to:
2920	(i) a lease or rental of a product; or
2921	(ii) a sale of a vehicle exempt under Subsection (33); and
2922	(c) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, for
2923	purposes of Subsection (24)(a), the commission may by rule define what constitutes the
2924	following:
2925	(i) conducting business in this state if that phrase has the same meaning in this
2926	Subsection (24) as in Subsection (63);
2927	(ii) the first use of a product if that phrase has the same meaning in this Subsection (24)
2928	as in Subsection (63); or
2929	(iii) a purpose for which a product is designed if that phrase has the same meaning in
2930	this Subsection (24) as in Subsection (63);
2931	(25) a product purchased for resale in the regular course of business, either in its
2932	original form or as an ingredient or component part of a manufactured or compounded product
2933	(26) a product upon which a sales or use tax was paid to some other state, or one of its
2934	subdivisions, except that the state shall be paid any difference between the tax paid and the tax
2935	imposed by this part and Part 2, Local Sales and Use Tax Act, and no adjustment is allowed if
2936	the tax paid was greater than the tax imposed by this part and Part 2, Local Sales and Use Tax
2937	Act;
2938	(27) any sale of a service described in Subsections 59-12-103(1)(b), (c), and (d) to a
2939	person for use in compounding a service taxable under the subsections;

2940	(28) purchases made in accordance with the special supplemental nutrition program for
2941	women, infants, and children established in 42 U.S.C. Sec. 1786;
2942	(29) sales or leases of rolls, rollers, refractory brick, electric motors, or other
2943	replacement parts used in the furnaces, mills, or ovens of a steel mill described in SIC Code
2944	3312 of the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification Manual of the federal Executive Office of
2945	the President, Office of Management and Budget;
2946	(30) sales of a boat of a type required to be registered under Title 73, Chapter 18, State
2947	Boating Act, a boat trailer, or an outboard motor if the boat, boat trailer, or outboard motor is:
2948	(a) not registered in this state; and
2949	(b) (i) not used in this state; or
2950	(ii) used in this state:
2951	(A) if the boat, boat trailer, or outboard motor is not used to conduct business, for a
2952	time period that does not exceed the longer of:
2953	(I) 30 days in any calendar year; or
2954	(II) the time period necessary to transport the boat, boat trailer, or outboard motor to
2955	the borders of this state; or
2956	(B) if the boat, boat trailer, or outboard motor is used to conduct business, for the time
2957	period necessary to transport the boat, boat trailer, or outboard motor to the borders of this
2958	state;
2959	(31) sales of aircraft manufactured in Utah;
2960	(32) amounts paid for the purchase of telecommunications service for purposes of
2961	providing telecommunications service;
2962	(33) sales, leases, or uses of the following:
2963	(a) a vehicle by an authorized carrier; or
2964	(b) tangible personal property that is installed on a vehicle:
2965	(i) sold or leased to or used by an authorized carrier; and
2966	(ii) before the vehicle is placed in service for the first time;
2967	(34) (a) 45% of the sales price of any new manufactured home; and
2968	(b) 100% of the sales price of any used manufactured home;
2969	(35) sales relating to schools and fundraising sales;
2970	(36) sales or rentals of durable medical equipment if:

29/1	(a) a person presents a prescription for the durable medical equipment; and
2972	(b) the durable medical equipment is used for home use only;
2973	(37) (a) sales to a ski resort of electricity to operate a passenger ropeway as defined in
2974	Section 72-11-102; and
2975	(b) the commission shall by rule determine the method for calculating sales exempt
2976	under Subsection (37)(a) that are not separately metered and accounted for in utility billings;
2977	(38) sales to a ski resort of:
2978	(a) snowmaking equipment;
2979	(b) ski slope grooming equipment;
2980	(c) passenger ropeways as defined in Section 72-11-102; or
2981	(d) parts used in the repairs or renovations of equipment or passenger ropeways
2982	described in Subsections (38)(a) through (c);
2983	(39) subject to Subsection 59-12-103(2)(j), sales of natural gas, electricity, heat, coal,
2984	fuel oil, or other fuels for industrial use;
2985	(40) (a) subject to Subsection (40)(b), sales or rentals of the right to use or operate for
2986	amusement, entertainment, or recreation an unassisted amusement device as defined in Section
2987	59-12-102;
2988	(b) if a seller that sells or rents at the same business location the right to use or operate
2989	for amusement, entertainment, or recreation one or more unassisted amusement devices and
2990	one or more assisted amusement devices, the exemption described in Subsection (40)(a)
2991	applies if the seller separately accounts for the sales or rentals of the right to use or operate for
2992	amusement, entertainment, or recreation for the assisted amusement devices; and
2993	(c) for purposes of Subsection (40)(b) and in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
2994	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may make rules:
2995	(i) governing the circumstances under which sales are at the same business location;
2996	and
2997	(ii) establishing the procedures and requirements for a seller to separately account for
2998	the sales or rentals of the right to use or operate for amusement, entertainment, or recreation for
2999	assisted amusement devices;
3000	(41) (a) sales of photocopies by:
3001	(i) a governmental entity; or

3002	(11) an entity within the state system of public education, including:
3003	(A) a school; or
3004	(B) the State Board of Education; or
3005	(b) sales of publications by a governmental entity;
3006	(42) amounts paid for admission to an athletic event at an institution of higher
3007	education that is subject to the provisions of Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972,
3008	20 U.S.C. Sec. 1681 et seq.;
3009	(43) (a) sales made to or by:
3010	(i) an area agency on aging; or
3011	(ii) a senior citizen center owned by a county, city, or town; or
3012	(b) sales made by a senior citizen center that contracts with an area agency on aging;
3013	(44) sales or leases of semiconductor fabricating, processing, research, or development
3014	materials regardless of whether the semiconductor fabricating, processing, research, or
3015	development materials:
3016	(a) actually come into contact with a semiconductor; or
3017	(b) ultimately become incorporated into real property;
3018	(45) an amount paid by or charged to a purchaser for accommodations and services
3019	described in Subsection 59-12-103(1)(i) to the extent the amount is exempt under Section
3020	59-12-104.2;
3021	(46) the lease or use of a vehicle issued a temporary sports event registration certificate
3022	in accordance with Section 41-3-306 for the event period specified on the temporary sports
3023	event registration certificate;
3024	(47) (a) sales or uses of electricity, if the sales or uses are made under a retail tariff
3025	adopted by the Public Service Commission only for purchase of electricity produced from a
3026	new alternative energy source built after January 1, 2016, as designated in the tariff by the
3027	Public Service Commission; and
3028	(b) for a residential use customer only, the exemption under Subsection (47)(a) applies
3029	only to the portion of the tariff rate a customer pays under the tariff described in Subsection
3030	(47)(a) that exceeds the tariff rate under the tariff described in Subsection (47)(a) that the
3031	customer would have paid absent the tariff;
3032	(48) sales or rentals of mobility enhancing equipment if a person presents a

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3033	prescription for the mobility enhancing equipment;
3034	(49) sales of water in a:
3035	(a) pipe;
3036	(b) conduit;
3037	(c) ditch; or
3038	(d) reservoir;
3039	(50) sales of currency or coins that constitute legal tender of a state, the United States,
3040	or a foreign nation;
3041	(51) (a) sales of an item described in Subsection (51)(b) if the item:
3042	(i) does not constitute legal tender of a state, the United States, or a foreign nation; and
3043	(ii) has a gold, silver, or platinum content of 50% or more; and
3044	(b) Subsection (51)(a) applies to a gold, silver, or platinum:
3045	(i) ingot;
3046	(ii) bar;
3047	(iii) medallion; or
3048	(iv) decorative coin;
3049	(52) amounts paid on a sale-leaseback transaction;
3050	(53) sales of a prosthetic device:
3051	(a) for use on or in a human; and
3052	(b) (i) for which a prescription is required; or
3053	(ii) if the prosthetic device is purchased by a hospital or other medical facility;
3054	(54) (a) except as provided in Subsection (54)(b), purchases, leases, or rentals of
3055	machinery or equipment by an establishment described in Subsection (54)(c) if the machinery
3056	or equipment is primarily used in the production or postproduction of the following media for
3057	commercial distribution:
3058	(i) a motion picture;
3059	(ii) a television program;
3060	(iii) a movie made for television;
3061	(iv) a music video;
3062	(v) a commercial;
3063	(vi) a documentary; or

3064	(vii) a medium similar to Subsections (54)(a)(i) through (vi) as determined by the
3065	commission by administrative rule made in accordance with Subsection (54)(d); or
3066	(b) purchases, leases, or rentals of machinery or equipment by an establishment
3067	described in Subsection (54)(c) that is used for the production or postproduction of the
3068	following are subject to the taxes imposed by this chapter:
3069	(i) a live musical performance;
3070	(ii) a live news program; or
3071	(iii) a live sporting event;
3072	(c) the following establishments listed in the 1997 North American Industry
3073	Classification System of the federal Executive Office of the President, Office of Management
3074	and Budget, apply to Subsections (54)(a) and (b):
3075	(i) NAICS Code 512110; or
3076	(ii) NAICS Code 51219; and
3077	(d) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
3078	commission may by rule:
3079	(i) prescribe what constitutes a medium similar to Subsections (54)(a)(i) through (vi);
3080	or
3081	(ii) define:
3082	(A) "commercial distribution";
3083	(B) "live musical performance";
3084	(C) "live news program"; or
3085	(D) "live sporting event";
3086	(55) (a) leases of seven or more years or purchases made on or after July 1, 2004, but
3087	on or before June 30, 2027, of tangible personal property that:
3088	(i) is leased or purchased for or by a facility that:
3089	(A) is an alternative energy electricity production facility;
3090	(B) is located in the state; and
3091	(C) (I) becomes operational on or after July 1, 2004; or
3092	(II) has its generation capacity increased by one or more megawatts on or after July 1,
3093	2004, as a result of the use of the tangible personal property;
3094	(ii) has an economic life of five or more years; and

3095	(iii) is used to make the facility or the increase in capacity of the facility described in
3096	Subsection (55)(a)(i) operational up to the point of interconnection with an existing
3097	transmission grid including:
3098	(A) a wind turbine;
3099	(B) generating equipment;
3100	(C) a control and monitoring system;
3101	(D) a power line;
3102	(E) substation equipment;
3103	(F) lighting;
3104	(G) fencing;
3105	(H) pipes; or
3106	(I) other equipment used for locating a power line or pole; and
3107	(b) this Subsection (55) does not apply to:
3108	(i) tangible personal property used in construction of:
3109	(A) a new alternative energy electricity production facility; or
3110	(B) the increase in the capacity of an alternative energy electricity production facility;
3111	(ii) contracted services required for construction and routine maintenance activities;
3112	and
3113	(iii) unless the tangible personal property is used or acquired for an increase in capacity
3114	of the facility described in Subsection (55)(a)(i)(C)(II), tangible personal property used or
3115	acquired after:
3116	(A) the alternative energy electricity production facility described in Subsection
3117	(55)(a)(i) is operational as described in Subsection (55)(a)(iii); or
3118	(B) the increased capacity described in Subsection (55)(a)(i) is operational as described
3119	in Subsection (55)(a)(iii);
3120	(56) (a) leases of seven or more years or purchases made on or after July 1, 2004, but
3121	on or before June 30, 2027, of tangible personal property that:
3122	(i) is leased or purchased for or by a facility that:
3123	(A) is a waste energy production facility;
3124	(B) is located in the state; and
3125	(C) (I) becomes operational on or after July 1, 2004; or

3126	(II) has its generation capacity increased by one or more megawatts on or after July 1,
3127	2004, as a result of the use of the tangible personal property;
3128	(ii) has an economic life of five or more years; and
3129	(iii) is used to make the facility or the increase in capacity of the facility described in
3130	Subsection (56)(a)(i) operational up to the point of interconnection with an existing
3131	transmission grid including:
3132	(A) generating equipment;
3133	(B) a control and monitoring system;
3134	(C) a power line;
3135	(D) substation equipment;
3136	(E) lighting;
3137	(F) fencing;
3138	(G) pipes; or
3139	(H) other equipment used for locating a power line or pole; and
3140	(b) this Subsection (56) does not apply to:
3141	(i) tangible personal property used in construction of:
3142	(A) a new waste energy facility; or
3143	(B) the increase in the capacity of a waste energy facility;
3144	(ii) contracted services required for construction and routine maintenance activities;
3145	and
3146	(iii) unless the tangible personal property is used or acquired for an increase in capacity
3147	described in Subsection (56)(a)(i)(C)(II), tangible personal property used or acquired after:
3148	(A) the waste energy facility described in Subsection (56)(a)(i) is operational as
3149	described in Subsection (56)(a)(iii); or
3150	(B) the increased capacity described in Subsection (56)(a)(i) is operational as described
3151	in Subsection (56)(a)(iii);
3152	(57) (a) leases of five or more years or purchases made on or after July 1, 2004, but on
3153	or before June 30, 2027, of tangible personal property that:
3154	(i) is leased or purchased for or by a facility that:
3155	(A) is located in the state;
3156	(B) produces fuel from alternative energy, including:

315/	(1) methanol; or
3158	(II) ethanol; and
3159	(C) (I) becomes operational on or after July 1, 2004; or
3160	(II) has its capacity to produce fuel increase by 25% or more on or after July 1, 2004, as
3161	a result of the installation of the tangible personal property;
3162	(ii) has an economic life of five or more years; and
3163	(iii) is installed on the facility described in Subsection (57)(a)(i);
3164	(b) this Subsection (57) does not apply to:
3165	(i) tangible personal property used in construction of:
3166	(A) a new facility described in Subsection (57)(a)(i); or
3167	(B) the increase in capacity of the facility described in Subsection (57)(a)(i); or
3168	(ii) contracted services required for construction and routine maintenance activities;
3169	and
3170	(iii) unless the tangible personal property is used or acquired for an increase in capacity
3171	described in Subsection (57)(a)(i)(C)(II), tangible personal property used or acquired after:
3172	(A) the facility described in Subsection (57)(a)(i) is operational; or
3173	(B) the increased capacity described in Subsection (57)(a)(i) is operational;
3174	(58) (a) subject to Subsection (58)(b), sales of tangible personal property or a product
3175	transferred electronically to a person within this state if that tangible personal property or
3176	product transferred electronically is subsequently shipped outside the state and incorporated
3177	pursuant to contract into and becomes a part of real property located outside of this state; and
3178	(b) the exemption under Subsection (58)(a) is not allowed to the extent that the other
3179	state or political entity to which the tangible personal property is shipped imposes a sales, use,
3180	gross receipts, or other similar transaction excise tax on the transaction against which the other
3181	state or political entity allows a credit for sales and use taxes imposed by this chapter;
3182	(59) purchases:
3183	(a) of one or more of the following items in printed or electronic format:
3184	(i) a list containing information that includes one or more:
3185	(A) names; or
3186	(B) addresses; or
3187	(ii) a database containing information that includes one or more:

3188	(A) names; or
3189	(B) addresses; and
3190	(b) used to send direct mail;
3191	(60) redemptions or repurchases of a product by a person if that product was:
3192	(a) delivered to a pawnbroker as part of a pawn transaction; and
3193	(b) redeemed or repurchased within the time period established in a written agreement
3194	between the person and the pawnbroker for redeeming or repurchasing the product;
3195	(61) (a) purchases or leases of an item described in Subsection (61)(b) if the item:
3196	(i) is purchased or leased by, or on behalf of, a telecommunications service provider;
3197	and
3198	(ii) has a useful economic life of one or more years; and
3199	(b) the following apply to Subsection (61)(a):
3200	(i) telecommunications enabling or facilitating equipment, machinery, or software;
3201	(ii) telecommunications equipment, machinery, or software required for 911 service;
3202	(iii) telecommunications maintenance or repair equipment, machinery, or software;
3203	(iv) telecommunications switching or routing equipment, machinery, or software; or
3204	(v) telecommunications transmission equipment, machinery, or software;
3205	(62) (a) beginning on July 1, 2006, and ending on June 30, 2027, purchases of tangible
3206	personal property or a product transferred electronically that are used in the research and
3207	development of alternative energy technology; and
3208	(b) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
3209	commission may, for purposes of Subsection (62)(a), make rules defining what constitutes
3210	purchases of tangible personal property or a product transferred electronically that are used in
3211	the research and development of alternative energy technology;
3212	(63) (a) purchases of tangible personal property or a product transferred electronically
3213	if:
3214	(i) the tangible personal property or product transferred electronically is:
3215	(A) purchased outside of this state;
3216	(B) brought into this state at any time after the purchase described in Subsection
3217	(63)(a)(i)(A); and
3218	(C) used in conducting business in this state; and

3219	(ii) for:
3220	(A) tangible personal property or a product transferred electronically other than the
3221	tangible personal property described in Subsection (63)(a)(ii)(B), the first use of the property
3222	for a purpose for which the property is designed occurs outside of this state; or
3223	(B) a vehicle other than a vehicle sold to an authorized carrier, the vehicle is registered
3224	outside of this state and not required to be registered in this state under Section 41-1a-202 or
3225	73-18-9 based on residency;
3226	(b) the exemption provided for in Subsection (63)(a) does not apply to:
3227	(i) a lease or rental of tangible personal property or a product transferred electronically
3228	or
3229	(ii) a sale of a vehicle exempt under Subsection (33); and
3230	(c) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, for
3231	purposes of Subsection (63)(a), the commission may by rule define what constitutes the
3232	following:
3233	(i) conducting business in this state if that phrase has the same meaning in this
3234	Subsection (63) as in Subsection (24);
3235	(ii) the first use of tangible personal property or a product transferred electronically if
3236	that phrase has the same meaning in this Subsection (63) as in Subsection (24); or
3237	(iii) a purpose for which tangible personal property or a product transferred
3238	electronically is designed if that phrase has the same meaning in this Subsection (63) as in
3239	Subsection (24);
3240	(64) sales of disposable home medical equipment or supplies if:
3241	(a) a person presents a prescription for the disposable home medical equipment or
3242	supplies;
3243	(b) the disposable home medical equipment or supplies are used exclusively by the
3244	person to whom the prescription described in Subsection (64)(a) is issued; and
3245	(c) the disposable home medical equipment and supplies are listed as eligible for
3246	payment under:
3247	(i) Title XVIII, federal Social Security Act; or
3248	(ii) the state plan for medical assistance under Title XIX, federal Social Security Act;
3249	(65) sales:

3250	(a) to a public transit district under Title 17B, Chapter 2a, Part 8, Public Transit
3251	District Act; or
3252	(b) of tangible personal property to a subcontractor of a public transit district, if the
3253	tangible personal property is:
3254	(i) clearly identified; and
3255	(ii) installed or converted to real property owned by the public transit district;
3256	(66) sales of construction materials:
3257	(a) purchased on or after July 1, 2010;
3258	(b) purchased by, on behalf of, or for the benefit of an international airport:
3259	(i) located within a county of the first class; and
3260	(ii) that has a United States customs office on its premises; and
3261	(c) if the construction materials are:
3262	(i) clearly identified;
3263	(ii) segregated; and
3264	(iii) installed or converted to real property:
3265	(A) owned or operated by the international airport described in Subsection (66)(b); and
3266	(B) located at the international airport described in Subsection (66)(b);
3267	(67) sales of construction materials:
3268	(a) purchased on or after July 1, 2008;
3269	(b) purchased by, on behalf of, or for the benefit of a new airport:
3270	(i) located within a county of the second class; and
3271	(ii) that is owned or operated by a city in which an airline as defined in Section
3272	59-2-102 is headquartered; and
3273	(c) if the construction materials are:
3274	(i) clearly identified;
3275	(ii) segregated; and
3276	(iii) installed or converted to real property:
3277	(A) owned or operated by the new airport described in Subsection (67)(b);
3278	(B) located at the new airport described in Subsection (67)(b); and
3279	(C) as part of the construction of the new airport described in Subsection (67)(b);
3280	(68) except for the tax imposed by Subsection 59-12-103(2)(d), sales of fuel to a

3281	common carrier that is a ranroad for use in a focomotive engine;
3282	(69) purchases and sales described in Section 63H-4-111;
3283	(70) (a) sales of tangible personal property to an aircraft maintenance, repair, and
3284	overhaul provider for use in the maintenance, repair, overhaul, or refurbishment in this state of
3285	a fixed wing turbine powered aircraft if that fixed wing turbine powered aircraft's registration
3286	lists a state or country other than this state as the location of registry of the fixed wing turbine
3287	powered aircraft; or
3288	(b) sales of tangible personal property by an aircraft maintenance, repair, and overhaul
3289	provider in connection with the maintenance, repair, overhaul, or refurbishment in this state of
3290	a fixed wing turbine powered aircraft if that fixed wing turbine powered aircraft's registration
3291	lists a state or country other than this state as the location of registry of the fixed wing turbine
3292	powered aircraft;
3293	(71) subject to Section 59-12-104.4, sales of a textbook for a higher education course:
3294	(a) to a person admitted to an institution of higher education; and
3295	(b) by a seller, other than a bookstore owned by an institution of higher education, if
3296	51% or more of that seller's sales revenue for the previous calendar quarter are sales of a
3297	textbook for a higher education course;
3298	(72) a license fee or tax a municipality imposes in accordance with Subsection
3299	10-1-203(5) on a purchaser from a business for which the municipality provides an enhanced
3300	level of municipal services;
3301	(73) amounts paid or charged for construction materials used in the construction of a
3302	new or expanding life science research and development facility in the state, if the construction
3303	materials are:
3304	(a) clearly identified;
3305	(b) segregated; and
3306	(c) installed or converted to real property;
3307	(74) amounts paid or charged for:
3308	(a) a purchase or lease of machinery and equipment that:
3309	(i) are used in performing qualified research:
3310	(A) as defined in Section 41(d), Internal Revenue Code; and
3311	(B) in the state; and

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3312	(ii) have an economic life of three or more years; and
3313	(b) normal operating repair or replacement parts:
3314	(i) for the machinery and equipment described in Subsection (74)(a); and
3315	(ii) that have an economic life of three or more years;
3316	(75) a sale or lease of tangible personal property used in the preparation of prepared
3317	food if:
3318	(a) for a sale:
3319	(i) the ownership of the seller and the ownership of the purchaser are identical; and
3320	(ii) the seller or the purchaser paid a tax under this chapter on the purchase of that
3321	tangible personal property prior to making the sale; or
3322	(b) for a lease:
3323	(i) the ownership of the lessor and the ownership of the lessee are identical; and
3324	(ii) the lessor or the lessee paid a tax under this chapter on the purchase of that tangible
3325	personal property prior to making the lease;
3326	(76) (a) purchases of machinery or equipment if:
3327	(i) the purchaser is an establishment described in NAICS Subsector 713, Amusement,
3328	Gambling, and Recreation Industries, of the 2012 North American Industry Classification
3329	System of the federal Executive Office of the President, Office of Management and Budget;
3330	(ii) the machinery or equipment:
3331	(A) has an economic life of three or more years; and
3332	(B) is used by one or more persons who pay admission or user fees described in
3333	Subsection 59-12-103(1)(f) to the purchaser of the machinery and equipment; and
3334	(iii) 51% or more of the purchaser's sales revenue for the previous calendar quarter is:
3335	(A) amounts paid or charged as admission or user fees described in Subsection
3336	59-12-103(1)(f); and
3337	(B) subject to taxation under this chapter; and
3338	(b) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
3339	commission may make rules for verifying that 51% of a purchaser's sales revenue for the
3340	previous calendar quarter is:
3341	(i) amounts paid or charged as admission or user fees described in Subsection
3342	59-12-103(1)(f); and

3343	(ii) subject to taxation under this chapter;
3344	(77) purchases of a short-term lodging consumable by a business that provides
3345	accommodations and services described in Subsection 59-12-103(1)(i);
3346	(78) amounts paid or charged to access a database:
3347	(a) if the primary purpose for accessing the database is to view or retrieve information
3348	from the database; and
3349	(b) not including amounts paid or charged for a:
3350	(i) digital audio work;
3351	(ii) digital audio-visual work; or
3352	(iii) digital book;
3353	(79) amounts paid or charged for a purchase or lease made by an electronic financial
3354	payment service, of:
3355	(a) machinery and equipment that:
3356	(i) are used in the operation of the electronic financial payment service; and
3357	(ii) have an economic life of three or more years; and
3358	(b) normal operating repair or replacement parts that:
3359	(i) are used in the operation of the electronic financial payment service; and
3360	(ii) have an economic life of three or more years;
3361	(80) sales of a fuel cell as defined in Section 54-15-102;
3362	(81) amounts paid or charged for a purchase or lease of tangible personal property or a
3363	product transferred electronically if the tangible personal property or product transferred
3364	electronically:
3365	(a) is stored, used, or consumed in the state; and
3366	(b) is temporarily brought into the state from another state:
3367	(i) during a disaster period as defined in Section 53-2a-1202;
3368	(ii) by an out-of-state business as defined in Section 53-2a-1202;
3369	(iii) for a declared state disaster or emergency as defined in Section 53-2a-1202; and
3370	(iv) for disaster- or emergency-related work as defined in Section 53-2a-1202;
3371	(82) sales of goods and services at a morale, welfare, and recreation facility, as defined
3372	in Section [39-9-102] 39A-7-102, made pursuant to [Title 39, Chapter 9] Title 39A, Chapter 7,
3373	State Morale Welfare and Recreation Program:

3374	(83) amounts paid or charged for a purchase or lease of molten magnesium;
3375	(84) amounts paid or charged for a purchase or lease made by a qualifying data center
3376	or an occupant of a qualifying data center of machinery, equipment, or normal operating repair
3377	or replacement parts, if the machinery, equipment, or normal operating repair or replacement
3378	parts:
3379	(a) are used in:
3380	(i) the operation of the qualifying data center; or
3381	(ii) the occupant's operations in the qualifying data center; and
3382	(b) have an economic life of one or more years;
3383	(85) sales of cleaning or washing of a vehicle, except for cleaning or washing of a
3384	vehicle that includes cleaning or washing of the interior of the vehicle;
3385	(86) amounts paid or charged for a purchase or lease of machinery, equipment, normal
3386	operating repair or replacement parts, catalysts, chemicals, reagents, solutions, or supplies used
3387	or consumed:
3388	(a) by a refiner who owns, leases, operates, controls, or supervises a refinery as defined
3389	in Section 79-6-701 located in the state;
3390	(b) if the machinery, equipment, normal operating repair or replacement parts,
3391	catalysts, chemicals, reagents, solutions, or supplies are used or consumed in:
3392	(i) the production process to produce gasoline or diesel fuel, or at which blendstock is
3393	added to gasoline or diesel fuel;
3394	(ii) research and development;
3395	(iii) transporting, storing, or managing raw materials, work in process, finished
3396	products, and waste materials produced from refining gasoline or diesel fuel, or adding
3397	blendstock to gasoline or diesel fuel;
3398	(iv) developing or maintaining a road, tunnel, excavation, or similar feature used in
3399	refining; or
3400	(v) preventing, controlling, or reducing pollutants from refining; and
3401	(c) if the person holds a valid refiner tax exemption certification as defined in Section
3402	79-6-701;
3403	(87) amounts paid to or charged by a proprietor for accommodations and services, as

defined in Section 63H-1-205, if the proprietor is subject to the MIDA accommodations tax

3405	imposed under Section 63H-1-205;
3406	(88) amounts paid or charged for a purchase or lease of machinery, equipment, normal
3407	operating repair or replacement parts, or materials, except for office equipment or office
3408	supplies, by an establishment, as the commission defines that term in accordance with Title
3409	63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, that:
3410	(a) is described in NAICS Code 621511, Medical Laboratories, of the 2017 North
3411	American Industry Classification System of the federal Executive Office of the President,
3412	Office of Management and Budget;
3413	(b) is located in this state; and
3414	(c) uses the machinery, equipment, normal operating repair or replacement parts, or
3415	materials in the operation of the establishment; and
3416	(89) amounts paid or charged for an item exempt under Section 59-12-104.10.
3417	Section 131. Section 76-5-102.4 is amended to read:
3418	76-5-102.4. Assault against peace officer or a military servicemember in uniform
3419	Penalties.
3420	(1) As used in this section:
3421	(a) "Assault" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-5-102.
3422	(b) "Military servicemember in uniform" means:
3423	(i) a member of any branch of the United States military who is wearing a uniform as
3424	authorized by the member's branch of service; or
3425	(ii) a member of the National Guard serving as provided in Section [39-1-5 or 39-1-9]
3426	<u>39A-3-103</u> .
3427	(c) "Peace officer" means:
3428	(i) a law enforcement officer certified under Section 53-13-103;
3429	(ii) a correctional officer under Section 53-13-104;
3430	(iii) a special function officer under Section 53-13-105; or
3431	(iv) a federal officer under Section 53-13-106.
3432	(d) "Threat of violence" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-5-107.
3433	(2) A person is guilty of a class A misdemeanor, except as provided in Subsections (3)
3434	and (4), who:
3435	(a) commits an assault or threat of violence against a peace officer, with knowledge that

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- the person is a peace officer, and when the peace officer is acting within the scope of authority as a peace officer; or

 (b) commits an assault or threat of violence against a military servicemember in uniform when that servicemember is on orders and acting within the scope of authority granted to the military servicemember in uniform.

 (3) A person who violates Subsection (2) is guilty of a third degree felony if the
 - (3) A person who violates Subsection (2) is guilty of a third degree felony if the person:
 - (a) has been previously convicted of a class A misdemeanor or a felony violation of this section; or
 - (b) the person causes substantial bodily injury.
 - (4) A person who violates Subsection (2) is guilty of a second degree felony if the person uses:
 - (a) a dangerous weapon as defined in Section 76-1-601; or
 - (b) other means or force likely to produce death or serious bodily injury.
 - (5) A person who violates this section shall serve, in jail or another correctional facility, a minimum of:
 - (a) 90 consecutive days for a second offense; and
 - (b) 180 consecutive days for each subsequent offense.
 - (6) The court may suspend the imposition or execution of the sentence required under Subsection (5) if the court finds that the interests of justice would be best served by the suspension and the court makes specific findings concerning the disposition on the record.
 - (7) This section does not affect or limit any individual's constitutional right to the lawful expression of free speech, the right of assembly, or any other recognized rights secured by the Constitution or laws of Utah or by the Constitution or laws of the United States.
 - Section 132. Section **78B-20-302** is amended to read:

78B-20-302. Proceeding for temporary custody -- Order.

(1) After a deploying parent receives notice of deployment and until the deployment terminates, a court may issue a temporary order granting custodial responsibility unless prohibited by Section [39-7-105] 39A-6-105 and the Servicemembers Civil Relief Act, 50 U.S.C. Appendix Sections 521 and 522. A court may not issue a permanent order granting custodial responsibility without the consent of the deploying parent.

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3467	(2) At any time after a deploying parent receives notice of deployment, either parent
3468	may file a motion regarding custodial responsibility of a child during deployment. The motion
3469	shall be filed in a pending proceeding for custodial responsibility in a court with jurisdiction
3470	under Section 78B-20-104 or, if there is no pending proceeding in a court with jurisdiction
3471	under Section 78B-20-104, in a new action for granting custodial responsibility during
3472	deployment.
3473	Section 133. Section 78B-20-311 is amended to read:
3474	78B-20-311. Modifying or terminating grant of custodial responsibility to
3475	nonparent.
3476	(1) Except for an order under Section 78B-20-305, except as otherwise provided in
3477	Subsection (2), and consistent with Section [39-7-105] 39A-6-105 and the Servicemembers
3478	Civil Relief Act, 50 U.S.C. Appendix Sections 521 and 522, on motion of a deploying parent,
3479	other parent, or any nonparent to whom caretaking authority, decision-making authority, or
3480	limited contact has been granted, the court may modify or terminate the grant if the
3481	modification or termination is consistent with this part and it is in the best interest of the child.
3482	A modification is temporary and terminates pursuant to Part 4, Return from Deployment, after
3483	the deploying parent returns from deployment, unless the grant has been terminated before that
3484	time by court order.
3485	(2) On motion of a deploying parent, the court shall terminate a grant of limited
3486	contact.
3487	Section 134. Repealer.
3488	This bill repeals:
3489	Section 39-1-2, Militia divided into two parts.
3490	Section 39-1-4, Staff of commander in chief.
3491	Section 39-1-5, Governor may call guard into active service Authority.
3492	Section 39-1-7, Muster of unorganized militia.
3493	Section 39-1-10, Unorganized militia in service, how governed.
3494	Section 39-1-12.5, Convening authority for military court.
3495	Section 39-1-13, Adjutant general As disbursing and property officer.
3496	Section 39-1-14, Adjutant general Drawing vouchers for property damage.
3497	Section 30-1-15 Adjutant general Disposition of unserviceable property

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               Section 39-1-16, Adjutant general -- Rendering accounts.
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               Section 39-1-17, Adjutant general -- Custodian of military trophies.
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               Section 39-1-18, Director of joint staff -- Assistant adjutant general for the army --
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        Assistant adjutant general for air -- Commander, land component command -- Chief of
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        staff for air -- Officer for permanent duty as personnel officer.
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               Section 39-1-19, Clerical assistance.
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               Section 39-1-21, Adjutant general -- Salary.
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               Section 39-1-22, Caretakers.
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               Section 39-1-24. Duties of assistant adjutants general.
               Section 39-1-25, Property and fiscal officer of the United States for Utah.
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               Section 39-1-26, Assistant quartermaster-general.
               Section 39-1-28, Loss of property -- Liability.
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               Section 39-1-29, Organization of National Guard controlled by federal law.
               Section 39-1-30, Officers of National Guard -- Commissions.
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               Section 39-1-31, Commissions to officers -- Relative rank.
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               Section 39-1-32, National Guard -- Enlistment -- Qualifications -- Discharge.
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               Section 39-1-33, Noncommissioned officers.
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               Section 39-1-34, Excuse from drill -- Furloughs and leaves of absence.
               Section 39-1-35, State employees in National Guard -- Care of dependents when
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        called into service.
               Section 39-1-37, Military duties.
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               Section 39-1-38, Regulations and forms.
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               Section 39-1-38.5, Utah Manual for Military Courts to be issued -- Military court
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        jurisdiction.
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               Section 39-1-39, Orders for duty -- How served.
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               Section 39-1-41, Discharge or dismissal.
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               Section 39-1-44, Members of military courts exempt from liability.
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               Section 39-1-45, Jurisdiction presumed.
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               Section 39-1-46, Arsenal -- Military supplies -- Loss.
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               Section 39-1-52, Encampments.
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               Section 39-1-53, Military units not to leave state.
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3529	Section 39-1-54, Privilege from arrest or citation Exceptions.
3530	Section 39-1-56, Execution of a judgment imposing a fine Disposition of fines.
3531	Section 39-1-58, Vacating officer commissions Placement of officers in reserves.
3532	Section 39-1-60, Laws and regulations of United States control.
3533	Section 39-1-62, Group life insurance for members of National Guard.
3534	Section 39-2-7, Budget Annual legislative approval.
3535	Section 39-4-2, Governor to prescribe rules and regulations.
3536	Section 39-4-6, Forces of another state in fresh pursuit may make arrests.
3537	Section 39-4-13, Short title.
3538	Section 39-5-1, Power of governor to execute.
3539	Section 39-5-2, Form of compact.
3540	Section 39-5-3, Owner of property free from liability for injuries to persons or
3541	property during actual, impending, or mock attack.
3542	Section 39-6-18, Convening military court.
3543	Section 39-6-21, Military court Duties of convening authority.
3544	Section 39-6-36, Desertion or absence without leave and other offenses Time
3545	limit on trial Tolling of time limits.
3546	Section 39-6-48, Cruel and unusual punishments Use of irons.
3547	Section 39-6-57, Convening authority Approval of findings and sentence.
3548	Section 39-6-111, Action by military court Protection from prosecution.
3549	Section 39-6-112, Presumption of military court jurisdiction.
3550	Section 39-6-113, Jurisdiction over offenses.
3551	Section 39-7-101, Short title.
3552	Section 39-7-103, Application of this chapter.
3553	Section 39-8-101, Definitions.
3554	Section 39-8-102, Counseling program.
3555	Section 39-9-106, Risk management.
3556	Section 39-9-107, Equipment rentals and sales of food and beverage.