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LOCAL DISTRICTS AMENDMENTS

2022 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH



**Other Special Clauses:** 

26	None
27	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
28	AMENDS:
29	17B-1-212, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 329
30	17B-1-213, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 405
31	17B-1-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapters 40 and 108
32	17B-1-303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84 and 345
33	17B-1-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 355
34	17B-1-306, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345, 355, and 415
35	17B-1-307, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 70
36	17B-1-618, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 329
37	17B-2a-822, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 329
38	17B-2a-1104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 352
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40	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
41	Section 1. Section 17B-1-212 is amended to read:
42	17B-1-212. Resolution indicating whether the requested service will be provided.
43	(1) (a) Within 60 days after the last hearing required under Section 17B-1-210
44	concerning a request, the legislative body of each county whose unincorporated area includes
45	and the legislative body of each municipality whose boundaries include any part of the
46	proposed local district shall adopt a resolution indicating whether the county or municipality
47	will provide to the area of the proposed local district within its boundaries the service proposed
48	to be provided by the proposed local district.
49	(b) If a county or municipality adopts a resolution indicating that the county or
50	municipality will provide the service proposed to be provided by the proposed local district
51	under Subsection (1)(a), the resolution shall include a reasonable timeline for the county or
52	municipality to begin providing the service.
53	(2) If the legislative body of a county or municipality fails to adopt a resolution within
54	the time provided under Subsection (1), the county or municipal legislative body shall be
55	considered to have declined to provide the service requested and to have consented to the
56	creation of the local district.

57	(3) If the county or municipality adopts a resolution under Subsection (1) indicating
58	that it will provide the requested service but does not, within 120 days after the adoption of that
59	resolution, take substantial measures to provide the requested service, the county or municipal
60	legislative body shall be considered to have declined to provide the requested service.
61	(4) Each county or municipality that adopts a resolution under Subsection (1)
62	indicating that it will provide the requested service:
63	(a) shall diligently proceed to take all measures necessary to provide the service[-]; and
64	(b) if the county or municipality fails to timely provide the requested service, the
65	county will be considered to have declined to provide the service and the creation of the local
66	district may proceed accordingly.
67	Section 2. Section 17B-1-213 is amended to read:
68	17B-1-213. Protest after adoption of resolution Adoption of resolution
69	approving creation for certain districts.
70	(1) For purposes of this section, "adequate protests" means protests that are:
71	(a) filed with the county clerk, municipal clerk or recorder, or local district secretary or
72	clerk, as the case may be, within 60 days after the last public hearing required under Section
73	17B-1-210; and
74	(b) signed by:
75	(i) the owners of private real property that:
76	(A) is located within the proposed local district;
77	(B) covers at least 25% of the total private land area within the applicable area; and
78	(C) is equal in value to at least 15% of the value of all private real property within the
79	applicable area; or
80	(ii) registered voters residing within the applicable area equal in number to at least 25%
81	of the number of votes cast in the applicable area for the office of president of the United States
82	at the most recent election prior to the adoption of the resolution.
83	(2) An owner may withdraw a protest at any time before the expiration of the 60-day
84	period described in Subsection (1)(a).
85	(3) If adequate protests are filed, the governing body that adopted a resolution under
86	Subsection 17B-1-203(1)(d) or (e):
87	(a) may not:

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88	(i) hold or participate in an election under Subsection 17B-1-214(1) with respect to the
89	applicable area;
90	(ii) take any further action under the protested resolution to create a local district or
91	include the applicable area in a local district; or
92	(iii) for a period of two years, adopt a resolution under Subsection 17B-1-203(1)(d) or
93	(e) proposing the creation of a local district including substantially the same area as the
94	applicable area and providing the same service as the proposed local district in the protested
95	resolution; and
96	(b) shall, within five days after receiving adequate protests, mail or deliver written
97	notification of the adequate protests to the responsible body.
98	(4) Subsection (3)(a) may not be construed to prevent an election from being held for a
99	proposed local district whose boundaries do not include an applicable area that is the subject of
100	adequate protests.
101	(5) (a) If adequate protests are not filed with respect to a resolution proposing the
102	creation of a local district for which an election is not required under Subsection
103	17B-1-214(3)(d), (e), (f), or (g), a resolution approving the creation of the local district [may]
104	shall be adopted by:
105	(i) (A) the legislative body of a county whose unincorporated area is included within
106	the proposed local district; and
107	(B) the legislative body of a municipality whose area is included within the proposed
108	local district; or
109	(ii) the board of trustees of the initiating local district.
110	(b) Each resolution adopted under Subsection (5)(a) shall:
111	(i) describe the area included in the local district;
112	(ii) be accompanied by a map that shows the boundaries of the local district;
113	(iii) describe the service to be provided by the local district;
114	(iv) state the name of the local district; and
115	(v) provide a process for the appointment of the members of the initial board of
116	trustees.

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17B-1-302. Board member qualifications -- Number of board members.

Section 3. Section 17B-1-302 is amended to read:

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owner.

119 (1) Except as provided in Section 17B-2a-905, each member of a local district board of 120 trustees shall be: 121 (a) a registered voter at the location of the member's residence; and 122 (b) except as otherwise provided in Subsection (2) or (3), a resident within: 123 (i) the boundaries of the local district; and 124 (ii) if applicable, the boundaries of the division of the local district from which the 125 member is elected or appointed. 126 (2) (a) As used in this Subsection (2): (i) "Proportional number" means the number of members of a board of trustees that 127 bears, as close as mathematically possible, the same proportion to all members of the board that 128 129 the number of seasonally occupied homes bears to all residences within the district that receive service from the district. 130 131 (ii) "Seasonally occupied home" means a single-family residence: (A) that is located within the local district; 132 133 (B) that receives service from the local district; and 134 (C) whose owner does not reside permanently at the residence but may occupy the 135 residence on a temporary or seasonal basis. (b) If over 50% of the residences within a local district that receive service from the 136 137 local district are seasonally occupied homes, the requirement under Subsection (1)(b) is replaced, for a proportional number of members of the board of trustees, with the requirement 138 139 that the member be an owner of land, or an agent or officer of the owner of land, that: 140 (i) receives service from the district; and 141 (ii) is located within the local district and, if applicable, the division from which the member is elected. 142 143 (3) (a) For a board of trustees member in a basic local district, or in any other type of local district that is located solely within a county of the fourth, fifth, or sixth class, that has 144 145 within the district's boundaries fewer than one residential dwelling unit per 10 acres of land, the 146 requirement under Subsection (1)(b) may be replaced by the requirement that the member be a 147 resident within the boundaries of the local district, or that the member be an owner of land

within the local district that receives service from the district[-] or an agent or officer of the

- (b) A member of the board of trustees of a service area described in Subsection 17B-2a-905(2)(a) or (3)(a), who is an elected official of the county appointing the individual, is not subject to the requirements described in Subsection (1)(b) if the elected official was elected at large by the voters of the county.
- (c) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(b) and except as provided in Subsection (3)(d), the county legislative body may appoint to the local district board one of the county legislative body's own members, regardless of whether the member resides within the boundaries described in Subsection (1)(b), if:
  - (i) the county legislative body satisfies the procedures to fill a vacancy described in:
  - (A) for the appointment of a new board member, Subsections 17B-1-304(2) and (3); or
- (B) for an appointment to fill a midterm vacancy, Subsection 20A-1-512(1)(a)(ii) or Subsection 20A-1-512(2);
- (ii) fewer qualified candidates timely file to be considered for appointment to the local district board than are necessary to fill the board;
- (iii) the county legislative body appoints each of the qualified candidates who timely filed to be considered for appointment to the board; and
- (iv) the county legislative body appoints a member of the body to the local district board, in accordance with Subsection 17B-1-304(6) or Subsection 20A-1-512(1)(c), who was:
  - (A) elected at large by the voters of the county;
- (B) elected from a division of the county that includes more than 50% of the geographic area of the local district; or
- (C) if the local district is divided into divisions under Section 17B-1-306.5, elected from a division of the county that includes more than 50% of the geographic area of the division of the local district in which there is a board vacancy.
- (d) If it is necessary to reconstitute the board of trustees of a local district located solely within a county of the <u>fourth</u>, fifth, or sixth class because the term of a majority of the members of the board has expired without new trustees having been elected or appointed as required by law, even if sufficient qualified candidates timely file to be considered for a vacancy on the board, the county legislative body may appoint to the local district board no more than one of the county legislative body's own members who does not satisfy the requirements of Subsection (1).

181	(4) (a) Except as otherwise provided by statute, the number of members of each board
182	of trustees of a local district that has nine or fewer members shall have an odd number of
183	members that is no fewer than three.
184	(b) If a board of trustees of a local district has more than nine members, the number of
185	members may be odd or even.
186	(5) For a newly created local district, the number of members of the initial board of
187	trustees shall be the number specified:
188	(a) for a local district whose creation was initiated by a petition under Subsection
189	17B-1-203(1)(a), (b), or (c), in the petition; or
190	(b) for a local district whose creation was initiated by a resolution under Subsection
191	17B-1-203(1)(d) or (e), in the resolution.
192	(6) (a) For an existing local district, the number of members of the board of trustees
193	may be changed by a two-thirds vote of the board of trustees.
194	(b) No change in the number of members of a board of trustees under Subsection (6)(a)
195	may:
196	(i) violate Subsection (4); or
197	(ii) serve to shorten the term of any member of the board.
198	Section 4. Section 17B-1-303 is amended to read:
199	17B-1-303. Term of board of trustees members Oath of office Bond Notice
200	of board member contact information.
201	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (1)(b), (c), (d), and (e), the term of each
202	member of a board of trustees begins at noon on the January 1 following the member's election
203	or appointment.
204	(b) The term of each member of the initial board of trustees of a newly created local
205	district begins:
206	(i) upon appointment, for an appointed member; and
207	(ii) upon the member taking the oath of office after the canvass of the election at which
208	the member is elected, for an elected member.
209	(c) The term of each water conservancy district board member whom the governor
210	appoints in accordance with Subsection 17B-2a-1005(2)(c):
211	(i) begins on the later of the following:

- 212 (A) the date on which the Senate consents to the appointment; or
  - (B) the expiration date of the prior term; and
- 214 (ii) ends on the February 1 that is approximately four years after the date described in 215 Subsection (1)(c)(i)(A) or (B).
  - (d) The term of a member of a board of trustees whom an appointing authority appoints in accordance with Subsection (5)(b) begins upon the member taking the oath of office.
  - (e) If the member of the board of trustees fails to assume or qualify for office on January 1 for any reason, the term begins on the date the member assumes or qualifies for office.
  - (2) (a) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (8), and subject to Subsections (2)(a)(ii) and (iii), the term of each member of a board of trustees is four years, except that approximately half the members of the initial board of trustees, chosen by lot, shall serve a two-year term so that the term of approximately half the board members expires every two years.
  - (ii) If the terms of members of the initial board of trustees of a newly created local district do not begin on January 1 because of application of Subsection (1)(b), the terms of those members shall be adjusted as necessary, subject to Subsection (2)(a)(iii), to result in the terms of their successors complying with:
  - (A) the requirement under Subsection (1)(a) for a term to begin on January 1 following a member's election or appointment; and
    - (B) the requirement under Subsection (2)(a)(i) that terms be four years.
  - (iii) If the term of a member of a board of trustees does not begin on January 1 because of the application of Subsection (1)(e), the term is shortened as necessary to result in the term complying with the requirement under Subsection (1)(a) that the successor member's term, regardless of whether the incumbent is the successor, begins at noon on January 1 following the successor member's election or appointment.
  - (iv) An adjustment under Subsection (2)(a)(ii) may not add more than a year to or subtract more than a year from a member's term.
  - (b) Each board of trustees member shall serve until a successor is duly elected or appointed and qualified, unless the member earlier is removed from office or resigns or otherwise leaves office.

243	(c) If a member of a board of trustees no longer meets the qualifications of Subsection
244	17B-1-302(1), (2), or (3), or if the member's term expires without a duly elected or appointed
245	successor:
246	(i) the member's position is considered vacant, subject to Subsection (2)(c)(ii); and
247	(ii) the member may continue to serve until a successor is duly elected or appointed
248	and qualified.
249	(3) (a) (i) Before entering upon the duties of office, each member of a board of trustees
250	shall take the oath of office specified in Utah Constitution, Article IV, Section 10.
251	(ii) A judge, county clerk, notary public, or the local district clerk may administer an
252	oath of office.
253	(b) The member of the board of trustees taking the oath of office shall file the oath of
254	office with the clerk of the local district.
255	(c) The failure of a board of trustees member to take the oath under Subsection (3)(a)
256	does not invalidate any official act of that member.
257	(4) A board of trustees member may serve any number of terms.
258	(5) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6), each midterm vacancy in a board of
259	trustees position is filled in accordance with Section 20A-1-512.
260	(b) When the number of members of a board of trustees increases in accordance with
261	Subsection 17B-1-302(6), the appointing authority may appoint an individual to fill a new
262	board of trustees position in accordance with Section 17B-1-304 or 20A-1-512.
263	(6) (a) For purposes of this Subsection (6):
264	(i) "Appointed official" means a person who:
265	(A) is appointed as a member of a local district board of trustees by a county or
266	municipality that is entitled to appoint a member to the board; and
267	(B) holds an elected position with the appointing county or municipality.
268	(ii) "Appointing entity" means the county or municipality that appointed the appointed
269	official to the board of trustees.
270	(b) The board of trustees shall declare a midterm vacancy for the board position held
271	by an appointed official if:
272	(i) during the appointed official's term on the board of trustees, the appointed official

ceases to hold the elected position with the appointing entity; and

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274 (ii) the appointing entity submits a written request to the board to declare the vacancy. 275 (c) Upon the board's declaring a midterm vacancy under Subsection (6)(b), the 276 appointing entity shall appoint another person to fill the remaining unexpired term on the board 277 of trustees. 278 (7) (a) [Each] A member of a board of trustees shall [give a] obtain a fidelity bond or 279 obtain theft or crime insurance for the faithful performance of the member's duties, in the 280 amount and with the sureties or with an insurance company that the board of trustees 281 prescribes. 282 (b) The local district: (i) may assist the board of trustees in obtaining a fidelity bond or obtaining theft or 283 284 crime insurance as a group or for members individually; and 285 (ii) shall pay the cost of each fidelity bond or insurance coverage required under 286 [Subsection (7)(a)] this Subsection (7). 287 (8) (a) The lieutenant governor may extend the term of an elected district board 288 member by one year in order to compensate for a change in the election year under Subsection 289 17B-1-306(14). 290 (b) When the number of members of a board of trustees increases in accordance with 291 Subsection 17B-1-302(6), to ensure that the term of approximately half of the board members 292 expires every two years in accordance with Subsection (2)(a): 293 (i) the board shall set shorter terms for approximately half of the new board members. 294 chosen by lot; and 295 (ii) the initial term of a new board member position may be less than two or four years. 296 (9) (a) A local district shall: 297 (i) post on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601 the name, 298 phone number, and email address of each member of the local district's board of trustees; 299 (ii) update the information described in Subsection (9)(a)(i) when: 300 (A) the membership of the board of trustees changes; or 301 (B) a member of the board of trustees' phone number or email address changes; and 302 (iii) post any update required under Subsection (9)(a)(ii) within 30 days after the date

(b) This Subsection (9) applies regardless of whether the county or municipal

on which the change requiring the update occurs.

305	legislative body also serves as the board of trustees of the local district.
306	Section 5. Section 17B-1-304 is amended to read:
307	17B-1-304. Appointment procedures for appointed members.
308	(1) The appointing authority may, by resolution, appoint persons to serve as members
309	of a local district board by following the procedures established by this section.
310	(2) (a) In any calendar year when appointment of a new local district board member is
311	required, the appointing authority shall prepare a notice of vacancy that contains:
312	(i) the positions that are vacant that shall be filled by appointment;
313	(ii) the qualifications required to be appointed to those positions;
314	(iii) the procedures for appointment that the governing body will follow in making
315	those appointments; and
316	(iv) the person to be contacted and any deadlines that a person shall meet who wishes
317	to be considered for appointment to those positions.
318	(b) The appointing authority shall:
319	(i) post the notice of vacancy in four public places within the local district at least one
320	month before the deadline for accepting nominees for appointment; and
321	(ii) post the notice of vacancy on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section
322	63A-16-601, for five days before the deadline for accepting nominees for appointment.
323	(c) The appointing authority may bill the local district for the cost of preparing,
324	printing, and publishing the notice.
325	(3) (a) [Not sooner than two months after] After the appointing authority is notified of
326	[the] a vacancy and has satisfied the requirements described in Subsection (2), the appointing
327	authority shall select a person to fill the vacancy from the applicants who meet the
328	qualifications established by law.
329	(b) The appointing authority shall:
330	(i) comply with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act, in making the
331	appointment;
332	(ii) allow any interested persons to be heard; and
333	(iii) adopt a resolution appointing a person to the local district board.
334	(c) If no candidate for appointment to fill the vacancy receives a majority vote of the
335	appointing authority, the appointing authority shall select the appointee from the two top

candidates by lot.

- (4) Persons appointed to serve as members of the local district board serve four-year terms, but may be removed for cause at any time after a hearing by two-thirds vote of the appointing body.
- (5) (a) At the end of each board member's term, the position is considered vacant, and, after following the appointment procedures established in this section, the appointing authority may either reappoint the incumbent board member or appoint a new member.
- (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (5)(a), a board member may continue to serve until a successor is elected or appointed and qualified in accordance with Subsection 17B-1-303(2)(b).
- (6) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, if the appointing authority appoints one of its own members and that member meets all applicable statutory board member qualifications, the appointing authority need not comply with Subsection (2) or (3).
  - Section 6. Section 17B-1-306 is amended to read:

## 17B-1-306. Local district board -- Election procedures.

- (1) Except as provided in Subsection (12), each elected board member shall be selected as provided in this section.
  - (2) (a) Each election of a local district board member shall be held:
- (i) at the same time as the municipal general election or the regular general election, as applicable; and
- (ii) at polling places designated by the local district board in consultation with the county clerk for each county in which the local district is located, which polling places shall coincide with municipal general election or regular general election polling places, as applicable, whenever feasible.
- (b) The local district board, in consultation with the county clerk, may consolidate two or more polling places to enable voters from more than one district to vote at one consolidated polling place.
- (c) (i) Subject to Subsections (5)(h) and (i), the number of polling places under Subsection (2)(a)(ii) in an election of board members of an irrigation district shall be one polling place per division of the district, designated by the district board.
- (ii) Each polling place designated by an irrigation district board under Subsection (2)(c)(i) shall coincide with a polling place designated by the county clerk under Subsection

367	(2)(a)(ii).

- (3) The clerk of each local district with a board member position to be filled at the next municipal general election or regular general election, as applicable, shall provide notice of:
- (a) each elective position of the local district to be filled at the next municipal general election or regular general election, as applicable;
  - (b) the constitutional and statutory qualifications for each position; and
  - (c) the dates and times for filing a declaration of candidacy.
  - (4) The clerk of the local district shall publish the notice described in Subsection (3):
- (a) by posting the notice on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601, for 10 days before the first day for filing a declaration of candidacy; and
- (b) by posting the notice in at least five public places within the local district at least 10 days before the first day for filing a declaration of candidacy; and
- (c) if the local district has a website, on the local district's website for 10 days before the first day for filing a declaration of candidacy.
- (5) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(c), to become a candidate for an elective local district board position, an individual shall file a declaration of candidacy in person with an official designated by the local district[, during office hours,] within the candidate filing period for the applicable election year in which the election for the local district board is held[-] and:
- (i) during the local district's standard office hours, if the standard office hours provide at least three consecutive office hours each day during the candidate filing period that is not a holiday or weekend; or
- (ii) if the standard office hours of a local district do not provide at least three consecutive office hours each day, a three-hour consecutive time period each day designated by the local district during the candidate filing period that is not a holiday or weekend.
- (b) When the candidate filing deadline falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or holiday, the filing time shall be extended until the close of normal office hours on the following regular business day.
- (c) Subject to Subsection (5)(f), an individual may designate an agent to file a declaration of candidacy with the official designated by the local district if:
  - (i) the individual is located outside of the state during the entire filing period;

398	(ii) the designated agent appears in person before the official designated by the local	
399	district; and	
400	(iii) the individual communicates with the official designated by the local district using	
401	an electronic device that allows the individual and official to see and hear each other.	
402	(d) (i) Before the filing officer may accept any declaration of candidacy from an	
403	individual, the filing officer shall:	
404	(A) read to the individual the constitutional and statutory qualification requirements for	
405	the office that the individual is seeking; and	
406	(B) require the individual to state whether the individual meets those requirements.	
407	(ii) If the individual does not meet the qualification requirements for the office, the	
408	filing officer may not accept the individual's declaration of candidacy.	
409	(iii) If it appears that the individual meets the requirements of candidacy, the filing	
410	officer shall accept the individual's declaration of candidacy.	
411	(e) The declaration of candidacy shall be in substantially the following form:	
412	"I, (print name), being first duly sworn, say that I reside at (Street)	
413	, City of, County of, state of Utah, (Zip	
414	Code), (Telephone Number, if any); that I meet the qualifications for the	
415	office of board of trustees member for (state the name of the local	
416	district); that I am a candidate for that office to be voted upon at the next election; and that, if	
417	filing via a designated agent, I will be out of the state of Utah during the entire candidate filing	
418	period, and I hereby request that my name be printed upon the official ballot for that election.	
419	(Signed)	
420	Subscribed and sworn to (or affirmed) before me by on this day	
421	of,	
422	(Signed)	
423	(Clerk or Notary Public)".	
424	(f) An agent designated under Subsection (5)(c) may not sign the form described in	
425	Subsection (5)(e).	
426	(g) Each individual wishing to become a valid write-in candidate for an elective local	
427	district board position is governed by Section 20A-9-601.	
428	(h) If at least one individual does not file a declaration of candidacy as required by this	

429 section, an individual shall be appointed to fill that board position in accordance with the 430 appointment provisions of Section 20A-1-512. 431 (i) If only one candidate files a declaration of candidacy and there is no write-in 432 candidate who complies with Section 20A-9-601, the board, in accordance with Section 433 20A-1-206, may: 434 (i) consider the candidate to be elected to the position; and 435 (ii) cancel the election. 436 (6) (a) A primary election may be held if: 437 (i) the election is authorized by the local district board; and 438 (ii) the number of candidates for a particular local board position or office exceeds 439 twice the number of persons needed to fill that position or office. 440 (b) The primary election shall be conducted: 441 (i) on the same date as the municipal primary election or the regular primary election. 442 as applicable; and (ii) according to the procedures for primary elections provided under Title 20A, 443 444 Election Code. 445 (7) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(c), within one business day after the 446 deadline for filing a declaration of candidacy, the local district clerk shall certify the candidate 447 names to the clerk of each county in which the local district is located. 448 (b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(c) and in accordance with Section 449 20A-6-305, the clerk of each county in which the local district is located and the local district 450 clerk shall coordinate the placement of the name of each candidate for local district office in 451 the nonpartisan section of the ballot with the appropriate election officer. 452 (ii) If consolidation of the local district election ballot with the municipal general 453 election ballot or the regular general election ballot, as applicable, is not feasible, the local 454 district board of trustees, in consultation with the county clerk, shall provide for a separate 455 local district election ballot to be administered by poll workers at polling locations designated 456 under Subsection (2). 457 (c) (i) Subsections (7)(a) and (b) do not apply to an election of a member of the board

(ii) (A) Subject to Subsection (7)(c)(ii)(B), the board of each irrigation district shall

of an irrigation district established under Chapter 2a, Part 5, Irrigation District Act.

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460	prescribe the form of the ballot for each board member election.
461	(B) Each ballot for an election of an irrigation district board member shall be in a
462	nonpartisan format.
463	(C) The name of each candidate shall be placed on the ballot in the order specified
464	under Section 20A-6-305.
465	(8) (a) Each voter at an election for a board of trustees member of a local district shall:
466	(i) be a registered voter within the district, except for an election of:
467	(A) an irrigation district board of trustees member; or
468	(B) a basic local district board of trustees member who is elected by property owners;
469	and
470	(ii) meet the requirements to vote established by the district.
471	(b) Each voter may vote for as many candidates as there are offices to be filled.
472	(c) The candidates who receive the highest number of votes are elected.
473	(9) Except as otherwise provided by this section, the election of local district board
474	members is governed by Title 20A, Election Code.
475	(10) (a) Except as provided in Subsection 17B-1-303(8), a person elected to serve on a
476	local district board shall serve a four-year term, beginning at noon on the January 1 after the
477	person's election.
478	(b) A person elected shall be sworn in as soon as practical after January 1.
479	(11) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (11)(b), each local district shall reimburse
480	the county or municipality holding an election under this section for the costs of the election
481	attributable to that local district.
482	(b) Each irrigation district shall bear the district's own costs of each election the district
483	holds under this section.
484	(12) This section does not apply to an improvement district that provides electric or gas
485	service.
486	(13) Except as provided in Subsection 20A-3a-605(1)(b), the provisions of Title 20A,
487	Chapter 3a, Part 6, Early Voting, do not apply to an election under this section.

(ii) the administrative control board of a special service district that has elected

(14) (a) As used in this Subsection (14), "board" means:

(i) a local district board; or

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491 members on the board.

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- (b) A board may hold elections for membership on the board at a regular general election instead of a municipal general election if the board submits an application to the lieutenant governor that:
- (i) requests permission to hold elections for membership on the board at a regular general election instead of a municipal general election; and
- (ii) indicates that holding elections at the time of the regular general election is beneficial, based on potential cost savings, a potential increase in voter turnout, or another material reason.
- (c) Upon receipt of an application described in Subsection (14)(b), the lieutenant governor may approve the application if the lieutenant governor concludes that holding the elections at the regular general election is beneficial based on the criteria described in Subsection (14)(b)(ii).
  - (d) If the lieutenant governor approves a board's application described in this section:
- (i) all future elections for membership on the board shall be held at the time of the regular general election; and
- (ii) the board may not hold elections at the time of a municipal general election unless the board receives permission from the lieutenant governor to hold all future elections for membership on the board at a municipal general election instead of a regular general election, under the same procedure, and by applying the same criteria, described in this Subsection (14).
  - (15) (a) This Subsection (15) applies to a local district if:
- (i) the local district's board members are elected by the owners of real property, as provided in Subsection 17B-1-1402(1)(b); and
  - (ii) the local district was created before January 1, 2020.
- (b) The board of a local district described in Subsection (15)(a) may conduct an election:
- (i) to fill a board member position that expires at the end of the term for that board member's position; and
- (ii) notwithstanding Subsection 20A-1-512(1)(a)(i), to fill a vacancy in an unexpired term of a board member.
- (c) An election under Subsection (15)(b) may be conducted as determined by the local

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522	district board, subject to Subsection (15)(d).
523	(d) (i) The local district board shall provide to property owners eligible to vote at the
524	local district election:
525	(A) notice of the election; and
526	(B) a form to nominate an eligible individual to be elected as a board member.
527	(ii) (A) The local district board may establish a deadline for a property owner to submit
528	a nomination form.
529	(B) A deadline under Subsection (15)(d)(ii)(A) may not be earlier than 15 days after
530	the board provides the notice and nomination form under Subsection (15)(d)(i).
531	(iii) (A) After the deadline for submitting nomination forms, the local district board
532	shall provide a ballot to all property owners eligible to vote at the local district election.
533	(B) A local district board shall allow at least five days for ballots to be returned.
534	(iv) A local district board shall certify the results of an election under this Subsection
535	(15) during an open meeting of the board.
536	Section 7. Section 17B-1-307 is amended to read:
537	17B-1-307. Annual compensation Per diem compensation Participation in
538	group insurance plan Reimbursement of expenses.
539	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection 17B-1-308(1)(e), a member of a board of
540	trustees may receive compensation for service on the board, as determined by the board of
541	trustees.
542	(b) The amount of compensation under this Subsection (1) may not exceed \$5,000 per
543	year.
544	(c) (i) As determined by the board of trustees, a member of the board of trustees may
545	participate in a group insurance plan provided to employees of the local district on the same
546	basis as employees of the local district.
547	(ii) The amount that the local district pays to provide a member with coverage under a
548	group insurance plan shall be included as part of the member's compensation for purposes of
549	Subsection (1)(b).
550	(d) The amount that a local district pays employer-matching employment taxes, if a

member of the board of trustees is treated as an employee for federal tax purposes, does not

constitute compensation under Subsection (1).

553	(2) In addition to the compensation provided under Subsection (1), the board of
554	trustees may elect to allow a member to receive per diem and travel expenses for up to 12
555	meetings or activities per year in accordance with rules adopted by the board of trustees or
556	Section 11-55-103.
557	Section 8. Section 17B-1-618 is amended to read:
558	17B-1-618. Purchasing procedures.
559	All purchases or encumbrances by a local district shall be made or incurred according to
560	the purchasing procedures established [by] for each district [by resolution] by the district's
561	rulemaking authority, as that term is defined in Section 63G-6a-103, and only on an order or
562	approval of the person or persons duly authorized.
563	Section 9. Section 17B-2a-822 is amended to read:
564	17B-2a-822. Multicounty district may employ or contract for law enforcement
565	officers Law enforcement officer status, powers, and jurisdiction.
566	(1) The board of trustees of a multicounty district may employ law enforcement
567	officers or contract with other law enforcement agencies to provide law enforcement services
568	for the district.
569	(2) A law enforcement officer employed or provided by contract under Subsection (1)
570	is a law enforcement officer under Section 53-13-103 and shall be subject to the provisions of
571	that section.
572	[(3) Subject to the provisions of Section 53-13-103, the jurisdiction of a law
573	enforcement officer employed under this section is limited to transit facilities and transit
574	vehicles.]
575	Section 10. Section <b>17B-2a-1104</b> is amended to read:
576	17B-2a-1104. Additional municipal services district powers.
577	In addition to the powers conferred on a municipal services district under Section
578	17B-1-103, a municipal services district may:
579	(1) notwithstanding Subsection 17B-1-202(3), provide no more than six municipal
580	services; [and]
581	(2) assist a municipality or a county located within a municipal services district by
582	providing staffing and administrative services, including:
583	(a) human resources staffing and services;

## 1st Sub. (Buff) H.B. 388 (b) finance and budgeting staffing and services; and (c) information technology staffing and services; and

586 [(2)] (3) issue bonds as provided in and subject to Chapter 1, Part 11, Local District

Bonds, to carry out the purposes of the district.

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