FUINT OF THE MOUNTAIN STATE LAND AUTHORITY
AMENDMENTS
2022 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: V. Lowry Snow
Senate Sponsor:
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill modifies provisions relating to the Point of the Mountain State Land
Authority.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
 authorizes the Point of the Mountain State Land Authority to impose an energy sales
and use tax and an energy tax;
 modifies the membership of a loan committee;
 moves the ability to approve a loan from the loan committee to the Authority board;
 modifies a provision relating to Authority powers;
 requires a lessee of point of the mountain state land to pay an annual fee and
provides for the levy and collection of the fee;
 requires the Authority to be paid a portion of increased property tax revenue from
parcels of land transferred to a private owner;
 modifies limitations on individuals serving as board members;
 modifies the purposes of a closed meeting to include certain discussions relating to
the development of land owned by the state;
 modifies provisions relating to an Authority infrastructure fund; and
makes technical changes.



Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
10-1-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 414 and last amended by
Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 367
11-59-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 415
11-59-104, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 415
11-59-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 354
11-59-306, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 388
17D-4-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 415 and renumbered and
amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 314
52-4-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 179 and 231
63A-3-401.5, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 415
63A-3-402, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 415
63A-3-404, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 415
ENACTS:
11-59-205, Utah Code Annotated 1953
11-59-206, Utah Code Annotated 1953
11-59-207, Utah Code Annotated 1953
REPEALS:
11-59-101, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 388
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 10-1-304 is amended to read:
10-1-304. Municipality, military installation development authority, and Point of
the Mountain State Land Authority may levy tax Rate Imposition or repeal of tax
Tax rate change Effective date Notice requirements Exemptions.
(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (4) and (5), a municipality may levy a

59 municipal energy sales and use tax on the sale or use of taxable energy within the municipality:

- (i) by ordinance as provided in Section 10-1-305; and
- (ii) of up to 6% of the delivered value of the taxable energy.
- (b) Subject to Section 63H-1-203, the military installation development authority created in Section 63H-1-201 may levy a municipal energy sales and use tax under this part within a project area described in a project area plan adopted by the authority under Title 63H, Chapter 1, Military Installation Development Authority Act, as though the authority were a
- 66 municipality.

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- (2) A municipal energy sales and use tax imposed under this part may be in addition to any sales and use tax imposed by the municipality under Title 59, Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act.
 - (3) (a) For purposes of this Subsection (3):
- 71 (i) "Annexation" means an annexation to a municipality under Chapter 2, Part 4, 72 Annexation.
 - (ii) "Annexing area" means an area that is annexed into a municipality.
- 74 (b) (i) If, on or after May 1, 2000, a city or town enacts or repeals a tax or changes the 75 rate of a tax under this part, the enactment, repeal, or change shall take effect:
 - (A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
 - (B) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting the requirements of Subsection (3)(b)(ii) from the municipality.
 - (ii) The notice described in Subsection (3)(b)(i)(B) shall state:
 - (A) that the city or town will enact or repeal a tax or change the rate of a tax under this part;
 - (B) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (3)(b)(ii)(A);
 - (C) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (3)(b)(ii)(A); and
 - (D) if the city or town enacts the tax or changes the rate of the tax described in Subsection (3)(b)(ii)(A), the new rate of the tax.
 - (c) (i) If, for an annexation that occurs on or after May 1, 2000, the annexation will result in a change in the rate of a tax under this part for an annexing area, the change shall take effect:
 - (A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and

90 (B) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting 91 the requirements of Subsection (3)(c)(ii) from the municipality that annexes the annexing area. 92 (ii) The notice described in Subsection (3)(c)(i)(B) shall state: 93 (A) that the annexation described in Subsection (3)(c)(i) will result in a change in the 94 rate of a tax under this part for the annexing area; 95 (B) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (3)(c)(ii)(A); 96 (C) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (3)(c)(ii)(A); and 97 (D) the new rate of the tax described in Subsection (3)(c)(ii)(A). 98 (4) (a) Subject to Subsection (4)(b), a sale or use of electricity within a municipality is 99 exempt from the tax authorized by this section if the sale or use is made under a tariff adopted 100 by the Public Service Commission of Utah only for purchase of electricity produced from a 101 new source of alternative energy, as defined in Section 59-12-102, as designated in the tariff by 102 the Public Service Commission of Utah. (b) The exemption under Subsection (4)(a) applies to the portion of the tariff rate a 103 104 customer pays under the tariff described in Subsection (4)(a) that exceeds the tariff rate under 105 the tariff described in Subsection (4)(a) that the customer would have paid absent the tariff. 106 (5) (a) A municipality may not levy a municipal energy sales and use tax within: (i) any portion of the municipality that is within a project area described in a project 107 108 area plan adopted by the military installation development authority under Title 63H, Chapter 109 1, Military Installation Development Authority Act[-]; or 110 (ii) the point of the mountain state land, as defined in Section 11-59-102. 111 (b) Subsection (5)(a) does not apply to the military installation development authority's 112 levy of a municipal energy sales and use tax. 113 Section 2. Section 11-59-102 is amended to read: 114 11-59-102. **Definitions.** 115 As used in this chapter: 116 (1) "Authority" means the Point of the Mountain State Land Authority, created in 117 Section 11-59-201. 118 (2) "Board" means the authority's board, created in Section 11-59-301.

(a) means the construction, reconstruction, modification, expansion, or improvement of

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(3) "Development":

121	a building, utility, infrastructure, landscape, parking lot, park, trail, recreational amenity, or
122	other facility, including:
123	(i) the demolition or preservation or repurposing of a building, infrastructure, or other
124	facility;
125	(ii) surveying, testing, locating existing utilities and other infrastructure, and other
126	preliminary site work; and
127	(iii) any associated planning, design, engineering, and related activities; and
128	(b) includes all activities associated with:
129	(i) marketing and business recruiting activities and efforts;
130	(ii) leasing, or selling or otherwise disposing of, all or any part of the point of the
131	mountain state land; and
132	(iii) planning and funding for mass transit infrastructure to service the point of the
133	mountain state land.
134	(4) "New correctional facility" means the state correctional facility being developed in
135	Salt Lake City to replace the state correctional facility in Draper.
136	(5) "Point of the mountain state land" means the approximately 700 acres of
137	state-owned land in Draper, including land used for the operation of a state correctional facility
138	until completion of the new correctional facility and state-owned land in the vicinity of the
139	current state correctional facility.
140	(6) "Public entity" means:
141	(a) the state, including each department, division, or other agency of the state; or
142	(b) a county, city, town, metro township, school district, local district, special service
143	district, interlocal cooperation entity, community reinvestment agency, or other political
144	subdivision of the state, including the authority.
145	(7) "Publicly owned infrastructure and improvements":
146	(a) means infrastructure, improvements, facilities, or buildings that:
147	(i) benefit the public; and
148	(ii) (A) are owned by a public entity or a utility; or
149	(B) are publicly maintained or operated by a public entity; and
150	(b) includes:
151	(i) facilities lines or systems that provide:

152	(A) water, chilled water, or steam; or
153	(B) sewer, storm drainage, natural gas, electricity, energy storage, renewable energy,
154	microgrids, or telecommunications service;
155	(ii) streets, roads, curb, gutter, sidewalk, walkways, solid waste facilities, parking
156	facilities, and public transportation facilities; and
157	(iii) greenspace, parks, trails, recreational amenities, or other similar facilities.
158	(8) "Taxing entity" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-2-102.
159	Section 3. Section 11-59-104 is amended to read:
160	11-59-104. Loan committee Approval of infrastructure loans.
161	(1) As used in this section:
162	(a) "Borrower" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63A-3-401.5.
163	(b) "Infrastructure loan" means the same as that term is defined in Section
164	63A-3-401.5.
165	(c) "Infrastructure project" means the same as that term is defined in Section
166	63A-3-401.5.
167	(d) "Point of the mountain fund" means the same as that term is defined in Section
168	63A-3-401.5.
169	(e) "Loan [approval] committee" means a committee [consisting of:] established under
170	Subsection (2).
171	[(i) the board member:]
172	[(A) who is a member of the Senate appointed under Subsection 11-59-302(2)(a); and
173	[(B) whose Senate district is closer to the boundary of the point of the mountain state
174	land than is the Senate district of the other member of the Senate appointed under Subsection
175	11-59-302(2)(a);]
176	[(ii) the board member:]
177	[(A) who is a member of the House of Representatives appointed under Subsection
178	11-59-302(2)(b); and]
179	[(B) whose House district is closer to the boundary of the point of the mountain state
180	land than is the House district of the other member of the House of Representatives appointed
181	under Subsection 11-59-302(2)(b);]
182	[(iii) the board member who is appointed by the governor under Subsection

183	11-59-302(2)(c)(1);]
184	[(iv) the board member who is appointed by the governor under Subsection
185	11-59-302(2)(c)(ii); and]
186	[(v) the board member who is the mayor of Draper or a member of the Draper city
187	council.]
188	(2) The authority shall establish a five-member loan committee consisting of:
189	(a) an individual who is the board member appointed by the governor under Subsection
190	11-59-302(2)(c)(ii);
191	(b) the individual who is a board member under Subsection 11-59-302(2)(e) because
192	the individual is the mayor of Draper or a member of the Draper city council;
193	(c) the executive director of the Department of Transportation, or the executive
194	director's designee;
195	(d) an individual with expertise in public finance, appointed by the governor; and
196	(e) an individual with expertise in infrastructure development, appointed by the
197	governor.
198	[(2)] (3) The loan [approval] committee may [approve] recommend for board approval
199	an infrastructure loan from the point of the mountain fund to a borrower for an infrastructure
200	project undertaken by the borrower.
201	[(3)] (4) [The loan approval committee shall establish] If the loan committee
202	recommends an infrastructure loan, the loan committee shall recommend the terms of [an] the
203	infrastructure loan in accordance with Section 63A-3-404.
204	[(4)] (5) The [loan approval committee] board may establish policies and guidelines
205	with respect to prioritizing requests for infrastructure loans and approving infrastructure loans.
206	[(5)] (6) Within 60 days after the execution of an infrastructure loan, the [loan approval
207	committee] board shall report the infrastructure loan, including the loan amount, terms, and
208	security, to the Executive Appropriations Committee.
209	$\left[\frac{(6)}{(7)}\right]$ (a) Salaries and expenses of committee members who are legislators shall be
210	paid in accordance with Section 36-2-2 and Legislative Joint Rules, Title 5, Chapter 3,
211	Legislator Compensation.
212	(b) A committee member who is not a legislator may not receive compensation or
213	benefits for the member's service on the committee, but may receive per diem and

reimbursement for travel expenses incurred as a committee member at the rates established by the Division of Finance under:

- (i) Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107; and
- 217 (ii) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and 218 63A-3-107.
- Section 4. Section 11-59-202 is amended to read:
- 220 **11-59-202.** Authority powers.
- The authority may:

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- (1) as provided in this chapter, plan, manage, and implement the development of the point of the mountain state land, including the ongoing operation of facilities on the point of the mountain state land;
- (2) undertake, or engage a consultant to undertake, any study, effort, or activity the board considers appropriate to assist or inform the board about any aspect of the proposed development of the point of the mountain state land, including the best development model and financial projections relevant to the authority's efforts to fulfill its duties and responsibilities under this section and Section 11-59-203;
 - (3) sue and be sued;
- (4) enter into contracts generally, including a contract for the sharing of records under Section 63G-2-206;
 - (5) buy, obtain an option upon, or otherwise acquire any interest in real or personal property, as necessary to accomplish the duties and responsibilities of the authority, including an interest in real property, apart from point of the mountain state land, or personal property, outside point of the mountain state land, for publicly owned infrastructure and improvements, if the board considers the purchase, option, or other interest acquisition to be necessary for fulfilling the authority's development objectives;
- (6) sell, convey, grant, dispose of by gift, or otherwise dispose of any interest in real or personal property;
 - (7) enter into a lease agreement on real or personal property, either as lessee or lessor;
- (8) provide for the development of the point of the mountain state land under one or more contracts, including the development of publicly owned infrastructure and improvements and other infrastructure and improvements on or related to the point of the mountain state land;

245	(9) exercise powers and perform functions under a contract, as authorized in the
246	contract;
247	(10) accept financial or other assistance from any public or private source for the
248	authority's activities, powers, and duties, and expend any funds so received for any of the
249	purposes of this chapter;
250	(11) borrow money, contract with, or accept financial or other assistance from the
251	federal government, a public entity, or any other source for any of the purposes of this chapter
252	and comply with any conditions of the loan, contract, or assistance;
253	(12) issue bonds to finance the undertaking of any development objectives of the
254	authority, including bonds under Title 11, Chapter 17, Utah Industrial Facilities and
255	Development Act, and bonds under Title 11, Chapter 42, Assessment Area Act;
256	(13) hire employees, including contract employees, in addition to or in place of staff
257	provided under Section 11-59-304;
258	(14) transact other business and exercise all other powers provided for in this chapter;
259	(15) enter into a development agreement with a developer of some or all of the point of
260	the mountain state land;
261	(16) provide for or finance an energy efficiency upgrade, a renewable energy system, or
262	electric vehicle charging infrastructure as defined in Section 11-42a-102, in accordance with
263	Title 11, Chapter 42a, Commercial Property Assessed Clean Energy Act;
264	(17) exercise powers and perform functions that the authority is authorized by statute
265	to exercise or perform;
266	(18) enter into one or more interlocal agreements under Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal
267	Cooperation Act, with one or more local government entities for the delivery of services to the
268	point of the mountain state land; [and]
269	(19) enter into an agreement with the federal government or an agency of the federal
270	government, as the board considers necessary or advisable, to enable or assist the authority to
271	exercise its powers or fulfill its duties and responsibilities under this chapter[-];and
272	(20) provide funding for the development of publicly owned infrastructure and
273	improvements or other infrastructure and improvements on or related to the point of the
274	mountain state land.

Section 5. Section 11-59-205 is enacted to read:

276	<u>11-59-205.</u> Energy tax.
277	(1) By ordinance, an authority board may levy an energy tax on an energy supplier, as
278	defined in Section 10-1-303, that supplies energy to a facility on the point of the mountain state
279	<u>land.</u>
280	(2) The maximum rate of the energy tax under this section is 6% of the delivered value
281	as defined in Section 10-1-303, except that delivered value does not include the amount of a
282	tax paid under this section.
283	(3) (a) An energy supplier may recover an amount equal to the energy tax from its
284	customers, if the energy supplier includes the amount as a separate billing line item.
285	(b) The energy tax levied under this section is in addition to the rate approved by the
286	Public Service Commission and charged to the customer.
287	(4) (a) The energy tax under this section is payable by the energy supplier to the
288	authority on a monthly basis as described by the ordinance levying the tax.
289	(b) The ordinance shall allow the energy supplier to retain 1% of the tax remittance
290	each month to offset the energy supplier's costs of collecting and remitting the tax.
291	Section 6. Section 11-59-206 is enacted to read:
292	11-59-206. Annual fee in lieu of property tax.
293	(1) As used in this section:
294	(a) "Annual fee" means a fee:
295	(i) that is levied and collected each year, as provided in this section; and
296	(ii) in an amount that is the equivalent of the cumulative real property tax that would
297	be levied and collected on leased property by all taxing entities if the leased property were not
298	exempt property.
299	(b) "Exempt property" means real property that is exempt from ad valorem property tax
300	because the real property is owned by the state.
301	(c) "Lease agreement" means an agreement by which a private person leases from the
302	state real property that is part of the point of the mountain state land.
303	(d) (i) "Leased property" means real property that:
304	(A) is part of the point of the mountain state land;
305	(B) is leased by a private person; and
306	(C) would be subject to ad valorem property tay if the real property were owned by the

307	private person.
308	(ii) "Leased property" includes attachments and other improvements to the real
309	property that would be included in an assessment of the value of the real property if the real
310	property were not exempt property.
311	(e) "Leased property value" means the value that leased property would have if the
312	leased property were subject to ad valorem property tax.
313	(f) "Lessee" means a private person that leases property that is part of the point of the
314	mountain state land under a lease agreement.
315	(2) Beginning January 1 of the year immediately following the execution of a lease
316	agreement, a lessee under the lease agreement shall pay an annual fee with respect to the leased
317	property that is the subject of the lease agreement.
318	(3) The assessor of the county in which the point of the mountain state land is located:
319	(a) shall determine the leased property value of leased property that is subject to an
320	annual fee as though the leased property were subject to ad valorem property tax;
321	(b) shall collect an annual fee in the same way and at the same time that the assessor
322	would collect ad valorem property tax on the leased property if the leased property were subject
323	to ad valorem property tax;
324	(c) may retain an administrative fee for collecting and distributing the annual fee in the
325	same amount that would apply if the leased property were not exempt property; and
326	(d) shall distribute to the authority all revenue from an annual fee on leased property in
327	the same way and at the same time as the assessor distributes ad valorem property tax revenue
328	to taxing entities generally.
329	Section 7. Section 11-59-207 is enacted to read:
330	11-59-207. Portion of property tax augmentation to be paid to authority.
331	(1) As used in this section:
332	(a) "Base taxable value" means the taxable value in the year before the transfer date.
333	(b) "Property tax augmentation":
334	(i) means the amount of property tax that is the difference between:
335	(A) the amount of property tax revenues generated each tax year by all taxing entities
336	from a transferred parcel, using the current assessed value of the property; and
337	(R) the amount of property tay revenues that would be generated from that same

338	transferred parcel using the base taxable value of the property; and
339	(ii) does not include property tax revenue from:
340	(A) a county additional property tax or multicounty assessing and collecting levy
341	imposed in accordance with Section 59-2-1602;
342	(B) a judgment levy imposed by a taxing entity under Section 59-2-1328 or 59-2-1330;
343	<u>or</u>
344	(C) a levy imposed by a taxing entity under Section 11-14-310 to pay for a general
345	obligation bond.
346	(c) "Transfer date" means the date that fee title to land that is part of the point of the
347	mountain state land is transferred to a private person.
348	(d) "Transferred parcel" means a parcel of land:
349	(i) that is part of the point of the mountain state land; and
350	(ii) the fee title to which has been transferred to a private person.
351	(2) The authority shall be paid 75% of property tax augmentation from a transferred
352	parcel:
353	(a) for a period of 25 years beginning January 1 of the year immediately following the
354	transfer date for the transferred parcel; and
355	(b) for a period of an additional 15 years beyond the period stated in Subsection (2)(a)
356	<u>if:</u>
357	(i) the board determines by resolution that the additional years will produce a
358	significant benefit to the authority; and
359	(ii) the resolution is adopted before the end of the 25-year period under Subsection
360	<u>(2)(a).</u>
361	(3) A county that collects property tax on property within the county in which the point
362	of the mountain state land is located shall pay and distribute to the authority the amount of
363	property tax augmentation that the authority is entitled to collect under Subsection (2), in the
364	manner and at the time provided in Section 59-2-1365.
365	Section 8. Section 11-59-306 is amended to read:
366	11-59-306. Limitations on board members.
367	(1) As used in this section:
368	(a) "Direct financial benefit":

309	(1) means any form of financial benefit that accrues to an individual directly as a result
370	of the development of the point of the mountain state land, including:
371	(A) compensation, commission, or any other form of a payment or increase of money;
372	and
373	(B) an increase in the value of a business or property; and
374	(ii) does not include a financial benefit that accrues to the public generally as a result of
375	the development of the point of the mountain state land.
376	(b) "Family member" means a parent, spouse, sibling, child, or grandchild.
377	(c) "Interest in real property" means every type of real property interest, whether
378	recorded or unrecorded, including:
379	(i) a legal or equitable interest;
380	(ii) an option on real property;
381	(iii) an interest under a contract;
382	(iv) fee simple ownership;
383	(v) ownership as a tenant in common or in joint tenancy or another joint ownership
384	arrangement;
385	(vi) ownership through a partnership, limited liability company, or corporation that
386	holds title to a real property interest in the name of the partnership, limited liability company,
387	or corporation;
388	(vii) leasehold interest; and
389	(viii) any other real property interest that is capable of being owned.
390	(2) (a) An individual may not serve as a member of the board if:
391	[(a)] (i) except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), the individual owns an interest in real
392	property, other than a personal residence in which the individual resides, within five miles of
393	the point of the mountain state land;
394	[(b)] (ii) a family member of the individual owns an interest in real property, other than
395	a personal residence in which the family member resides, located within one-half mile of the
396	point of the mountain state land; [or]
397	[(c)] (iii) the individual or a family member of the individual owns an interest in, is
398	directly affiliated with, or is an employee or officer of a firm, company, or other entity that the
399	individual reasonably believes is likely to participate in or receive compensation or other direct

400	financial benefit from the development of the point of the mountain state land[-]; or
401	(iv) the individual or a family member of the individual receives or is expected to
402	receive a direct financial benefit.
403	(b) An individual appointed as a board member under Subsection 11-59-302(2)(e) or
404	(f) who owns an interest in real property, other than a personal residence in which the
405	individual resides, is not disqualified from serving as a board member.
406	(3) (a) Before taking office as a board member, an individual shall submit to the
407	authority a statement:
408	(i) verifying that the individual's service as a board member does not violate
409	Subsection (2)[-]; and
410	(ii) for an individual appointed as a board member under Subsection 11-59-302(2)(e) or
411	(f), identifying any interest in real property, other than a personal residence in which the
412	individual resides, located within five miles of the point of the mountain state land.
413	(b) If an individual appointed as a board member under Subsection 11-59-302(2)(e) or
414	(f) takes action, during the individual's service as a board member, to initiate, negotiate, or
415	otherwise arrange for the acquisition of an interest in real property, other than a personal
416	residence in which the individual intends to live, located within five miles of the point of the
417	mountain state land, the individual shall submit a written statement to the board chair
418	describing the action, the interest in real property that the individual intends to acquire, and the
419	location of the real property.
420	(4) [A] Except for a board member appointed under Subsection 11-59-302(2)(e) or (f),
421	\underline{a} board member may not, at any time during the board member's service on the board, take any
422	action to initiate, negotiate, or otherwise arrange for the acquisition of an interest in real
423	property, other than a personal residence in which the member intends to reside, located within
424	five miles of the point of the mountain state land.
425	(5) (a) The board may not allow a firm, company, or other entity to participate in
426	planning, managing, or implementing the development of the point of the mountain state land
427	if a board member or a family member of a board member owns an interest in, is directly
428	affiliated with, or is an employee or officer of the firm, company, or other entity.
429	(b) Before allowing a firm, company, or other entity to participate in planning,
430	managing, or implementing the development of the point of the mountain state land, the board

431	may require the firm, company, or other entity to certify that no board member or family
432	member of a board member owns an interest in, is directly affiliated with, or is an employee or
433	officer of the firm, company, or other entity.
434	Section 9. Section 17D-4-102 is amended to read:
435	17D-4-102. Definitions.
436	As used in this chapter:
437	(1) "Board" means the board of trustees of a public infrastructure district.
438	(2) "Creating entity" means the county, municipality, or development authority that
439	approves the creation of a public infrastructure district.
440	(3) "Development authority" means:
441	(a) the Utah Inland Port Authority created in Section 11-58-201; [or]
442	(b) the Point of the Mountain State Land Authority created in Section 11-59-201; or
443	[(b)] (c) the military installation development authority created in Section 63H-1-201.
444	(4) "District applicant" means the person proposing the creation of a public
445	infrastructure district.
446	(5) "Division" means a division of a public infrastructure district:
447	(a) that is relatively equal in number of eligible voters or potential eligible voters to all
448	other divisions within the public infrastructure district, taking into account existing or potential
449	developments which, when completed, would increase or decrease the population within the
450	public infrastructure district; and
451	(b) which a member of the board represents.
452	(6) "Governing document" means the document governing a public infrastructure
453	district to which the creating entity agrees before the creation of the public infrastructure
454	district, as amended from time to time, and subject to the limitations of Title 17B, Chapter 1,
455	Provisions Applicable to All Local Districts, and this chapter.
456	(7) (a) "Limited tax bond" means a bond:
457	(i) that is directly payable from and secured by ad valorem property taxes that are
458	levied:
459	(A) by a public infrastructure district that issues the bond; and
460	(B) on taxable property within the district;
461	(ii) that is a general obligation of the public infrastructure district; and

162	(iii) for which the ad valorem property tax levy for repayment of the bond does not
463	exceed the property tax levy rate limit established under Section 17D-4-303 for any fiscal year,
164	except as provided in Subsection 17D-4-301(8).
465	(b) "Limited tax bond" does not include:
466	(i) a short-term bond;
467	(ii) a tax and revenue anticipation bond; or
468	(iii) a special assessment bond.
169	(8) "Public infrastructure and improvements" means:
470	(a) publicly owned infrastructure and improvements, as defined in Section 11-58-102,
471	for a public infrastructure district created by the Utah Inland Port Authority created in Section
1 72	11-58-201; and
473	(b) the same as that term is defined in Section 63H-1-102, for a public infrastructure
174	district created by the military installation development authority created in Section 63H-1-201.
475	Section 10. Section 52-4-205 is amended to read:
476	52-4-205. Purposes of closed meetings Certain issues prohibited in closed
177	meetings.
1 78	(1) A closed meeting described under Section 52-4-204 may only be held for:
179	(a) except as provided in Subsection (3), discussion of the character, professional
480	competence, or physical or mental health of an individual;
481	(b) strategy sessions to discuss collective bargaining;
482	(c) strategy sessions to discuss pending or reasonably imminent litigation;
483	(d) strategy sessions to discuss the purchase, exchange, or lease of real property,
484	including any form of a water right or water shares, or to discuss a proposed development
485	agreement, project proposal, or financing proposal related to the development of land owned by
486	the state, if public discussion [of the transaction] would:
1 87	(i) disclose the appraisal or estimated value of the property under consideration; or
488	(ii) prevent the public body from completing the transaction on the best possible terms;
489	(e) strategy sessions to discuss the sale of real property, including any form of a water
190	right or water shares, if:
491	(i) public discussion of the transaction would:
192	(A) disclose the appraisal or estimated value of the property under consideration; or

493	(B) prevent the public body from completing the transaction on the best possible terms;
494	(ii) the public body previously gave public notice that the property would be offered for
495	sale; and
496	(iii) the terms of the sale are publicly disclosed before the public body approves the
497	sale;
498	(f) discussion regarding deployment of security personnel, devices, or systems;
499	(g) investigative proceedings regarding allegations of criminal misconduct;
500	(h) as relates to the Independent Legislative Ethics Commission, conducting business
501	relating to the receipt or review of ethics complaints;
502	(i) as relates to an ethics committee of the Legislature, a purpose permitted under
503	Subsection 52-4-204(1)(a)(iii)(C);
504	(j) as relates to the Independent Executive Branch Ethics Commission created in
505	Section 63A-14-202, conducting business relating to an ethics complaint;
506	(k) as relates to a county legislative body, discussing commercial information as
507	defined in Section 59-1-404;
508	(l) as relates to the Utah Higher Education Assistance Authority and its appointed
509	board of directors, discussing fiduciary or commercial information as defined in Section
510	53B-12-102;
511	(m) deliberations, not including any information gathering activities, of a public body
512	acting in the capacity of:
513	(i) an evaluation committee under Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code,
514	during the process of evaluating responses to a solicitation, as defined in Section 63G-6a-103;
515	(ii) a protest officer, defined in Section 63G-6a-103, during the process of making a
516	decision on a protest under Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Part 16, Protests; or
517	(iii) a procurement appeals panel under Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement
518	Code, during the process of deciding an appeal under Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Part 17,
519	Procurement Appeals Board;
520	(n) the purpose of considering information that is designated as a trade secret, as
521	defined in Section 13-24-2, if the public body's consideration of the information is necessary in
522	order to properly conduct a procurement under Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code;
523	(o) the purpose of discussing information provided to the public body during the

524 procurement process under Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code, if, at the time of 525 the meeting: 526 (i) the information may not, under Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code, be 527 disclosed to a member of the public or to a participant in the procurement process; and 528 (ii) the public body needs to review or discuss the information in order to properly 529 fulfill its role and responsibilities in the procurement process; 530 (p) as relates to the governing board of a governmental nonprofit corporation, as that term is defined in Section 11-13a-102, the purpose of discussing information that is designated 531 532 as a trade secret, as that term is defined in Section 13-24-2, if: 533 (i) public knowledge of the discussion would reasonably be expected to result in injury 534 to the owner of the trade secret; and 535 (ii) discussion of the information is necessary for the governing board to properly 536 discharge the board's duties and conduct the board's business; or 537 (q) a purpose for which a meeting is required to be closed under Subsection (2). 538 (2) The following meetings shall be closed: 539 (a) a meeting of the Health and Human Services Interim Committee to review a report 540 described in Subsection 62A-16-301(1)(a), and the responses to the report described in 541 Subsections 62A-16-301(2) and (4); 542 (b) a meeting of the Child Welfare Legislative Oversight Panel to: 543 (i) review a report described in Subsection 62A-16-301(1)(a), and the responses to the 544 report described in Subsections 62A-16-301(2) and (4); or 545 (ii) review and discuss an individual case, as described in Subsection 62A-4a-207(5); 546 (c) a meeting of the Opioid and Overdose Fatality Review Committee, created in 547 Section 26-7-13, to review and discuss an individual case, as described in Subsection 548 26-7-13(10); 549 (d) a meeting of a conservation district as defined in Section 17D-3-102 for the 550 purpose of advising the Natural Resource Conservation Service of the United States 551 Department of Agriculture on a farm improvement project if the discussed information is 552 protected information under federal law; 553 (e) a meeting of the Compassionate Use Board established in Section 26-61a-105 for

the purpose of reviewing petitions for a medical cannabis card in accordance with Section

555	26-61a-105; and
556	(f) a meeting of the Colorado River Authority of Utah if:
557	(i) the purpose of the meeting is to discuss an interstate claim to the use of the water in
558	the Colorado River system; and
559	(ii) failing to close the meeting would:
560	(A) reveal the contents of a record classified as protected under Subsection
561	63G-2-305(82);
562	(B) reveal a legal strategy relating to the state's claim to the use of the water in the
563	Colorado River system;
564	(C) harm the ability of the Colorado River Authority of Utah or river commissioner to
565	negotiate the best terms and conditions regarding the use of water in the Colorado River
566	system; or
567	(D) give an advantage to another state or to the federal government in negotiations
568	regarding the use of water in the Colorado River system.
569	(3) In a closed meeting, a public body may not:
570	(a) interview a person applying to fill an elected position;
571	(b) discuss filling a midterm vacancy or temporary absence governed by Title 20A,
572	Chapter 1, Part 5, Candidate Vacancy and Vacancy and Temporary Absence in Elected Office;
573	or
574	(c) discuss the character, professional competence, or physical or mental health of the
575	person whose name was submitted for consideration to fill a midterm vacancy or temporary
576	absence governed by Title 20A, Chapter 1, Part 5, Candidate Vacancy and Vacancy and
577	Temporary Absence in Elected Office.
578	Section 11. Section 63A-3-401.5 is amended to read:
579	63A-3-401.5. Definitions.
580	As used in this part:
581	(1) "Borrower" means a person who borrows money from an infrastructure fund for an
582	infrastructure project.
583	(2) "Independent political subdivision" means:
584	(a) the Utah Inland Port Authority created in Section 11-58-201;
585	(b) the Point of the Mountain State Land Authority created in Section 11-59-201; or

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586	(c) the Military Installation Development Authority created in Section 63H-1-201.
587	(3) "Infrastructure fund" means a fund created in Subsection 63A-3-402(1).
588	(4) "Infrastructure loan" means a loan of infrastructure fund money to finance an
589	infrastructure project.
590	(5) "Infrastructure project" means a project to acquire, construct, reconstruct,
591	rehabilitate, equip, or improve public infrastructure and improvements:
592	(a) within a project area; or
593	(b) outside a project area, if the respective loan approval [committee] body determine
594	by resolution that the public infrastructure and improvements are of benefit to the project are
595	(6) "Inland port" means the same as that term is defined in Section 11-58-102.
596	(7) "Inland port fund" means the infrastructure fund created in Subsection
597	63A-3-402(1)(a).
598	(8) "Military development fund" means the infrastructure fund created in Subsection
599	63A-3-402(1)(c).
600	(9) "Point of the mountain fund" means the infrastructure fund created in Subsection
601	63A-3-402(1)(b).
602	(10) "Project area" means:
603	(a) the same as that term is defined in Section 11-58-102, for purposes of an
604	infrastructure loan from the inland port fund;
605	(b) the point of the mountain state land, as defined in Section 11-59-102, for purpose
606	of an infrastructure loan from the point of the mountain fund; and
607	(c) the same as that term is defined in Section 63H-1-102, for purposes of an
608	infrastructure loan from the military development fund.
609	(11) "Property tax revenue" means:
610	(a) property tax differential, as defined in Section 11-58-102, for purposes of an
611	infrastructure loan from the inland port fund; or
612	(b) property tax allocation, as defined in Section 63H-1-102, for purposes of an
613	infrastructure loan from the military development fund.

(12) "Public infrastructure and improvements":

(a) for purposes of an infrastructure loan from the inland port fund:

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(i) means publicly owned infrastructure and improvements, as defined in Section

617	11-58-102; and
618	(ii) includes an inland port facility; [and]
619	(b) means publicly owned infrastructure and improvements, as defined in Section
620	11-59-102, for purposes of an infrastructure loan from the point of the mountain fund; and
621	[(b)] (c) means the same as that term is defined in Section 63H-1-102, for purposes of
622	an infrastructure loan from the military development fund.
623	(13) "Respective loan approval [committee] body" means:
624	(a) the committee created in Section 11-58-106, for purposes of an infrastructure loan
625	from the inland port fund;
626	(b) the [committee] board created in Section [11-59-104] 11-59-301, for purposes of an
627	infrastructure loan from the point of the mountain fund; and
628	(c) the committee created in Section 63H-1-104, for purposes of an infrastructure loan
629	from the military development fund.
630	Section 12. Section 63A-3-402 is amended to read:
631	63A-3-402. Infrastructure funds established Purpose of funds Use of money
632	in funds.
633	(1) There are created, as enterprise revolving loan funds:
634	(a) the inland port infrastructure revolving loan fund;
635	(b) the point of the mountain infrastructure revolving loan fund; and
636	(c) the military development infrastructure revolving loan fund.
637	(2) The purpose of each infrastructure fund is to provide funding, through
638	infrastructure loans, for infrastructure projects undertaken by a borrower.
639	(3) (a) Money in an infrastructure fund may be used only to provide loans for
640	infrastructure projects.
641	(b) The division may not loan money in an infrastructure fund without the approval of
642	the respective loan approval [committee] body.
643	Section 13. Section 63A-3-404 is amended to read:
644	63A-3-404. Loan agreement.
645	(1) (a) A borrower that borrows money from an infrastructure fund shall enter into a
646	loan agreement with the division for repayment of the money.
647	(b) (i) A loan agreement under Subsection (1)(a) shall be secured by:

(A) bonds, notes, or another evidence of indebtedness validly issued under state law; or

(B) revenue generated from an infrastructure project.

- (ii) The security provided under Subsection (1)(b)(i) may include the borrower's pledge of some or all of a revenue source that the borrower controls.
- (c) The respective loan approval [committee] body may determine that property tax revenue or revenue from the infrastructure project for which the infrastructure loan is obtained is sufficient security for an infrastructure loan.
- (2) An infrastructure loan shall bear interest at a rate not to exceed .5% above bond market interest rates available to the state.
- (3) (a) Subject to Subsection (3)(b), the respective loan approval [committee] body shall determine the length of term of an infrastructure loan.
- (b) If the security for an infrastructure loan is property tax revenue, the repayment terms of the infrastructure loan agreement shall allow sufficient time for the property tax revenue to generate sufficient money to cover payments under the infrastructure loan.
- (4) An infrastructure loan agreement may provide for a portion of the loan proceeds to be applied to a reserve fund to secure repayment of the infrastructure loan.
- (5) (a) If a borrower fails to comply with the terms of an infrastructure loan agreement, the division may:
 - (i) seek any legal or equitable remedy to obtain:
 - (A) compliance with the agreement; or
 - (B) the payment of damages; and
- (ii) request a state agency with money due to the borrower to withhold payment of the money to the borrower and instead to pay the money to the division to pay any amount due under the infrastructure loan agreement.
- (b) A state agency that receives a request from the division under Subsection (5)(a)(ii) shall pay to the division the money due to the borrower to the extent of the amount due under the infrastructure loan agreement.
- (6) Upon approval from the respective loan approval [committee] body, the division shall loan money from an infrastructure fund according to the terms established by the respective loan approval [committee] body.
- (7) (a) The division shall administer and enforce an infrastructure loan according to the

679	terms of the infrastructure loan agreement.
680	(b) (i) Beginning May 5, 2021, the division shall assume responsibility from the State
681	Infrastructure Bank Fund for servicing the loan under Subsection 63B-27-101(3)(a).
682	(ii) Payments due after May 5, 2021 under the loan under Subsection 63B-27-101(3)(a)
683	shall be made to the division rather than to the State Infrastructure Bank Fund, to be deposited
684	into the military development fund.
685	Section 14. Repealer.
686	This bill repeals:
687	Section 11-59-101, Title.