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1	REAL PROPERTY RECORDING AMENDMENTS
2	2022 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Ronald M. Winterton
5	House Sponsor: Steven J. Lund
6	
7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill addresses the recording of documents concerning real property.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	 provides the requirements for a legal description of real property in a document to
13	be recorded with a county recorder; and
14	makes technical and conforming changes.
15	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
16	None
17	Other Special Clauses:
18	This bill provides a special effective date.
19	Utah Code Sections Affected:
20	AMENDS:
21	17-21-20, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 302
22	57-3-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 88
23	
24	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
25	Section 1. Section 17-21-20 is amended to read:
26	17-21-20. Recording required Recorder may impose requirements on
27	documents to be recorded Prerequisites Additional fee for noncomplying documents
28	Recorder may require tax serial number Exceptions Requirements for recording
29	final local entity plat.

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30	(1) Subject to Subsections (2), (3), and (4), a county recorder shall record each paper,
31	notice, and instrument required by law to be recorded in the office of the county recorder unless
32	otherwise provided.
33	(2) Subject to Chapter 21a, Uniform Real Property Electronic Recording Act, each
34	document that is submitted for recording to a county recorder's office shall:
35	(a) unless otherwise provided by law, be an original or certified copy of the document;
36	(b) be in English or be accompanied by an accurate English translation of the
37	document;
38	(c) contain a brief title, heading, or caption on the first page stating the nature of the
39	document;
40	(d) except as otherwise provided by statute, contain the legal description of the
41	property that is the subject of the document in accordance with Subsection 57-3-105(4);
42	(e) comply with the requirements of Section 17-21-25 and Subsections 57-3-105(1)
43	and (2);
44	(f) except as otherwise provided by statute, be notarized with the notary stamp with the
45	seal legible; and
46	(g) have original signatures.
47	(3) (a) Subject to Chapter 21a, Uniform Real Property Electronic Recording Act, a
48	county recorder may require that each paper, notice, and instrument submitted for recording in
49	the county recorder's office:
50	(i) be on white paper that is 8-1/2 inches by 11 inches in size;
51	(ii) have a margin of one inch on the left and right sides and at the bottom of each
52	page;
53	(iii) have a space of 2-1/2 inches down and 4-1/2 inches across the upper right corner
54	of the first page and a margin of one inch at the top of each succeeding page;
55	(iv) not be on sheets of paper that are continuously bound together at the side, top, or
56	bottom;
57	(v) not contain printed material on more than one side of each page;

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58	(vi) be printed in black ink and not have text smaller than seven lines of text per
59	vertical inch; and
60	(vii) be sufficiently legible to make certified copies.
61	(b) A county recorder who intends to establish requirements under Subsection (3)(a)
62	shall first:
63	(i) provide formal notice of the requirements; and
64	(ii) establish and publish an effective date for the requirements that is at least three
65	months after the formal notice under Subsection (3)(b)(i).
66	(4) (a) To facilitate the abstracting of an instrument to which a tax identification
67	number is assigned, a county recorder may require that the applicable tax identification number
68	of each parcel described in the instrument be noted on the instrument before the county
69	recorder [may accepts] accepts the instrument for recording.
70	(b) If a county recorder requires the applicable tax identification number to be on an
71	instrument before [it] the instrument may be recorded:
72	(i) the county recorder shall post a notice of that requirement in a conspicuous place at
73	the recorder's office;
74	(ii) the tax identification number may not be considered to be part of the legal
75	description and may be indicated on the margin of the instrument; and
76	(iii) an error in the tax identification number does not affect the validity of the
77	instrument or effectiveness of the recording.
78	(5) Subsections (2), (3), and (4) do not apply to:
79	(a) a map or plat;
80	(b) a certificate or affidavit of death that a government agency issues;
81	(c) a military discharge or other record that a branch of the United States military
82	service issues;
83	(d) a document regarding taxes that is issued by the Internal Revenue Service of the
84	United States Department of the Treasury;
85	(e) a document submitted for recording that has been filed with a court and conforms to

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86	the formatting requirements established by the court; or
87	(f) a document submitted for recording that is in a form required by law.
88	(6) (a) As used in this Subsection (6):
89	(i) "Boundary action" has the same meaning as defined in Section 17-23-20.
90	(ii) "Local entity" has the same meaning as defined in Section 67-1a-6.5.
91	(b) A person may not submit to a county recorder for recording a plat depicting the
92	boundary of a local entity as the boundary exists as a result of a boundary action, unless:
93	(i) the plat has been approved under Section 17-23-20 by the county surveyor as a final
94	local entity plat, as defined in Section 17-23-20; and
95	(ii) the person also submits for recording:
96	(A) the original notice of an impending boundary action, as defined in Section
97	67-1a-6.5, for the boundary action for which the plat is submitted for recording;
98	(B) the original applicable certificate, as defined in Section 67-1a-6.5, issued by the
99	lieutenant governor under Section 67-1a-6.5 for the boundary action for which the plat is
100	submitted for recording; and
101	(C) each other document required by statute to be submitted for recording with the
102	notice of an impending boundary action and applicable certificate.
103	(c) Promptly after recording the documents described in Subsection (6)(b) relating to a
104	boundary action, but no later than 10 days after recording, the county recorder shall send a copy
105	of all those documents to the State Tax Commission.
106	Section 2. Section 57-3-105 is amended to read:
107	57-3-105. Legal description of real property and names and addresses required in
108	documents.
109	(1) Except as otherwise provided by statute, if a document for recording does not
110	conform to this section, a person may not present [a] the document to the office of the recorder
111	of the county for recording [unless the document complies with this section].
112	(2) A document executed after July 1, [1983] 2022, is entitled to be recorded in the
113	office of the recorder of the county in which the property described in the document is located

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114	only if the document contains a legal description of the real property in accordance with
115	Subsection (4).
116	(3) (a) A document conveying title to real property presented for recording after July 1,
117	[1981] 2022, is entitled to be recorded in the office of the recorder of the county in which the
118	property described in the document is located only if the document:
119	(i) names the grantees and recites a mailing address to be used for assessment and
120	taxation [in addition to the legal description required under Subsection (2).]; and
121	(ii) includes a legal description of the real property in accordance with Subsection (4).
122	(b) The address of the management committee may be used as the mailing address of a
123	grantee as required in Subsection (3)(a) if the interest conveyed is a timeshare interest as
124	defined by Section 57-19-2.
125	[(4) A person may not present and a county recorder may refuse to accept a document
126	for recording if the document does not conform to this section.]
127	(4) A legal description required under this Section and Subsection 17-21-20(2)(d) shall
128	include a description of the real property by:
129	(a) metes and bounds;
130	(b) a government survey that:
131	(i) references the Public Land Survey System; and
132	(ii) specifies the township, range, base and meridian, and section, with aliquot part or
133	government lot, if applicable, of the real property;
134	(c) if the real property consists of a mining claim:
135	(i) the claim name; and
136	(ii) if available, a state or federal agency serial number; or
137	(d) (i) a lot, block, tract, parcel, or unit within a previously recorded plat or map;
138	(ii) station and offset with reference to centerline;
139	(iii) a centerline described using:
140	(A) a bearing and distance; or
141	(B) at least three elements of curve data:

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142	(iv) a point referenced to a corner of the Public Land Survey System or other
143	controlling corner; or
144	(v) a type of legal description not described in Subsections (4)(d)(i) through (iv) that
145	meets the requirements described in Section 57-10-4 for a legal and satisfactory description of
146	a land boundary.
147	(5) Notwithstanding Subsections (2), (3), and (4), a master form, as defined in Section
148	57-3-201, that does not meet the requirements of Subsections (2) and (3) is entitled to be
149	recorded in the office of the recorder of the county in which the property described in the
150	master form is located if [it] the master form complies with Part 2, Master Mortgage and Trust
151	Deeds.
152	Section 3. Effective date.
153	This bill takes effect on July 1, 2022.