Enrolled Copy

| CONCURRENT | RESOLUTION ENCOUR | AGING SUPPORT FOR |
|--|---|----------------------------------|
| INTER | NATIONALLY ADOPTED | INDIVIDUALS |
| | 2022 GENERAL SESSIO | N |
| | STATE OF UTAH | |
| | Chief Sponsor: Jani Iwa | moto |
| | House Sponsor: Robert M. S | pendlove |
| Cosponsors: | Lincoln Fillmore | Ronald M. Winterton |
| Jacob L. Anderegg | Derek L. Kitchen | |
| ~ | Kathleen A. Riebe | |
| Gene Davis | | |
| Gene Davis Luz Escamilla | Todd D. Weiler | |
| Luz Escamilla | | |
| | | |
| Luz Escamilla LONG TITLE General Description: | | ongress and the President of the |
| Luz Escamilla LONG TITLE General Description: This concurrent reso | Todd D. Weiler | 0 |
| Luz Escamilla LONG TITLE General Description: This concurrent reso United States to support effo | Todd D. Weiler | nationally born |
| Luz Escamilla LONG TITLE General Description: This concurrent reso United States to support effe | Todd D. Weiler lution encourages United States Co orts related to legally adopted interr certain state agencies to support ado | nationally born |
| Luz Escamilla LONG TITLE General Description: This concurrent reso United States to support effo individuals and encourages of | Todd D. Weiler lution encourages United States Co orts related to legally adopted interr certain state agencies to support ado | nationally born |
| Luz Escamilla LONG TITLE General Description: This concurrent reso United States to support effo individuals and encourages of accessing adoption resource | Todd D. Weiler lution encourages United States Co orts related to legally adopted interr certain state agencies to support ado | nationally born |

- ▶ outlines the technical oversight in federal law that excluded legally adopted
- 22 internationally-born individuals from receiving automatic United States citizenship;
- 23 addresses the challenges that internationally-adopted children who are excluded
- 24 from United States citizenship face under current law;
- 25 ► describes the mental health needs of adopted children;
- 26 describes the need for federal legislation to address the technical oversight in federal
- 27 law; and

S.C.R. 6

Enrolled Copy

| 28 | encourages: |
|----|---|
| 29 | • Utah's health and education systems to support adopted children in accessing |
| 30 | adoption resources; and |
| 31 | • United States Congress and the President of the United States to support efforts |
| 32 | to address the technical oversight in federal law. |
| 33 | Special Clauses: |
| 34 | None |
| 35 | |
| 36 | Be it resolved by the Legislature of the state of Utah, the Governor concurring therein: |
| 37 | WHEREAS, the state of Utah has a long history of welcoming children through |
| 38 | international adoption; |
| 39 | WHEREAS, all Utahns benefit from the removal of barriers to citizenship attained |
| 40 | through international adoption; |
| 41 | WHEREAS, in 2000, federal legislation aimed to provide automatic United States |
| 42 | citizenship to all internationally-born children of United States citizens, subject to certain |
| 43 | requirements; |
| 44 | WHEREAS, the federal legislation contained a technical oversight that prevents |
| 45 | internationally-born individuals who were adopted by United States citizens as children but |
| 46 | were over 18 years old at the time the federal legislation passed from receiving United States |
| 47 | citizenship under the federal legislation; |
| 48 | WHEREAS, as a result of the technical oversight, an estimated tens of thousands of |
| 49 | legally adopted internationally-born individuals born before February 27, 1983, remain without |
| 50 | citizenship and potentially subject to deportation despite being adopted and raised by United |
| 51 | States citizens; |
| 52 | WHEREAS, the technical oversight has caused dozens of known deportations of legally |
| 53 | adopted internationally-born individuals, breaking up families and resulting in the return of the |
| 54 | individuals to countries to which the individuals do not have any cultural or social ties; |

Enrolled Copy

S.C.R. 6

| 55 | WHEREAS, United States' legal international adoptees have been deported to countries |
|----|--|
| 56 | such as Argentina, Brazil, China, Colombia, Costa Rica, Germany, El Salvador, India, Ireland, |
| 57 | Haiti, Iran, Japan, Mexico, Panama, Philippines, Russia, South Korea, St. Kitts, Taiwan, |
| 58 | Ukraine, and Vietnam; |
| 59 | WHEREAS, legally adopted internationally-born individuals who are unable to obtain |
| 60 | citizenship face numerous challenges, including challenges in accessing banking services, |
| 61 | voting, applying for a passport or driver license, receiving social security or disability benefits, |
| 62 | obtaining financial aid for postsecondary education, and joining the armed forces; |
| 63 | WHEREAS, legally adopted internationally-born individuals are often English |
| 64 | language learners and face significant challenges throughout education systems; |
| 65 | WHEREAS, numerous studies have shown that adoptee populations are |
| 66 | overrepresented in mental health counseling needs, experience increased risk of substance use |
| 67 | disorders, and are uniquely impacted by various other mental health disorders that can stem |
| 68 | from high levels of childhood stress; |
| 69 | WHEREAS, congressional efforts have been made to correct the technical oversight |
| 70 | and grant United States citizenship to legally adopted internationally-born individuals who |
| 71 | were excluded under the technical oversight because the individuals were older than 18 years |
| 72 | old at the time the federal legislation passed; |
| 73 | WHEREAS, passage of federal legislation to address the technical oversight will result |
| 74 | in the naturalization of legally adopted internationally-born adults who were brought as |
| 75 | children to the United States under the promise of finding a permanent home and with the |
| 76 | expectation of citizenship that matched the adults' adopted parents; and |
| 77 | WHEREAS, congressional efforts to correct the technical oversight have seen |
| 78 | bipartisan support in United States Congress and have widespread praise among the nation's |
| 79 | leading adoption advocacy organizations: |
| 80 | NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the Legislature of the state of Utah, the |
| 81 | Governor concurring therein, encourages United States Congress and the President of the |

S.C.R. 6

82 United States to support any efforts to address the technical oversight in the federal legislation83 passed in 2000.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Legislature and the Governor encourage Utah's
health and education systems to assist Utah families with accessing available resources for
adopted children.

87 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that a copy of this resolution be sent to Utah's 88 congressional delegation, the speaker of the United States House of Representatives, the 89 majority leader of the United States Senate, the chairs and ranking members of the United 90 States Senate and House of Representatives Judiciary Committees, and the President of the 91 United States.