1	FOSSIL FUELS TAX AMENDMENTS
2	2022 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Derek L. Kitchen
5	House Sponsor:
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill creates a tax on carbon dioxide emissions.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	imposes a carbon dioxide emissions tax, including:
13	 defining terms;
14	 requiring records;
15	 addressing rate and remittance requirements for tax on motor fuel, special fuel,
16	aviation fuel, natural gas, large emitter emissions, and electricity;
17	 granting rulemaking authority; and
18	 creates restricted accounts in which to deposit carbon emissions tax revenue and
19	provides for the accounts' uses;
20	 prohibits a large transit district from charging a fare to a passenger of a public
21	transit service;
22	 requires the Department of Environmental Quality to certify carbon emissions by
23	certain taxpayers;
24	 creates a refundable state earned income tax credit and provides for apportionment
25	of that tax credit;
26	requires the Division of Finance to reimburse the Education Fund from the Carbon
27	Emissions Revenue Restricted Account for earned income tax credits claimed;



28	eliminates the state sales and use tax on food;
29	• eliminates the state sales and use tax on residential fuel and commercial fuel;
30	 modifies the formulas for calculating earmarks of sales and use tax revenue to
31	account for the deposit of carbon emissions tax revenue; and
32	 makes technical and conforming changes.
33	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
34	None
35	Other Special Clauses:
36	This bill provides a special effective date.
37	Utah Code Sections Affected:
38	AMENDS:
39	17B-2a-808.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 239
40	17B-2a-815, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 216
41	59-12-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 367, 387, and 411
42	72-2-126, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 38
43	ENACTS:
44	19-1-208, Utah Code Annotated 1953
45	59-10-1102.1 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
46	59-10-1114 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
47	59-30-101 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
48	59-30-102 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
49	59-30-103 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
50	59-30-201 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
51	59-30-202 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
52	59-30-203 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
53	59-30-204 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
54	59-30-205 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
55	59-30-206 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
56	59-30-207 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
57	59-30-301 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
58	50-30-302 Utah Code Annotated 1953

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

Section 1. Section **17B-2a-808.1** is amended to read:

17B-2a-808.1. Large public transit district board of trustees powers and duties -- Adoption of ordinances, resolutions, or orders -- Effective date of ordinances.

- (1) The powers and duties of a board of trustees of a large public transit district stated in this section are in addition to the powers and duties stated in Section 17B-1-301.
 - (2) The board of trustees of each large public transit district shall:
 - (a) hold public meetings and receive public comment;
- (b) ensure that the policies, procedures, and management practices established by the public transit district meet state and federal regulatory requirements and federal grantee eligibility;
- (c) subject to Subsection (8), create and approve an annual budget, including the issuance of bonds and other financial instruments, after consultation with the local advisory council;
 - (d) approve any interlocal agreement with a local jurisdiction;
- (e) in consultation with the local advisory council, approve contracts and overall property acquisitions and dispositions for transit-oriented development;
- (f) in consultation with constituent counties, municipalities, metropolitan planning organizations, and the local advisory council:
- (i) develop and approve a strategic plan for development and operations on at least a four-year basis; and
- (ii) create and pursue funding opportunities for transit capital and service initiatives to meet anticipated growth within the public transit district;
- (g) annually report the public transit district's long-term financial plan to the State Bonding Commission;
- (h) annually report the public transit district's progress and expenditures related to state resources to the Executive Appropriations Committee and the Infrastructure and General Government Appropriations Subcommittee;
- (i) annually report to the Transportation Interim Committee the public transit district's efforts to engage in public-private partnerships for public transit services;

90	(j) hire, set salaries, and develop performance targets and evaluations for:
91	(i) the executive director; and
92	(ii) all chief level officers;
93	(k) supervise and regulate each transit facility that the public transit district owns and
94	operates, including:
95	(i) fix rates, fares, rentals, charges and any classifications of rates, fares, rentals, and
96	charges; and
97	(ii) make and enforce rules, regulations, contracts, practices, and schedules for or in
98	connection with a transit facility that the district owns or controls;
99	(1) subject to Subsection (4), control the investment of all funds assigned to the district
100	for investment, including funds:
101	(i) held as part of a district's retirement system; and
102	(ii) invested in accordance with the participating employees' designation or direction
103	pursuant to an employee deferred compensation plan established and operated in compliance
104	with Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code;
105	(m) in consultation with the local advisory council created under Section
106	17B-2a-808.2, invest all funds according to the procedures and requirements of Title 51,
107	Chapter 7, State Money Management Act;
108	(n) if a custodian is appointed under Subsection (3)(d), and subject to Subsection (4),
109	pay the fees for the custodian's services from the interest earnings of the investment fund for
110	which the custodian is appointed;
111	(o) (i) cause an annual audit of all public transit district books and accounts to be made
112	by an independent certified public accountant;
113	(ii) as soon as practicable after the close of each fiscal year, submit to each of the
114	councils of governments within the public transit district a financial report showing:
115	(A) the result of district operations during the preceding fiscal year;
116	(B) an accounting of the expenditures of all local sales and use tax revenues generated
117	under Title 59, Chapter 12, Part 22, Local Option Sales and Use Taxes for Transportation Act;
118	(C) the district's financial status on the final day of the fiscal year; and
119	(D) the district's progress and efforts to improve efficiency relative to the previous
120	fiscal year; and

121	(iii) supply copies of the report under Subsection (2)(o)(ii) to the general public upon
122	request;
123	(p) report at least annually to the Transportation Commission created in Section
124	72-1-301, which report shall include:
125	(i) the district's short-term and long-range public transit plans, including the portions of
126	applicable regional transportation plans adopted by a metropolitan planning organization
127	established under 23 U.S.C. Sec. 134; and
128	(ii) any transit capital development projects that the board of trustees would like the
129	Transportation Commission to consider;
130	(q) direct the internal auditor appointed under Section 17B-2a-810 to conduct audits
131	that the board of trustees determines, in consultation with the local advisory council created in
132	Section 17B-2a-808.2, to be the most critical to the success of the organization;
133	(r) together with the local advisory council created in Section 17B-2a-808.2, hear audit
134	reports for audits conducted in accordance with Subsection (2)(o);
135	(s) on or before December 31, 2023, review and approve all contracts pertaining to
136	reduced fares, and evaluate existing contracts, including review of:
137	(i) how negotiations occurred;
138	(ii) the rationale for providing a reduced fare; and
139	(iii) identification and evaluation of cost shifts to offset operational costs incurred and
140	impacted by each contract offering a reduced fare;
141	(t) in consultation with the local advisory council, develop and approve other board
142	policies, ordinances, and bylaws; and
143	(u) review and approve any:
144	(i) contract or expense exceeding \$200,000; or
145	(ii) proposed change order to an existing contract if the change order:
146	(A) increases the total contract value to \$200,000 or more;
147	(B) increases a contract of or expense of \$200,000 or more by 15% or more; or
148	(C) has a total change order value of \$200,000 or more.
149	(3) A board of trustees of a large public transit district may:
150	(a) subject to Subsection (5), make and pass ordinances, resolutions, and orders that
151	are:

152	(1) not repugnant to the United States Constitution, the Utah Constitution, or the
153	provisions of this part; and
154	(ii) necessary for:
155	(A) the governance and management of the affairs of the district;
156	(B) the execution of district powers; and
157	(C) carrying into effect the provisions of this part;
158	(b) provide by resolution, under terms and conditions the board considers fit, for the
159	payment of demands against the district without prior specific approval by the board, if the
160	payment is:
161	(i) for a purpose for which the expenditure has been previously approved by the board;
162	(ii) in an amount no greater than the amount authorized; and
163	(iii) approved by the executive director or other officer or deputy as the board
164	prescribes;
165	(c) in consultation with the local advisory council created in Section 17B-2a-808.2:
166	(i) hold public hearings and subpoena witnesses; and
167	(ii) appoint district officers to conduct a hearing and require the officers to make
168	findings and conclusions and report them to the board; and
169	(d) appoint a custodian for the funds and securities under its control, subject to
170	Subsection (2)(n).
171	(4) For a large public transit district in existence as of May 8, 2018, on or before
172	September 30, 2019, the board of trustees of a large public transit district shall present a report
173	to the Transportation Interim Committee regarding retirement benefits of the district, including
174	(a) the feasibility of becoming a participating employer and having retirement benefits
175	of eligible employees and officials covered in applicable systems and plans administered under
176	Title 49, Utah State Retirement and Insurance Benefit Act;
177	(b) any legal or contractual restrictions on any employees that are party to a collectively
178	bargained retirement plan; and
179	(c) a comparison of retirement plans offered by the large public transit district and
180	similarly situated public employees, including the costs of each plan and the value of the
181	benefit offered.
182	(5) The board of trustees may not issue a bond unless the board of trustees has

consulted and received approval from the State Bonding Commission created in Section 63B-1-201.

- (6) A member of the board of trustees of a large public transit district or a hearing officer designated by the board may administer oaths and affirmations in a district investigation or proceeding.
- (7) (a) The vote of the board of trustees on each ordinance or resolution shall be by roll call vote with each affirmative and negative vote recorded.
- (b) The board of trustees of a large public transit district may not adopt an ordinance unless it is introduced at least 24 hours before the board of trustees adopts it.
- (c) Each ordinance adopted by a large public transit district's board of trustees shall take effect upon adoption, unless the ordinance provides otherwise.
- (8) (a) For a large public transit district in existence on May 8, 2018, for the budget for calendar year 2019, the board in place on May 8, 2018, shall create the tentative annual budget.
- (b) The budget described in Subsection (8)(a) shall include setting the salary of each of the members of the board of trustees that will assume control on or before November 1, 2018, which salary may not exceed \$150,000, plus additional retirement and other standard benefits, as set by the local advisory council as described in Section 17B-2a-808.2.
- (c) For a large public transit district in existence on May 8, 2018, the board of trustees that assumes control of the large public transit district on or before November 2, 2018, shall approve the calendar year 2019 budget on or before December 31, 2018.
 - Section 2. Section 17B-2a-815 is amended to read:

17B-2a-815. Rates and charges for service -- Fare collection information private.

- (1) (a) [The] Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), the board of trustees of a public transit district shall fix rates and charges for service provided by the district by a two-thirds vote of all board members.
- (b) Beginning on January 1, 2024, a large public transit may not charge a fare for any public transit service provided by the large public transit district.
 - (2) Rates and charges shall:
- 211 (a) be reasonable; and

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- (b) to the extent practicable:
- 213 (i) result in enough revenue to make the public transit system self supporting; and

214	(ii) be sufficient to:
215	(A) pay for district operating expenses;
216	(B) provide for repairs, maintenance, and depreciation of works and property that the
217	district owns or operates;
218	(C) provide for the purchase, lease, or acquisition of property and equipment;
219	(D) pay the interest and principal of bonds that the district issues; and
220	(E) pay for contracts, agreements, leases, and other legal liabilities that the district
221	incurs.
222	(3) (a) In accordance with Section 63G-2-302, the following personal information
223	received by the district from a customer through any debit, credit, or electronic fare payment
224	process is a private record under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and
225	Management Act:
226	(i) travel data, including:
227	(A) the identity of the purchasing individual or entity;
228	(B) travel dates, times, or frequency of use; and
229	(C) locations of use;
230	(ii) service type or vehicle identification used by the customer;
231	(iii) the unique transit pass identifier assigned to the customer; or
232	(iv) customer account information, including the cardholder's name, the credit or debit
233	card number, the card issuer identification, or any other related information.
234	(b) Private records described in this Subsection (3) that are received by a public transit
235	district may only be disclosed in accordance with Section 63G-2-202.
236	Section 3. Section 19-1-208 is enacted to read:
237	19-1-208. Certification of large emitters for tax purposes.
238	(1) As used in this section:
239	(a) "Dyed diesel fuel" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-13-102.
240	(b) "Large emitter" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-30-101.
241	(c) "Metric ton" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-30-101.
242	(d) "Operator" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-30-101.
243	(2) (a) On or before May 1 of each year, an operator shall apply to the department for a
244	written certification of the total number of metric tons of carbon dioxide that the large emitter

245	emitted in this state during the previous calendar year from combustion of each of the
246	following related to stationary fuel combustion, petroleum refining, petroleum and natural gas
247	systems, lime production, cement production, or use of off-highway vehicles:
248	(i) coal;
249	(ii) dyed diesel fuel; and
250	(iii) fuel gas.
251	(b) In applying for the certification required by this section, an operator shall provide
252	the department with the following information for the previous calendar year:
253	(i) (A) the number of short tons for each type of coal that the large emitter combusted
254	in the state;
255	(B) the number of gallons of dyed diesel fuel that the large emitter combusted in the
256	state;
257	(C) the number, in thousands, of standard cubic feet of fuel gas that the large emitter
258	combusted in the state;
259	(ii) measurements in metric tons of carbon dioxide emissions in this state from:
260	(A) coal;
261	(B) dyed diesel fuel; and
262	(C) fuel gas; and
263	(iii) the information that the large emitter provides to the United States Environmental
264	Protection Agency for the facility as required by 40 C.F.R. Sec. 98.2.
265	(3) (a) Before issuing a certification, the department shall determine the large emitter's
266	number of metric tons of carbon emissions by:
267	(i) converting the reported number of short tons of coal, the reported number of gallons
268	of dyed diesel fuel, and the reported number, in thousands, of standard cubic feet of fuel gas to
269	metric tons of carbon dioxide emissions; and
270	(ii) comparing the information the operator provided in accordance with Subsection
271	(2)(b)(ii) and the conversions made under this Subsection (3) with the information the operator
272	provided in accordance with Subsection (2)(b)(iii).
273	(b) In making the conversion required by this Subsection (3), the department shall use
274	the following formulas:
275	(i) for coal:

276	(A) one short ton of anthracite equals 2.579 metric tons of carbon dioxide emissions;
277	(B) one short ton of bituminous equals 2.237 metric tons of carbon dioxide emissions;
278	(C) one short ton of coke equals 2.830 metric tons of carbon dioxide emissions;
279	(D) one short ton of lignite equals 1.266 metric tons of carbon dioxide emissions; and
280	(E) one short ton of subbituminous equals 1.686 metric tons of carbon dioxide
281	emissions;
282	(ii) for dyed diesel fuel, one gallon equals .01016 metric tons of carbon dioxide; and
283	(iii) for fuel gas, 1,000 standard cubic feet equals .0819 metric tons of carbon dioxide
284	emissions.
285	(4) On or before June 1 of each year, the department shall:
286	(a) issue to the operator, on a form provided by the State Tax Commission, a
287	certification of the total number of metric tons of carbon dioxide emissions that the large
288	emitter emitted during the previous calendar year; and
289	(b) provide the State Tax Commission with an electronic report listing the name and
290	address of each operator to which the department issued a certification under this section.
291	(5) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
292	department may make rules governing the process for an operator to apply for and the
293	department to issue a written certification required by this section.
294	(6) The department shall notify the State Tax Commission if the department concludes
295	that there is an error in a previously issued written certification that may require the large
296	emitter to file an amended return in accordance with Section 59-30-103.
297	(7) The provisions of this section apply beginning on January 1, 2024.
298	Section 4. Section 59-10-1102.1 is enacted to read:
299	59-10-1102.1. Apportionment of tax credits.
300	A nonresident individual or a part-year resident individual described in Section
301	59-10-1114 who claims the tax credit may only claim an apportioned amount of the tax credit
302	equal to the product of:
303	(1) the state income tax percentage for the nonresident individual or the state income
304	tax percentage for the part-year resident individual; and
305	(2) the amount of the tax credit that the nonresident individual or the part-year resident
306	individual would have been allowed to claim but for the apportionment requirement of this

307	section.
308	Section 5. Section 59-10-1114 is enacted to read:
309	59-10-1114. Refundable earned income tax credit.
310	(1) As used in this section:
311	(a) "Federal earned income tax credit" means the federal earned income tax credit
312	described in Section 32, Internal Revenue Code.
313	(b) "Qualifying claimant" means a resident or nonresident individual who:
314	(i) qualifies and claims the federal earned income tax credit for the current taxable
315	year; and
316	(ii) earns income in Utah that is reported on a W-2 form.
317	(2) (a) Subject to Section 59-10-1102.1 and Subsection (2)(b), a qualifying claimant
318	may claim a refundable earned income tax credit equal to the lesser of:
319	(i) 10% of the amount of the federal earned income tax credit that the qualifying
320	claimant was entitled to claim on a federal income tax return for the current taxable year; or
321	(ii) the total Utah wages reported on the qualifying claimant's W-2 form for the current
322	taxable year.
323	(b) A qualifying claimant may claim the tax credit described in this section for a
324	taxable year that begins on or after January 1, 2024.
325	(3) The Division of Finance shall transfer at least annually from the Carbon Emissions
326	Revenue Restricted Account created in Section 59-30-301 into the Education Fund an amount
327	equal to the amount of the tax credit claimed under this section.
328	Section 6. Section 59-12-103 is amended to read:
329	59-12-103. Sales and use tax base Rates Effective dates Use of sales and use
330	tax revenues.
331	(1) A tax is imposed on the purchaser as provided in this part on the purchase price or
332	sales price for amounts paid or charged for the following transactions:
333	(a) retail sales of tangible personal property made within the state;
334	(b) amounts paid for:
335	(i) telecommunications service, other than mobile telecommunications service, that
336	originates and terminates within the boundaries of this state;
337	(ii) mobile telecommunications service that originates and terminates within the

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       boundaries of one state only to the extent permitted by the Mobile Telecommunications
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       Sourcing Act, 4 U.S.C. Sec. 116 et seq.; or
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               (iii) an ancillary service associated with a:
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               (A) telecommunications service described in Subsection (1)(b)(i); or
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               (B) mobile telecommunications service described in Subsection (1)(b)(ii);
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               (c) sales of the following for commercial use:
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               (i) gas;
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               (ii) electricity;
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               (iii) heat;
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               (iv) coal;
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               (v) fuel oil; or
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               (vi) other fuels;
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               (d) sales of the following for residential use:
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               (i) gas;
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               (ii) electricity;
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               (iii) heat;
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               (iv) coal;
               (v) fuel oil; or
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               (vi) other fuels;
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               (e) sales of prepared food;
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               (f) except as provided in Section 59-12-104, amounts paid or charged as admission or
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       user fees for theaters, movies, operas, museums, planetariums, shows of any type or nature,
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       exhibitions, concerts, carnivals, amusement parks, amusement rides, circuses, menageries,
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       fairs, races, contests, sporting events, dances, boxing matches, wrestling matches, closed circuit
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       television broadcasts, billiard parlors, pool parlors, bowling lanes, golf, miniature golf, golf
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       driving ranges, batting cages, skating rinks, ski lifts, ski runs, ski trails, snowmobile trails,
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       tennis courts, swimming pools, water slides, river runs, jeep tours, boat tours, scenic cruises,
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       horseback rides, sports activities, or any other amusement, entertainment, recreation,
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       exhibition, cultural, or athletic activity;
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               (g) amounts paid or charged for services for repairs or renovations of tangible personal
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       property, unless Section 59-12-104 provides for an exemption from sales and use tax for:
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509	(i) the tanglole personal property, and
370	(ii) parts used in the repairs or renovations of the tangible personal property described
371	in Subsection (1)(g)(i), regardless of whether:
372	(A) any parts are actually used in the repairs or renovations of that tangible personal
373	property; or
374	(B) the particular parts used in the repairs or renovations of that tangible personal
375	property are exempt from a tax under this chapter;
376	(h) except as provided in Subsection 59-12-104(7), amounts paid or charged for
377	assisted cleaning or washing of tangible personal property;
378	(i) amounts paid or charged for tourist home, hotel, motel, or trailer court
379	accommodations and services that are regularly rented for less than 30 consecutive days;
380	(j) amounts paid or charged for laundry or dry cleaning services;
381	(k) amounts paid or charged for leases or rentals of tangible personal property if within
382	this state the tangible personal property is:
383	(i) stored;
384	(ii) used; or
385	(iii) otherwise consumed;
386	(l) amounts paid or charged for tangible personal property if within this state the
387	tangible personal property is:
388	(i) stored;
389	(ii) used; or
390	(iii) consumed; and
391	(m) amounts paid or charged for a sale:
392	(i) (A) of a product transferred electronically; or
393	(B) of a repair or renovation of a product transferred electronically, and
394	(ii) regardless of whether the sale provides:
395	(A) a right of permanent use of the product; or
396	(B) a right to use the product that is less than a permanent use, including a right:
397	(I) for a definite or specified length of time; and
398	(II) that terminates upon the occurrence of a condition.
399	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (2)(b) through (f), a state tax and a local tax

400	are imposed on a transaction described in Subsection (1) equal to the sum of:
401	(i) a state tax imposed on the transaction at a tax rate equal to the sum of:
402	(A) 4.70% plus the rate specified in Subsection (12)(a); and
403	(B) (I) the tax rate the state imposes in accordance with Part 18, Additional State Sales
404	and Use Tax Act, if the location of the transaction as determined under Sections 59-12-211
405	through 59-12-215 is in a county in which the state imposes the tax under Part 18, Additional
406	State Sales and Use Tax Act; and
407	(II) the tax rate the state imposes in accordance with Part 20, Supplemental State Sales
408	and Use Tax Act, if the location of the transaction as determined under Sections 59-12-211
409	through 59-12-215 is in a city, town, or the unincorporated area of a county in which the state
410	imposes the tax under Part 20, Supplemental State Sales and Use Tax Act; and
411	(ii) a local tax equal to the sum of the tax rates a county, city, or town imposes on the
412	transaction under this chapter other than this part.
413	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(e) or (f) and subject to Subsection (2)(k), a
414	state tax and a local tax are imposed on a transaction described in Subsection (1)(c) or (d) equal
415	to the sum of:
416	[(i) a state tax imposed on the transaction at a tax rate of 2%; and]
417	(i) (A) on or before December 31, 2023, a state tax imposed on a transaction described
418	in Subsection (1)(c) at the rate described in Subsection (2)(a)(i) and a transaction described in
419	Subsection (1)(d) at a rate of 2%; and
420	(B) beginning on January 1, 2024, a state tax imposed on the transaction at a tax rate of
421	<u>0%; and</u>
422	(ii) a local tax equal to the sum of the tax rates a county, city, or town imposes on the
423	transaction under this chapter other than this part.
424	(c) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(e) or (f), a state tax and a local tax are
425	imposed on amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients equal to the sum of:
426	(i) (A) on or before December 31, 2023, a state tax imposed on the amounts paid or
427	charged for food and food ingredients at a tax rate of 1.75%; and
428	(B) beginning on January 1, 2024, a state tax imposed on the amounts paid or charged
429	for food and food ingredients at a tax rate of 0%; and
430	(ii) a local tax equal to the sum of the tax rates a county, city, or town imposes on the

amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients under this chapter other than this part.

- (d) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(e) or (f), a state tax is imposed on amounts paid or charged for fuel to a common carrier that is a railroad for use in a locomotive engine at a rate of 4.85%.
- (e) (i) For a bundled transaction that is attributable to food and food ingredients and tangible personal property other than food and food ingredients, a state tax and a local tax is imposed on the entire bundled transaction equal to the sum of:
 - (A) a state tax imposed on the entire bundled transaction equal to the sum of:
 - (I) the tax rate described in Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A); and

- (II) (Aa) the tax rate the state imposes in accordance with Part 18, Additional State Sales and Use Tax Act, if the location of the transaction as determined under Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215 is in a county in which the state imposes the tax under Part 18, Additional State Sales and Use Tax Act; and
- (Bb) the tax rate the state imposes in accordance with Part 20, Supplemental State Sales and Use Tax Act, if the location of the transaction as determined under Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215 is in a city, town, or the unincorporated area of a county in which the state imposes the tax under Part 20, Supplemental State Sales and Use Tax Act; and
- (B) a local tax imposed on the entire bundled transaction at the sum of the tax rates described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii).
- (ii) If an optional computer software maintenance contract is a bundled transaction that consists of taxable and nontaxable products that are not separately itemized on an invoice or similar billing document, the purchase of the optional computer software maintenance contract is 40% taxable under this chapter and 60% nontaxable under this chapter.
- (iii) Subject to Subsection (2)(e)(iv), for a bundled transaction other than a bundled transaction described in Subsection (2)(e)(i) or (ii):
- (A) if the sales price of the bundled transaction is attributable to tangible personal property, a product, or a service that is subject to taxation under this chapter and tangible personal property, a product, or service that is not subject to taxation under this chapter, the entire bundled transaction is subject to taxation under this chapter unless:
- (I) the seller is able to identify by reasonable and verifiable standards the tangible personal property, product, or service that is not subject to taxation under this chapter from the

books and records the seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business; or

(II) state or federal law provides otherwise; or

- (B) if the sales price of a bundled transaction is attributable to two or more items of tangible personal property, products, or services that are subject to taxation under this chapter at different rates, the entire bundled transaction is subject to taxation under this chapter at the higher tax rate unless:
- (I) the seller is able to identify by reasonable and verifiable standards the tangible personal property, product, or service that is subject to taxation under this chapter at the lower tax rate from the books and records the seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business; or
 - (II) state or federal law provides otherwise.
- (iv) For purposes of Subsection (2)(e)(iii), books and records that a seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business includes books and records the seller keeps in the regular course of business for nontax purposes.
- (f) (i) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter and subject to Subsections (2)(f)(ii) and (iii), if a transaction consists of the sale, lease, or rental of tangible personal property, a product, or a service that is subject to taxation under this chapter, and the sale, lease, or rental of tangible personal property, other property, a product, or a service that is not subject to taxation under this chapter, the entire transaction is subject to taxation under this chapter unless the seller, at the time of the transaction:
- (A) separately states the portion of the transaction that is not subject to taxation under this chapter on an invoice, bill of sale, or similar document provided to the purchaser; or
- (B) is able to identify by reasonable and verifiable standards, from the books and records the seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business, the portion of the transaction that is not subject to taxation under this chapter.
 - (ii) A purchaser and a seller may correct the taxability of a transaction if:
- (A) after the transaction occurs, the purchaser and the seller discover that the portion of the transaction that is not subject to taxation under this chapter was not separately stated on an invoice, bill of sale, or similar document provided to the purchaser because of an error or ignorance of the law; and
- (B) the seller is able to identify by reasonable and verifiable standards, from the books and records the seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business, the portion of the

transaction that is not subject to taxation under this chapter.

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(iii) For purposes of Subsections (2)(f)(i) and (ii), books and records that a seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business includes books and records the seller keeps in the regular course of business for nontax purposes.

- (g) (i) If the sales price of a transaction is attributable to two or more items of tangible personal property, products, or services that are subject to taxation under this chapter at different rates, the entire purchase is subject to taxation under this chapter at the higher tax rate unless the seller, at the time of the transaction:
- (A) separately states the items subject to taxation under this chapter at each of the different rates on an invoice, bill of sale, or similar document provided to the purchaser; or
- (B) is able to identify by reasonable and verifiable standards the tangible personal property, product, or service that is subject to taxation under this chapter at the lower tax rate from the books and records the seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business.
- (ii) For purposes of Subsection (2)(g)(i), books and records that a seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business includes books and records the seller keeps in the regular course of business for nontax purposes.
- (h) Subject to Subsections (2)(i) and (j), a tax rate repeal or tax rate change for a tax rate imposed under the following shall take effect on the first day of a calendar quarter:
 - (i) Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A);
- 512 (ii) Subsection (2)(b)(i);
 - (iii) Subsection (2)(c)(i); or
- 514 (iv) Subsection (2)(e)(i)(A)(I).
 - (i) (i) A tax rate increase takes effect on the first day of the first billing period that begins on or after the effective date of the tax rate increase if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of a tax rate increase imposed under:
 - (A) Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A);
- 519 (B) Subsection (2)(b)(i);
- 520 (C) Subsection (2)(c)(i); or
- 521 (D) Subsection (2)(e)(i)(A)(I).
- 522 (ii) The repeal of a tax or a tax rate decrease applies to a billing period if the billing 523 statement for the billing period is rendered on or after the effective date of the repeal of the tax

524	or the tax rate decrease imposed under:
525	(A) Subsection $(2)(a)(i)(A)$;
526	(B) Subsection (2)(b)(i);
527	(C) Subsection (2)(c)(i); or
528	(D) Subsection $(2)(e)(i)(A)(I)$.
529	(j) (i) For a tax rate described in Subsection (2)(j)(ii), if a tax due on a catalogue sale is
530	computed on the basis of sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, a tax rate repeal or
531	change in a tax rate takes effect:
532	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
533	(B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the tax rate repeal or tax rate change.
534	(ii) Subsection (2)(j)(i) applies to the tax rates described in the following:
535	(A) Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A);
536	(B) Subsection (2)(b)(i);
537	(C) Subsection (2)(c)(i); or
538	(D) Subsection $(2)(e)(i)(A)(I)$.
539	(iii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
540	the commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale."
541	(k) (i) For a location described in Subsection (2)(k)(ii), the commission shall determine
542	the taxable status of a sale of gas, electricity, heat, coal, fuel oil, or other fuel based on the
543	predominant use of the gas, electricity, heat, coal, fuel oil, or other fuel at the location.
544	(ii) Subsection (2)(k)(i) applies to a location where gas, electricity, heat, coal, fuel oil,
545	or other fuel is furnished through a single meter for two or more of the following uses:
546	(A) a commercial use;
547	(B) an industrial use; or
548	(C) a residential use.
549	[(3) (a) The following state taxes shall be deposited into the General Fund:]
550	(3) (a) The Division of Finance shall deposit the following state taxes into the General
551	Fund:
552	(i) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A);
553	(ii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(i);
554	(iii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(c)(i); [and]

333	(iv) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(e)(i)(A)(i)[:]; and
556	(v) the amount described in Subsection 59-30-301(5)(b)(i).
557	(b) The [following local taxes shall be distributed] commission shall distribute the
558	following local taxes to a county, city, or town as provided in this chapter:
559	(i) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(ii);
560	(ii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(ii);
561	(iii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(c)(ii); and
562	(iv) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(e)(i)(B).
563	(c) The [state tax imposed by Subsection (2)(d) shall be deposited] Division of Finance
564	shall deposit the state tax imposed by Subsection (2)(d) into the General Fund.
565	(d) For purposes of this section, the amount described in Subsection (3)(a)(v) shall be
566	considered revenue from a sales and use tax imposed on items described in Subsection (1).
567	(4) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1,
568	2003, the lesser of the following amounts shall be expended as provided in Subsections (4)(b)
569	through (g):
570	(i) for taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a), the amount of tax revenue generated:
571	(A) by a 1/16% tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1); and
572	(B) for the fiscal year; or
573	(ii) \$17,500,000.
574	(b) (i) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 14% of the amount
575	described in Subsection (4)(a) shall be transferred each year as dedicated credits to the
576	Department of Natural Resources to:
577	(A) implement the measures described in Subsections 79-2-303(3)(a) through (d) to
578	protect sensitive plant and animal species; or
579	(B) award grants, up to the amount authorized by the Legislature in an appropriations
580	act, to political subdivisions of the state to implement the measures described in Subsections
581	79-2-303(3)(a) through (d) to protect sensitive plant and animal species.
582	(ii) Money transferred to the Department of Natural Resources under Subsection
583	(4)(b)(i) may not be used to assist the United States Fish and Wildlife Service or any other
584	person to list or attempt to have listed a species as threatened or endangered under the
585	Endangered Species Act of 1973, 16 U.S.C. Sec. 1531 et seq.

586	(iii) At the end of each fiscal year:
587	(A) 50% of any unexpended dedicated credits shall lapse to the Water Resources
588	Conservation and Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24;
589	(B) 25% of any unexpended dedicated credits shall lapse to the Utah Wastewater Loan
590	Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5; and
591	(C) 25% of any unexpended dedicated credits shall lapse to the Drinking Water Loan
592	Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5.
593	(c) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 3% of the amount described in
594	Subsection (4)(a) shall be deposited each year in the Agriculture Resource Development Fund
595	created in Section 4-18-106.
596	(d) (i) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 1% of the amount described
597	in Subsection (4)(a) shall be transferred each year as dedicated credits to the Division of Water
598	Rights to cover the costs incurred in hiring legal and technical staff for the adjudication of
599	water rights.
600	(ii) At the end of each fiscal year:
601	(A) 50% of any unexpended dedicated credits shall lapse to the Water Resources
602	Conservation and Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24;
603	(B) 25% of any unexpended dedicated credits shall lapse to the Utah Wastewater Loan
604	Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5; and
605	(C) 25% of any unexpended dedicated credits shall lapse to the Drinking Water Loan
606	Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5.
607	(e) (i) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 41% of the amount described
608	in Subsection (4)(a) shall be deposited into the Water Resources Conservation and
609	Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24 for use by the Division of Water Resources.
610	(ii) In addition to the uses allowed of the Water Resources Conservation and
611	Development Fund under Section 73-10-24, the Water Resources Conservation and
612	Development Fund may also be used to:
613	(A) conduct hydrologic and geotechnical investigations by the Division of Water
614	Resources in a cooperative effort with other state, federal, or local entities, for the purpose of
615	quantifying surface and ground water resources and describing the hydrologic systems of an

area in sufficient detail so as to enable local and state resource managers to plan for and

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617 accommodate growth in water use without jeopardizing the resource; (B) fund state required dam safety improvements; and 618 619 (C) protect the state's interest in interstate water compact allocations, including the 620 hiring of technical and legal staff. 621 (f) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 20.5% of the amount described 622 in Subsection (4)(a) shall be deposited into the Utah Wastewater Loan Program Subaccount 623 created in Section 73-10c-5 for use by the Water Quality Board to fund wastewater projects. 624 (g) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 20.5% of the amount described 625 in Subsection (4)(a) shall be deposited into the Drinking Water Loan Program Subaccount 626 created in Section 73-10c-5 for use by the Division of Drinking Water to: 627 (i) provide for the installation and repair of collection, treatment, storage, and 628 distribution facilities for any public water system, as defined in Section 19-4-102; 629 (ii) develop underground sources of water, including springs and wells; and 630 (iii) develop surface water sources. 631 (5) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 632 2006, the difference between the following amounts shall be expended as provided in this 633 Subsection (5), if that difference is greater than \$1: 634 (i) for taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a), the amount of tax revenue generated for the 635 fiscal year by a 1/16% tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1); and 636 (ii) \$17,500,000. 637 (b) (i) The first \$500,000 of the difference described in Subsection (5)(a) shall be: 638 (A) transferred each fiscal year to the Department of Natural Resources as dedicated 639 credits; and 640 (B) expended by the Department of Natural Resources for watershed rehabilitation or 641 restoration. 642 (ii) At the end of each fiscal year, 100% of any unexpended dedicated credits described 643 in Subsection (5)(b)(i) shall lapse to the Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund 644 created in Section 73-10-24.

(c) (i) After making the transfer required by Subsection (5)(b)(i), \$150,000 of the remaining difference described in Subsection (5)(a) shall be:

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(A) transferred each fiscal year to the Division of Water Resources as dedicated

648 credits; and

649 (B) expended by the Division of Water Resources for cloud-seeding projects 650 authorized by Title 73, Chapter 15, Modification of Weather.

- (ii) At the end of each fiscal year, 100% of any unexpended dedicated credits described in Subsection (5)(c)(i) shall lapse to the Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24.
- (d) After making the transfers required by Subsections (5)(b) and (c), 85% of the remaining difference described in Subsection (5)(a) shall be deposited into the Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24 for use by the Division of Water Resources for:
 - (i) preconstruction costs:
- (A) as defined in Subsection 73-26-103(6) for projects authorized by Title 73, Chapter 26, Bear River Development Act; and
 - (B) as defined in Subsection 73-28-103(8) for the Lake Powell Pipeline project authorized by Title 73, Chapter 28, Lake Powell Pipeline Development Act;
 - (ii) the cost of employing a civil engineer to oversee any project authorized by Title 73, Chapter 26, Bear River Development Act;
 - (iii) the cost of employing a civil engineer to oversee the Lake Powell Pipeline project authorized by Title 73, Chapter 28, Lake Powell Pipeline Development Act; and
 - (iv) other uses authorized under Sections 73-10-24, 73-10-25.1, and 73-10-30, and Subsection (4)(e)(ii) after funding the uses specified in Subsections (5)(d)(i) through (iii).
 - (e) After making the transfers required by Subsections (5)(b) and (c) and subject to Subsection (5)(f), 15% of the remaining difference described in Subsection (5)(a) shall be transferred each year as dedicated credits to the Division of Water Rights to cover the costs incurred for employing additional technical staff for the administration of water rights.
 - (f) At the end of each fiscal year, any unexpended dedicated credits described in Subsection (5)(e) over \$150,000 lapse to the Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24.
- (6) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a) and for taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a), the amount of revenue generated by a 1/16% tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1) for the fiscal year shall be deposited as follows:

679	(a) for fiscal year 2020-21 only:
680	(i) 20% of the revenue described in this Subsection (6) shall be deposited into the
681	Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 created by Section 72-2-124; and
682	(ii) 80% of the revenue described in this Subsection (6) shall be deposited into the
683	Water Infrastructure Restricted Account created by Section 73-10g-103; and
684	(b) for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2021, 100% of the revenue described
685	in this Subsection (6) shall be deposited into the Water Infrastructure Restricted Account
686	created by Section 73-10g-103.
687	(7) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), in addition to the amounts deposited in
688	Subsection (6), and subject to Subsection [(7)(b)] (7)(c), for a fiscal year beginning on or after
689	July 1, [2012] 2024, the Division of Finance shall deposit into the Transportation Investment
690	Fund of 2005 created by Section 72-2-124[:(i)] a portion of the taxes listed under Subsection
691	(3)(a) in an amount equal to 8.3% of the revenues collected from the following taxes, which
692	represents a portion of the approximately 17% of sales and use tax revenues generated annually
693	by the sales and use tax on vehicles and vehicle-related products:
694	[(A)] (i) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) at a 4.7% rate;
695	[(B) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(i);]
696	[(C) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(c)(i); and]
697	[(D)] (ii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(e)(i)(A)(I); [plus] and
698	(iii) the amount described in Subsection 59-30-301(5)(b)(i).
699	[(ii) an amount equal to 30% of the growth in the amount of revenues collected in the
700	current fiscal year from the sales and use taxes described in Subsections (7)(a)(i)(A) through
701	(D) that exceeds the amount collected from the sales and use taxes described in Subsections
702	(7)(a)(i)(A) through (D) in the 2010-11 fiscal year.]
703	(b) (i) Subject to Subsections (7)(b)(ii) and (iii), for a fiscal year beginning on or after
704	July 1, 2024, the Division of Finance shall deposit an amount equal to 30% of the growth in the
705	amount of revenue calculated by subtracting the amount of sales and use taxes collected in the
706	current fiscal year from the amount of the sales and use taxes collected in the 2010-11 fiscal
707	<u>year.</u>
708	(ii) The amount of sales and use taxes collected in the current fiscal year equals the
709	sum of the amounts described in Subsections (7)(a)(i) through (iii).

710 (iii) The amount of sales and use taxes collected in the 2010-11 fiscal year equals the 711 sum of the sales and use taxes imposed by and collected under: 712 (A) Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A); 713 (B) Subsection (2)(b)(i); 714 (C) Subsection (2)(c)(i); and 715 (D) Subsection (2)(e)(i)(A)(I). 716 $[\frac{b}{c}]$ (c) (i) Subject to Subsections $[\frac{c}{c}]$ (7)(c)(ii) and (iii), in any fiscal year that 717 the portion of the sales and use taxes deposited under [Subsection] Subsections (7)(a) and (b) 718 represents an amount that is a total lower percentage of the sales and use taxes described in 719 [Subsections (7)(a)(i)(A) through (D)] Subsection (7)(a) generated in the current fiscal year 720 than the total percentage of sales and use taxes deposited in the previous fiscal year, the 721 Division of Finance shall deposit an amount under [Subsection] Subsections (7)(a) and (b) 722 equal to the product of: 723 (A) the total percentage of sales and use taxes deposited under [Subsection] 724 Subsections (7)(a) and (b) in the previous fiscal year; and 725 (B) the total sales and use tax revenue generated by the taxes described in [Subsections 726 (7)(a)(i)(A) through (D) Subsection (7)(a) in the current fiscal year. 727 (ii) In any fiscal year in which the portion of the sales and use taxes deposited under 728 [Subsection] Subsections (7)(a) and (b) would exceed 17% of the revenues collected from the 729 sales and use taxes described in [Subsections (7)(a)(i)(A) through (D)] Subsection (7)(a) in the 730 current fiscal year, the Division of Finance shall deposit 17% of the revenues collected from 731 the sales and use taxes described in [Subsections (7)(a)(i)(A) through (D)] Subsection (7)(a) for 732 the current fiscal year under [Subsection] Subsections (7)(a) and (b). 733 (iii) Subject to Subsection $[\frac{(7)(b)(iv)(E)}{(iv)(E)}]$ (7)(c)(iv)(E), in all subsequent fiscal years 734 after a year in which 17% of the revenues collected from the sales and use taxes described in 735 [Subsections (7)(a)(i)(A) through (D)] Subsection (7)(a) was deposited under [Subsection] Subsections (7)(a) and (b), the Division of Finance shall annually deposit 17% of the revenues 736 737 collected from the sales and use taxes described in [Subsections (7)(a)(i)(A) through (D)] 738 Subsection (7)(a) in the current fiscal year under [Subsection (7)(a) and (b). 739 (iv) (A) As used in this Subsection $[\frac{(7)(b)(iv)}{(iv)}]$ (7)(c)(iv), "additional growth revenue" 740 means the amount of relevant revenue collected in the current fiscal year that exceeds by more

than 3% the relevant revenue collected in the previous fiscal year.

(B) As used in this Subsection $[\frac{(7)(b)(iv)}{(7)(c)(iv)}]$, "combined amount" means the combined total amount of money deposited into the Cottonwood Canyons fund under Subsections $(7)[\frac{(b)}{(c)}(iv)(F)]$ and $[\frac{(8)(c)(iv)(F)}{(8)(d)(vi)}]$ in any single fiscal year.

- (C) As used in this Subsection [(7)(b)(iv)] <u>(7)(c)(iv)</u>, "Cottonwood Canyons fund" means the Cottonwood Canyons Transportation Investment Fund created in Subsection 72-2-124(10).
- (D) As used in this Subsection $[\frac{(7)(b)(iv)}{(7)(c)(iv)}]$, "relevant revenue" means the portion of taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) that equals 17% of the revenue collected from taxes described in $[\frac{\text{Subsections}}{(7)(a)(i)(A)}]$ Subsection (7)(a).
- (E) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2020, the commission shall annually reduce the deposit under Subsection $[\frac{(7)(c)(iii)}{(7)(b)(iii)}]$ into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 by an amount equal to the amount of the deposit under this Subsection $[\frac{(7)(b)(iv)}{(7)(c)(iv)}]$ to the Cottonwood Canyons fund in the previous fiscal year plus 25% of additional growth revenue, subject to the limit in Subsection $(7)[\frac{(b)}{(c)}](c)(iv)(F)$.
- (F) The commission shall annually deposit the amount described in Subsection (7)[(b)](c)(iv)(E) into the Cottonwood Canyons fund, subject to an annual maximum combined amount for any single fiscal year of \$20,000,000.
- (G) If the amount of relevant revenue declines in a fiscal year compared to the previous fiscal year, the commission shall decrease the amount of the contribution to the Cottonwood Canyons fund under this Subsection [(7)(b)(iv)] (7)(c)(iv) in the same proportion as the decline in relevant revenue.
- (8) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), in addition to the amounts deposited under Subsections (6) and (7), and subject to Subsections (8)(b) and (d)(v), for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, [2018] 2024, the commission shall annually deposit into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 created by Section 72-2-124 a portion of the taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) in an amount equal to 3.68% of the revenues collected from the following taxes:
- (i) the <u>revenue collected by the</u> tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) at a 4.7% rate;
- 770 [(ii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(i);]
- 771 [(iii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(c)(i); and]

[(iv)] (ii) the revenue collected by the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(e)(i)(A)(I)[-]; and (iii) amount described in Subsection 59-30-301(5)(b)(i).

- (b) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2019, the commission shall annually reduce the deposit into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 under Subsection (8)(a) by an amount that is equal to 35% of the amount of revenue generated in the current fiscal year by the portion of the tax imposed on motor and special fuel that is sold, used, or received for sale or use in this state that exceeds 29.4 cents per gallon.
- (c) The commission shall annually deposit the amount described in Subsection (8)(b) into the Transit Transportation Investment Fund created in Section 72-2-124.
- (d) (i) As used in this Subsection (8)(d), "additional growth revenue" means the amount of relevant revenue collected in the current fiscal year that exceeds by more than 3% the relevant revenue collected in the previous fiscal year.
- (ii) As used in this Subsection (8)(d), "combined amount" means the combined total amount of money deposited into the Cottonwood Canyons fund under Subsections (7)[(b)](c)(iv)(F) and (8)(d)(vi) in any single fiscal year.
- (iii) As used in this Subsection (8)(d), "Cottonwood Canyons fund" means the Cottonwood Canyons Transportation Investment Fund created in Subsection 72-2-124(10).
- (iv) As used in this Subsection (8)(d), "relevant revenue" means the portion of taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) that equals 3.68% of the revenue collected from taxes described in Subsections (8)(a)(i) through (iv).
- (v) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2020, the commission shall annually reduce the deposit under Subsection (8)(a) into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 by an amount equal to the amount of the deposit under this Subsection (8)(d) to the Cottonwood Canyons fund in the previous fiscal year plus 25% of additional growth revenue, subject to the limit in Subsection (8)(d)(vi).
- (vi) The commission shall annually deposit the amount described in Subsection (8)(d)(v) into the Cottonwood Canyons fund, subject to an annual maximum combined amount for any single fiscal year of \$20,000,000.
- (vii) If the amount of relevant revenue declines in a fiscal year compared to the previous fiscal year, the commission shall decrease the amount of the contribution to the Cottonwood Canyons fund under this Subsection (8)(d) in the same proportion as the decline in

relevant revenue.

(9) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for each fiscal year beginning with fiscal year 2009-10, \$533,750 shall be deposited into the Qualified Emergency Food Agencies Fund created by Section 35A-8-1009 and expended as provided in Section 35A-8-1009.

- (10) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), except as provided in Subsection (10)(b), and in addition to any amounts deposited under Subsections (6), (7), and (8), the Division of Finance shall deposit into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 created by Section 72-2-124 the amount of revenue described as follows:
- (i) for fiscal year 2020-21 only, 33.33% of the amount of revenue generated by a .05% tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1); and
- (ii) for fiscal year 2021-22 only, 16.67% of the amount of revenue generated by a .05% tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1).
- (b) For purposes of Subsection (10)(a), the Division of Finance may not deposit into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 any tax revenue generated by amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients, except for tax revenue generated by a bundled transaction attributable to food and food ingredients and tangible personal property other than food and food ingredients described in Subsection (2)(e).
- (11) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), beginning the second fiscal year after the fiscal year during which the Division of Finance receives notice under Section 63N-2-510 that construction on a qualified hotel, as defined in Section 63N-2-502, has begun, the Division of Finance shall, for two consecutive fiscal years, annually deposit \$1,900,000 of the revenue generated by the taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) into the Hotel Impact Mitigation Fund, created in Section 63N-2-512.
 - (12) (a) The rate specified in this subsection is 0.15%.
- (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), the Division of Finance shall, for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2019, annually transfer the amount of revenue collected from the rate described in Subsection (12)(a) on the transactions that are subject to the sales and use tax under Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) into the Medicaid Expansion Fund created in Section 26-36b-208.
- (13) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for each fiscal year beginning with fiscal year 2020-21, the Division of Finance shall deposit \$200,000 into the General Fund as a dedicated

034	credit solely for use of the Search and Rescue Financial Assistance Program created in, and
835	expended in accordance with, Title 53, Chapter 2a, Part 11, Search and Rescue Act.
836	(14) (a) For each fiscal year beginning with fiscal year 2020-21, the Division of
837	Finance shall annually transfer \$1,813,400 of the revenue deposited into the Transportation
838	Investment Fund of 2005 under Subsections (6) through (8) to the General Fund.
839	(b) If the total revenue deposited into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005
840	under Subsections (6) through (8) is less than \$1,813,400 for a fiscal year, the Division of
841	Finance shall transfer the total revenue deposited into the Transportation Investment Fund of
842	2005 under Subsections (6) through (8) during the fiscal year to the General Fund.
843	(15) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), and as described in Section 63N-3-610,
844	beginning one year after the sales and use tax boundary for a housing and transit reinvestment
845	zone is established, the commission, at least annually, shall transfer an amount equal to 15% of
846	the sales and use tax increment within an established sales and use tax boundary, as defined in
847	Section 63N-3-602, into the Transit Transportation Investment Fund created in Section
848	72-2-124.
849	(16) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for a fiscal year beginning on or after
850	January 1, 2024, the Division of Finance shall deposit annually into the Carbon Emissions
851	Revenue Restricted Account, created in Section 59-30-301, a portion of the taxes described in
852	Subsection (3)(a) in an amount equal to 97% of the lesser of:
853	(i) the total amount the Division of Finance is required to deposit into the
854	Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 under Subsections (7), (8), and (10); and
855	(ii) the revenue the Division of Finance deposits into the Transportation Investment
856	Fund of 2005 under Sections 59-30-201 and 59-30-202.
857	(b) Notwithstanding Subsections (7), (8), and (10), the Division of Finance shall reduce
858	the deposits into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 required under Subsections (7),
859	(8), and (10) in an amount equal to the deposit described in Subsection (16)(a).
860	Section 7. Section 59-30-101 is enacted to read:
861	CHAPTER 30. CARBON EMISSIONS TAX ACT
862	Part 1. General Provisions
863	<u>59-30-101.</u> Definitions.
864	As used in this section:

865	(1) "Aviation fuel" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-13-102.
866	(2) "Consumer price index" means the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers
867	as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor.
868	(3) "Distributor" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-13-102.
869	(4) "Dyed diesel fuel" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-13-102.
870	(5) "Electricity" means electrical energy for consumption.
871	(6) "Electricity provider" means a person in this state that delivers electricity to
872	customers for consumption.
873	(7) "Federally certificated air carrier" means the same as that term is defined in Section
874	<u>59-13-102.</u>
875	(8) "Fossil fuel" means a petroleum product, motor fuel, special fuel, aviation fuel,
876	natural gas, petroleum, coal, or any form of solid, liquid, or gaseous fuel derived from these
877	products, including still gas, propane, or petroleum residuals.
878	(9) (a) "Large emitter" means a facility that emits over 25,000 metric tons of carbon
879	dioxide in a carbon year.
880	(b) "Large emitter" does not include an electricity provider, a person that provides
881	electricity to an electricity provider to deliver for consumption, or a person that generates
882	electricity.
883	(10) "Metric ton" means 2,205 pounds.
884	(11) "Motor fuel" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-13-102.
885	(12) "Natural gas" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-5-101.
886	(13) "Operator" means a person engaged in the operation of a large emitter in this state.
887	(14) "Political subdivision" means the same as that term is defined in Section
888	<u>11-55-102.</u>
889	(15) "Removal" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-13-102.
890	(16) "Special fuel" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-13-102, except
891	that special fuel does not include natural gas.
892	(17) "Supplier" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-13-102.
893	(18) "Terminal" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-13-102.
894	(19) "Undyed diesel fuel" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-13-102.
895	Section 8. Section 59-30-102 is enacted to read:

896	<u>59-30-102.</u> Records.
897	(1) A taxpayer under this chapter shall maintain records, statements, books, or
898	accounts:
899	(a) necessary to determine the amount of carbon emissions tax for which the taxpayer
900	is liable to pay under this chapter; and
901	(b) for the time period during which an assessment may be made under Section
902	<u>59-1-1408.</u>
903	(2) The commission may require a taxpayer, by notice served upon the taxpayer, to
904	make or keep the records, statements, books, or accounts described in Subsection (1) in a
905	manner in which the commission considers sufficient to show the amount of carbon emissions
906	tax for which the taxpayer is liable to pay under this chapter.
907	(3) After notice by the commission, the taxpayer shall open the records, statements,
908	books, or accounts specified in this section for examination by the commission or an
909	authorized agent of the commission.
910	Section 9. Section 59-30-103 is enacted to read:
911	59-30-103. Amended return for large emitter.
912	(1) An operator of a large emitter shall file an amended return for a tax due under this
913	chapter if:
914	(a) the large emitter determines or becomes aware of an error in the written
915	certification obtained in accordance with Section 19-1-207; and
916	(b) the error in the written certification resulted in:
917	(i) an overpayment of tax for which the large emitter requests a refund; or
918	(ii) an underpayment of tax.
919	(2) An operator that files an amended return due to an underpayment of tax shall remit
920	the tax due with the amended return.
921	Section 10. Section 59-30-201 is enacted to read:
922	Part 2. Imposition of Carbon Tax
923	59-30-201. Imposition of carbon emissions tax on motor fuel.
924	(1) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section or this chapter, a distributor shall
925	pay, beginning on January 1, 2024, a carbon emissions tax on motor fuel that is sold, used, or
926	received for sale or use in this state.

927	(b) Subject to Subsection (1)(c), the rate of tax imposed in this section is as follows:
928	(i) beginning on January 1, 2024, and ending on December 31, 2024, 8.89 cents per
929	gallon; and
930	(ii) beginning on January 1, 2025, and each January 1 thereafter, the rate determined by
931	increasing the rate effective January 1 of the previous year:
932	(A) by 3.5% plus a percentage equal to the greater of the actual percent change during
933	the previous fiscal year in the consumer price index and 0; and
934	(B) up to the nearest 100th of a cent.
935	(c) (i) Subject to Subsection (1)(c)(ii), the tax rate described in this Subsection (1) may
936	not exceed 88.9 cents.
937	(ii) Beginning on January 1, 2025, the commission shall adjust, on January 1, the
938	maximum tax rate described in Subsection (1)(c) by adding to the maximum tax rate an amoun
939	equal to the greater of:
940	(A) the amount calculated by multiplying the maximum tax rate for the previous
941	calendar year by the actual percent change during the previous fiscal year in the consumer price
942	index; and
943	<u>(B) 0.</u>
944	(d) Any increase in the tax rate applies to motor fuel that is imported into the state for
945	sale or use on or after the effective date of the rate change.
946	(2) A carbon tax is not imposed under this section on:
947	(a) motor fuel that is brought into and sold in this state in original packages as purely
948	interstate commerce sales;
949	(b) motor fuel that is exported from this state if proof of actual exportation on forms
950	established by the commission is made within 180 days after exportation;
951	(c) motor fuel or a component of motor fuel that is sold and used in this state and
952	distilled from coal, oil shale, rock asphalt, bituminous sand, or solid hydrocarbons located in
953	this state; or
954	(d) motor fuel that is sold to the United States government, this state, or a political
955	subdivision of this state.
956	(3) Each month, a distributor shall:
957	(a) report to the commission, electronically as provided by the commission, the amount

958	and type of motor fuel sold, used, or received for sale or use in this state; and
959	(b) pay to the commission the carbon emissions tax imposed under this section.
960	(4) The commission may:
961	(a) collect no carbon emissions tax on motor fuel exported from the state; or
962	(b) upon application, refund the carbon emissions tax paid under this section.
963	(5) (a) (i) The commission shall deposit daily the revenue that the commission collects
964	under this section with the state treasurer.
965	(ii) The state treasurer shall credit the revenue deposited in accordance with Subsection
966	(5)(a)(i) to the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 created in Section 72-2-124.
967	(iii) The Legislature shall appropriate from the Transportation Investment Fund of
968	2005 created in Section 72-2-124 to the commission the amount necessary to cover expenses
969	incurred in the administration and enforcement of this section and the collection of the carbon
970	emissions tax on motor fuel.
971	(6) The refund, credit, administrative, and penalty provisions of Chapter 13, Part 2,
972	Motor Fuel, apply to a carbon emissions tax imposed on motor fuel under this section.
973	(7) The commission shall apply cooperative agreements under Chapter 13, Part 5,
974	Interstate Agreements, to the carbon emissions tax imposed under this section.
975	(8) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
976	commission may make rules governing the procedures for administering and collecting the
977	carbon emissions tax imposed under this section.
978	Section 11. Section 59-30-202 is enacted to read:
979	59-30-202. Imposition of carbon emissions tax on special fuel.
980	(1) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section or this chapter, a supplier of special
981	fuel in this state shall pay, beginning on January 1, 2024, a carbon emissions tax on the:
982	(i) removal of undyed diesel fuel from a refinery;
983	(ii) removal of undyed diesel fuel from a terminal;
984	(iii) entry into the state of undyed diesel fuel for consumption, use, sale, or
985	warehousing;
986	(iv) sale of undyed diesel fuel to any person that is not registered as a supplier under
987	Chapter 13, Part 3, Special Fuel, unless the tax had been collected under this section;
988	(v) untaxed special fuel blended with undyed diesel fuel; or

989	(vi) use of untaxed special fuel other than propane or electricity.
990	(b) Subject to Subsection (1)(c), the rate of the tax imposed in this section is as
991	<u>follows:</u>
992	(i) beginning on January 1, 2024, and ending on December 31, 2024, 10.16 cents per
993	gallon; and
994	(ii) beginning on January 1, 2025, and each January 1 thereafter, the rate determined by
995	increasing the rate effective January 1 of the previous year:
996	(A) by 3.5% plus a percentage equal to the greater of the actual percent change during
997	the previous fiscal year in the consumer price index and 0; and
998	(B) up to the nearest 100th of a cent.
999	(c) (i) Subject to Subsection (1)(c)(ii), the tax rate described in this Subsection (1) may
1000	not exceed \$1.02 per gallon.
1001	(ii) Beginning on January 1, 2025, the commission shall adjust, on January 1, the
1002	maximum tax rate described in Subsection (1)(c)(i) by adding to the maximum tax rate an
1003	amount equal to the greater of:
1004	(A) the amount calculated by multiplying the maximum tax rate for the previous
1005	calendar year by the actual percent change during the previous fiscal year in the consumer price
1006	index; and
1007	(B) 0.
1008	(d) The tax imposed under this section shall be imposed only once upon a special fuel.
1009	(2) (a) A carbon emissions tax may not be imposed or collected under this section on
1010	dyed diesel fuel.
1011	(b) A carbon emissions tax may not be imposed under this section on undyed diesel
1012	fuel or clean fuel that is:
1013	(i) sold to the United States government or any of the United States government's
1014	instrumentalities, this state, or a political subdivision of this state;
1015	(ii) exported from this state if proof of actual exportation on forms prescribed by the
1016	commission is made within 180 days after exportation;
1017	(iii) except as provided in Section 59-30-205, used in a vehicle off highway;
1018	(iv) used to operate a power take-off unit of a vehicle;
1019	(v) used for off-highway agricultural uses;

1020	(vi) used in a separately fueled engine on a vehicle that does not propel the vehicle
1021	upon the highways of the state; or
1022	(vii) used in machinery and equipment not registered and not required to be registered
1023	for highway use.
1024	(c) A carbon emissions tax may not be imposed or collected under this section on
1025	special fuel if the special fuel is:
1026	(i) (A) purchased for business use in machinery and equipment not registered and not
1027	required to be registered for highway use; and
1028	(B) used pursuant to the conditions of a state implementation plan approved under
1029	Title 19, Chapter 2, Air Conservation Act; or
1030	(ii) propane or electricity.
1031	(3) Each month, a supplier in this state shall:
1032	(a) report to the commission, electronically as provided by the commission, the amount
1033	and type of special fuel that:
1034	(i) is removed from a refinery;
1035	(ii) is removed from a terminal;
1036	(iii) enters into the state for consumption, use, sale, or warehousing;
1037	(iv) is sold to any person that is not registered as a supplier under Chapter 13, Part 3,
1038	Special Fuel, unless the carbon emissions tax has been collected under this chapter;
1039	(v) is blended with undyed diesel fuel and previously untaxed as special fuel; or
1040	(vi) other than propane or electricity, is used in this state; and
1041	(b) pay to the commission the carbon emissions tax imposed under this section.
1042	(4) The commission may:
1043	(a) collect no carbon emissions tax on special fuel exported from the state; or
1044	(b) upon application, refund the carbon emissions tax paid under this section.
1045	(5) (a) (i) The commission shall deposit daily the revenue that the commission collects
1046	under this section with the state treasurer.
1047	(ii) The state treasurer shall credit the revenue deposited in accordance with Subsection
1048	(5)(a)(i) to the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 created in Section 72-2-124.
1049	(b) The Legislature shall appropriate from the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005
1050	created in Section 72-2-124 to the commission an amount necessary to cover the expenses

1051	incurred in the administration and enforcement of this section and the collection of the carbon
1052	emissions tax under this section.
1053	(c) The refund, credit, administrative, and penalty provisions of Chapter 13, Part 3,
1054	Special Fuel, apply to a carbon emissions tax imposed under this section.
1055	(d) The commission shall apply cooperative agreements under Chapter 13, Part 5,
1056	Interstate Agreements, to the carbon emissions tax imposed under this section.
1057	(e) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1058	commission may make rules governing the procedures for administering and collecting the
1059	carbon emissions tax imposed under this section.
1060	Section 12. Section 59-30-203 is enacted to read:
1061	59-30-203. Imposition of a carbon emissions tax on aviation fuel.
1062	(1) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section or this chapter, a person that is
1063	required to pay the aviation fuel tax under Chapter 13, Part 4, Aviation Fuel, shall pay,
1064	beginning on January 1, 2024, a carbon emissions tax on aviation fuel that is sold, used, or
1065	received for sale or use in this state.
1066	(b) Subject to Subsection (1)(c), the rate of tax imposed in this section is as follows:
1067	(i) beginning on January 1, 2024, and ending on December 31, 2024, 9.57 cents per
1068	gallon; and
1069	(ii) beginning on January 1, 2025, and each January 1 thereafter, the rate determined by
1070	increasing the rate effective January 1 of the previous year:
1071	(A) by 3.5% plus a percentage equal to the greater of the actual percent change during
1072	the previous fiscal year in the consumer price index and 0; and
1073	(B) up to the nearest 100th of a cent.
1074	(c) (i) Subject to Subsection (1)(c)(ii), the tax rate described in this Subsection (1) may
1075	not exceed 95.7 cents per gallon.
1076	(ii) Beginning on January 1, 2025, the commission shall adjust, on January 1, the
1077	maximum tax rate described in Subsection (1)(c)(i) by adding to the maximum tax rate an
1078	amount equal to the greater of:
1079	(A) the amount calculated by multiplying the maximum tax rate for the previous
1080	calendar year by the actual percent change during the previous fiscal year in the consumer price
1081	index; and

1082	<u>(B) 0.</u>
1083	(2) Each month, a person described in Subsection (1) shall:
1084	(a) report to the commission electronically, as provided by the commission:
1085	(i) the amount of aviation fuel that was purchased;
1086	(ii) the total number of gallons of aviation fuel that was purchased;
1087	(iii) for purchases by a federally certificated air carrier, the number of gallons of
1088	aviation fuel purchased by the airport at which the federally certificated air carrier purchased
1089	the aviation fuel; and
1090	(iv) for purchases by a person that is not a federally certificated air carrier, the number
1091	of gallons of aviation fuel purchased by the airport at which the person that is not a federally
1092	certificated air carrier purchased the aviation fuel; and
1093	(b) pay to the commission the carbon emissions tax imposed under this section.
1094	(3) (a) (i) The commission shall deposit daily the revenue the commission collects
1095	under this section with the state treasurer.
1096	(ii) The state treasurer shall credit the revenue deposited in accordance with Subsection
1097	(3)(a)(i) into the Transportation Fund.
1098	(b) The Legislature shall appropriate from the Transportation Fund to the commission
1099	the amount necessary to cover expenses incurred in the administration and enforcement of this
1100	section and the collection of the carbon emissions tax under this section.
1101	(c) The Transportation Fund shall fund any refund to which a taxpayer is entitled under
1102	this section.
1103	(4) The state treasurer shall place an amount equal to the total amount received from
1104	the carbon emissions tax on the sale or use of aviation fuel in the Aeronautics Restricted
1105	Account created by Section 72-2-126.
1106	(5) (a) The tax imposed under Subsection (1) shall be allocated as provided in Section
1107	<u>59-13-402.</u>
1108	(b) Upon appropriation by the Legislature, the allocation to aeronautical operations of
1109	the Department of Transportation shall be used as provided in the Aeronautics Restricted
1110	Account created by Section 72-2-126.
1111	(6) (a) The commission shall require reports and returns from distributors, retail
1112	dealers, and users to enable the commission and the Department of Transportation to allocate

1113	the revenue in accordance with Section 59-13-402 to be credited to:
1114	(i) the Aeronautics Restricted Account created by Section 72-2-126; and
1115	(ii) the separate accounts of individual airports.
1116	(b) (i) Except as provided by Subsection (6)(b)(ii), any unexpended amount remaining
1117	in the account of any publicly used airport on the first day of January, April, July, and October
1118	shall be paid to the authority operating the airport.
1119	(ii) Carbon emissions tax allocated to an airport owned and operated by a city of the
1120	first class shall be paid to the city treasurer on the first day of each month.
1121	(iii) The state treasurer shall deposit carbon emissions tax collected on fuel sold at
1122	places other than publicly used airports in the Aeronautics Restricted Account created by
1123	Section 72-2-126.
1124	(c) The refund, credit, administrative, and penalty provisions of Chapter 13, Part 4,
1125	Aviation Fuel, apply to a carbon emissions tax imposed under this section.
1126	Section 13. Section 59-30-204 is enacted to read:
1127	59-30-204. Imposition of carbon emissions tax on natural gas.
1128	(1) As used in this section:
1129	(a) "Natural gas supplier" means a person supplying natural gas to a purchaser.
1130	(b) "Purchaser" means a person in this state that buys natural gas for consumption.
1131	(2) (a) Subject to other provisions of this section and chapter, a purchaser in this state
1132	shall pay, beginning on January 1, 2024, a carbon emissions tax on natural gas purchases.
1133	(b) A purchaser shall pay the tax imposed under this Subsection (2) to the natural gas
1134	supplier at the time the purchaser buys the natural gas.
1135	(3) (a) Subject to Subsection (3)(b), the rate of the tax imposed in this section is as
1136	<u>follows:</u>
1137	(i) beginning on January 1, 2024, and ending on December 31, 2024, 53.12 cents per
1138	1,000 cubic feet; and
1139	(ii) beginning on January 1, 2025, and each January 1 thereafter, the rate determined by
1140	increasing the rate effective January 1 of the previous year:
1141	(A) by 3.5% plus a percentage equal to the greater of the actual percent change during
1142	the previous fiscal year in the consumer price index and 0; and
1143	(B) up to the nearest 100th of a cent.

1144	(b) (i) Subject to Subsection (3)(b)(ii), the tax rate described in this Subsection (3) may
1145	not exceed \$5.31 per 1,000 cubic feet.
1146	(ii) Beginning on January 1, 2025, the commission shall, on January 1, adjust the
1147	maximum tax rate described in Subsection (3)(b)(i) by adding to the maximum tax rate an
1148	amount equal to the greater of:
1149	(A) the amount calculated by multiplying the maximum tax rate for the previous
1150	calendar year by the actual percent change during the previous fiscal year in the consumer price
1151	index; and
1152	(B) 0.
1153	(iii) Any increase in the tax rate applies to natural gas that is provided to a purchaser on
1154	or after the effective date of the rate change.
1155	(4) Each month, a natural gas supplier shall:
1156	(a) report to the commission, electronically as provided by the commission, the number
1157	of cubic feet of natural gas sold to a purchaser in this state; and
1158	(b) remit to the commission the carbon emissions tax paid under this section.
1159	(5) The commission shall deposit the carbon emissions tax that the commission
1160	collects under this section into the Carbon Emissions Revenue Restricted Account, created in
1161	Section 59-30-301.
1162	(6) (a) The following purchasers may file for a refund from the commission of carbon
1163	emissions tax paid under this section:
1164	(i) the United States government or any of the United States government's
1165	instrumentalities;
1166	(ii) this state or the state's political subdivisions; or
1167	(iii) electricity providers for natural gas purchases that are also subject to a tax under
1168	Section 59-30-206.
1169	(b) A purchaser described in Subsection (6)(a) may file a request for a refund quarterly
1170	in a manner provided for by the commission.
1171	(c) The Carbon Emissions Revenue Restricted Account, created in Section 59-30-301,
1172	shall fund any refund to which a purchaser is entitled under this section.
1173	(7) (a) A natural gas supplier may not, with intent to evade any tax, fail to timely remit
1174	the full amount of tax required by this section.

1175	(b) A violation of this section is punishable as provided in Section 59-1-401.
1176	(c) In addition to the tax due, a person shall pay the penalties described in Section
1177	59-1-401 and the interest described in Section 59-1-402 if the person fails to:
1178	(i) pay any tax to the state or any amount of tax required to be paid to the state, except
1179	amounts determined to be due by the commission under Chapter 1, Part 14, Assessment,
1180	Collections, and Refunds Act, within the time required by this section; or
1181	(ii) file any return as required by this section.
1182	(8) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1183	commission may make rules governing the procedures for:
1184	(a) administering and collecting the carbon emissions tax imposed under this section;
1185	<u>and</u>
1186	(b) issuing a refund of carbon emissions tax paid by purchasers described in Subsection
1187	<u>(6).</u>
1188	Section 14. Section 59-30-205 is enacted to read:
1189	59-30-205. Imposition of carbon emissions tax on large emitter.
1190	(1) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, an operator of a large emitter shall
1191	pay, for a calendar year beginning on or after January 1, 2024, a carbon emissions tax on each
1192	metric ton of carbon dioxide that the large emitter emitted in this state during the previous
1193	calendar year from combustion of the following relating to stationary fuel combustion,
1194	petroleum refining, petroleum and natural gas systems, lime production, cement production, or
1195	use of off-highway vehicles:
1196	<u>(a) coal;</u>
1197	(b) dyed diesel fuel; or
1198	(c) fuel gas.
1199	(2) (a) Subject to Subsections (2)(b) and (2)(c), the tax rate of the carbon emissions tax
1200	is, for the calendar year that begins on January 1, 2024, \$10 per metric ton of carbon dioxide
1201	emissions with automatic increases each calendar year:
1202	(i) of 3.5% plus a percentage equal to the greater of the actual percent change during
1203	the previous fiscal year in the consumer price index and 0; and
1204	(ii) rounded up to the nearest cent.
1205	(b) (i) Subject to Subsection (2)(b)(ii), the tax rate described in this Subsection (2) may

1206	not exceed \$100 per metric ton of carbon dioxide emissions.
1207	(ii) Beginning on January 1, 2025, the commission shall adjust, on January 1, the
1208	maximum tax rate described in Subsection (2)(b)(i) by adding to the maximum tax rate an
1209	amount equal to the greater of:
1210	(A) the amount calculated by multiplying the maximum tax rate for the previous
1211	calendar year by the actual percent change during the previous fiscal year in the consumer price
1212	index; and
1213	(B) 0.
1214	(c) (i) The tax rate of the carbon emissions tax on the combustion of coal, dyed diesel
1215	fuel, or fuel gas for industrial use is 10% of the rate described in Subsection (2)(a).
1216	(ii) Beginning on January 1, 2025, the commission shall increase, on January 1, the
1217	percentage amount in Subsection (2)(c)(i) by five percentage points.
1218	(iii) The tax rate on the combustion of coal, dyed diesel fuel, or fuel gas for industrial
1219	use may not exceed 50% of the rate described in Subsection (2)(a).
1220	(3) On or before June 30, the operator shall, for the previous calendar year:
1221	(a) report to the commission, electronically as provided by the commission, the number
1222	of metric tons of carbon dioxide emissions listed on the certification obtained in accordance
1223	with Section 19-1-207;
1224	(b) calculate the amount of carbon emissions tax due by multiplying the applicable tax
1225	rate described in Subsection (2) by the number of metric tons of carbon dioxide emissions
1226	reported in accordance with Subsection (3)(a); and
1227	(c) pay to the commission the carbon emissions tax imposed under this section.
1228	(4) The Division of Finance shall deposit the carbon emissions tax that the commission
1229	collects under this section into the Carbon Emissions Revenue Restricted Account, created in
1230	Section 59-30-301.
1231	(5) A large emitter that fails to comply with this chapter is subject to:
1232	(a) penalties described in Section 59-1-401; and
1233	(b) interest described in Section 59-1-402.
1234	(6) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1235	commission may make rules governing the procedures for administering and collecting the
1236	carbon emissions tax imposed under this section.

1237	Section 13. Section 39-30-200 is enacted to read:
1238	59-30-206. Imposition of carbon emissions tax on electricity provider.
1239	(1) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, an electricity provider shall pay, for a
1240	calendar year beginning on or after January 1, 2024, a carbon emissions tax on each metric ton
1241	of carbon dioxide emissions emitted to produce electricity that the electricity provider delivered
1242	in the state during the previous calendar year.
1243	(2) (a) Subject to Subsection (2)(b), the tax rate of the carbon emissions tax is for the
1244	calendar year that begins on January 1, 2024, \$10 per metric ton of carbon dioxide emissions
1245	with automatic increases each calendar year:
1246	(i) of 3.5% plus a percentage equal to the greater of the actual percent change during
1247	the previous fiscal year in the consumer price index and 0; and
1248	(ii) rounded up to the nearest cent.
1249	(b) (i) Subject to Subsection (2)(b)(ii), the tax rate described in this Subsection (2) may
1250	not exceed \$100 per metric ton of carbon dioxide emissions.
1251	(ii) Beginning on January 1, 2025, the commission shall adjust, on January 1, the
1252	maximum tax rate described in Subsection (2)(b)(i) by adding to the maximum tax rate an
1253	amount equal to the greater of:
1254	(A) the amount calculated by multiplying the maximum tax rate for the previous
1255	calendar year by the actual percent change during the previous fiscal year in the consumer price
1256	index; and
1257	<u>(B) 0.</u>
1258	(3) On or before June 30, an electricity provider shall, for the previous calendar year:
1259	(a) calculate the number of metric tons of carbon dioxide emissions that the electricity
1260	provider delivered in the state during the previous year using the Electric Power Sector
1261	Protocol;
1262	(b) report to the commission, electronically as provided by the commission, the number
1263	calculated in accordance with Subsection (3)(a);
1264	(c) calculate the amount of carbon emissions tax due by multiplying the applicable tax
1265	rate described in Subsection (2) by the number of metric tons of carbon emissions reported in
1266	accordance with Subsection (3)(a); and
1267	(d) pay to the commission the carbon emissions tax imposed under this section.

1268	(4) The commission shall deposit the carbon emissions tax that the commission
1269	collects under this section into the Carbon Emissions Revenue Restricted Account, created in
1270	Section 59-30-301.
1271	(5) An electricity provider that fails to comply with this chapter is subject to:
1272	(a) penalties described in Section 59-1-401; and
1273	(b) interest described in Section 59-1-402.
1274	(6) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1275	commission may make rules governing the procedures for administering and collecting the
1276	carbon emissions tax imposed under this section.
1277	Section 16. Section 59-30-207 is enacted to read:
1278	<u>59-30-207.</u> Exemptions.
1279	(1) A carbon emissions tax imposed under this chapter does not apply to:
1280	(a) fossil fuel brought into the state by means of the fuel supply tank of a motor
1281	vehicle, vessel, locomotive, or aircraft;
1282	(b) fossil fuel emissions that the state is prohibited from taxing under the Utah
1283	Constitution or the constitution or laws of the United States; or
1284	(c) fossil fuel intended for export outside the state.
1285	(2) A carbon emissions tax due under this chapter is in addition to all other taxes
1286	provided by law.
1287	Section 17. Section 59-30-301 is enacted to read:
1288	59-30-301. Carbon Emissions Revenue Restricted Account.
1289	(1) There is created within the General Fund a restricted account known as the "Carbon
1290	Emissions Revenue Restricted Account."
1291	(2) The account shall consist of:
1292	(a) the revenue generated from taxes imposed under Sections 59-30-204, 59-30-205,
1293	and 59-30-206;
1294	(b) the revenue deposited into the account required under Section 59-12-103;
1295	(c) any interest and penalties levied in relation to the administration of this chapter; and
1296	(d) any other funds received as donations for the fund and appropriations from other
1297	sources.
1298	(3) Subject to Subsection (6), money in the fund shall be used to:

1299	(a) make the transfer described in Subsection (5)(b)(i);
1300	(b) make the transfer to the Education Fund described in Section 59-10-1114;
1301	(c) make the transfer described in Subsection (5)(b)(ii);
1302	(d) make the refunds described in Section 59-30-204;
1303	(e) make the transfer described in Subsection (5)(b)(iii);
1304	(f) make the transfer described in Subsection (5)(b)(iv); and
1305	(g) fund the Carbon Emissions Tax Refund Restricted Account created in Section
1306	<u>59-30-302.</u>
1307	(4) (a) On or before October 1, 2024, the commission shall calculate, for the time
1308	period beginning on January 1, 2024, and ending on June 30, 2024, the total loss of revenue to
1309	the General Fund as a result of the elimination of the state sales and use tax on:
1310	(i) food and food ingredients;
1311	(ii) residential fuel; and
1312	(iii) commercial fuel.
1313	(b) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2024, the commission shall, upon
1314	completion of the audit of sales and use tax, calculate the total loss of revenue to the General
1315	Fund for the previous fiscal year as a result of the elimination of the state sales and use tax on:
1316	(i) food and food ingredients;
1317	(ii) residential fuel; and
1318	(iii) commercial fuel.
1319	(5) (a) The Division of Finance shall make the transfers described in Subsection (5)(b):
1320	(i) except as provided in Subsection (5)(b)(i)(A), for a fiscal year beginning on or after
1321	July 1, 2024;
1322	(ii) subject to Subsection (6); and
1323	(iii) subject to appropriation by the Legislature.
1324	(b) The Division of Finance shall transfer from the fund:
1325	(i) (A) for the time period beginning on January 1, 2024, and ending on June 30, 2024,
1326	into the General Fund, the amount calculated in accordance with Subsection (4)(a); and
1327	(B) for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2024, into the General Fund, the
1328	amount calculated in accordance with Subsection (4)(b);
1329	(ii) to Utah Transit Authority to provide fare free transit, \$50,000,000;

1330	(iii) to the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity Rural Employment
1331	Expansion Program, for the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity created in Section
1332	63N-1a-301, in consultation with the Center for Rural Development created in Section
1333	63N-4-102, to use for diversifying the economy in rural counties and communities, \$5,000,000;
1334	<u>and</u>
1335	(iv) to the Clean Air Support Restricted Account, created in Section 19-1-109,
1336	<u>\$5,000,000.</u>
1337	(c) The Division of Finance shall make:
1338	(i) the transfers described in Subsection (5)(b)(i) upon receipt of the calculation
1339	required by Subsection (4) from the commission; and
1340	(ii) the transfer described in Subsection (5)(b)(ii) on or before August 1.
1341	(6) (a) The balance in the account may not decrease below \$20,000,000.
1342	(b) If the balance in the fund on June 30 is insufficient to cover the cost of the items
1343	identified in Subsections (3)(a) through (f) and retain a balance of \$20,000,000, priority shall
1344	be given to the items in the order that they are listed in Subsection (3).
1345	(c) If the balance in the fund on June 30, after funding the items described in
1346	Subsections (3)(a) through (f) for the current fiscal year, exceeds \$20,000,000, the Division of
1347	Finance shall transfer the amount that exceeds \$20,000,000 into the Carbon Emissions Tax
1348	Refund Restricted Account created in Section 59-30-302.
1349	Section 18. Section 59-30-302 is enacted to read:
1350	59-30-302. Carbon Emissions Tax Refund Restricted Account.
1351	(1) There is created within the General Fund a restricted account known as the "Carbon
1352	Emissions Tax Refund Restricted Account."
1353	(2) The account shall consist of:
1354	(a) deposits from the Carbon Emissions Revenue Restricted Account, created in
1355	Section 59-30-301; and
1356	(b) interest earned by the account.
1357	(3) (a) The account shall earn interest.
1358	(b) Interest earned on the money in the account shall be deposited into the account.
1359	(4) The Legislature may use the money in the account to lower state taxes.
1360	Section 19. Section 72-2-126 is amended to read:

1361	72-2-126. Aeronautics Restricted Account.
1362	(1) There is created a restricted account entitled the Aeronautics Restricted Account
1363	within the Transportation Fund.
1364	(2) The account consists of money generated from the following revenue sources:
1365	(a) aviation fuel tax allocated for aeronautical operations deposited into the account in
1366	accordance with Section 59-13-402;
1367	(b) carbon emissions tax revenue deposited in accordance with Section 59-30-203;
1368	[(b)] (c) aircraft registration fees deposited into the account in accordance with Section
1369	72-10-110;
1370	[(c)] (d) appropriations made to the account by the Legislature;
1371	[(d)] (e) contributions from other public and private sources for deposit into the
1372	account; and
1373	[(e)] <u>(f)</u> interest earned on account money.
1374	(3) The department shall allocate funds in the account to the separate accounts of
1375	individual airports as required under Section 59-13-402.
1376	(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), the department shall use funds in the
1377	account for:
1378	(i) the construction, improvement, operation, and maintenance of publicly used airports
1379	in this state;
1380	(ii) the payment of principal and interest on indebtedness incurred for the purposes
1381	described in Subsection (4)(a);
1382	(iii) operation of the division of aeronautics;
1383	(iv) the promotion of aeronautics in this state; and
1384	(v) the payment of the costs and expenses of the Department of Transportation in
1385	administering Title 59, Chapter 13, Part 4, Aviation Fuel, or another law conferring upon it the
1386	duty of regulating and supervising aeronautics in this state.
1387	(b) The department may use funds in the account for the support of aerial search and
1388	rescue operations, provided that no money deposited into the account under Subsection (2)(a)
1389	is used for that purpose.
1390	(5) (a) Money in the account may not be used by the department for the purchase of
1391	aircraft for purposes other than those described in Subsection (4).

(b) Money in the account may not be used to provide or subsidize direct operating costs
of travel for purposes other than those described in Subsection (4).
Section 20. Effective date.

This bill takes effect on December 31, 2023.