



26	ENACTS:
27	<b>36-29-401</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
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29	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
30	Section 1. Section <b>36-29-401</b> is enacted to read:
31	Part 4. Citizen Empowerment Task Force
32	36-29-401. Citizen Empowerment Task Force Creation Purpose
33	Membership Compensation Staff Reporting.
34	(1) As used in this section, "task force" means the Citizen Empowerment Task Force
35	created in Subsection (2).
36	(2) There is created the Citizen Empowerment Task Force to study ways of removing
37	barriers for a citizen to exercise the citizen's due process rights in relation to noncriminal
38	administrative or court action taken against the citizen by a government entity.
39	(3) The task force comprises $\hat{H} \rightarrow [\underline{\text{five}}]$ seven $\leftarrow \hat{H}$ members, as follows:
40	(a) three members of the House of Representatives, appointed by the speaker of the
41	House or Representatives, no more than two of whom may be from the same political party;
42	(b) one member of the Senate, appointed by the president of the Senate; $\hat{H} \rightarrow [and] \leftarrow \hat{H}$
43	(c) the attorney general, or a designee of the attorney general $\hat{H} \rightarrow [\bar{z}]$ ;
43a	(d) one member of the Utah League of Cities and Towns; and
43b	(e) one member of the Utah Association of Counties. $\leftarrow \hat{H}$
44	(4) (a) The speaker of the House of Representatives shall appoint one of the members
45	described in Subsection (3)(a) as the chair of the task force.
46	(b) A vacancy in a position on the task force described in Subsection (3)(a) or (b) shall
47	be filled by the appointing authority for the vacant position.
48	(c) Three members of the task force constitute a quorum of the task force.
49	(d) The action of a majority of a quorum present constitutes the action of the task force.
50	(5) Salaries and expenses of the members of the task force who are legislators shall be
51	paid in accordance with:
52	(a) Section 36-2-2; and
53	(b) Legislative Joint Rules, Title 5, Chapter 3, Legislator Compensation.
54	(6) A member of the task force who is not a legislator may not receive compensation or
55	benefits for the member's service, but may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance
56	with:

57	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
58	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
59	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance under Section 63A-3-106 and Section
60	<u>63A-3-107.</u>
61	(7) The Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel shall provide staff support
62	to the task force.
63	(8) The task force shall study:
64	(a) the types of noncriminal administrative and court actions that are most often
65	brought against citizens by an entity of the state or a political subdivision of the state;
66	(b) barriers to a citizen's ability to exercise the citizen's due process rights to defend
67	against an action described in Subsection (8)(a), including barriers caused by:
68	(i) an imbalance between the power and resources of the government entity and the
69	power and resources of the citizen;
70	(ii) financial barriers;
71	(iii) time constraints;
72	(iv) differences in knowledge and experience; and
73	(v) other barriers; and
74	(c) methods of reducing the barriers described in Subsection (8)(b), including:
75	(i) providing education, advice, and other assistance to a citizen seeking to challenge
76	government action;
77	(ii) disincentives for government overreach, including:
78	(A) the potential award of attorney fees in favor of a prevailing citizen;
79	(B) disciplinary action against a government official, when warranted; and
80	(C) other disincentives;
81	(iii) providing less-expensive alternatives to court action;
82	(iv) providing less-expensive access to the courts; and
83	(v) other methods.
84	(9) In studying the items described in Subsection (8), the task force shall consider:
85	(a) approaches currently used in other states; and
86	(b) new and innovative approaches.
87	(10) The task force shall, at or before the 2023 November interim meeting of the

88 Government Operations Interim Committee, report to the committee on: 89 (a) the results of the study described in Subsection (8); and (b) recommendations on actions that should be taken, or legislation that should be 90 considered, to remove barriers for a citizen to exercise the citizen's due process rights in 91 92 relation to noncriminal administrative or court action taken against the citizen by a government 93 entity. 94 Section 2. Section **63I-2-236** is amended to read: 95 **63I-2-236.** Repeal dates: Title **36.** 96 (1) Section 36-12-8.2 is repealed July 1, 2023. 97 (2) Section 36-29-107.5 is repealed on November 30, 2023. (3) Section 36-29-109 is repealed on November 30, 2027. 98 99 (4) Section 36-29-110 is repealed on November 30, 2024. (5) Section 36-29-111 is repealed April 30, 2023. 100 101 (6) The following sections regarding the State Flag Task Force are repealed on January 102 1, 2024: 103 (a) Section 36-29-201; 104 (b) Section 36-29-202; and 105 (c) Section 36-29-203. 106 (7) Title 36, Chapter 29, Part 3, Mental Illness Psychotherapy Drug Task Force, is 107 repealed December 31, 2023. (8) Title 36, Chapter 29, Part 4, Citizen Empowerment Task Force, is repealed 108 109 December 31, 2023.