369	event; and
370	(b) may include supplementary data including:
371	(i) the length of time that elapsed before a recidivism-triggering event described in
372	Subsection (4)(a)(iii) occurred;
373	(ii) the severity of a recidivism-triggering event described in Subsection (4)(a)(iii);
374	(iii) measures of personal well-being, education, employment, housing, health, family
375	or social support, civic or community engagement, or legal involvement; or
376	(iv) other desistance metrics that may capture an individual's behavior following the
377	individual's release from an intervention.
378	(5) Unless otherwise specified in statute:
379	(a) the evaluation period described in Subsection (4)(a)(ii) is three years; and
380	(b) a recidivism-triggering event under Subsection (4)(a)(iii) shall include:
381	(i) an arrest;
382	(ii) an admission to prison;
383	(iii) a criminal charge; $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\underline{\mathbf{and}}]$ or $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$
384	(iv) a criminal conviction.
385	Section 4. Section 64-13-1 is amended to read:
386	64-13-1. Definitions.
387	As used in this chapter:
388	(1) "Behavioral health transition facility" means a nonsecure correctional facility
389	operated by the department for the purpose of providing a therapeutic environment for
390	offenders receiving mental health services.
391	(2) "Case action plan" means a document developed by the Department of Corrections
392	that identifies:
393	(a) the program priorities for the treatment of the offender, including the criminal risk
394	factors as determined by risk, needs, and responsivity assessments conducted by the
395	department; and
396	(b) clearly defined completion requirements.
397	(3) "Community correctional center" means a nonsecure correctional facility operated
398	by the department, but does not include a behavioral health transition facility for the purposes
399	of Section 64-13f-103.