CORPORATION REINSTATEMENT AMENDMENTS
2023 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Anthony E. Loubet
Senate Sponsor: Daniel McCay
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill addresses corporate application requirements for reinstatement and
withdrawal.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
amends application requirements for:
 a nonprofit corporation or a corporation applying for reinstatement after
dissolution; and
 a foreign nonprofit corporation or foreign corporation applying for withdrawal;
 requires the Division of Corporations and Commercial Code to request that the
State Tax Commission certify that:
 a nonprofit corporation or corporation applying for reinstatement after
dissolution is in good standing; and
 a foreign nonprofit corporation or foreign corporation applying for withdrawal is
in good standing;
 requires the State Tax Commission to notify the Division of Corporations and
Commercial Code and the corporation if the corporation is not in good standing;
and
 makes technical and conforming changes.
Money Appropriated in this Bill:



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28	None
29	Other Special Clauses:
30	None
31	Utah Code Sections Affected:
32	AMENDS:
33	16-6a-1412, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 122
34	16-6a-1513, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2000, Chapter 300
35	16-10a-1422, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 122
36	16-10a-1520, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1992, Chapter 277
3738	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
39	Section 1. Section 16-6a-1412 is amended to read:
40	16-6a-1412. Reinstatement following administrative dissolution Reinstatement
41	after voluntary dissolution.
42	(1) A nonprofit corporation administratively dissolved under Section 16-6a-1411 may
43	apply to the division for reinstatement within two years after the effective date of dissolution by
44	delivering to the division for filing an application for reinstatement that:
45	(a) states:
46	[(a)] (i) the effective date of [its] the nonprofit corporation's administrative dissolution
47	and [its] the nonprofit corporation's corporate name on the effective date of dissolution;
48	[(b)] (ii) that the ground or grounds for dissolution:
49	[(i)] (A) did not exist; or
50	[(ii)] (B) have been eliminated;
51	[(c) (i)] (iii) the corporate name under which the nonprofit corporation is being
52	reinstated; [and]
53	[(ii)] (iv) the corporate name that satisfies the requirements of Section 16-6a-401;
54	$[\frac{d}{d}]$ that the nonprofit corporation has paid all fees or penalties imposed under this
55	chapter or other applicable state law;
56	[(e)] (vi) that the nonprofit corporation:
57	[(i)] (A) has paid any taxes, fees, or penalties owed to the State Tax Commission; or
58	[(ii)] (B) is current on a payment plan with the State Tax Commission for any taxes,

59	fees, or penalties owed to the State Tax Commission;
60	[(f)] (vii) the address of the nonprofit corporation's registered office;
61	[(g)] (viii) the name of the nonprofit corporation's registered agent at the office stated
62	in Subsection (1)(f);
63	(ix) the federal employer identification number of the nonprofit corporation; and
64	$[\frac{h}{x}]$ any additional information the division determines is necessary or
65	appropriate[-]; and
66	[(2) The nonprofit corporation shall include in or with the application for
67	reinstatement:]
68	[(a)] (b) includes the written consent to appointment by the designated registered
69	agent[; and].
70	[(b) a certificate from the State Tax Commission that states that the nonprofit
71	corporation:]
72	[(i) has paid any taxes, fees, or penalties owed to the State Tax Commission; or]
73	[(ii) is current on a payment plan with the State Tax Commission for any taxes, fees, or
74	penalties owed to the State Tax Commission.]
75	(2) (a) After receiving a nonprofit corporation's application for reinstatement, the
76	division shall:
77	(i) provide the State Tax Commission with the nonprofit corporation's federal employer
78	identification number; and
79	(ii) request that the State Tax Commission certify that the nonprofit corporation is in
80	good standing.
81	(b) The State Tax Commission shall certify that a nonprofit corporation is in good
82	standing if the nonprofit corporation:
83	(i) has paid all taxes, fees, and penalties the nonprofit corporation owed to the State
84	<u>Tax Commission; or</u>
85	(ii) is current on a payment plan with the State Tax Commission for all taxes, fees, and
86	penalties the nonprofit corporation owes to the State Tax Commission.
87	(c) If a nonprofit corporation is not in good standing as described in Subsection (2)(b),
88	the State Tax Commission shall:
89	(i) notify the division, stating that the nonprofit corporation is not in good standing;

90

and

91	(ii) notify the nonprofit corporation, explaining in detail why the nonprofit corporation
92	is not in good standing.
93	(3) (a) The division shall revoke the administrative dissolution if:
94	(i) the division determines that the application for reinstatement contains the
95	information required [by Subsections (1) and (2); and] under Subsection (1);
96	(ii) the division determines that the information in the application is correct; and
97	(iii) the State Tax Commission certifies that the nonprofit corporation is in good
98	standing as described in Subsection (2)(b).
99	(b) The division shall mail written notice of the revocation to the nonprofit corporation
100	in the manner provided in Subsection 16-6a-1411(5) stating the effective date of the
101	dissolution.
102	(4) When the reinstatement is effective:
103	(a) the reinstatement relates back to and takes effect as of the effective date of the
104	administrative dissolution;
105	(b) the nonprofit corporation may carry on [its] the nonprofit corporation's activities,
106	under the name stated pursuant to Subsection (1)(c), as if the administrative dissolution had
107	never occurred; and
108	(c) an act of the nonprofit corporation during the period of dissolution is effective and
109	enforceable as if the administrative dissolution had never occurred.
110	(5) (a) The division may make rules for the reinstatement of a nonprofit corporation
111	voluntarily dissolved.
112	(b) The rules made under Subsection (5)(a) shall be substantially similar to the
113	requirements of this section for reinstatement of a nonprofit corporation that is administratively
114	dissolved.
115	Section 2. Section 16-6a-1513 is amended to read:
116	16-6a-1513. Withdrawal of foreign nonprofit corporation.
117	(1) A foreign nonprofit corporation authorized to conduct affairs in this state may not
118	withdraw from this state until [its] the foreign nonprofit corporation's application for
119	withdrawal has been filed by the division.
120	(2) A foreign nonprofit corporation authorized to conduct affairs in this state may apply

121	for withdrawal by delivering to the division for filing an application for withdrawal [setting
122	forth] that states:
123	(a) [its] the foreign nonprofit corporation's corporate name and [its] assumed name, if
124	any;
125	(b) the name of the state or country under whose law [it] the foreign nonprofit
126	corporation is incorporated;
127	(c) (i) (A) the address of [its] the foreign nonprofit corporation's principal office; or
128	(B) if a principal office is not to be maintained, a statement that the foreign nonprofit
129	corporation will not maintain a principal office; and
130	(ii) if different from the address of the principal office or if no principal office is to be
131	maintained, the address to which service of process may be mailed pursuant to Section
132	16-6a-1514;
133	(d) that the foreign nonprofit corporation is not conducting affairs in this state;
134	(e) that [it] the foreign nonprofit corporation surrenders [its] the foreign nonprofit
135	corporation's authority to conduct affairs in this state;
136	(f) whether [its] the foreign nonprofit corporation's registered agent will continue to be
137	authorized to accept service on [its] the foreign nonprofit corporation's behalf in any
138	proceeding based on a cause of action arising during the time [it] the foreign nonprofit
139	corporation was authorized to conduct affairs in this state; [and]
140	(g) the federal employer identification number of the foreign nonprofit corporation; and
141	[(g)] (h) any additional information that the division determines is necessary or
142	appropriate to:
143	(i) determine whether the foreign nonprofit corporation is entitled to withdraw; and
144	(ii) determine and assess any unpaid taxes, fees, and penalties payable by the foreign
145	nonprofit corporation as prescribed by this chapter.
146	$\hat{H} \rightarrow [(3)]$ A foreign nonprofit corporation's application for withdrawal may not be filed by the
147	division until:
148	(a) all outstanding fees and state tax obligations have been paid; and
149	(b) the division has received a certificate from the State Tax Commission reciting that
150	all taxes owed by the foreign nonprofit corporation have been paid.
151	(4) (a) (3) ←Ĥ After receiving a foreign nonprofit corporation's application for withdrawal,
151a	<u>the</u>

152	division shall:
153	(i) provide the State Tax Commission with the foreign nonprofit corporation's federal
154	employer identification number; and
155	(ii) request that the State Tax Commission certify that the foreign nonprofit corporation
156	is in good standing.
157	(b) The State Tax Commission shall certify that a foreign nonprofit corporation is in
158	good standing if the foreign nonprofit corporation has paid all taxes, fees, and penalties the
159	foreign nonprofit corporation owed to the State Tax Commission.
160	(c) If a foreign nonprofit corporation is not in good standing as described in Subsection
161	$\hat{H} \rightarrow [\underline{(4)(b)}, \underline{(3)(b)}, \leftarrow \hat{H}$ the State Tax Commission shall:
162	(i) notify the division, stating that the foreign nonprofit corporation is not in good
163	standing; and
164	(ii) notify the foreign nonprofit corporation, explaining in detail why the foreign
165	nonprofit corporation is not in good standing.
166	Section 3. Section 16-10a-1422 is amended to read:
167	16-10a-1422. Reinstatement following dissolution.
168	(1) A corporation dissolved under Section 16-10a-1403 or 16-10a-1421 may apply to
169	the division for reinstatement within two years after the effective date of dissolution by
170	delivering to the division for filing an application for reinstatement that:
171	(a) states:
172	[(a)] (i) the effective date of the corporation's dissolution;
173	[(b)] (ii) the corporation's corporate name as of the effective date of dissolution;
174	[(c)] (iii) that the grounds for dissolution either did not exist or have been eliminated;
175	[(d)] (iv) the corporate name under which the corporation is being reinstated;
176	$[\underline{(e)}]$ $\underline{(v)}$ that the name stated in Subsection $[\underline{(1)(d)}](\underline{1)(a)(iv)}$ satisfies the requirements
177	of Section 16-10a-401;
178	[(f)] (vi) that the corporation has paid all fees or penalties imposed under this chapter
179	or other applicable state law;
180	[(g)] <u>(vii)</u> that the corporation:
181	[(i)] (A) has paid any taxes, fees, or penalties owed to the State Tax Commission; or
182	[(ii)] (B) is current on a payment plan with the State Tax Commission for any taxes,

103	lees, or penalties owed to the State Tax Commission,
184	[(h)] (viii) the address of the corporation's registered office in this state;
185	[(i)] (ix) the name of the corporation's registered agent at the office stated in
186	Subsection (1)(h);
187	(x) the federal employer identification number of the corporation; and
188	[(j)] (xi) any additional information the division determines to be necessary or
189	appropriate[-]; and
190	[(2) The corporation shall include in or with the application for reinstatement:]
191	[(a)] (b) includes the written consent to appointment by the designated registered
192	agent[; and].
193	[(b) a certificate from the State Tax Commission that states that the corporation:]
194	[(i) has paid any taxes, fees, or penalties owed to the State Tax Commission; or]
195	[(ii) is current on a payment plan with the State Tax Commission for any taxes, fees, or
196	penalties owed to the State Tax Commission.]
197	(2) (a) After receiving a corporation's application for reinstatement, the division shall:
198	(i) provide the State Tax Commission with the corporation's federal employer
199	identification number; and
200	(ii) request that the State Tax Commission certify that the corporation is in good
201	standing.
202	(b) The State Tax Commission shall certify that a corporation is in good standing if the
203	corporation:
204	(i) has paid all taxes, fees, and penalties the corporation owed to the State Tax
205	Commission; or
206	(ii) is current on a payment plan with the State Tax Commission for all taxes, fees, and
207	penalties the corporation owes to the State Tax Commission.
208	(c) If a corporation is not in good standing as described in Subsection (2)(b), the State
209	<u>Tax Commission shall:</u>
210	(i) notify the division, stating that the corporation is not in good standing; and
211	(ii) notify the corporation, explaining in detail why the corporation is not in good
212	standing.
213	(3) (a) [H] The division shall revoke the administrative dissolution if:

214	(1) the division determines that the application for reinstatement contains the
215	information required [by Subsections (1) and (2) and] under Subsection (1);
216	(ii) the division determines that the information in the application is correct[, the
217	division shall revoke the administrative dissolution.]; and
218	(iii) the State Tax Commission certifies that the corporation is in good standing as
219	described in Subsection (2)(b).
220	(b) The division shall mail to the corporation in the manner provided in Subsection
221	16-10a-1421(5) written notice of:
222	[(a)] <u>(i)</u> the revocation; and
223	[(b)] (ii) the effective date of the revocation.
224	(4) (a) When the reinstatement is effective, [it] the reinstatement relates back to the
225	effective date of the administrative dissolution.
226	(b) Upon reinstatement:
227	[(a)] (i) an act of the corporation during the period of dissolution is effective and
228	enforceable as if the administrative dissolution had never occurred; and
229	[(b)] (ii) the corporation may carry on [its] the corporation's business, under the name
230	stated pursuant to Subsection $[\frac{(1)(d)}{(1)(a)(iv)}$, as if the administrative dissolution had never
231	occurred.
232	Section 4. Section 16-10a-1520 is amended to read:
233	16-10a-1520. Withdrawal of foreign corporation.
234	(1) A foreign corporation authorized to transact business in this state may not withdraw
235	from this state until [its] the foreign corporation's application for withdrawal has been filed by
236	the division.
237	(2) A foreign corporation authorized to transact business in this state may apply for
238	withdrawal by delivering to the division for filing an application for withdrawal [setting forth]
239	that states:
240	(a) [its] the foreign corporation's corporate name and [its] assumed name, if any;
241	(b) the name of the state or country under whose law [it] the foreign corporation is
242	incorporated;
243	(c) the address of [its] the foreign corporation's principal office, or if none is to be
244	maintained, a statement that the corporation will not maintain a principal office, and if different

245	from the address of the principal office or if no principal office is to be maintained, the address
246	to which service of process may be mailed pursuant to Section 16-10a-1521;
247	(d) that the corporation is not transacting business in this state and that [it] the foreign
248	corporation surrenders [its] the foreign corporation's authority to transact business in this state;
249	(e) whether [its] the foreign corporation's registered agent will continue to be
250	authorized to accept service on [its] the foreign corporation's behalf in any proceeding based on
251	a cause of action arising during the time [it] the foreign corporation was authorized to transact
252	business in this state; [and]
253	(f) the federal employer identification number of the foreign corporation; and
254	[(f)] (g) any additional information that the division determines is necessary or
255	appropriate to determine whether the corporation is entitled to withdraw, and to determine and
256	assess any unpaid taxes, fees, and penalties payable by [it] the foreign corporation as prescribed
257	by this chapter.
258	$\hat{H} \Rightarrow$ [(3) A foreign corporation's application for withdrawal may not be filed by the division
259	until all outstanding fees and state tax obligations have been paid and the division has received
260	a tax clearance certificate from the State Tax Commission.
261	(4) (a) (3) (a) \leftarrow \hat{H} After receiving a foreign corporation's application for withdrawal, the
261a	division
262	shall:
263	(i) provide the State Tax Commission with the foreign corporation's federal employer
264	identification number; and
265	(ii) request that the State Tax Commission certify that the foreign corporation is in
266	good standing.
267	(b) The State Tax Commission shall certify that a foreign corporation is in good
268	standing if the foreign corporation has paid all taxes, fees, and penalties the foreign nonprofit
269	corporation owed to the State Tax Commission.
270	(c) If a foreign corporation is not in good standing as described in Subsection $\hat{H} \rightarrow [\underline{(4)(b)}]$
270a	<u>(3)(b)</u> ←Ĥ ,
271	the State Tax Commission shall:
272	(i) notify the division, stating that the foreign corporation is not in good standing; and
273	(ii) notify the foreign corporation, explaining in detail why the foreign corporation is
	(ii) notify the foreign corporation, explaining in detail why the foreign corporation is