Enrolled Copy H.B. 236

DRIVING UNDER THE INFLUENCE TESTING
AMENDMENTS
2023 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Jefferson S. Burton
Senate Sponsor: Derrin R. Owens
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill amends provisions related to immunity from civil or criminal liability arising
from drawing a blood sample from a person whom a peace officer has reason to believe
is driving under the influence.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
• extends to a law enforcement agency immunity to civil and criminal liability arising
from drawing a blood sample from a person whom a peace officer has reason to
believe is driving under the influence if the blood draw is performed in a secure area
within a law enforcement facility and in accordance with standard medical practice.
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
AMENDS:
41-6a-523, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 349
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section <b>41-6a-523</b> is amended to read:
41-6a-523. Persons authorized to draw blood Immunity from liability.

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30	(1) (a) Only the following, acting at the request of a peace officer, may draw blood to
31	determine its alcohol or drug content:
32	(i) a physician;
33	(ii) a physician assistant;
34	(iii) a registered nurse;
35	(iv) a licensed practical nurse;
36	(v) a paramedic;
37	(vi) as provided in Subsection (1)(b), emergency medical service personnel other than
38	paramedics; or
39	(vii) a person with a valid permit issued by the Department of Health and Human
40	Services under Section 26-1-30.
41	(b) The Department of Health and Human Services may designate by rule, in
42	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, which emergency
43	medical service personnel, as defined in Section 26-8a-102, are authorized to draw blood under
44	Subsection (1)(a)(vi), based on the type of license under Section 26-8a-302.
45	(c) Subsection (1)(a) does not apply to taking a urine, breath, or oral fluid specimen.
46	(2) The following are immune from civil or criminal liability arising from drawing a
47	blood sample from a person whom a peace officer has reason to believe is driving in violation
48	of this chapter, if the sample is drawn in accordance with standard medical practice, and
49	pursuant to a warrant or with the consent of the individual:
50	(a) a person authorized to draw blood under Subsection (1)(a); [and]
51	(b) if the blood is drawn at a hospital or other medical facility, the medical facility[:];
52	<u>or</u>
53	(c) if the blood is drawn at a law enforcement facility in a secure area not accessible by
54	the public, the law enforcement agency.