STATE CONSTRUCTION AND FIRE CODES AMENDMENTS	
2023 GENERAL SESSION	
STATE OF UTAH	
Chief Sponsor: Thomas W. Peterson	
Senate Sponsor: Curtis S. Bramble	
LONG TITLE	
General Description:	
This bill repeals and amends construction and fire codes under Title 15A, State	
Construction and Fire Codes Act.	
Highlighted Provisions:	
This bill:	
 repeals Tall Wood Buildings of Mass Timber Construction Incorporated as Part of 	
State Construction Code;	
▶ adopts the 2021 edition of the International Fire Code, with amendments; and	
 adopts and amends certain National Fire Protection Association codes and 	
standards.	
Money Appropriated in this Bill:	
None	
Other Special Clauses:	
None	
Utah Code Sections Affected:	
AMENDS:	
15A-2-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 43	
15A-2-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapters 43, 441	
15A-2-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 249	
15A-5-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 5	
15A-5-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 28	
15A-5-202.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Sixth Special Session, Chapter 4	

30	15A-5-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 350
31	15A-5-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 103
32	15A-5-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 103
33	15A-5-205.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 103
34	15A-5-205.6, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 228
35	15A-5-206, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 103
36	15A-5-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 28
37	15A-5-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 103
38	REPEALS:
39	15A-2a-101, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 43
40	15A-2a-102, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 43
41	15A-2a-201, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 43
42	15A-2a-202, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 43
43	15A-2a-203, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 43
44	15A-2a-204, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 43
45	15A-2a-301, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 43
46	15A-2a-302, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 43
47	15A-2a-401, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 43
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49	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
50	Section 1. Section 15A-2-101 is amended to read:
51	15A-2-101. Title Adoption of code.
52	(1) This chapter is known as the "Adoption of State Construction Code."
53	(2) In accordance with Chapter 1, Part 2, State Construction Code Administration Act,
54	the Legislature repeals the State Construction Code in effect on July 1, 2010, and adopts the
55	following as the State Construction Code:
56	(a) this chapter;
57	[(b) Chapter 2a, Tall Wood Buildings of Mass Timber Construction Incorporated as

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58	Part of State Construction Code;]
59	[(e)] (b) Chapter 3, Statewide Amendments Incorporated as Part of State Construction
60	Code;
61	[(d)] (c) Chapter 4, Local Amendments Incorporated as Part of State Construction
62	Code; and
63	[(e)] (d) Chapter 6, Additional Construction Requirements.
64	Section 2. Section 15A-2-102 is amended to read:
65	15A-2-102. Definitions.
66	As used in this chapter, [Chapter 2a, Tall Wood Buildings of Mass Timber
67	Construction Incorporated as Part of State Construction Code, Chapter 3, Statewide
68	Amendments Incorporated as Part of State Construction Code, and Chapter 4, Local
69	Amendments Incorporated as Part of State Construction Code:
70	(1) "HUD Code" means the Federal Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety
71	Standards Act, as issued by the Department of Housing and Urban Development and published
72	in 24 C.F.R. Parts 3280 and 3282 (as revised April 1, 1990).
73	(2) "IBC" means the edition of the International Building Code adopted under Section
74	15A-2-103.
75	(3) "IEBC" means the edition of the International Existing Building Code adopted
76	under Section 15A-2-103.
77	(4) "IECC" means the edition of the International Energy Conservation Code adopted
78	under Section 15A-2-103.
79	(5) "IFGC" means the edition of the International Fuel Gas Code adopted under
80	Section 15A-2-103.
81	(6) "IMC" means the edition of the International Mechanical Code adopted under
82	Section 15A-2-103.
83	(7) "IPC" means the edition of the International Plumbing Code adopted under Section
84	15A_2_103

(8) "IRC" means the edition of the International Residential Code adopted under

86	Section 15A-2-103.
87	(9) "ISPSC" means the edition of the International Swimming Pool and Spa Code
88	adopted under Section 15A-2-103.
89	(10) "NEC" means the edition of the National Electrical Code adopted under Section
90	15A-2-103.
91	(11) "UWUI" means the edition of the Utah Wildland Urban Interface Code adopted
92	under Section 15A-2-103.
93	Section 3. Section 15A-2-104 is amended to read:
94	15A-2-104. Installation standards for manufactured housing.
95	(1) The following are the installation standards for manufactured housing for new
96	installations or for existing manufactured or mobile homes that are subject to relocation,
97	building alteration, remodeling, or rehabilitation in the state:
98	(a) The manufacturer's installation instruction for the model being installed is the
99	primary standard.
100	(b) If the manufacturer's installation instruction for the model being installed is not
101	available or is incomplete, the following standards apply:
102	(i) Appendix E of the 2015 edition of the IRC, as issued by the International Code
103	Council for installations defined in Section AE101 of Appendix E; or
104	(ii) if an installation is beyond the scope of the $[2015]$ 2021 edition of the IRC as
105	defined in Section AE101 of Appendix E, the 2005 edition of the NFPA 225 Model
106	Manufactured Home Installation Standard, issued by the National Fire Protection Association.
107	(c) A manufacturer, dealer, or homeowner is permitted to design for unusual
108	installation of a manufactured home not provided for in the manufacturer's standard installation
109	instruction, Appendix E of the $[2015]$ 2021 edition of the IRC, or the 2005 edition of the
110	NFPA 225, if the design is approved in writing by a professional engineer or architect licensed
111	in Utah.
112	(d) For a mobile home built before June 15, 1976, the mobile home shall also comply

with the additional installation and safety requirements specified in Chapter 3, Part 8,

114	Statewide Amendments to International Existing Building Code.
115	(2) Pursuant to the HUD Code Section 604(d), a manufactured home may be installed
116	in the state that does not meet the local snow load requirements as specified in Chapter 3, Part
117	2, Statewide Amendments to International Residential Code, except that the manufactured
118	home shall have a protective structure built over the home that meets the IRC and the snow
119	load requirements under Chapter 3, Part 2, Statewide Amendments to International Residential
120	Code.
121	Section 4. Section 15A-5-103 is amended to read:
122	15A-5-103. Nationally recognized codes incorporated by reference.
123	The following codes are incorporated by reference into the State Fire Code:
124	(1) the International Fire Code, [2018] 2021 edition, excluding appendices, as issued
125	by the International Code Council, Inc., except as amended by Part 2, Statewide Amendments
126	and Additions to International Fire Code Incorporated as Part of State Fire Code;
127	[(2) National Fire Protection Association, NFPA 96, Standard for Ventilation Control
128	and Fire Protection of Commercial Cooking Operations, 2017 edition, except as amended by
129	Part 3, Amendments and Additions to National Fire Protection Association Incorporated as
130	Part of State Fire Code;]
131	[(3) National Fire Protection Association, NFPA 1403, Standard on Live Fire Training
132	Evolutions, 2012 edition, except as amended by Part 3, Amendments and Additions to National
133	Fire Protection Association Incorporated as Part of State Fire Code; and]
134	[(4)] (2) National Fire Protection Association, NFPA 1, Chapter 38, Marijuana
135	Growing, Processing, and Extraction Facilities, 2018 edition[-];
136	(3) National Fire Protection Association, NFPA 54, National Fuel Gas Code, 2021
137	edition; and
138	(4) National Fire Protection Association, NFPA 58, Liquefied Petroleum Gas Code,
139	<u>2023 edition.</u>
140	Section 5. Section 15A-5-202 is amended to read:
141	15A-5-202. Amendments and additions to IFC related to administration, permits,

142	definitions, and general and emergency planning.
143	(1) For IFC, Chapter 1, Scope and Administration:
144	(a) IFC, Chapter 1, Section 102.5, is deleted and rewritten as follows:
145	"102.5 Application of residential code.
146	If a structure is designed and constructed in accordance with the International
147	Residential Code, the provisions of this code apply only as follows:
148	1. The construction and design provisions of this code apply only to premises
149	identification, fire apparatus access, fire hydrants and water supplies, and construction permits
150	required by Section 105.7.
151	2. This code does not supercede the land use, subdivision, or development standards
152	established by a local jurisdiction.
153	3. The administrative, operational, and maintenance provisions of this code apply."
154	(b) IFC, Chapter 1, Section 102.9, is deleted and rewritten as follows:
155	"102.9 Matters not provided for.
156	Requirements that are essential for the public safety of an existing or proposed activity,
157	building or structure, or for the safety of the occupants thereof, which are not specifically
158	provided for by this code, shall be determined by the fire code official on an emergency basis
159	if:
160	(a) the facts known to the fire code official show that an immediate and significant
161	danger to the public health, safety, or welfare exists; and
162	(b) the threat requires immediate action by the fire code official.
163	102.9.1 Limitation of emergency order.
164	In issuing its emergency order, the fire code official shall:
165	(a) limit the order to require only the action necessary to prevent or avoid the danger to
166	the public health, safety, or welfare; and
167	(b) give immediate notice to the persons who are required to comply with the order,
168	that includes a brief statement of the reasons for the fire code official's order.
169	101.9.2 Right to appeal emergency order.

170 If the emergency order issued under this section will result in the continued 171 infringement or impairment of any legal right or interest of any party, the party shall have a right to appeal the fire code official's order in accordance with IFC, Chapter 1, Section 109." 172 173 (c) IFC, Chapter 1, Section [105.4.1] 106.1, Submittals, is amended to add the following after the last sentence: 174 175 "Fire sprinkler system layout [may] shall be prepared and submitted by a person certified by the National Institute for Certification in Engineering Technologies at level III or 176 177 IV in Water-Based System Layout. Fire alarm system layout [may] shall be prepared and 178 submitted by a person certified by the National Institute for Certification in Engineering 179 Technologies at level III or IV in Fire Alarm Systems." 180 (d) IFC, Chapter 1, Section [105.6.16] 105.5.18, Flammable and combustible liquids, 181 is amended to add the following section: "12. The owner of an underground tank that is out of 182 service for longer than one year shall receive a Temporary Closure Notice from the Department 183 of Environmental Quality and a copy shall be given to the AHJ." 184 (e) [A new] In IFC, Chapter 1, Section [109.1.1, Application of residential code,] 185 102.5, a new subsection 3. is added as follows: ["109.1.1 Application of residential code.] 186 "3. For development regulated by a local jurisdiction's land use authority, the fire code 187 official's interpretation of this code is subject to the advisory opinion process described in Utah 188 189

Code, Section 13-43-205, and to a land use appeal authority appointed under Utah Code, Section 10-9a-701 or 17-27a-701."

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(f) In IFC, Chapter 1, Section [109] 111, a new Section [109.4] 111.5, Notice of right to appeal, is added as follows: "At the time a fire code official makes an order, decision, or determination that relates to the application or interpretation of this chapter, the fire code official shall inform the person affected by the order, decision, or determination of the person's right to appeal under this section. Upon request, the fire code official shall provide a person affected by an order, decision, or determination that relates to the application or interpretation of this chapter a written notice that describes the person's right to appeal under this section."

198	[(g) IFC, Chapter 1, Section 110.3, Notice of violation, is deleted and rewritten as
199	follows:]
200	["110.3 Notice of violation.]
201	[If the fire code official determines that a building, premises, vehicle, storage facility, or
202	outdoor area is in violation of this code or other pertinent laws or ordinances, the fire code
203	official is authorized to prepare a written notice of violation that describes the conditions
204	deemed unsafe and, absent immediate compliance, specifies a time for reinspection."]
205	(2) For IFC, Chapter 2, Definitions:
206	(a) IFC, Chapter 2, Section 202, General Definitions, the following definition is added
207	for Ambulatory Surgical Center: "AMBULATORY SURGICAL CENTER. A building or
208	portion of a building licensed by the Department of Health where procedures are performed
209	that may render patients incapable of self preservation where care is less than 24 hours. See
210	Utah Administrative Code, R432-13, Freestanding Ambulatory Surgical Center Construction
211	Rule."
212	(b) IFC, Chapter 2, Section 202, General Definitions, the following definition is added
213	for Assisted Living Facility, Residential Treatment and Support. "ASSISTED LIVING
214	FACILITY[. See Residential Treatment/Support Assisted Living Facility, Type I Assisted
215	Living Facility, and Type II Assisted Living Facility."], RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT AND
216	SUPPORT: A residential facility that provides a group living environment for four or more
217	residents licensed by the Department of Health and Human Services and provides a protected
218	living arrangement for ambulatory, non-restrained persons who are capable of achieving
219	mobility sufficient to exit the facility without the physical assistance of another person.
220	ASSISTED LIVING FACILITY, TYPE I. A residential facility licensed by the
221	Department of Health and Human Services that provides a protected living arrangement,
222	assistance with activities of daily living and social care to two or more ambulatory,
223	non-restrained persons who are capable of mobility sufficient to exit the facility without the
224	assistance of another person.
225	ASSISTED LIVING FACILITY TYPE II A residential facility licensed by the

226	Department of Health and Human Services that provides an array of coordinated supportive
227	personal and health care services to two or more residents who are:
228	A. Physically disabled but able to direct his or her own care; or
229	B. Cognitively impaired or physically disabled but able to evacuate from the facility, or
230	to a zone or area of safety, with the physical assistance of one person.
231	Subcategories are:
232	ASSISTED LIVING FACILITY, LIMITED CAPACITY: A Type I or Type II assisted
233	living facility having two to five residents.
234	ASSISTED LIVING FACILITY, SMALL: A Type I or Type II assisted living facility
235	having six to sixteen residents.
236	ASSISTED LIVING FACILITY, LARGE: A Type I or Type II assisted living facility
237	having more than sixteen residents."
238	(c) IFC, Chapter 2, Section 202, General Definitions, [FOSTER CARE FACILITIES is
239	amended as follows: The word "Foster" is changed to the word "Child."] the definition for
240	Child Care Facility is added as follows: "CHILD CARE FACILITY: A facility where care and
241	supervision is provided for four or more children for less than 24 hours a day and for direct or
242	indirect compensation in place of care ordinarily provided in their home."
243	(d) IFC, Chapter 2, Section 202, General Definitions, OCCUPANCY
244	CLASSIFICATION, Educational Group E, Group E, day care facilities, is [amended as
245	follows] deleted and replaced with the following:
246	"Group E, Child Care Facilities. This group includes buildings and structures or
247	portions thereof occupied by four or more children 2 years of age or older who receive
248	educational, supervision, child care services or personal care services for fewer than 24 hours
249	per day. See Section 429, Day Care, for special requirements for day care.
250	Within Places of Religious Worship. Rooms and spaces within places of religious
251	worship providing such day care during religious functions shall be classified as part of the
252	primary occupancy.
253	Four or Fewer Children. A facility having four or fewer children receiving such day

254	care shall be classified as part of the primary occupancy.
255	Four or Fewer Children in a Dwelling Unit. A facility such as the above within a
256	dwelling unit and having four or fewer children receiving such day care shall be classified as a
257	Group R-3 occupancy or shall comply with the International Residential Code.
258	Child Day Care - Residential Child Care Certificate or a License. Areas used for child
259	day care purposes with a residential child care certificate, as described in Utah Administrative
260	Code, R430-50, Residential Certificate Child Care, or a residential child care license, as
261	described in Utah Administrative Code, R430-90, Licensed Family Child Care, may be located
262	in a Group R-2 or R-3 occupancy as provided in the International Building Code, Sections
263	310.3 and 310.4, or shall comply with the International Residential Code, Section R101.2.
264	Child Care Centers. Each of the following areas may be classified as accessory
265	occupancies, if the area complies with the International Building Code, Section 508.2:
266	1. Hourly child care center, as described in Utah Administrative Code, R381-60,
267	Hourly Child Care Centers;
268	2. Child care centers, as described in Utah Administrative Code, R381-100, Child Care
269	<u>Centers;</u>
270	3. Out-of-school-time programs, as described in Utah Administrative Code, R381-70,
271	Out of School Time Child Care Programs; and
272	4. Commercial preschools, as described in Utah Administrative Code, R381-40,
273	Commercial Preschool Programs."
274	[(i) On line three delete the word "five" and replace it with the word "four"; and]
275	[(ii) On line four after the word "supervision" add the words "child care centers."]
276	[(e) IFC, Chapter 2, Section 202, General Definitions, OCCUPANCY
277	CLASSIFICATION, Educational Group E, Five or fewer children, is amended as follows: The
278	word "five" is deleted and replaced with the word "four" in both places.]
279	[(f) IFC, Chapter 2, Section 202, General Definitions, OCCUPANCY
280	CLASSIFICATION, Educational Group E, Five or fewer children in a dwelling unit, is
281	amended as follows: The word "five" is deleted and replaced with the word "four" in both

282	places.]
283	[(g) IFC, Chapter 2, Section 202, General Definitions, OCCUPANCY
284	CLASSIFICATION, Educational Group E, a new section is added as follows: "Child day care
285	residential child care certificate or a license. Areas used for child day care purposes with a
286	residential child care certificate, as described in Utah Administrative Code, R430-50,
287	Residential Certificate Child Care, or a residential child care license, as described in Utah
288	Administrative Code, R430-90, Licensed Family Child Care, may be located in a Group R-2 or
289	R-3 occupancy as provided in Residential Group R-3, or shall comply with the International
290	Residential Code in accordance with Section R101.2."]
291	[(h) IFC, Chapter 2, Section 202, General Definitions, OCCUPANCY
292	CLASSIFICATION, Educational Group E, a new section is added as follows: "Child care
293	centers. Each of the following areas may be classified as accessory occupancies:]
294	[1. Hourly child care centers, as described in Utah Administrative Code, R381-60,
295	Hourly Child Care Centers;]
296	[2. Child care centers, as described in Utah Administrative Code, R381-100, Child
297	Care Centers; and]
298	[3. Out-of-school-time programs, as described in Utah Administrative Code, R381-70,
299	Out of School Time Child Care Programs."]
300	[(i)] (e) IFC, Chapter 2, Section 202, General Definitions, OCCUPANCY
301	CLASSIFICATION, Institutional Group I-1, is amended as follows: [Insert "Type I" in front of
302	the words "Assisted living facilities".] In the list of items under "This group shall include," the
303	words "Type-I Large and Type-II Small, see the International Building Code, Section 308.2.5"
304	are added after "Assisted living facilities."
305	[(j)] <u>(f)</u> IFC, Chapter 2, Section 202, General Definitions, OCCUPANCY
306	CLASSIFICATION, Institutional Group I-1, Five or fewer persons receiving custodial care is
307	amended as follows: On line four after "International Residential Code" the rest of the section
308	is deleted.
309	[(k)] (g) IFC, Chapter 2, Section 202, General Definitions, OCCUPANCY

310	CLASSIFICATION, Institutional Group I-2, is [amended as follows:] deleted and replaced
311	with the following:
312	[(i) On line three delete the word "five" and insert the word "three";]
313	[(ii) On line six the word "foster" is deleted and replaced with the word "child"; and]
314	[(iii) On line 10, after the words "Psychiatric hospitals", add the following to the list:
315	"both intermediate nursing care and skilled nursing care facilities, ambulatory surgical centers
316	with five or more operating rooms, and Type II assisted living facilities. Type II assisted living
317	facilities with five or fewer persons shall be classified as a Group R-4. Type II assisted living
318	facilities with at least six and not more than 16 residents shall be classified as a Group I-1
319	facility".]
320	"Institutional Group I-2. Institutional Group I-2 occupancy shall include buildings and
321	structures used for medical care on a 24-hour basis for more than four persons who are
322	incapable of self-preservation. This group shall include, but not be limited to the following:
323	Assisted living facilities, Type-II Large, see Section 308.3.3
324	Child care facilities
325	Foster care facilities
326	<u>Detoxification facilities</u>
327	<u>Hospitals</u>
328	Nursing homes (both intermediate care facilities and skilled nursing facilities)
329	Psychiatric hospitals"
330	[(1)] (h) IFC, Chapter 2, Section 202, General Definitions, OCCUPANCY
331	CLASSIFICATION, Institutional Group [I-4, day care facilities, Classification as Group E, is
332	amended as follows:] I-2, a new section is added as follows:
333	"Assisted Living Facilities. A Type I, Large assisted living facility is classified as
334	occupancy Group I-1, Condition 1. A Type II, Small assisted living facility is classified as
335	occupancy Group I-1, Condition 2. See Section 202 for definitions."
336	[(i) On line two delete the word "five" and replace it with the word "four"; and]
337	[(ii) On line three delete the words "2 1/2 years or less of age" and replace with the

338	words "under the age of two".]
339	[(m)] (i) IFC, Chapter 2, Section 202, General Definitions, OCCUPANCY
340	CLASSIFICATION, Institutional Group I-4, day care facilities, [Five or fewer occupants
341	receiving care in a dwelling unit, is amended as follows: On lines one and three the word "five"
342	is deleted and replaced with the word "four".] Classification as Group E, Five or fewer persons
343	receiving care, and Five or fewer occupants receiving care in a dwelling unit are deleted and
344	replaced with the following:
345	"Classification as Group E. A child day care facility that provides care for five or more
346	but not more than 100 children under two years of age, where the rooms in which the children
347	are cared for are located on a level of exit discharge serving such rooms and each of these child
348	care rooms has an exit door directly to the exterior, shall be classified as a Group E. See the
349	International Building Code, Section 429 for special requirements for Day Care.
350	Four or Fewer Persons Receiving Care. A facility having four or fewer persons
351	receiving custodial care shall be classified as part of the primary occupancy. See the
352	International Building Code, Section 429, for special requirements for Day Care.
353	Four or Fewer Persons Receiving Care in a Dwelling Unit. A facility such as the above
354	within a dwelling unit and having four or fewer persons receiving custodial care shall be
355	classified as a Group R-3 occupancy or shall comply with the International Residential Code.
356	See the International Building Code, Section 429, for special requirements for Day Care."
357	[(n)] (j) IFC, Chapter 2, Section 202, General Definitions, OCCUPANCY
358	CLASSIFICATION, Residential Group R-3, [the words "and single family dwellings
359	complying with the IRC" are added after the word "Residential Group R-3 occupancies".] is
360	deleted and replaced with the following:
361	"Residential Group R-3. Residential Group R-3 occupancies and single family
362	dwellings complying with the International Residential Code where the occupants are primarily
363	permanent in nature and not classified as Group R-1, R-2, R-4, or I occupancies, including:
364	Assisted Living Facilities, Type-I, limited capacity, see Section 310.5.3
365	Buildings that do not contain more than two dwellings

366	Care facilities, other than child care, that provide accommodations for five or fewer
367	persons receiving care
368	Congregate living facilities (nontransient) with 16 or fewer occupants
369	Boarding houses (nontransient)
370	Convents
371	<u>Dormitories</u>
372	<u>Fraternities and sororities</u>
373	<u>Monasteries</u>
374	Congregate living facilities (transient) with 10 or fewer occupants
375	Boarding houses (transient)
376	Lodging houses (transient) with five or fewer guest rooms and 10 or fewer occupants"
377	[(o)] (k) IFC, Chapter 2, Section 202, General Definitions, OCCUPANCY
378	CLASSIFICATION, Residential Group R-3, Care facilities within a dwelling, [is amended as
379	follows: On line three after the word "dwelling" insert "other than child care".] is deleted and
380	replaced with the following: "Care Facilities within a Dwelling. Care facilities, other than child
381	care, for five or fewer persons receiving care that are within a single family dwelling are
382	permitted to comply with the International Residential Code. See the International Building
383	Code, Section 429, for special requirements for Child Day Care."
384	[(p)] (1) IFC, Chapter 2, Section 202, General Definitions, OCCUPANCY
385	CLASSIFICATION, Residential Group R-3, a new section is added as follows: "Child Care.
386	Areas used for child care purposes may be located in a residential dwelling unit when all of the
387	following conditions are met:
388	1. Compliance with Utah Administrative Code, R710-8, Day Care Rules, as enacted
389	under the authority of the Utah Fire Prevention Board;
390	2. Use is approved by the Department of Health under the authority of Utah Code, Title
391	26, Chapter 39, Utah Child Care Licensing Act, and in any of the following categories:
392	1.1. Utah Administrative Code, R430-50, Residential Certificate Child Care; or
393	1.2 Utah Administrative Code R430-90 Licensed Family Child Care: and

394	1.3 Compliance with all zoning regulations of the local regulator."
395	[(q) IFC, Chapter 2, Section 202, General Definitions, RECORD DRAWINGS, is
396	amended as follows: Delete the words "a fire alarm system" and replace them with "any fire
397	protection system".]
398	[(r) IFC, Chapter 2, Section 202, General Definitions, the following definition is added
399	for Residential Treatment/Support Assisted Living Facility. "RESIDENTIAL
400	TREATMENT/SUPPORT ASSISTED LIVING FACILITY. A residential facility that provides
401	a group living environment for four or more residents licensed by the Department of Human
402	Services, and provides a protected living arrangement for ambulatory, non-restrained persons
403	who are capable of achieving mobility sufficient to exit the facility without the physical
404	assistance of another person."]
405	[(s) IFC, Chapter 2, Section 202, General Definitions, the following definition is added
406	for Type I Assisted Living Facility. "TYPE I ASSISTED LIVING FACILITY. A residential
407	facility licensed by the Department of Health that provides a protected living arrangement,
408	assistance with activities of daily living and social care to two or more ambulatory,
409	non-restrained persons who are capable of mobility sufficient to exit the facility without the
410	assistance of another person. Subcategories are:]
411	[Limited Capacity: two to five residents;]
412	[Small: six to sixteen residents; and]
413	[Large: over sixteen residents."]
414	[(t) IFC, Chapter 2, Section 202, General Definitions, the following definition is added
415	for Type II Assisted Living Facility. "TYPE II ASSISTED LIVING FACILITY. A residential
416	facility licensed by the Department of Health that provides an array of coordinated supportive
417	personal and health care services to two or more residents who are:]
418	[A. Physically disabled but able to direct his or her own care; or]
419	[B. Cognitively impaired or physically disabled but able to evacuate from the facility, or
420	to a zone or area of safety, with the physical assistance of one person. Subcategories are:]
421	[Limited Capacity: two to five residents;]

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122	[Small: six to sixteen residents; and]
123	[Large: over sixteen residents."]
124	(m) IFC, Chapter 2, Section 202, General Definitions, OCCUPANCY
125	CLASSIFICATION, Residential Group R-3, a new section is added as follows:
126	"Assisted Living Facilities. Type I assisted living facilities with two to five residents are
127	Limited Capacity facilities classified as a Residential Group R-3 occupancy or are permitted to
128	comply with the International Residential Code. See Section 202 for definitions."
129	(n) IFC, Chapter 2, Section 202, General Definitions, OCCUPANCY
130	CLASSIFICATION, Residential Group R-4, the words "Type II Limited Capacity and Type I
131	Small, see R-4 Assisted Living Facility Occupancy Groups" are added after the words
132	"Assisted Living Facilities."
133	(o) IFC, Chapter 2, Section 202, General Definitions, OCCUPANCY
134	CLASSIFICATION, Residential Group R-4, a new section is added as follows: "Group R-4 -
135	Assisted Living Facility Occupancy Groups. The following occupancy groups shall apply to
136	Assisted Living Facilities:
137	Type II Assisted Living Facilities with two to five residents are Limited Capacity
138	Facilities classified as a Residential Group R-4, Condition 2 occupancy.
139	Type I assisted living facilities with six to sixteen residents are Small Facilities
140	classified as Residential Group R-4, Condition 1 occupancies. See Section 202 for definitions."
141	Section 6. Section 15A-5-202.5 is amended to read:
142	15A-5-202.5. Amendments and additions to Chapters 3 and 4 of IFC.
143	(1) For IFC, Chapter 3, General Requirements:
144	(a) IFC, Chapter 3, Section 304.1.2, Vegetation, is amended as follows: Delete line six
145	and replace it with: "Utah Administrative Code, R652-122-1300, Minimum Standards for
146	County Wildland Fire Ordinance".
147	(b) IFC, Chapter 3, Section 310.8, Hazardous environmental conditions, is deleted and

rewritten as follows: "1. When the fire code official determines that existing or historical

hazardous environmental conditions necessitate controlled use of any ignition source, including

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fireworks, lighters, matches, sky lanterns, and smoking materials, any of the following may occur:

- 1.1. If the existing or historical hazardous environmental conditions exist in a municipality, the legislative body of the municipality may prohibit the ignition or use of an ignition source in:
 - 1.1.1. mountainous, brush-covered, forest-covered, or dry grass-covered areas;
- 456 1.1.2. within 200 feet of waterways, trails, canyons, washes, ravines, or similar areas;
 - 1.1.3. the wildland urban interface area, which means the line, area, or zone where structures or other human development meet or intermingle with undeveloped wildland or land being used for an agricultural purpose; or
 - 1.1.4. a limited area outside the hazardous areas described in this paragraph 1.1 to facilitate a readily identifiable closed area, in accordance with paragraph 2.
 - 1.2. If the existing or historical hazardous environmental conditions exist in an unincorporated area, the state forester may prohibit the ignition or use of an ignition source in all or part of the areas described in paragraph 1.1 that are within the unincorporated area, after consulting with the county fire code official who has jurisdiction over that area.
 - 1.3. If the existing or historical hazardous environmental conditions exist in a metro township created under Title 10, Chapter 2a, Part 4, Incorporation of Metro Townships and Unincorporated Islands in a County of the First Class on and after May 12, 2015, the metro township legislative body may prohibit the ignition or use of an ignition source in all or part of the areas described in paragraph 1.1 that are within the township.
 - 2. If a municipal legislative body, the state forester, or a metro township legislative body closes an area to the discharge of fireworks under paragraph 1, the legislative body or state forester shall:
- 2.1. designate the closed area along readily identifiable features like major roadways, waterways, or geographic features;
 - 2.2. ensure that the boundary of the designated closed area is as close as is practical to the defined hazardous area, provided that the closed area may include areas outside of the

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478	hazardous area to facilitate a readily identifiable line; and
479	2.3. identify the closed area through a written description or map that is readily
480	available to the public.
481	3. A municipal legislative body, the state forester, or a metro township legislative body
482	may close a defined area to the discharge of fireworks due to a historical hazardous
483	environmental condition under paragraph 1 if the legislative body or state forester:
484	3.1. makes a finding that the historical hazardous environmental condition has existed
485	in the defined area before July 1 of at least two of the preceding five years;
486	3.2. produces a map indicating the boundaries, in accordance with paragraph 2, of the
487	defined area described; and
488	3.3. before May 1 of each year the defined area is closed, provides the map described
489	in paragraph 3.2 to the county in which the defined area is located.
490	4. A municipal legislative body, the state forester, or a metro township legislative body
491	may not close an area to the discharge of fireworks due to a historical hazardous environmental
492	condition unless the legislative body or state forester provides a map, in accordance with
493	paragraph 3."
494	(c) IFC, Chapter 3, Section 311.1.1, Abandoned premises, is amended as follows: On
495	line 10 delete the words "International Property Maintenance Code and the".
496	(d) IFC, Chapter 3, Section 311.5, Placards, is amended as follows: On line three delete

- (2) IFC, Chapter 4, Emergency Planning and Preparedness:
- (a) <u>In IFC, Chapter 4, the following new Sections are added:</u>

the word "shall" and replace it with the word "may".

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- 500 <u>"401.3.1.1 Special Education Classrooms. Special education classrooms may shelter in</u> 501 place, or delay evacuation when all of the following conditions are met:
- 502 401.3.1.1.1 There is no visible flame or evidence of products of combustion (smoke).
- 503 401.3.1.1.2 The building is completely protected by an approved fire sprinkler system.
- 504 401.3.1.1.3 The building is completely protected by an approved fire alarm system.
- 505 401.3.1.1.4 The classroom has a minimum of one approved exit that discharges

506	directly to the exterior.
507	401.3.1.1.5 The classroom has been approved to shelter in place by the fire code
808	official."
509	(b) In IFC, Chapter 4, Section 401.3.3, Delayed notification, a new exception is added:
510	"Exception: Group E Occupancies. Teachers may delay evacuation upon fire alarm
511	activation for up to 60 seconds when all of the following conditions are met:
512	A. There is no visible flame or evidence of products of combustion (smoke).
513	B. The building is protected throughout by an approved fire sprinkler system.
514	C. The building is protected throughout by an approved fire alarm system.
515	D. Students are in the safe zone of the room lined up and prepared for immediate
516	evacuation."
517	(c) IFC, Chapter 4, Section [403.10.2.1] 403.9.2.1, College and university buildings, is
518	deleted and replaced with the following:
519	["403.10.2.1] "403.9.2.1 College and university buildings and fraternity and sorority
520	houses.
521	$[\underbrace{(a)}]$ (\underline{i}) College and university buildings, including fraternity and sorority houses, shall
522	prepare an approved fire safety and evacuation plan, in accordance with Section 404.
523	[(b)] (ii) Group R-2 college and university buildings, including fraternity and sorority
524	houses, shall comply with Sections [403.10.2.1.1 and 403.10.2.1.2] 403.9.2.1.1 and
525	<u>403.9.2.1.2</u> ."
526	[(b)] (d) IFC, Chapter 4, Section [405.2, Table 405.2] 405.3, Table 405.3, is amended
527	to add the following footnotes:
528	(i) ["e] "c. Secondary schools in Group E occupancies shall have an emergency
529	evacuation drill [for fire] conducted at least every two months, to a total of four emergency
530	evacuation drills during the nine-month school year. The first emergency evacuation drill [for
531	fire] shall be conducted within 10 school days after the beginning of classes. The third
532	emergency evacuation drill [for fire], weather permitting, shall be conducted 10 school days
533	after the beginning of the next calendar year. The second and fourth emergency evacuation

drills may be substituted by a security or safety drill to include shelter in place, earthquake drill, or lock down for violence. If inclement weather causes a secondary school to miss the 10-day deadline for the third emergency evacuation drill [for fire], the secondary school shall perform the third emergency evacuation drill [for fire] as soon as practicable after the missed deadline."

- (ii) ["f] "d. In Group E occupancies, excluding secondary schools, if the AHJ approves, the monthly required emergency evacuation drill can be substituted by a security or safety drill to include shelter in place, earthquake drill, or lock down for violence. The routine emergency evacuation drill must be conducted at least every other drill."
- (iii) ["g] "e. A-3 occupancies in academic buildings of institutions of higher learning are required to have one emergency evacuation drill per year, provided the following conditions are met:
 - (A) The building has a fire alarm system in accordance with Section 907.2.
- (B) The rooms classified as assembly shall have fire safety floor plans as required in Subsection 404.2.2(4) posted.
 - (C) The building is not classified a high-rise building.

- (D) The building does not contain hazardous materials over the allowable quantities by code."
- [(iv) "h. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, during the 2020-2021 school year, Group E occupancies are not required to conduct an emergency evacuation drill before March 1, 2021. For the period beginning the first day of the 2020-2021 school year and ending February 28, 2021, each calendar month, Group E occupancies shall provide in-class instruction to students in an age-appropriate manner that describes the procedures for emergency evacuation for fire. Group E occupancies shall complete the first monthly instruction no later than 15 days after the day on which the 2020-2021 school year begins. In addition to the monthly instruction, Group E occupancies may provide in-class security or safety drills to include shelter in place, earthquake drill, or lock down for violence."]
- [(v) "i. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, for the period beginning March 1, 2021, and ending the last day of the 2020-2021 school year, in Group E occupancies, if the

562	AHJ approves, the monthly required emergency evacuation drill can be substituted by a
563	security or safety drill to include shelter in place, earthquake drill, or lock down for violence.
564	The routine emergency evacuation drill must be conducted at least every other month."]
565	Section 7. Section 15A-5-203 is amended to read:
566	15A-5-203. Amendments and additions to IFC related to fire safety, building, and
567	site requirements.
568	(1) For IFC, Chapter 5, Fire Service Features:
569	(a) In IFC, Chapter 5, a new Section 501.5, Access grade and fire flow, is added as
570	follows: "An authority having jurisdiction over a structure built in accordance with the
571	requirements of the International Residential Code as adopted in the State Construction Code,
572	may require an automatic fire sprinkler system for the structure only by ordinance and only if
573	any of the following conditions exist:
574	(i) the structure:
575	(A) is located in an urban-wildland interface area as provided in the Utah Wildland
576	Urban Interface Code adopted as a construction code under the State Construction Code; and
577	(B) does not meet the requirements described in Utah Code, Subsection
578	65A-8-203(4)(a) and Utah Administrative Code, R652-122-1300, Minimum Standards for
579	County Wildland Fire Ordinance;
580	(ii) the structure is in an area where a public water distribution system with fire
581	hydrants does not exist as required in Utah Administrative Code, R309-550-5, Water Main
582	Design;
583	(iii) the only fire apparatus access road has a grade greater than 10% for more than 500
584	continual feet;
585	(iv) the total floor area of all floor levels within the exterior walls of the dwelling unit
586	exceeds 10,000 square feet; or
587	(v) the total floor area of all floor levels within the exterior walls of the dwelling unit is
588	double the average of the total floor area of all floor levels of unsprinkled homes in the
589	subdivision that are no larger than 10,000 square feet.

590	(vi) Exception: A single family dwelling does not require a fire sprinkler system if the
591	dwelling:
592	(A) is located outside the wildland urban interface;
593	(B) is built in a one-lot subdivision; and
594	(C) has 50 feet of defensible space on all sides that limits the propensity of fire
595	spreading from the dwelling to another property."
596	(b) In IFC, Chapter 5, Section 506.1, Where Required, is deleted and rewritten as
597	follows: "Where access to or within a structure or an area is restricted because of secured
598	openings or where immediate access is necessary for life-saving or fire-fighting purposes, the
599	fire code official, after consultation with the building owner, may require a key box to be
600	installed in an approved location. The key box shall contain keys to gain necessary access as
601	required by the fire code official. For each fire jurisdiction that has at least one building with a
602	required key box, the fire jurisdiction shall adopt an ordinance, resolution, or other operating
603	rule or policy that creates a process to ensure that each key to each key box is properly
604	accounted for and secure."
605	(c) In IFC, Chapter 5, a new Section 507.1.1, Isolated one- and two-family dwellings,
606	is added as follows: "Fire flow may be reduced for an isolated one- and two-family dwelling
607	when the authority having jurisdiction over the dwelling determines that the development of a
608	full fire-flow requirement is impractical."
609	(d) In IFC, Chapter 5, a new Section 507.1.2, Pre-existing subdivision lots, is added as
610	follows:
611	"507.1.2 Pre-existing subdivision lots.
612	The requirements for a pre-existing subdivision lot shall not exceed the requirements
613	described in Section 501.5."
614	(e) In IFC, Chapter 5, Section 507.5.1, here required, a new exception is added: "3.
615	One interior and one detached accessory dwelling unit on a single residential lot."
616	[(e)] (f) [In] IFC, Chapter 5, Section 510.1, Emergency responder [radio]
617	communication coverage in new buildings, is amended by adding: "When required by the fire

code official," at the beginning of the first paragraph.

- (2) For IFC, Chapter 6, Building Services and Systems:
- (a) [In] IFC, Chapter 6, Section [606.7] 604.6.1, Elevator key location, is deleted and rewritten as follows: "Firefighter service keys shall be kept in a "Supra-Stor-a-key" elevator key box or similar box with corresponding key system that is adjacent to the elevator for immediate use by the fire department. The key box shall contain one key for each elevator, one key for lobby control, and any other keys necessary for emergency service. The elevator key box shall be accessed using a 6049 numbered key."
 - (b) [In] IFC, Chapter 6, Section [607.1] 606.1, General, is amended as follows: On line three, after the word "Code", add the words "and NFPA 96".
 - (c) [fn] IFC, Chapter 6, Section 607.2, a new exception 5 is added as follows: "5. A Type 1 hood is not required for a cooking appliance in a microenterprise home kitchen, as that term is defined in Utah Code, Section 26-15c-102, for which the operator obtains a permit in accordance with Utah Code, Title 26, Chapter 15c, Microenterprise Home Kitchen Act."
 - (3) For IFC, Chapter 7, Fire and Smoke Protection Features, IFC, Chapter 7, Section 705.2, is amended to add the following: "Exception: In Group E Occupancies, where the corridor serves an occupant load greater than 30 and the building does not have an automatic fire sprinkler system installed, the door closers may be of the friction hold-open type on classrooms' doors with a rating of 20 minutes or less only."
 - Section 8. Section **15A-5-204** is amended to read:
 - 15A-5-204. Amendments and additions to IFC related to fire protection and life safety systems.
 - For IFC, Chapter 9, Fire Protection and Life Safety Systems:
 - [(1) IFC, Chapter 9, Section 901.2, Construction documents, is amended to add the following at the end of the section: "The code official has the authority to request record drawings ("as builts") to verify any modifications to the previously approved construction documents."
- [(2)] (1) IFC, Chapter 9, Section [(2)] 901.4.7, Pump and riser room size, is

deleted and replaced with the following: ["Pump and Riser Room Size. Fire pump and
automatic sprinkler system riser rooms shall be designed with adequate space for all installed
equipment necessary for the installation and to provide sufficient working space around the
stationary equipment. Clearances around equipment shall be in accordance with manufacturer
requirements and not less than the following minimum elements:]
[901.4.6.1 A minimum clear and unobstructed distance of 12 inches shall be provided
from the installed equipment to the elements of permanent construction.]
[901.4.6.2 A minimum clear and unobstructed distance of 12 inches shall be provided
between all other installed equipment and appliances.]
[901.4.6.3 A clear and unobstructed width of 36 inches shall be provided in front of all
installed equipment and appliances, to allow for inspection, service, repair or replacement
without removing such elements of permanent construction or disabling the function of a
required fire-resistance-rated assembly.]
[901.4.6.4 Automatic sprinkler system riser rooms shall be provided with a clear and
unobstructed passageway to the riser room of not less than 36 inches, and openings into the
room shall be clear and unobstructed, with doors swinging in the outward direction from the
room and the opening providing a clear width of not less than 34 inches and a clear height of
the door opening shall not be less than 80 inches.]
[901.4.6.5 Fire pump rooms shall be provided with a clear and unobstructed
passageway to the fire pump room of not less than 72 inches, and openings into the room shall
be clear, unobstructed and large enough to allow for the removal of the largest piece of
equipment, with doors swinging in the outward direction from the room and the opening
providing a clear width of not less than 68 inches and a clear height of the door opening shall
not be less than 80 inches."]
"901.4.7 Pump and Riser Room Size.
901.4.7.1 Fire pump rooms and automatic sprinkler system riser rooms shall be
designed with adequate space for all installed equipment necessary for the installation and to
provide sufficient working room around the stationary equipment. Clearances around

equipment to elements of permanent construction, including other installed equipment and
appliances, shall be sufficient to allow inspection, service, repair or replacement without
removing such elements of permanent construction or disabling the function of a required
fire-resistance-rated assembly and not less than the following minimum elements:
901.4.7.1.1 A minimum clear and unobstructed distance of 12 inches shall be provided
from the installed equipment to the elements of permanent construction.
901.4.7.1.2 A minimum clear and unobstructed distance of 12 inches shall be provided
between all other installed equipment and appliances.
901.4.7.1.3 A clear and unobstructed width of 36 inches shall be provided in front of all
installed equipment and appliances, to allow for inspection, service, repair or replacement
without removing such elements of permanent construction or disabling the function of a
required fire resistance-rated assembly.
901.4.7.2 Fire Pump Room. Fire pumps and controllers shall be provided with ready
access. Fire pump rooms shall be provided with doors and an unobstructed passageway large
enough to allow for the removal of the largest piece of equipment. The passageway shall have a
clear width not less than 72 inches. Openings into the room shall be clear and unobstructed,
with doors swinging in the outward direction from the fire pump room and the opening
providing a clear width of not less than 68 inches and a clear height of the door opening shall
not be less than 80 inches. The door shall be permitted to be locked provided that the key is
available at all times and located in a Key Box in accordance with IFC, Section 506.
901.4.7.3 Automatic Sprinkler Riser Room. Automatic sprinkler system risers shall be
provided with ready access. Automatic sprinkler system riser rooms shall be provided with
doors and an unobstructed passageway large enough to allow for the removal of the largest
piece of equipment. The passageway shall have a clear width not less than 36 inches. Openings
into the room shall be clear and unobstructed, with doors swinging in the outward direction
from the riser room and the opening providing a clear width of not less than 32 inches and a
clear height of the door opening shall not be less than 80 inches. The door shall be permitted to
be locked provided that the key is available at all times and located in a Key Box in accordance

702	with IFC, Section 506.
703	901.4.7.4 Marking on Access Doors. Access doors for automatic sprinkler system riser
704	rooms and fire pump rooms shall be labeled with an approved sign. The lettering shall be in
705	contrasting color to the background. Letters shall have a minimum height of 2 inches (51 mm)
706	with a minimum stroke of 3/8 inch (10 mm).
707	901.4.7.5 Environment. Automatic sprinkler system riser rooms and fire pump rooms
708	shall be maintained at a temperature of not less than 40 degrees F (4 degrees C). Heating units
709	shall be permanently installed.
710	902.6 Lighting. Permanently installed artificial illumination shall be provided in the
711	automatic sprinkler system riser rooms and fire pump rooms."
712	[(3)] (2) IFC, Chapter 9, Section 903.2.1.2, Group A-2, is amended to add the
713	following subsection: "4. An automatic fire sprinkler system shall be provided throughout
714	Group A-2 occupancies where indoor pyrotechnics are used."
715	[(4)] (3) IFC, Chapter 9, Section 903.2.2, Ambulatory care facilities, is amended as
716	follows: On line two delete the words "entire floor" and replace with the word "building" and
717	delete the last paragraph.
718	[(5)] (4) IFC, Chapter 9, Section 903.2.4, Group F-1, Subsection 2, is deleted and
719	rewritten as follows: "A Group F-1 fire area is located more than three stories above the lowest
720	level of fire department vehicle access."
721	[(6)] (5) IFC, Chapter 9, Section 903.2.7, Group M, Subsection 2, is deleted and
722	rewritten as follows: "A Group M fire area is located more than three stories above the lowest
723	level of fire department vehicle access."
724	[(7)] <u>(6)</u> IFC, Chapter 9, Section 903.2.8 Group R, including all subsections, is deleted
725	and rewritten as follows:
726	"903.2.8 Group R.
727	An automatic sprinkler system installed in accordance with Section 903.3 shall be
728	proved throughout all buildings with a Group R fire area.
729	Exceptions:

730 1. Detached one- and two-family dwellings and multiple single-family dwellings 731 (townhouses) constructed in accordance with the International Residential Code for One- and 732 Two-Family Dwellings. 733 2. Single story Group R-1 occupancies with fire areas not more than 2,000 square feet that contain no installed plumbing or heating, where no cooking occurs, and constructed of 734 735 Type I-A, I-B, II-A, or II-B construction. 736 3. Group R-4 fire areas not more than 4,500 gross square feet and not containing more 737 than 16 residents, provided the building is equipped throughout with an approved fire alarm 738 system that is interconnected and receives its primary power from the building wiring and a 739 commercial power system." 740 [(8)] (7) IFC, Chapter 9, Section 903.2.9, Group S-1, Subsection 2, is deleted and rewritten as follows: "A Group S-1 fire area is located more than three stories above the lowest 741 742 level of fire department vehicle access." 743 (8) IFC, Chapter 9, Section 903.3.1.2, NFPA 13R sprinkler systems, Subsections 2 and 744 3, are deleted and rewritten as follows: 745 "2. The floor level of the highest story is 40 feet (12192 mm) or less above the lowest 746 level of fire department vehicle access. 747 3. The floor level of the lowest story is 40 feet (12192 mm) or less below the lowest 748 level of fire department vehicle access." 749 (9) IFC, Chapter 9, Section 903.3.1.2.3, Attics, is amended by adding the following: 750 "Exception: Sprinkler protection in attics is not required in buildings that are not required to be 751 sprinklered by another section of this code." 752 (10) IFC, Chapter 9, Section 903.3.5, Water supplies, is amended as follows: On line 753 six, after the word "Code", add "and as amended in the State Construction Code". 754 (11) IFC, Chapter 9, Section 903.5, Testing and maintenance, is amended to add the following subsection: "903.5.1 Tag and Information. A tag shall be attached to the riser 755

indicating the date the antifreeze solution was tested. The tag shall also indicate the type and

concentration of antifreeze solution by volume with which the system is filled, the name of the

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contractor that tested the antifreeze solution, the contractor's license number, and a warning to

759	test the concentration of the antifreeze solutions at yearly intervals."
760	[(12) IFC, Chapter 9, Section 904.12, Commercial cooking systems, is deleted and
761	rewritten as follows: "The automatic fire extinguishing system for commercial cooking systems
762	shall be of a type recognized for protection of commercial cooking equipment and exhaust
763	systems. Pre-engineered automatic extinguishing systems shall be tested in accordance with
764	UL300 and listed and labeled for the intended application. The system shall be installed in
765	accordance with this code, its listing and the manufacturer's installation instructions." The
766	exception in Section 904.12 is not deleted and shall remain as currently written in the IFC.]
767	[(13) IFC, Chapter 9, Section 904.12.3, Carbon dioxide systems, and Section
768	904.12.3.1, Ventilation system, are deleted and rewritten as follows:
769	["904.12.3 existing automatic fire extinguishing systems used for commercial cooking.]
770	[Existing automatic fire extinguishing systems used for commercial cooking that use
771	dry chemical are prohibited and shall be removed from service.]
772	[904.12.3.1 UL300 listed and labeled existing wet chemical fire extinguishing system.]
773	[Existing wet chemical fire extinguishing systems used for commercial cooking that are
774	not UL300 listed and labeled are prohibited and shall be either removed or upgraded to a
775	UL300 listed and labeled system."]
776	[(14) IFC, Chapter 9, Section 904.12.4, Special provisions for automatic sprinkler
777	systems, is amended to add the following subsection: " 904.12.4.2 Existing automatic fire
778	sprinkler systems protecting commercial cooking equipment, hood, and exhaust systems that
779	generate appreciable depth of cooking oils shall be replaced with a UL300 system that is listed
780	and labeled for the intended application."]
781	[(15)] <u>(12)</u> IFC, Chapter 9, Section [904.12.5.2] <u>904.13.5.2</u> , Extinguishing system
782	service, is amended to add the following: "Exception: Automatic fire extinguishing systems
783	located in occupancies where usage is limited and less than six consecutive months may be
784	serviced annually if the annual service is conducted immediately before the period of usage,
785	and approval is received from the AHJ."

[(16)] (13) IFC, Chapter 9, Section 905.3.9 is a new subsection as follows: "Open Parking Garages. Open parking garages shall be equipped with an approved Class I manual standpipe system when fire department access is not provided for firefighting operations to within 150 feet of all portions of the open parking garage as measured from the approved fire department vehicle access. Class I manual standpipe shall be accessible throughout the parking garage such that all portions of the parking structure are protected within 150 feet of a hose connection.

Exception: Open parking garages equipped throughout with an automatic sprinkler system in accordance with Section 903.3.1.1."

[(17) IFC, Chapter 9, Section 905.8, Dry Standpipes, Exception is deleted and rewritten as follows: "Where subject to freezing conditions and approved by the fire code official."]

[(18)] (14) IFC, Chapter 9, Section 905.12, Existing buildings, is deleted.

[(19)] (15) In IFC, Chapter 9, Section 906.1, Exception 2 is amended as follows: on line three after the word "6," delete the remainder of the paragraph.

[(20)] (16) IFC, Chapter 9, Section 907.2.3 Group E:

(a) [The first sentence is deleted and rewritten as follows: "A manual fire alarm system that initiates the occupant notification signal using an emergency voice/alarm communication system that meets the requirements of Section 907.5.2.2, or a manual fire alarm system that initiates an audible and visual occupant notification signal that meets the requirements of Sections 907.4.2.1 and 907.5.2.3, and is installed in accordance with Section 907.6, and with rules made by the Utah Fire Prevention Board in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, shall be installed in Group E occupancies."] 907.2.3 Group E is deleted and rewritten as follows: "A manual fire alarm system that initiates the occupant notification signal using an emergency voice/alarm communication system that meets the requirements of Section 907.5.2.2, or a manual fire alarm system that initiates an approved audible and visual occupant notification signal that meets the requirements of Sections 907.5.2.1.1, 907.5.2.1.1, 907.5.2.1.2, and 907.5.2.3, and is installed in accordance with Section

814	907.6, and with rules made by the Utah Fire Prevention Board in accordance with Title 63G,
815	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, shall be installed in Group E occupancies.
816	Where automatic fire sprinkler systems or smoke detectors are installed, the fire sprinkler
817	systems and smoke detectors shall be connected to the building fire alarm system."
818	(b) Exception 2, delete entirely <u>and the remaining exceptions are renumbered</u> .
819	(c) Exception number 4.2, [on line five, delete the words, "emergency voice/alarm
820	communication system" and replace with "fire alarm."] is deleted and rewritten as follows:
821	"The fire alarm system will activate on sprinkler water flow."
822	(d) New Sections 907.2.3.1 through 907.2.3.7 are added as follows:
823	"907.2.3.1 Automatic detection devices that detect smoke shall be installed throughout
824	all corridors and spaces open to the corridor at the maximum prescribed spacing of thirty feet
825	on center and no more than fifteen feet from the walls or smoke detectors shall be installed as
826	required in NFPA, Standard 72, Section 17.7.
827	907.2.3.2 Where structures are not protected or are partially protected with an automatic
828	fire sprinkler system, approved automatic smoke detectors shall be installed in accordance with
829	the complete coverage requirements of NFPA, Standard 72.
830	907.2.3.3 An approved key plan drawing and operating instructions shall be posted at
831	the main fire alarm panel which displays the location of all alarm zones and if applicable,
832	device addresses.
833	907.2.3.4 The main panel shall be located in a normally attended area such as the main
834	office or lobby. Location of the Main Panel other than as stated above, shall require the review
835	and authorization of the State Fire Marshal Division. Where location as required above is not
836	possible, an electronically supervised remote annunciator from the main panel shall be located
837	in a supervised area of the building. The remote annunciator shall visually indicate system
838	power status, alarms for each zone, and give both visual and audible indication of trouble
839	conditions in the system. All indicators on both the main panel and remote annunciator shall be
840	adequately labeled.
841	907.2.3.5 All system wiring shall be as follows:

842	(A) The initiating device circuits shall be designated and installed Class A as defined in
843	NFPA Standard 72.
844	(B) The notification appliance circuits shall be designated, and installed Class A as
845	defined in NFPA Standard 72.
846	(C) Signaling line circuits shall be designated and installed Class A loop as defined in
847	NFPA Standard 72.
848	907.2.3.6 Fan Shutdown shall be as follows:
849	(A) Fan shut down shall be as required in the International Mechanical Code, Chapter
850	6, Section 606.
851	(B) Duct detectors required by the International Mechanical Code shall be
852	interconnected and compatible with the fire alarm system."
853	(17) In IFC, Chapter 9, a new Section 907.5.2.3.4 is added as follows: "907.5.2.3.4
854	Special Education Classrooms. Visible and audible alarm notification appliances in Special
855	Education classrooms may be replaced with a solid red light when approved by the fire code
856	official."
857	[(21)] (18) IFC, Chapter 9, Section 907.8, Inspection, testing, and maintenance, is
858	amended to add the following sentences at the end of the section: "Increases in nuisance alarms
859	shall require the fire alarm system to be tested for sensitivity. Fire alarm systems that continue
860	after sensitivity testing with unwarranted nuisance alarms shall be replaced as directed by the
861	АНЈ."
862	[(22)] (19) IFC, Chapter 9, [Section 915, Carbon Monoxide Detection, is deleted and
863	rewritten as follows:] Section 915.2.3, Group E occupancies and Exception is deleted and
864	replaced with the following:
865	["915. Carbon Monoxide Detection.]
866	[915.1 Where required.]
867	[Group I-1, I-2, I-4, and R occupancies located in a building containing a fuel-burning
868	appliance or in a building that has an attached garage shall be equipped with single-station
860	carbon manayide alarme. The carbon manayide alarme shall be listed as complying with III

2034 or UL 2075 and be installed and maintained in accordance with NFPA 720 and the manufacturer's instructions. An open parking garage, as defined in Chapter 2, or an enclosed parking garage, ventilated in accordance with Section 404 of the International Mechanical Code, shall not be considered an attached garage. A minimum of one carbon monoxide alarm shall be installed on each habitable level.]

[915.2 Interconnection.]

[Where more than one carbon monoxide alarm is required to be installed within Group I-1, I-2, I-4, or R occupancies, the carbon monoxide alarm shall be interconnected in such a manner that the activation of one alarm will activate all of the alarms. Physical interconnection of carbon monoxide alarms shall not be required where listed wireless alarms are installed and all alarms sound upon activation of one alarm. The alarm shall be clearly audible in all bedrooms over background noise levels with all intervening doors closed.]

[915.3 Power source.]

[In new construction, required carbon monoxide alarms shall receive their primary power from the building wiring where such wiring is served from a commercial source and shall be equipped with a battery backup. Carbon monoxide alarms with integral strobes that are not equipped with battery backup shall be connected to an emergency electrical system. Carbon monoxide alarms shall emit a signal when the batteries are low. Wiring shall be permanent and without a disconnecting switch other than as required for overcurrent protection.]

[Exceptions.]

[1. Carbon monoxide alarms are not required to be equipped with battery backup where they are connected to an emergency electrical system.]

[2. Hard wiring of carbon monoxide alarms in existing areas shall not be required where the alterations or repairs do not result in the removal of interior wall or ceiling finishes exposing the structure. Unless there is an attic, crawl space, or basement available that could provide access for hard wiring, without the removal of interior finishes.]

[915.4 Group E.]

[A carbon monoxide detection system shall be installed in new buildings that contain

898	Group E occupancies in accordance with this section. A carbon monoxide detection system
899	shall be installed in existing buildings that contain Group E occupancies in accordance with
900	IFC, Chapter 11, Section 1103.9.]
901	[915.4.1 Where required.]
902	[In Group E occupancies, a carbon monoxide detection system shall be provided where
903	a fuel-burning appliance, a fuel-burning fireplace, or a fuel-burning forced air furnace is
904	present.]
905	[915.4.2 Detection equipment.]
906	[Each carbon monoxide detection system shall be installed in accordance with NFPA
907	720 and the manufacturer's instructions, and be listed, for single station detectors, as complying
908	with UL 2034, and for system detectors, as complying with UL 2075.]
909	[915.4.3 Combination detectors.]
910	[A combination carbon monoxide/smoke detector is an acceptable alternative to a
911	carbon monoxide detection system if the combination carbon monoxide/smoke detector is
912	listed in accordance with UL 2075 and UL 268.]
913	[915.4.4 Power source.]
914	[Each carbon monoxide detection system shall receive primary power from the building
915	wiring if the wiring is served from a commercial source. If primary power is interrupted, each
916	carbon monoxide detection system shall receive power from a battery. Wiring shall be
917	permanent and without a disconnecting switch other than that required for over-current
918	protection.]
919	[915.4.5 Maintenance.]
920	[Each carbon monoxide detection system shall be maintained in accordance with NFPA
921	720. A carbon monoxide detection system that becomes inoperable or begins to produce
922	end-of-life signals shall be replaced."]
923	"915.2.3 Group E Occupancies. Carbon monoxide detectors shall be installed in the
924	following areas within Group E occupancies:
925	(1) Boiler rooms, furnace rooms, and similar rooms, or in adjacent areas where carbon

926	monoxide is likely to spread. (The installation of carbon monoxide detectors in boiler rooms
927	and furnace rooms may cause a false alarm problem. Locating these detectors in adjacent
928	spaces where the carbon monoxide is likely to spread may be a better option.)
929	(2) Home economics rooms with gas appliances.
930	(3) School kitchens with gas appliances. (Commercial kitchens).
931	(4) Arts rooms and other areas with a gas kiln or open flame.
932	(5) Gas roof top units, and other carbon monoxide producing HVAC units, one per
933	zone. (The zone shall be the area covered by the HVAC unit.)
934	(6) In areas with gas wall units.
935	(7) In areas with a gas water heater or boiler.
936	(8) Areas with a forge or foundry.
937	(9) Metal shop or auto shop areas or in adjacent areas where carbon monoxide is likely
938	to spread. (The installation of carbon monoxide detectors in metal shop or auto shop areas may
939	cause a false alarm problem. Locating these detectors in adjacent spaces, i.e. class rooms or
940	corridors, where the carbon monoxide is likely to spread from these spaces may be a better
941	option.)
942	(10) Labs with open flame.
943	(11) HVAC units drawing outside air that could be contaminated with carbon
944	monoxide.
945	(12) Other areas with an open flame or fuel fired appliance.
946	(F) 915.2.3.1 Carbon monoxide alarm signals shall be automatically transmitted to an
947	onsite location that is staffed by school personnel.
948	Exception: Carbon monoxide alarm signals shall not be required to be automatically
949	transmitted to an onsite location that is staffed by school personnel in Group E occupancies
950	with an occupant load of 30 or less."
951	(20) In IFC, Chapter 9, a new Section 915.7 is added as follows:
952	"915.7 Carbon Monoxide Systems in Group E Occupancies. Carbon monoxide systems
953	may be part of a fire alarm system or standalone system.

954	915.7.1 Power and Wiring.
955	915.7.1.1 Power. Carbon monoxide detection systems shall require a primary and
956	secondary power source.
957	915.7.1.2 Wiring. Class "A" wiring is required when the carbon monoxide system is
958	part of, or connected to, a fire alarm system. Standalone carbon monoxide detection systems
959	may use Class "B" wiring. All wiring shall be Class "A" or "B".
960	915.7.2 Equipment Shut Down. Equipment and appliances that are producing carbon
961	monoxide shall shut down automatically in the zone involved upon carbon monoxide system
962	activation.
963	915.7.3 Notification.
964	915.7.3.1 Local Alarm. Each occupied space shall sound an audible alarm when
965	detecting carbon monoxide at a level in excess of 70 ppm for one hour.
966	915.7.3.2 General Alarm. A blue strobe, visual alarm, is required in a normally
967	occupied location, similar to the administrative offices, when carbon monoxide is detected in
968	the facility in excess of 70 ppm for one hour.
969	915.7.3.2.1 The general alarm shall require a manual reset following an alarm
970	activation.
971	915.7.3.3 Digital Notification. Portable carbon monoxide detectors, with digital read
972	out indicating parts per million of carbon monoxide, in a space to determine the level of hazard
973	<u>in a given space.</u>
974	915.7.4 Monitoring. System monitoring is not required. If the system is monitored, the
975	signal should be a supervisory signal indicating carbon monoxide.
976	915.7.5 Inspection.
977	915.7.5.1 The carbon monoxide detection system shall be tested in the presence of a
978	Deputy or Special Deputy of the State Fire Marshal Division. The Deputy shall require "spot
979	testing" of the system and its components.
980	915.7.5.2 Before requesting final inspection and approval, the installing contractor shall
981	test each component of the system and issue a statement of compliance, in writing, to the State

982	Fire Marshal Division that the carbon monoxide detection system has been installed in
983	accordance with approved plans and has been tested in accordance with the manufacturer's
984	specifications, and the appropriate installation standard.
985	915.7.5.3 Systems shall be tagged with the State approved tag for fire alarm systems,
986	upon final approval and shall be inspected and tagged annually by an individual certified as a
987	Master Fire Alarm Technician, by the State Fire Marshal Division.
988	915.7.6 Evacuation. The affected area within Group E Occupancies shall be evacuated
989	when carbon monoxide is detected at a level in excess of 70 ppm for one hour in that area."
990	Section 9. Section 15A-5-205 is amended to read:
991	15A-5-205. Amendments and additions to IFC related to means of egress and
992	special processes and uses.
993	[(1) In IFC, Chapter 10, Section 1008.2.1, Illumination level under normal power,
994	delete exception.]
995	[(2) In IFC, Chapter 10, Section 1010.1.9, Door operations, a new exception is added
996	as follows: "Exception: Group E occupancies for purposes of a lockdown or a lockdown drill in
997	accordance with Section 1010.1.9.6 Exception 5."]
998	[(3) In IFC, Chapter 10, Section 1010.1.9.2, Hardware height, "Exception:" is deleted
999	and replaced with "Exceptions: 1."]
1000	[(4) In IFC, Chapter 10, Section 1010.1.9.2, Hardware height, Exception 2 is added as
1001	follows: "2. Group E occupancies for purposes of a lockdown or a lockdown drill may have
1002	one lock below 34 inches in accordance with Section 1010.1.9.6 Exception 5."]
1003	[(5) In IFC, Chapter 10, Section 1010.1.9.4, Locks and latches, Item 7 is added after
1004	the existing Item 6 as follows: "7. Group E occupancies for purposes of a lockdown or a
1005	lockdown drill in accordance with Section 1010.1.9.6 Exception 5."]
1006	[(6) In IFC, Chapter 10, Section 1010.1.9.5, Bolt locks, Exception 6 is added after the
1007	existing Exception 5 as follows: "6. Group E occupancies for purposes of a lockdown or a
1008	lockdown drill in accordance with Section 1010.1.9.6 Exception 5." (7) In IFC, Chapter 10,
1009	Section 1010.1.9.6, Unlatching, Exception 5 is added after the existing Exception 4 as follows:

1010	"5. Group E occupancies may have a second lock on classrooms for purposes of a lockdown or
1011	lockdown drill, if:]
1012	[5.1 The application of the lock is approved by the code official.]
1013	[5.2 The unlatching of any door or leaf does not require more than two operations.]
1014	[5.3 The lock can be released from the opposite side of the door on which it is
1015	installed.]
1016	[5.4 The lock is only applied during lockdown or during a lockdown drill.]
1017	[5.5 The lock complies with all other state and federal regulations, including the
1018	Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 12101 et seq."]
1019	[(8)] (1) IFC, Chapter 10, Section [1010.1.9.7] <u>1010.2.14</u> , Controlled egress doors in
1020	Groups I-1 and I-2, after existing Item 8 add Item 9 as follows: "9. The secure area or unit with
1021	special egress locks shall be located at the level of exit discharge in Type V construction."
1022	[(9)] <u>(2)</u> [In] IFC, Chapter 10, Section [1010.1.9.8.1] <u>1010.2.13.1</u> , Delayed egress
1023	locking system, Item 9 is added after the existing Item 8 as follows: "9. The secure area or unit
1024	with delayed egress locks shall be located at the level of exit discharge in Type V
1025	construction."
1026	[(10)] (3) [In] IFC, Chapter 10, Section [BE] 1011.5.2, Riser height and tread depth,
1027	Exception 3 is deleted and replaced with the following: "3. In Group R-3 occupancies, within
1028	dwelling units in Group R-2 occupancies, and in Group U occupancies that are accessory to a
1029	Group R-3 occupancy, or accessory to individual dwelling units in Group R-2 occupancies, the
1030	maximum riser height shall be 8 inches (203 mm) and the minimum tread depth shall be 9
1031	inches (229 mm). The minimum winder tread depth at the walk line shall be 10 inches (254
1032	mm), and the minimum winder tread depth shall be 6 inches (152 mm). A nosing not less than
1033	0.75 inch (19.1 mm) but not more than 1.25 inches (32 mm) shall be provided on stairways
1034	with solid risers where the tread depth is less than 10 inches (254 mm)."
1035	[(11)] (4) IFC, Chapter 10, Section [BE] 1011.11, Handrails, is amended to add the
1036	following exception: "[5.] 6. In occupancies in Group R-3, as applicable in Section 1014 and
1037	in occupancies in Group U, which are accessory to an occupancy in Group R-3, as applicable in

1038	Section 1014, handrails shall be provided on at least one side of stairways consisting of four or
1039	more risers."
1040	[(12) IFC, Chapter 10, Section 1013.5, Internally illuminated exit signs, delete and
1041	rewrite the last sentence to read "Exit signs shall be illuminated at all times, including when the
1042	building is not fully occupied."]
1043	[(13) IFC, Chapter 10, Section 1025, Luminous Egress Path Markings, is deleted.]
1044	[(14) IFC, Chapter 10, Section 1029.15, Seat stability, delete Exception 2 and
1045	renumber exceptions.]
1046	[(15)] <u>(5)</u> IFC, Chapter 10, Section [1031.2.1] <u>1032.2.1</u> , Security devices and egress
1047	locks, is amended to add the following: On line three, after the word "fire", add the words "and
1048	building."
1049	Section 10. Section 15A-5-205.5 is amended to read:
1050	15A-5-205.5. Amendments to Chapters 11 and 12 of IFC.
1051	(1) For IFC, Chapter 11, Construction Requirements for Existing Buildings:
1052	(a) [In] IFC, Chapter 11, Section 1103.2, Emergency Responder [Radio]
1053	Communication Coverage in Existing Buildings, is amended as follows: On line two after the
1054	title, the following is added: "When required by the fire code official".
1055	(b) IFC, Chapter 11, Section 1103.5.1, Group A-2, is deleted and replaced with the
1056	following:
1057	"1103.5.1 Group A-2. An automatic fire sprinkler system shall be provided throughout
1058	existing Group A-2 occupancies where indoor pyrotechnics are used."
1059	(c) IFC, Chapter 11, Section 1103.6, Standpipes, is deleted.
1060	(d) [In] IFC, Chapter 11, 1103.7, Fire Alarm Systems, is deleted and rewritten as
1061	follows: "1103.7, Fire Alarm Systems[-]. The following shall have an approved fire alarm
1062	system installed in accordance with Utah Administrative Code, R710-4, Buildings Under the
1063	Jurisdiction of the [State] <u>Utah</u> Fire Prevention Board:
1064	1. a building with an occupant load of 300 or more persons that is owned or operated
1065	by the state;

1066 2. a building with an occupant load of 300 or more persons that is owned or operated 1067 by an institution of higher education; and 1068 3. a building with an occupant load of 50 or more persons that is owned or operated by 1069 a school district, private school, or charter school. 1070 Exception: the requirements of this section do not apply to a building designated as an 1071 Institutional Group I (as defined in IFC 202) occupancy." 1072 (e) IFC, Chapter 11, 1103.7.1 Group E, 1103.7.2 Group I-1, 1103.7.3 Group I-2, 1073 1103.7.4 Group I-3, 1103.7.5 Group R-1, 1103.7.5.1 Group R-1 hotel and motel manual fire 1074 alarm system, 1103.7.5.1.1 Group R-1 hotel and motel automatic smoke detection system, 1075 1103.7.5.2 Group R-1 boarding and rooming houses manual fire alarm system, 1103.7.5.2.1 1076 Group R-1 boarding and rooming houses automatic smoke detection system, 1103.7.6 Group 1077 R-2 are deleted. 1078 (f) IFC, Chapter 11, Section 1103.5.4, High-rise buildings, is amended as follows: On line two, delete "not been adopted" and replace with "been adopted." 1079 1080 [(f)] (g) IFC, Chapter 11, Section 1103.9, Carbon monoxide alarms, is deleted and 1081 rewritten as follows: 1082 "1103.9 Carbon Monoxide Detection. 1083 Existing Groups E, I-1, I-2, I-4, and R occupancies shall be equipped with carbon 1084 monoxide detection in accordance with Section 915." 1085 (2) For IFC, Chapter 12, Energy Systems: (a) Delete the section title ["1204.2.1] "1205.2.1 Solar photovoltaic systems for Group 1086 R-3 buildings" and replace with the section title ["1204.2.1] "1205.2.1 Solar photovoltaic 1087 1088 systems for Group R-3 and buildings constructed in accordance with IRC." 1089 (b) Section [1204.2.1] 1205.2.1, Solar photovoltaic systems for Group R-3 buildings, 1090 Exception 1 is deleted, Exception 2 is renumbered to 1 and a second exception is added as 1091 follows: "2. Reduction in pathways and clear access width are permitted where a rational 1092 approach has been used and the reduction is warranted and approved by the Fire Code 1093 Official."

(c) Section [1204.3.1] 1205.3.1 Perimeter pathways, and [1204.3.2] 1205.3.2 Interior pathways, are deleted and rewritten as follows: "1204.3.1 Perimeter pathways. There shall be a minimum three foot wide (914 mm) clear perimeter around the edges of the roof. The solar installation shall be designed to provide designated pathways. The pathways shall meet the following requirements:

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- 1. The pathway shall be over areas capable of supporting the live load of fire fighters accessing the roof.
- 2. The centerline axis pathways shall be provided in both axes of the roof. Centerline axis pathways shall run where the roof structure is capable of supporting the live load of fire fighters accessing the roof.
 - 3. Smoke and heat vents required by Section 910.2.1 or 910.2.2 shall be provided with a clear pathway width of not less than three feet (914 mm) to the vents.
- 4. Access to roof area required by Section 504.3 or 1011.12 shall be provided with a clear pathway width of not less than three feet (914 mm) around access opening and at least three feet (914 mm) clear pathway to parapet or roof edge."
- (d) Section [1204.3.3] 1205.3.3, Smoke ventilation, is deleted and rewritten as follows: ["1204.3.2] "1205.3.2, Smoke ventilation. The solar installation shall be designed to meet the following requirements:
- 1. Arrays shall be no greater than 150 feet (45720 mm) by 150 feet (45720 mm) in distance in either axis in order to create opportunities for fire department smoke ventilation operations.
 - 2. Smoke ventilation options between array sections shall be one of the following:
 - 2.1 A pathway six feet (1829 mm) or greater in width.
- 1117 2.2 A pathway three feet (914 mm) or greater in width and bordering roof skylights or 1118 smoke and heat vents when required by Section 910.2.1 or Section 910.2.2.
- 2.3 Smoke and heat vents designed for remote operation using devices that can be 1119 1120 connected to the vent by mechanical, electrical, or any other suitable means, protected as necessary to remain operable for the design period. Controls for remote operation shall be

1122	located in a control panel, clearly identified and located in an approved location.["]
1123	3. Where gravity-operated dropout smoke and heat vents occur, a pathway three feet
1124	(914 mm) or greater in width on not fewer than one side."
1125	Section 11. Section 15A-5-205.6 is amended to read:
1126	15A-5-205.6. Amendments and additions to Chapter 33 of IFC.
1127	(1) IFC, Chapter 33, Section [3310.1] 3311.1, Required access, is deleted and rewritten
1128	as follows:
1129	["3310.1] <u>"3311.1</u> Required access.
1130	[3310.1.1] 3311.1.1 Approved vehicle access. Approved vehicle access for fire fighting
1131	shall be provided as described in Chapter 5 of this code to all construction or demolition sites.
1132	[3310.1.2] 3311.1.2 Fire department connections. Vehicle access shall be provided to
1133	within 100 feet of temporary or permanent fire department connections.
1134	[3310.1.3] 3311.1.3 Type of access. Vehicle access shall be provided by either
1135	temporary or permanent roads.
1136	[3310.1.3.1] 3311.3.1 Temporary road requirements. Temporary roads shall be
1137	constructed with a minimum of site specific required structural fill for permanent roads and
1138	road base, or other approved material complying with local standards.
1139	[3310.1.3.2] 3311.3.2 Reports. Compaction reports may be required. An engineer's
1140	review and certification of a temporary fire department access road is not required.
1141	[3310.1.3.3] 3311.3.3 Local jurisdictions. If an improvement completion assurance has
1142	been posted in accordance with Section 10-9a-604.5, a local jurisdiction may not require
1143	permanent roads, or asphalt or concrete on temporary roads, before final approval of the
1144	structure served by the road.
1145	[3310.1.4] 3311.1.4 Maintenance. Temporary roads shall be maintained until permanent
1146	fire apparatus access roads are available.
1147	[3310.1.5] 3311.1.5 Time line. Temporary or permanent fire department access roads
1148	shall be functional before construction above the foundation begins and before an appreciable
1149	amount of combustible construction materials are on site."

1150	(2) IFC, Chapter 33, Section [3310.2] <u>3311.2</u> , Key boxes, is deleted.
1151	Section 12. Section 15A-5-206 is amended to read:
1152	15A-5-206. Amendments and additions to IFC related to hazardous materials,
1153	explosives, fireworks, and flammable and combustible liquids.
1154	(1) For IFC, Hazardous Materials - General Provisions, Chapter 50, Table 5003.1.1(1),
1155	Maximum Allowable Quantity per Control Area of Hazardous Materials Posing a Physical
1156	Hazard, apply footnote d to Explosives, Storage, Solid Pounds.
1157	(2) [For] IFC, Explosives and Fireworks, IFC, Chapter 56, Section 5601.1.3,
1158	Fireworks, Exception 4 is amended to add the following sentence at the end of the exception:
1159	"The use of fireworks for display and retail sales is allowed as set forth in Utah Code, Title 53,
1160	Chapter 7, Utah Fire Prevention and Safety Act, Sections 53-7-220 through 53-7-225; Utah
1161	Code, Title 11, Chapter 3, County and Municipal Fireworks Act; Utah Administrative Code,
1162	R710-2; and the State Fire Code."
1163	(3) For IFC, Chapter 57, Flammable and Combustible Liquids:
1164	(a) IFC, Chapter 57, Section 5701.4, Permits, is amended to add the following at the
1165	end of the section: "The owner of an underground tank that is out of service for longer than one
1166	year shall receive a Temporary Closure Notice from the Department of Environmental Quality,
1167	and a copy shall be given to the AHJ."
1168	(b) IFC, Chapter 57, Section 5706.1, General, is amended to add the following special
1169	operation: "8. Sites approved by the AHJ".
1170	(c) IFC, Chapter 57, Section 5706.2, Storage and dispensing of flammable and
1171	combustible liquids on farms and construction sites, is amended to add the following: On line
1172	five, after the words "borrow pits", add the words "and sites approved by the AHJ".
1173	(4) For IFC, Chapter 61, Liquefied Petroleum Gas:
1174	(a) IFC, Chapter 61, Section 6101.2, Permits, is amended as follows: On line two, after
1175	the word ["105.7"] "105.6", add "and the adopted LP Gas rules".
1176	(b) IFC, Chapter 61, Section 6103.1, General, is deleted and rewritten as follows:
1177	"General. LP Gas equipment shall be installed in accordance with NFPA 54, NFPA 58, the

1178	adopted LP Gas rules, and the International Fuel Gas Code, except as otherwise provided in
1179	this chapter."
1180	(c) IFC, Chapter 61, Section 6104.3, Location of LP-Gas Containers, Table 6104.3,
1181	Location of LP-Gas Containers, amends column heading "Minimum Separation Between
1182	LP-Gas Containers and Buildings, Public Ways or Lot Lines of Adjoining Property" and
1183	footnote "g" by deleting and replacing with the following: "Minimum separation between
1184	LP-Gas containers and buildings, or lot lines of adjoining property that can be built on."
1185	[(c)] (d) Chapter 61, Section 6109.12, Location of storage outside of buildings, is
1186	amended as follows: In Table 6109.12, Doorway or opening to a building with two or more
1187	means of egress, with regard to quantities 720 or less and 721 2,500, the currently stated "5"
1188	is deleted and replaced with "10".
1189	[(d)] (e) IFC, Chapter 61, Section 6109.15.1, Automated cylinder exchange stations, is
1190	amended as follows: Item # 4 is deleted[-] and replaced with the following: "Item #4 Electrical
1191	equipment inside of a cabinet storing cylinders, including but not limited to electronics
1192	associated with vending operations, shall comply with requirements for Class I, Division 2,
1193	equipment in accordance with NFPA 70."
1194	[(e)] (f) IFC, Chapter 61, Section 6110.1, [Temporarily out of service] Removed from
1195	service, is amended as follows: On line two, after the word "discontinued", add the words "for
1196	more than one year or longer as allowed by the AHJ,".
1197	(g) IFC, Chapter 61, Section 6110.2, Removal from site is deleted.
1198	Section 13. Section 15A-5-302 is amended to read:
1199	15A-5-302. Amendments and additions to NFPA related to National Fire Alarm
1200	and Signaling Code.
1201	For NFPA 72, National Fire Alarm and Signaling Code, [2016] 2019 edition:
1202	[(1) NFPA 72, Chapter 2, Section 2.2, NFPA Publications, is amended to add the
1203	following NFPA standard: "NFPA 20, Standard for the Installation of Stationary Pumps for
1204	Fire Protection, 2016 edition."]
1205	[(2)] (1) NFPA 72. Chapter 10. Section 10.5.1. System Designer, Subsection

1206	10.5.1.3(2), is deleted and rewritten as follows: "Certification by the National Institute for
1207	Certification in Engineering Technologies at level III or IV in Fire Alarm Systems."
1208	[(3) NFPA 72, Chapter 10, Section 10.5.2, System Installer, Subsection 10.5.2.3(2), is
1209	deleted and rewritten as follows: "Certification by the National Institute for Certification in
1210	Engineering Technologies at level III or IV in Fire Alarm Systems."]
1211	[(4)] (2) NFPA 72, Chapter 10, Section 10.5.3, Inspection, Testing, and [Maintenance
1212	<u>Service</u> Personnel, Subsection 10.5.3.1, <u>Inspection Personnel</u> , is deleted and rewritten as
1213	follows:
1214	"Service personnel shall be qualified and experienced in the inspection, testing, and
1215	maintenance of fire alarm systems. Qualified personnel shall meet the certification
1216	requirements stated in rule made by the [State] <u>Utah</u> Fire Prevention Board in accordance with
1217	Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act."
1218	[(5)] (3) NFPA 72, Chapter 10, Section 10.12, Fire Alarm Signal Deactivation,
1219	Subsection [10.13.2] 10.12.2, is amended to add the following sentence: "When approved by
1220	the AHJ, the audible notification appliances may be deactivated during the investigation mode
1221	to prevent unauthorized reentry into the building."
1222	[(6) In NFPA 72, Chapter 23, Section 23.8.5.9, Signal Initiation Fire Pump,
1223	Subsection 23.8.5.9.3 is added as follows: "Automatic fire pumps shall be supervised in
1224	accordance with NFPA 20, Standard for the Installation of Stationary Pumps for Fire
1225	Protection, and the AHJ."]
1226	[(7) NFPA 72, Chapter 26, Section 26.3.4, Indication of Central Station Service,
1227	Subsection 26.3.4.7 is amended as follows: On line two, after the word "notified", insert the
1228	words "without delay" and delete the words, "within 30 calendar days".]
1229	Section 14. Section 15A-5-304 is amended to read:
1230	15A-5-304. Amendments and additions to NFPA related to Automatic Fire
1231	Sprinklers Systems.
1232	(1) NFPA 13, Installation of Sprinkler Systems, [2016] 2019 edition.
1233	(a) NFPA 13, Chapter [8, Section 15.22, System Subdivision] 16, Section 16.9.11,

1234	Floor Control Valve Assemblies, Subsection 16.9.11.5, is deleted and rewritten as follows:
1235	["8.15.22] "16.9.11.5, System Subdivision - Floor/Zone Control Valves.
1236	Individual floor/zone control valves shall be used at the riser at each floor for
1237	connections to piping serving floor areas in excess of 5,000 square feet."
1238	(b) NFPA 13, Chapter 8, Section [8.17.1.1] <u>16.11.2.1</u> , Local Waterflow Alarms, is
1239	amended by adding a new subsection as follows:
1240	["8.17.1.1.1] <u>"16.11.2.1.1</u> Single Tenant Occupancies.
1241	[An] When a fire alarm system is not required by IFC, Section 907.2, an approved
1242	audible/visual waterflow alarm (horn/strobe) shall be provided in the interior of the building, in
1243	a normally occupied location, to alert the occupants of the fire sprinkler system activation."
1244	(c) NFPA 13, Chapter 8, Section [8.17.1.1] 16.11.2.1, Local Waterflow Alarms, is
1245	amended by adding a new subsection as follows:
1246	["8.17.1.1.2] <u>"16.11.2.1.2</u> Multi-Tenant Occupancies.
1247	[An] When a fire alarm system is not required by IFC, Section 907.2, an approved
1248	audible/visual waterflow alarm (horn/strobe) shall be provided in the interior of each tenant
1249	space, in a normally occupied location, to alert the occupants of the fire sprinkler system
1250	activation."
1251	(d) NFPA 13, Chapter 8, Section [8.17.1.1] 16.11.2.1, Local Waterflow Alarms, is
1252	amended by adding a new subsection as follows:
1253	["8.17.1.1.3] <u>"16.11.2.1.3</u> Exterior Waterflow Alarm.
1254	An approved audible/visual waterflow alarm (horn/strobe) shall be provided on the
1255	exterior of the building in a location approved by the AHJ."
1256	(2) NFPA 13D, Installation of Sprinkler Systems in One- and Two-Family Dwellings
1257	and Manufactured Homes, [2013] 2019 edition.
1258	(a) NFPA 13D, Chapter 7, Section 7.6, Alarms, is amended by adding a new
1259	subsection as follows:
1260	"7.6.1 Exterior Waterflow Alarm.
1261	When an alarm initiating device is included, an approved audible/visual waterflow

1262	alarm (horn/strobe) shall be provided on the exterior of the building in a location approved by
1263	the AHJ."
1264	(b) NFPA 13D, Chapter 7, Section 7.6, Alarms, is amended by adding a new
1265	subsection as follows:
1266	"7.6.2 Interior Alarm.
1267	When an alarm initiating device is included, an interior fire alarm notification appliance
1268	is also required to sound throughout the dwelling. An approved audible sprinkler flow alarm to
1269	alert the occupants of the dwelling in a normally occupied location when the flow switch is
1270	activated must be provided."
1271	(3) NFPA, Standard 13R, Installation of Sprinkler Systems in Residential Occupancies
1272	up to and Including Four Stories in Height, [2013] 2019 edition.
1273	(a) NFPA 13R, Chapter 6, Section 6.8, Valves, is amended by adding a new subsection
1274	as follows:
1275	["6.8.9] "6.8.11 Floor/Zone Control Valves.
1276	Individual floor/zone control valves shall be used at the riser at each floor for
1277	connections to piping serving floor areas in excess of 5,000 square feet or arranged in a manner
1278	acceptable to the AHJ."
1279	(b) NFPA 13R, Chapter 6, Section 16, Alarms, is amended by adding a new subsection
1280	as follows:
1281	"6.16.1.1 Local Waterflow Alarms.
1282	[An approved audible/visual waterflow alarm (horn/strobe)] When a fire alarm system
1283	is not required by IFC, Section 907.2, an approved notification appliance indicating waterflow
1284	shall be provided in the interior of each residential unit/tenant space, in a normally occupied
1285	location, to alert the occupants of the fire sprinkler system activation."
1286	(c) NFPA 13R, Chapter 6, Section 16, Alarms, is amended by adding a new subsection
1287	as follows:
1288	"6.16.1.2 Exterior Waterflow Alarm.
1289	An approved audible/visual waterflow alarm (horn/strobe) shall be provided on the

1290	exterior of the building in a location approved by the AHJ."
1291	(4) NFPA 25, Standard for the Inspection, Testing, and Maintenance of Water-Based
1292	Fire Protection Systems, 2020 edition.
1293	NFPA 25, Section 5.3.4.4.1, the first line is deleted and replaced with the following:
1294	"For system antifreeze installed prior to July 1, 2023, listed antifreeze shall not be
1295	required, where all of the following conditions are met:"
1296	(5) NFPA 72, National Fire Alarm and Signaling Code, 2019 edition.
1297	NFPA 72, a new Section 18.1.1.1 is added as follows:
1298	"The fire code official may modify the requirements of this chapter in areas of
1299	educational occupancies used exclusively for special education students."
1300	Section 15. Repealer.
1301	This bill repeals:
1302	Section 15A-2a-101, Title.
1303	Section 15A-2a-102, Definitions.
1304	Section 15A-2a-201, Amendments to Chapter 4 of IBC.
1305	Section 15A-2a-202, Amendments to Chapter 5 of IBC.
1306	Section 15A-2a-203, Amendments to Chapter 6 of IBC.
1307	Section 15A-2a-204, Amendments to Chapter 7 of IBC.
1308	Section 15A-2a-301, Amendments to Chapter 7 of IFC.
1309	Section 15A-2a-302, Amendments to Chapters 9 and 33 of IFC.
1310	Section 15A-2a-401, Reference Standards.