1	SCHOOL SAFETY REQUIREMENTS
2	2023 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Ryan D. Wilcox
5	Senate Sponsor:
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill addresses school safety and security issues.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	defines terms;
13	 creates a state security chief position within the Department of Public Safety;
14	 requires each county sheriff to identify an individual within the sheriff's office to
15	coordinate between the county sheriff's office, the state security chief, and certain
16	police chiefs within the county;
17	creates the School Security Task Force;
18	 requires the task force to develop the qualifications, duties, and scope of authority
19	of the state security chief;
20	 requires the State Board of Education (board) to provide a report on certain law
21	enforcement and disciplinary actions on school grounds to the State Commission on
22	Criminal and Juvenile Justice (commission);
23	 requires certain contracts and policies concerning school resource officers,
24	including the handling of certain student offenses;
25	adds components to the board's model critical response training programs



26	 provides for the board to administer a grant program for certain school services and
27	materials, including school resource officer services;
28	 amends requirements for and renames the criminal justice database;
29	 modifies the duties of the commission in regards to juvenile justice;
30	 enacts data collection and reporting requirements for the commission and the
31	Administrative Office of the Courts in regards to offenses committed, or allegedly
32	committed, by minors; and
33	 makes technical and conforming amendments.
34	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
35	This bill appropriates in fiscal year 2024:
36	 to State Board of Education - Contracted Initiatives and Grants, as a one-time
37	appropriation:
38	• from the Income Tax Fund, One-time, \$25,000,000.
39	Other Special Clauses:
40	None
41	Utah Code Sections Affected:
42	AMENDS:
43	53E-3-516, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 399
44	53G-8-701, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 293
45	53G-8-702, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 279
46	53G-8-703, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 293
47	53G-8-802, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 399
48	63A-16-1001, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 390
49	63A-16-1002, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 390 and last amended by
50	Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 390
51	63I-2-253, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapters 208, 229, 274, 354, 370,
52	and 409
53	63M-7-208, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 262
54	63M-7-218, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 390 and last amended by
55	Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 390
56	ENACTS:

	53-22-101 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
	53-22-102 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
	53-22-103 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
	53-22-104 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
	53G-8-703.2, Utah Code Annotated 1953
	53G-8-803 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
	80-6-104 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
В	e it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 53-22-101 is enacted to read:
	CHAPTER 22. SCHOOL SECURITY ACT
	53-22-101. School Security Act Definitions.
	As used in this chapter:
	(1) "Public school" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53G-9-205.1.
	(2) "School resource officer" or "SRO" means a law enforcement officer hired by a
p	ublic school in accordance with Section 53G-8-703.
	(3) "State security chief" means an individual appointed by the commissioner under
<u>S</u>	ection 53-22-102.
	Section 2. Section 53-22-102 is enacted to read:
	53-22-102. State security chief Creation Appointment.
	(1) There is created within the department a state security chief.
	(2) The state security chief:
	(a) is appointed by the commissioner with the approval of the governor;
	(b) is subject to the supervision and control of the commissioner;
	(c) may be removed at the will of the commissioner;
	(d) shall be qualified by experience and education to:
	(i) enforce the laws of this state relating to school safety;
	(ii) perform duties prescribed by the commissioner; and
	(iii) enforce rules made under this chapter.
	(3) The duties and responsibilities of the state security chief shall be determined by the
C	Commissioner of Public Safety in conjunction with the School Security Task Force created in

88	Section 53-22-104.
89	Section 3. Section 53-22-103 is enacted to read:
90	53-22-103. County sheriff responsibilities Coordination.
91	Each county sheriff shall identify an individual within the sheriff's office to coordinate
92	security responsibilities between the state security chief, the county sheriff's office, and the
93	corresponding police chiefs whose jurisdiction includes a public school within the county.
94	Section 4. Section 53-22-104 is enacted to read:
95	53-22-104. School Security Task Force Membership Duties Per diem
96	Report Expiration.
97	(1) There is created a School Security Task Force composed of the following 16
98	members:
99	(a) the House chair of the Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice Interim Committee,
100	who shall serve as chair;
101	(b) the House chair of the Criminal Code Evaluation Task Force;
102	(c) a member of the Senate, appointed by the president of the Senate;
103	(d) a member of the State Board of Education security team;
104	(e) the school safety specialist to the State Board of Education;
105	(f) the public safety liaison described in Section 53-1-106;
106	(g) the commissioner of the Department of Public Safety or the commissioner's
107	designee;
108	(h) a member of the Utah School Superintendents Association, selected by the
109	president of the association;
110	(i) two members of the Chiefs of Police Association, one from a city of the first or
111	second class and one from a city of the third, fourth, fifth, or sixth class, selected by the
112	president of the association;
113	(j) two members of the Sheriffs Association, one from a county of the first, second, or
114	third class and one from a county of the fourth, fifth, or sixth class, selected by the president of
115	the association;
116	(k) a representative from the Utah Association of Public Charter Schools selected by
117	the president of the association;
118	(l) a representative from a school district, selected by the chair;

119	(m) a representative from a private school recommended by the commissioner of the
120	Department of Public Safety; and
121	(n) a member of a local law enforcement agency recommended by the commissioner of
122	the Department of Public Safety.
123	(2) The task force shall:
124	(a) determine the specific qualifications, duties, and responsibilities of the state
125	security chief created in Section 53-22-102;
126	(b) create statewide standardized training requirements and hiring policies for school
127	resource officers;
128	(c) review and revise, if necessary, the model critical incident response training
129	program developed under Section 53G-8-802;
130	(d) develop training standards for active shooter and emergency response in schools;
131	(e) recommend safety and security protocols for the design, construction, and
132	reconstruction of new and existing schools;
133	(f) develop legislation to accomplish Subsections (a) through (e) for introduction in the
134	2024 General Session; and
135	(g) prepare a report and present any legislation developed to the Law Enforcement and
136	Criminal Justice Interim Committee by November 30, 2023.
137	(3) (a) A majority of the members of the task force constitutes a quorum.
138	(b) The action of a majority of a quorum constitutes an action of the task force.
139	(4) The Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel shall provide staff for the
140	task force.
141	(5) (a) Salaries and expenses of the members of the task force who are legislators shall
142	be paid in accordance with:
143	(i) Section 36-2-2;
144	(ii) Legislative Joint Rules, Title 5, Chapter 2, Lodging, Meal, and Transportation
145	Expenses; and
146	(iii) Legislative Joint Rules, Title 5, Chapter 3, Legislator Compensation.
147	(b) A member of the task force who is not a legislator may not receive compensation
148	for the member's work associated with the task force but may receive per diem and
149	reimbursement for travel expenses incurred as a member of the task force at the rates

150	established by the Division of Finance under:
151	(i) Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107; and
152	(ii) rules made by the Division of Finance in accordance with Sections 63A-3-106 and
153	<u>63A-3-107.</u>
154	(6) This task force expires December 31, 2023.
155	Section 5. Section 53E-3-516 is amended to read:
156	53E-3-516. School disciplinary and law enforcement action report Rulemaking
157	authority.
158	(1) As used in this section:
159	(a) "Disciplinary action" means an action by a public school meant to formally
160	discipline a student of that public school that includes a suspension or expulsion.
161	(b) "Law enforcement agency" means the same as that term is defined in Section
162	77-7a-103.
163	(c) "Minor" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53G-6-201.
164	(d) "Other law enforcement activity" means a significant law enforcement interaction
165	with a minor that does not result in an arrest, including:
166	(i) a search and seizure by an SRO;
167	(ii) issuance of a criminal citation;
168	(iii) issuance of a ticket or summons;
169	(iv) filing a delinquency petition; or
170	(v) referral to a probation officer.
171	(e) "School is in session" means the hours of a day during which a public school
172	conducts instruction for which student attendance is counted toward calculating average daily
173	membership.
174	(f) (i) "School-sponsored activity" means an activity, fundraising event, club, camp,
175	clinic, or other event or activity that is authorized by a specific public school, according to LEA
176	governing board policy, and satisfies at least one of the following conditions:
177	(A) the activity is managed or supervised by a school district, public school, or public
178	school employee;
179	(B) the activity uses the school district or public school facilities, equipment, or other
180	school resources; or

181	(C) the activity is supported or subsidized, more than inconsequentially, by public
182	funds, including the public school's activity funds or Minimum School Program dollars.
183	(ii) "School-sponsored activity" includes preparation for and involvement in a public
184	performance, contest, athletic competition, demonstration, display, or club activity.
185	(g) "Student resource officer" or "SRO" means the same as that term is defined in
186	Section 53G-8-701.
187	(2) Beginning on July 1, 2023, the state board shall develop an annual report regarding
188	the following incidents that occur on school grounds while school is in session or during a
189	school-sponsored activity:
190	(a) arrests of a minor;
191	(b) other law enforcement activities; and
192	(c) disciplinary actions.
193	(3) Pursuant to state and federal law, law enforcement agencies shall collaborate with
194	the state board and LEAs to provide and validate data and information necessary to complete
195	the report described in Subsection (2), as requested by an LEA or the state board.
196	(4) The report described in Subsection (2) shall include the following information
197	listed separately for each LEA:
198	(a) the number of arrests of a minor, including the reason why the minor was arrested;
199	(b) the number of other law enforcement activities, including the following information
200	for each incident:
201	(i) the reason for the other law enforcement activity; and
202	(ii) the type of other law enforcement activity used;
203	(c) the number of disciplinary actions imposed, including:
204	(i) the reason for the disciplinary action; and
205	(ii) the type of disciplinary action;
206	(d) the number of SROs employed; and
207	(e) if applicable, the demographics of an individual who is subject to, as the following
208	are defined in Section 53G-9-601, bullying, hazing, cyber-bullying, or retaliation.
209	(5) The report described in Subsection (2) shall include the following information, in
210	aggregate, for each element described in Subsections (4)(a) through (c):
211	(a) age;

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212	(b) grade level;
213	(c) race;
214	(d) sex; and
215	(e) disability status.
216	(6) Information included in the annual report described in Subsection (2) shall comply
217	with:
218	(a) Chapter 9, Part 3, Student Data Protection;
219	(b) Chapter 9, Part 2, Student Privacy; and
220	(c) the Family Education Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. Secs. 1232g and 1232h.
221	(7) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
222	state board shall make rules to compile the report described in Subsection (2).
223	(8) The state board shall provide the report described in Subsection (2):
224	(a) in accordance with Section 53E-1-203 for incidents that occurred during the
225	previous school year[-]; and
226	(b) to the State Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice before July 1 of each
227	year for incidents that occurred during the previous school year.
228	Section 6. Section 53G-8-701 is amended to read:
229	53G-8-701. Definitions.
230	As used in this part:
231	(1) "Law enforcement agency" means the same as that term is defined in Section
232	53-1-102.
233	(2) "Public school" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53G-9-205.1.
234	[(2)] (3) "School resource officer" or "SRO" means a law enforcement officer, as
235	defined in Section 53-13-103, who contracts with or whose law enforcement agency contracts
236	with an LEA to provide law enforcement services for the LEA.
237	Section 7. Section 53G-8-702 is amended to read:
238	53G-8-702. School resource officer training Curriculum.
239	(1) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
240	state board shall make rules that prepare and make available a training program for school
241	principals, school personnel, and school resource officers to attend.
242	(2) To create the curriculum and materials for the training program described in

243	Subsection (1), the state board shall:
244	(a) work in conjunction with the State Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice
245	created in Section 63M-7-201;
246	(b) solicit input from local school boards, charter school governing boards, and the
247	Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind;
248	(c) consult with a nationally recognized organization that provides resources and
249	training for school resource officers;
250	[(c)] (d) solicit input from local law enforcement and other interested community
251	stakeholders; and
252	[(d)] (e) consider the current United States Department of Education recommendations
253	on school discipline and the role of a school resource officer.
254	(3) The training program described in Subsection (1) may include training on the
255	following:
256	(a) childhood and adolescent development;
257	(b) responding age-appropriately to students;
258	(c) working with disabled students;
259	(d) techniques to de-escalate and resolve conflict;
260	(e) cultural awareness;
261	(f) restorative justice practices;
262	(g) identifying a student exposed to violence or trauma and referring the student to
263	appropriate resources;
264	(h) student privacy rights;
265	(i) negative consequences associated with youth involvement in the juvenile and
266	criminal justice systems;
267	(j) strategies to reduce juvenile justice involvement;
268	(k) roles of and distinctions between a school resource officer and other school staff
269	who help keep a school secure;
270	(l) developing and supporting successful relationships with students; and
271	(m) legal parameters of searching and questioning students on school property.
272	(4) The state board shall work together with the Department of Public Safety, the State
273	Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice, and state and local law enforcement to establish

274	policies, [and] procedures, [that govern] and training requirements for school resource officers
275	Section 8. Section 53G-8-703 is amended to read:
276	53G-8-703. Contracts between an LEA and law enforcement for school resource
277	officer services Requirements.
278	(1) An LEA [may] shall contract with a local law enforcement agency [or an
279	individual] to provide school resource officer services at the LEA [if the LEA governing board
280	reviews and approves the contract].
281	(2) The LEA governing board and the local law enforcement agency shall develop a
282	mutually agreed upon contract for an SRO.
283	[(2)] (3) [If an LEA contracts] An LEA contract with a law enforcement agency [or an
284	individual] to provide SRO services at the LEA[, the LEA governing board] shall require in the
285	contract:
286	(a) an acknowledgment by the law enforcement agency [or the individual] that an SRC
287	hired under the contract shall:
288	(i) provide for and maintain a safe, healthy, and productive learning environment in a
289	school;
290	(ii) act as a positive role model to students;
291	(iii) work to create a cooperative, proactive, and problem-solving partnership between
292	law enforcement and the LEA;
293	(iv) emphasize the use of restorative approaches to address negative behavior; and
294	(v) at the request of the LEA, teach a vocational law enforcement class;
295	(b) a description of the shared understanding of the LEA and the law enforcement
296	agency [or individual] regarding the roles and responsibilities of law enforcement and the LEA
297	to:
298	(i) maintain safe schools;
299	(ii) improve school climate; and
300	(iii) support educational opportunities for students;
301	(c) a designation of student offenses that, in accordance with Section 53G-8-211, the
302	SRO:
303	(i) may refer to the juvenile court;
304	(ii) [the SRO] shall confer with the LEA to resolve, including an offense that:]; and

305	[(i) is a minor violation of the law; and]
306	[(ii) would not violate the law if the offense was committed by an adult;]
307	[(d)] (iii) [a designation of student offenses that are administrative issues that an SRO]
308	shall refer to a school administrator for resolution [in accordance with Section 53G-8-211] as
309	an administrative issue with the understanding that the SRO will be informed of the outcome of
310	the administrative issue;
311	[(e)] (d) a detailed description of the rights of a student under state and federal law
312	with regard to:
313	(i) searches;
314	(ii) questioning;
315	(iii) arrests; and
316	[(iii)] (iv) information privacy;
317	[(f)] (e) a detailed description of:
318	(i) job assignment and duties[;], including:
319	(A) the school to which the SRO will be assigned;
320	(B) the hours the SRO is expected to be present at the school;
321	(C) the point of contact at the school;
322	(D) specific responsibilities for providing and receiving information; and
323	(E) types of records to be kept, and by whom;
324	(ii) training requirements; and
325	(iii) other expectations of the SRO and school administration in relation to law
326	enforcement at the LEA;
327	[(g)] (f) that an SRO who is hired under the contract and the principal at the school
328	where an SRO will be working, or the principal's designee, will jointly complete the SRO
329	training described in Section 53G-8-702; [and]
330	[(h) if the contract is between an LEA and a law enforcement agency, that:]
331	[(i)] (g) that both parties agree to jointly discuss SRO applicants; and
332	[(ii)] (h) that the law enforcement agency will, at least annually, seek out and accept
333	feedback from an LEA about an SRO's performance.
334	Section 9. Section 53G-8-703.2 is enacted to read:
335	53G-8-703.2. LEA establishment of SRO policy Public comment.

336	(1) An LEA shall establish an SRO policy.
337	(2) The SRO policy described in Subsection (1) shall include:
338	(a) the contract described in Section 53G-8-703; and
339	(b) all other procedures and requirements governing the relationship between the LEA
340	and an SRO.
341	(3) Before implementing the SRO policy described in Subsection (1), the LEA shall
342	present the SRO policy at a public meeting and receive public comment on the SRO policy.
343	Section 10. Section 53G-8-802 is amended to read:
344	53G-8-802. State Safety and Support Program State board duties LEA
345	duties.
346	(1) There is created the State Safety and Support Program.
347	(2) The state board shall:
348	(a) develop in conjunction with the Division of Substance Abuse and Mental Health
349	model student safety and support policies for an LEA, including:
350	(i) evidence-based procedures for the assessment of and intervention with an individual
351	whose behavior poses a threat to school safety;
352	(ii) procedures for referrals to law enforcement; and
353	(iii) procedures for referrals to a community services entity, a family support
354	organization, or a health care provider for evaluation or treatment;
355	(b) provide training:
356	(i) in school safety;
357	(ii) in evidence-based approaches to improve school climate and address and correct
358	bullying behavior;
359	(iii) in evidence-based approaches in identifying an individual who may pose a threat
360	to the school community;
361	(iv) in evidence-based approaches in identifying an individual who may be showing
362	signs or symptoms of mental illness;
363	(v) on permitted disclosures of student data to law enforcement and other support
364	services under the Family Education Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1232g;
365	(vi) on permitted collection of student data under 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1232h and Sections
366	53E-9-203 and 53E-9-305; and

36/	(VII) for administrators on rights and prohibited acts under:
368	(A) Chapter 9, Part 6, Bullying and Hazing;
369	(B) Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 2000d et seq.;
370	(C) Title IX of Education Amendments of 1972, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1681 et seq.;
371	(D) Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. Sec. 701 et seq.; and
372	(E) the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1400 et seq.;
373	(c) conduct and disseminate evidence-based research on school safety concerns;
374	(d) disseminate information on effective school safety initiatives;
375	(e) encourage partnerships between public and private sectors to promote school safety;
376	(f) provide technical assistance to an LEA in the development and implementation of
377	school safety initiatives;
378	(g) in conjunction with the Department of Public Safety, develop and make available to
379	an LEA a model critical incident response training program that includes:
380	(i) protocols for conducting a threat assessment, and ensuring building security during
381	an incident;
382	(ii) standardized response protocol terminology for use throughout the state;
383	(iii) protocols for planning and safety drills; and
384	(iv) recommendations for safety equipment for schools including amounts and types of
385	first aid supplies;
386	(h) provide space for the public safety liaison described in Section 53-1-106 and the
387	school-based mental health specialist described in Section 62A-15-103;
388	(i) create a model school climate survey that may be used by an LEA to assess
389	stakeholder perception of a school environment and, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
390	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, adopt rules:
391	(i) requiring an LEA to:
392	(A) create or adopt and disseminate a school climate survey; and
393	(B) disseminate the school climate survey;
394	(ii) recommending the distribution method, survey frequency, and sample size of the
395	survey; and
396	(iii) specifying the areas of content for the school climate survey; and
397	(j) collect aggregate data and school climate survey results from each LEA.

398	(3) Nothing in this section requires an individual to respond to a school climate survey.
399	(4) The state board shall require an LEA to:
400	(a) (i) review data from the state board-facilitated surveys containing school climate
401	data for each school within the LEA; and
402	(ii) based on the review described in Subsection (4)(a)(i):
403	(A) revise practices, policies, and training to eliminate harassment and discrimination
404	in each school within the LEA;
405	(B) adopt a plan for harassment- and discrimination-free learning; and
406	(C) host outreach events or assemblies to inform students and parents of the plan
407	adopted under Subsection (4)(a)(ii)(B);
408	(b) no later than September 1 of each school year, send a notice to each student, parent,
409	and LEA staff member stating the LEA's commitment to maintaining a school climate that is
410	free of harassment and discrimination; and
411	(c) report to the state board:
412	(i) no later than August 1, 2023, on the LEA's plan adopted under Subsection
413	(4)(a)(ii)(B); and
414	(ii) after August 1, 2023, annually on the LEA's implementation of the plan and
415	progress.
416	Section 11. Section 53G-8-803 is enacted to read:
417	53G-8-803. School Safety and Support Grant Program Rulemaking.
418	(1) The state board may award a grant to an LEA in response to an LEA request for
419	proposal to provide a school with:
420	(a) school resource officer services;
421	(b) first-aid kits for classrooms; or
422	(c) bleeding control kits.
423	(2) An LEA may not apply for a grant under this section to fund services already in
424	place, but an LEA may submit a request for proposal to fund an expansion of existing services.
425	(3) The state board shall prioritize grant funding for:
426	(a) counties of the 3rd, 4th, 5th, and 6th class;
427	(b) cities of the 3rd, 4th, and 5th class; and
428	(c) towns.

429	(4) The state board may adopt rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
430	Administrative Rulemaking Act, to administer this section.
431	Section 12. Section 63A-16-1001 is amended to read:
432	63A-16-1001. Definitions.
433	As used in this part:
434	(1) "Commission" means the State Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice
435	created in Section 63M-7-201.
436	(2) "Criminal justice agency" means an agency or institution directly involved in the
437	apprehension, prosecution, and incarceration of an individual involved in criminal activity,
438	including law enforcement, correctional facilities, jails, courts, probation, and parole.
439	(3) "Database" means the [Criminal Justice Database] criminal and juvenile justice
440	database created in this part.
441	(4) "Division" means the Division of Technology Services created in Section
442	63A-16-103.
443	Section 13. Section 63A-16-1002 is amended to read:
444	63A-16-1002. Criminal and juvenile justice database.
445	(1) The commission shall oversee the creation and management of a [Criminal Justice
446	Database] criminal and juvenile justice database for information and data required to be
447	reported to the commission, organized by county, and accessible to all criminal justice agencies
448	in the state.
449	(2) The division shall assist with the development and management of the database.
450	(3) The division, in collaboration with the commission, shall create:
451	(a) master standards and formats for information submitted to the database;
452	(b) a portal, bridge, website, or other method for reporting entities to provide the
453	information;
454	(c) a master data management index or system to assist in the retrieval of information
455	in the database;
456	(d) a protocol for accessing information in the database that complies with state
457	privacy regulations; and
458	(e) a protocol for real-time audit capability of all data accessed through the portal by
459	participating data source, data use entities, and regulators.

460 (4) Each criminal justice agency charged with reporting information to the commission 461 shall provide the data or information to the database in a form prescribed by the commission. 462 (5) The database shall be the repository for the statutorily required data described in: 463 (a) Section 13-53-111, recidivism reporting requirements; 464 (b) Section 17-22-32, county jail reporting requirements; 465 (c) Section 17-55-201, Criminal Justice Coordinating Councils reporting; 466 (d) Section 24-4-118, forfeiture reporting requirements; (e) Section 41-6a-511, courts to collect and maintain data: 467 468 (f) Section 63M-7-214, law enforcement agency grant reporting; 469 (g) Section 63M-7-216, prosecutorial data collection; 470 (h) Section 64-13-21, supervision of sentenced offenders placed in community; 471 (i) Section 64-13-25, standards for programs; 472 (i) Section 64-13-45, department reporting requirements: (k) Section 64-13e-104, housing of state probationary inmates or state parole inmates: 473 474 (1) Section 77-7-8.5, use of tactical groups: 475 (m) Section 77-20-103, release data requirements; 476 (n) Section 77-22-2.5, court orders for criminal investigations; (o) Section 78A-2-109.5, court demographics reporting: 477 478 (p) Section 80-6-104, data collection on offenses committed by minors; and 479 [(p)] (q) any other statutes which require the collection of specific data and the 480 reporting of that data to the commission. 481 (6) The commission shall report: 482 (a) progress on the database, including creation, configuration, and data entered, to the Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice Interim Committee not later than November 2022; and 483 484 (b) all data collected as of December 31, 2022, to the Law Enforcement and Criminal 485 Justice Interim Committee, the House Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice Standing 486 Committee, and the Senate Judiciary, Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice Standing 487 Committee not later than January 16, 2023. 488 Section 14. Section 63I-2-253 is amended to read: 489 63I-2-253. Repeal dates: Titles 53 through 53G. 490 (1) Section 53-22-104 is repealed December 31, 2023.

491 (2) (a) Subsection 53B-2a-108(5), regarding exceptions to the composition of a 492 technical college board of trustees, is repealed July 1, 2022. 493 (b) When repealing Subsection 53B-2a-108(5), the Office of Legislative Research and 494 General Counsel shall, in addition to its authority under Subsection 36-12-12(3), make 495 necessary changes to subsection numbering and cross references. 496 $[\frac{(2)}{(2)}]$ (3) Section 53B-6-105.7 is repealed July 1, 2024. 497 [(3)] (4) Section 53B-7-707 regarding performance metrics for technical colleges is 498 repealed July 1, 2023. 499 $[\frac{(4)}{(5)}]$ (5) Section 53B-8-114 is repealed July 1, 2024. 500 [(5)] (6) The following provisions, regarding the Regents' scholarship program, are 501 repealed on July 1, 2023: 502 (a) in Subsection 53B-8-105(12), the language that states, "or any scholarship 503 established under Sections 53B-8-202 through 53B-8-205": 504 (b) Section 53B-8-202; 505 (c) Section 53B-8-203; 506 (d) Section 53B-8-204; and 507 (e) Section 53B-8-205. 508 $[\frac{(6)}{(7)}]$ (7) Section 53B-10-101 is repealed on July 1, 2027. 509 [(7)] (8) Title 53B, Chapter 18, Part 14, Uintah Basin Air Quality Research Project, is 510 repealed July 1, 2023. 511 $[\frac{(8)}{(9)}]$ (9) Subsection 53E-1-201(1)(s) regarding the report by the Educational 512 Interpretation and Translation Services Procurement Advisory Council is repealed July 1, 2024. 513 [(9)] (10) Section 53E-1-202.2, regarding a Public Education Appropriations 514 Subcommittee evaluation and recommendations, is repealed January 1, 2024. 515 [(10)] (11) Subsection 53E-10-309(7), related to the PRIME pilot program, is repealed 516 July 1, 2024. 517 [(11)] (12) In Subsections 53F-2-205(4) and (5), regarding the State Board of 518 Education's duties if contributions from the minimum basic tax rate are overestimated or 519 underestimated, the language that states "or 53F-2-301.5, as applicable" is repealed July 1, 520 2023. 521 [(12)] (13) Section 53F-2-209, regarding local education agency budgetary flexibility,

522 is repealed July 1, 2024. 523 $[\frac{(13)}{(14)}]$ (14) Subsection 53F-2-301(1), relating to the years the section is not in effect, is 524 repealed July 1, 2023. 525 [(14)] (15) Section 53F-2-302.1, regarding the Enrollment Growth Contingency 526 Program, is repealed July 1, 2023. 527 [(15)] (16) Subsection 53F-2-314(4), relating to a one-time expenditure between the 528 at-risk WPU add-on funding and previous at-risk funding, is repealed January 1, 2024. 529 [(16)] (17) Section 53F-2-524, regarding teacher bonuses for extra work assignments, 530 is repealed July 1, 2024. 531 $[\frac{(17)}{(18)}]$ (18) In Subsection 53F-2-515(1), the language that states "or 53F-2-301.5, as 532 applicable" is repealed July 1, 2023. 533 [(18)] (19) Subsection 53F-4-401(3)(b), regarding a child enrolled or eligible for 534 enrollment in kindergarten, is repealed July 1, 2022. 535 $[\frac{(19)}{(20)}]$ (20) In Subsection 53F-4-404(4)(c), the language that states "Except as provided 536 in Subsection (4)(d)" is repealed July 1, 2022. 537 $[\frac{(20)}{(21)}]$ (21) Subsection 53F-4-404(4)(d) is repealed July 1, 2022. 538 $[\frac{(21)}{(21)}]$ (22) In Subsection 53F-9-302(3), the language that states "or 53F-2-301.5, as 539 applicable" is repealed July 1, 2023. 540 $[\frac{(22)}{(23)}]$ (23) In Subsection 53F-9-305(3)(a), the language that states "or 53F-2-301.5, as 541 applicable" is repealed July 1, 2023. 542 $[\frac{(23)}{(24)}]$ (24) In Subsection 53F-9-306(3)(a), the language that states "or 53F-2-301.5, as 543 applicable" is repealed July 1, 2023. 544 $[\frac{(24)}{(25)}]$ (25) In Subsection 53G-3-304(1)(c)(i), the language that states "or 53F-2-301.5, 545 as applicable" is repealed July 1, 2023. 546 [(25)] (26) On July 1, 2023, when making changes in this section, the Office of 547 Legislative Research and General Counsel shall, in addition to the office's authority under 548 Subsection 36-12-12(3), make corrections necessary to ensure that sections and subsections 549 identified in this section are complete sentences and accurately reflect the office's perception of 550 the Legislature's intent. 551 Section 15. Section **63M-7-208** is amended to read: 552 63M-7-208. Juvenile justice oversight -- Delegation -- Effective dates.

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553 (1) The Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice shall: 554 (a) support implementation and expansion of evidence-based juvenile justice programs 555 and practices, including assistance regarding implementation fidelity, quality assurance, and 556 ongoing evaluation; 557 (b) examine and make recommendations on the use of third-party entities or an 558 intermediary organization to assist with implementation and to support the performance-based 559 contracting system authorized in Subsection (1)(m); 560 (c) oversee the development of performance measures to track juvenile justice reforms, 561 and ensure early and ongoing stakeholder engagement in identifying the relevant performance 562 measures; 563 (d) evaluate currently collected data elements throughout the juvenile justice system 564 and contract reporting requirements to streamline reporting, reduce redundancies, eliminate inefficiencies, and ensure a focus on recidivism reduction: 565 566 (e) review averted costs from reductions in out-of-home placements for juvenile justice 567 youth placed with the Division of Juvenile Justice Services and the Division of Child and 568 Family Services, and make recommendations to prioritize the reinvestment and realignment of 569 resources into community-based programs for youth living at home, including the following: 570 (i) statewide expansion of: 571 (A) juvenile receiving centers, as defined in Section 80-1-102; 572 (B) mobile crisis outreach teams, as defined in Section 62A-15-102; 573 (C) youth courts; and 574 (D) victim-offender mediation; 575 (ii) statewide implementation of nonresidential diagnostic assessment; 576 (iii) statewide availability of evidence-based programs and practices including 577 cognitive behavioral and family therapy programs for minors assessed by a validated risk and 578 needs assessment as moderate or high risk; 579 (iv) implementation and infrastructure to support the sustainability and fidelity of 580 evidence-based juvenile justice programs, including resources for staffing, transportation, and 581 flexible funds; and 582 (v) early intervention programs such as family strengthening programs, family

wraparound services, and proven truancy interventions;

584	(f) assist the Administrative Office of the Courts in the development of a statewide
585	sliding scale for the assessment of fines, fees, and restitution, based on the ability of the minor's
586	family to pay;
587	(g) analyze the alignment of resources and the roles and responsibilities of agencies,
588	such as the operation of early intervention services, receiving centers, and diversion, and make
589	recommendations to reallocate functions as appropriate, in accordance with Section 80-5-401;
590	(h) comply with the data collection and reporting requirements under Section
591	80-6-104;
592	[(h) ensure that data reporting is expanded and routinely review data in additional
593	areas, including:
594	[(i) referral and disposition data by judicial district;]
595	[(ii) data on the length of time minors spend in the juvenile justice system, including
596	the total time spent under court jurisdiction, on community supervision, and in each
597	out-of-home placement;]
598	[(iii) recidivism data for minors who are diverted to a nonjudicial adjustment under
599	Section 80-6-304 and minors for whom dispositions are ordered under Section 80-6-701,
600	including tracking minors into the adult corrections system;]
601	[(iv) change in aggregate risk levels from the time minors receive services, are under
602	supervision, and are in out-of-home placement; and]
603	[(v) dosage of programming;]
604	(i) develop a reasonable timeline within which all programming delivered to minors in
605	the juvenile justice system must be evidence-based or consist of practices that are rated as
606	effective for reducing recidivism by a standardized program evaluation tool;
607	(j) provide guidelines to be considered by the Administrative Office of the Courts and
608	the Division of Juvenile Justice Services in developing tools considered by the Administrative
609	Office of the Courts and the Division of Juvenile Justice Services in developing or selecting
610	tools to be used for the evaluation of juvenile justice programs;
611	(k) develop a timeline to support improvements to juvenile justice programs to achieve
612	reductions in recidivism and review reports from relevant state agencies on progress toward
613	reaching that timeline;
614	(l) subject to Subsection (2), assist in the development of training for juvenile justice

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615	stakeholders, including educators, law enforcement officers, probation staff, judges, Division
616	of Juvenile Justice Services staff, Division of Child and Family Services staff, and program
617	providers;
618	(m) subject to Subsection (3), assist in the development of a performance-based
619	contracting system, which shall be developed by the Administrative Office of the Courts and
620	the Division of Juvenile Justice Services for contracted services in the community and
621	contracted out-of-home placement providers;
622	(n) assist in the development of a validated detention risk assessment tool that [shall
623	be] is developed or adopted and validated by the Administrative Office of the Courts and the
624	Division of Juvenile Justice Services as provided in Section 80-5-203 [on and after July 1,
625	2018]; and
626	(o) annually issue and make public a report to the governor, president of the Senate,
627	speaker of the House of Representatives, and chief justice of the Utah Supreme Court on the
628	progress of the reforms and any additional areas in need of review.
629	(2) Training described in Subsection (1)(1) should include instruction on
630	evidence-based programs and principles of juvenile justice, such as risk, needs, responsivity,
631	and fidelity, and shall be supplemented by the following topics:
632	(a) adolescent development;
633	(b) identifying and using local behavioral health resources;
634	(c) implicit bias;
635	(d) cultural competency;
636	(e) graduated responses;
637	(f) Utah juvenile justice system data and outcomes; and
638	(g) gangs.
639	(3) The system described in Subsection (1)(m) shall provide incentives for:
640	(a) the use of evidence-based juvenile justice programs and practices rated as effective
641	by the tools selected in accordance with Subsection (1)(j);
642	(b) the use of three-month timelines for program completion; and
643	(c) evidence-based programs and practices for minors living at home in rural areas.

(4) The State Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice may delegate the duties

imposed under this section to a subcommittee or board established by the Commission on

646	Criminal and Juvenile Justice in accordance with Subsection 63M-7-204(2).
647	[(5) Subsections (1)(a) through (c) take effect August 1, 2017. The remainder of this
648	section takes effect July 1, 2018.]
649	Section 16. Section 63M-7-218 is amended to read:
650	63M-7-218. State grant requirements.
651	Beginning July 1, 2023, the commission may not award any grant of state funds to any
652	entity subject to, and not in compliance with, the reporting requirements in Subsections
653	63A-16-1002(5)(a) through [(o)] <u>(p)</u> .
654	Section 17. Section 80-6-104 is enacted to read:
655	80-6-104. Data collection on offenses committed by minors Reporting
656	requirement.
657	(1) As used in this section:
658	(a) "Firearm" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-501.
659	(b) "Firearm-related offense" means a criminal offense involving a firearm.
660	(c) "School is in session" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53E-3-516.
661	(d) "School-sponsored activity" means the same as that term is defined in Section
662	<u>53E-3-516.</u>
663	(2) Before July 1 of each year, the Administrative Office of the Courts shall submit the
664	following data to the State Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice, broken down by
665	judicial district, for the preceding calendar year:
666	(a) the number of referrals to the juvenile court;
667	(b) the number of minors diverted to a nonjudicial adjustment;
668	(c) the number of minors that satisfy the conditions of a nonjudicial adjustment;
669	(d) the number of minors for whom a petition is filed in the juvenile court;
670	(e) the number of minors for whom an information is filed in the juvenile court;
671	(f) the number of minors bound over to the district court by the juvenile court;
672	(g) the number of petitions for offenses committed by minors that were dismissed by
673	the juvenile court;
674	(h) the number of adjudications in the juvenile court for offenses committed by minors
675	(i) the number of guilty pleas entered into by minors in the juvenile court;
676	(j) the number of dispositions resulting in secure care, community-based placement,

677	formal probation, and intake probation;
678	(k) for each minor charged in the juvenile court with a firearm-related offense:
679	(i) the minor's age at the time the offense was committed or allegedly committed;
680	(ii) the minor's zip code at the time that the offense was referred to the juvenile court;
681	(iii) whether the minor is a restricted person under Subsection 76-10-503(1)(a)(iv) or
682	<u>(1)(b)(ii);</u>
683	(iv) the type of offense for which the minor is charged;
684	(v) the outcome of the minor's case in juvenile court, including whether the minor was
685	bound over to the district court or adjudicated by the juvenile court; and
686	(vi) if a disposition was entered by the juvenile court, whether the disposition resulted
687	in secure care, community-based placement, formal probation, or intake probation.
688	(3) The State Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice shall track the disposition
689	of a case resulting from a firearm-related offense committed, or allegedly committed, by a
690	minor when the minor is found in possession of a firearm while school is in session or during a
691	school-sponsored activity.
692	(4) In collaboration with the Administrative Office of the Courts, the division, and
693	other agencies, the State Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice shall collect data for the
694	preceding calendar year on:
695	(a) the length of time that minors spend in the juvenile justice system, including the
696	total amount of time minors spend under juvenile court jurisdiction, on community
697	supervision, and in each out-of-home placement;
698	(b) recidivism of minors who are diverted to a nonjudicial adjustment and minors for
699	whom dispositions are ordered by the juvenile court, including tracking minors into the adult
700	corrections system;
701	(c) changes in aggregate risk levels from the time minors receive services, are under
702	supervision, and are in out-of-home placement; and
703	(d) dosages of programming.
704	(5) On and before October 1 of each year, the State Commission on Criminal and
705	Juvenile Justice shall prepare and submit a written report to the Judiciary Interim Committee
706	and the Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice Interim Committee that includes:
707	(a) data collected by the State Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice under this

708	section;
709	(b) data collected by the State Board of Education under Section 53E-3-516; and
710	(c) recommendations for legislative action with respect to the data described in this
711	Subsection (5).
712	Section 18. Appropriation.
713	The following sums of money are appropriated for the fiscal year beginning July 1,
714	2023, and ending June 30, 2024. These are additions to amounts previously appropriated for
715	fiscal year 2024. Under the terms and conditions of Title 63J, Chapter 1, Budgetary Procedures
716	Act, the Legislature appropriates the following sums of money from the funds or accounts
717	indicated for the use and support of the government of the state of Utah.
718	ITEM 1
719	To State Board of Education - Contracted Initiatives and Grants
720	From Income Tax Fund, One-time 25,000,000
721	Schedule of Programs:
722	Contracts and Grants 25,000,000
723	The Legislature intends that:
724	(1) the appropriation under this item be used for the grant program described in Section
725	53G-8-803 of this bill; and
726	(2) under Section 63J-1-603, the one-time appropriation provided under this item not
727	lapse at the close of fiscal year 2024 and the use of any nonlapsing funds is limited to the
728	purposes described in Subsection (1) of this item.