1	CHARTER SCHOOL CLOSING REQUIREMENTS
2	2023 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Susan Pulsipher
5	Senate Sponsor: Lincoln Fillmore
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill addresses treatment of assets of a charter school.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	 addresses when payments may be made from the Charter School Closure Reserve
13	Account;
14	 modifies language related to a charter school authorizer and the closure of a charter
15	school;
16	 amends provisions related to how charter school assets are treated when a charter
17	school is closed; and
18	makes technical changes.
19	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
20	None
21	Other Special Clauses:
22	None
23	Utah Code Sections Affected:
24	AMENDS:
25	53F-9-307, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 456
26	53G-5-501, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapters 192, 408
27	53G-5-504, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345



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29	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
30	Section 1. Section 53F-9-307 is amended to read:
31	53F-9-307. Charter School Closure Reserve Account.
32	(1) As used in this section:
33	(a) "Account" means the Charter School Closure Reserve Account created in this
34	section.
35	(b) "Charter school authorizer" or "authorizer" means an entity listed in Section
36	53G-5-205 that authorizes a charter school.
37	(2) There is created within the Income Tax Fund a special revenue fund known as the
38	"Charter School Closure Reserve Account."
39	(3) The account consists of:
40	(a) appropriations of the Legislature;
41	(b) amounts deposited into the account in accordance with this section; and
42	(c) interest earned on money in the account.
43	(4) (a) The account shall earn interest.
44	(b) Interest earned on the account shall be deposited into the account.
45	(5) (a) In a fiscal year that begins on or after July 1, 2021, a charter school shall
46	annually contribute to the account \$2 per student enrolled in the charter school until the
47	account balance reaches \$3,000,000.
48	(b) (i) Beginning with the fiscal year following the first fiscal year in which the account
49	balance reaches \$3,000,000, except as provided in Subsections (5)(b)(ii) and (iii), in any fiscal
50	year in which the account balance is less than \$3,000,000, a charter school shall contribute to
51	the account a prorated amount, not to exceed \$2 per student enrolled in a charter school, in
52	accordance with Subsection (6).
53	(ii) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b)(iii), if no funds have been withdrawn from
54	the account due to a charter school closure, in a fiscal year that begins on or after July 1, 2024,
55	in which the account balance is less than \$2,500,000, a charter school shall contribute to the
56	account a prorated amount, not to exceed \$2 per student enrolled in a charter school, in
57	accordance with Subsection (6).
58	(iii) If no funds have been withdrawn from the account due to a charter school closure,

in a fiscal year that begins on or after July 1, 2026, in which the account balance is less than \$2,000,000, a charter school shall contribute to the account a prorated amount, not to exceed \$2 per student enrolled in a charter school, in accordance with Subsection (6).

- (c) The state board shall ensure that the total contribution from charter schools described in Subsection (5)(b) equals the lesser of:
- (i) (A) in a fiscal year after the first fiscal year in which the account balance reaches \$3,000,000, an amount sufficient to maintain an account balance of \$3,000,000;
- (B) in a fiscal year that begins on or after July 1, 2024, if no funds have been withdrawn from the account due to charter school closure, an amount sufficient to maintain an account balance of \$2,500,000; or
- (C) in a fiscal year that begins on or after July 1, 2026, if no funds have been withdrawn from the account due to charter school closure, an amount sufficient to maintain an account balance of \$2,000,000; and
 - (ii) \$2 per student enrolled in a charter school.
- 73 (6) The state board of education shall make rules in accordance with Title 63G,
- 74 Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, for:
- 75 (a) calculating the amounts described in Subsections (5)(b) and (c);
 - (b) a process for collecting charter school contributions to the account described in this section; and
 - (c) a process for depositing charter school contributions to the account described in this section into the account.
 - (7) Money in the account may only be used upon closure of a charter school that closes on or after January 1, 2021:
 - (a) to pay debts that the charter school owes to:
 - (i) the state board; or

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- (ii) the state or federal government;
- 85 (b) after the charter school has made other reasonable attempts to resolve debts the charter school owes to:
 - (i) the state board; or
- 88 (ii) the state or federal government; and
- 89 (c) after a charter school liquidates [all of] the charter school's assets remaining after:

90	(i) the charter school's liabilities and obligations are paid under Subsection
91	53G-5-504(7); and
92	(ii) the charter school authorizer assigns assets to a public school under Subsection
93	<u>53G-5-504(7)(c)</u> .
94	(8) Money in the account may not be used to pay bond debt.
95	(9) The state board, in partnership with a charter school authorizer:
96	(a) may authorize the use of money in the account, subject to the restrictions described
97	in Subsections (7) and (8); and
98	(b) before authorizing the use of funds in the account as described in Subsection (9)(a),
99	shall investigate all reasonable alternatives for a charter school to pay debt that the charter
100	school owes to:
101	(i) the state board; and
102	(ii) the state or federal government.
103	Section 2. Section 53G-5-501 is amended to read:
104	53G-5-501. Noncompliance Rulemaking.
105	(1) If a charter school is found to be out of compliance with the requirements of
106	Section 53G-5-404 or the school's charter agreement, the charter school authorizer shall notify
107	the following in writing that the charter school has a reasonable time to remedy the deficiency,
108	except as otherwise provided in Subsection 53G-5-503(4):
109	(a) the charter school governing board; and
110	(b) if the charter school is a qualifying charter school with outstanding bonds issued in
111	accordance with Part 6, Charter School Credit Enhancement Program, the Utah Charter School
112	Finance Authority.
113	(2) (a) If the charter school does not remedy the deficiency within the established
114	timeline, the authorizer may:
115	(i) subject to the requirements of Subsection (4), take one or more of the following
116	actions:
117	(A) remove a charter school director or finance officer;
118	(B) remove a charter school governing board member;
119	(C) appoint an interim director, mentor, or finance officer to work with the charter
120	school; or

(D)) appoint a	governing	board	member

- 122 (ii) subject to the requirements of Section 53G-5-503, terminate the school's charter 123 agreement; or
 - (iii) transfer operation and control of the charter school to a high performing charter school, as defined in Subsection 53G-5-502(1), including reconstituting the governing board to effectuate the transfer.
 - (b) The authorizer may prohibit the charter school governing board from removing an appointment made under Subsection (2)(a)(i), for a period of up to one year after the date of the appointment.
 - (3) The costs of an interim director, mentor, or finance officer appointed under Subsection (2)(a) shall be paid from the funds of the charter school for which the interim director, mentor, or finance officer is working.
 - (4) The authorizer shall notify the Utah Charter School Finance Authority before the authorizer takes an action described in Subsection (2)(a)(i) if the charter school is a qualifying charter school with outstanding bonds issued in accordance with Part 6, Charter School Credit Enhancement Program.
 - (5) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the state board shall make rules:
 - (a) specifying the timeline for remedying deficiencies under Subsection (1); and
 - (b) ensuring the compliance of a charter school with its approved charter agreement.
 - (6) (a) An authorizer may petition the district court where a charter school is located or incorporated to appoint a receiver, and the district court may appoint a receiver if the authorizer establishes that the charter school:
 - (i) is subject to closure under Section 53G-5-503; and
 - (ii) (A) has disposed, or there is a demonstrated risk that the charter school will dispose, of the charter school's assets in violation of Subsection 53G-5-403(4); or
 - (B) cannot, or there is a demonstrated risk that the charter school will not, make repayment of amounts owed to the federal government or the state.
 - (b) The court shall describe the powers and duties of the receiver in the court's appointing order, and may amend the order from time to time.
 - (c) Among other duties ordered by the court, the receiver shall:

152	(i) ensure the protection of the charter school's assets;
153	(ii) preserve money owed to creditors; and
154	(iii) if requested by the authorizer, carry out charter school closure procedures
155	described in Section 53G-5-504, and state board rules, as directed by the authorizer.
156	(d) If the authorizer does not request, or the court does not appoint, a receiver:
157	(i) the authorizer may reconstitute the governing board of a charter school; or
158	(ii) if a new governing board cannot be reconstituted, the authorizer shall complete the
159	closure procedures described in Section 53G-5-504, including liquidation and assignment of
160	assets, and payment of [debt] liabilities and obligations in accordance with [state board rule, as
161	described in Section Subsection 53G-5-504(7) and state board rule.
162	(e) For a qualifying charter school with outstanding bonds issued in accordance with
163	Part 6, Charter School Credit Enhancement Program, an authorizer shall obtain the consent of
164	the Utah Charter School Finance Authority before the authorizer takes the following actions:
165	(i) petitions a district court to appoint a receiver, as described in Subsection (6)(a);
166	(ii) reconstitutes the governing board, as described in Subsection (6)(d)(i); or
167	(iii) carries out closure procedures, as described in Subsection (6)(d)(ii).
168	Section 3. Section 53G-5-504 is amended to read:
169	53G-5-504. Charter school closure.
170	(1) As used in this section, "receiving charter school" means a charter school that an
171	authorizer permits under Subsection $[\frac{(13)(a)}{(12)(a)}]$, to accept enrollment applications from
172	students of a closing charter school.
173	(2) If a charter school is closed for any reason, including the termination of a charter
174	agreement in accordance with Section 53G-5-503 or the conversion of a charter school to a
175	private school, the provisions of this section apply.
176	(3) A decision to close a charter school is made:
177	(a) when a charter school authorizer approves a motion to terminate described in
178	Subsection 53G-5-503(2)(c);
179	(b) when the state board takes final action described in Subsection 53G-5-503(2)(d)(ii)
180	or
181	(c) when a charter school provides notice to the charter school's authorizer that the

charter school is relinquishing the charter school's charter.

183	(4) (a) No later than 10 days after the day on which a decision to close a charter school
184	is made, the charter school shall:
185	(i) provide notice to the following, in writing, of the decision:
186	(A) if the charter school made the decision to close, the charter school's authorizer;
187	(B) the State Charter School Board;
188	(C) if the state board did not make the decision to close, the state board;
189	(D) parents of students enrolled at the charter school;
190	(E) the charter school's creditors;
191	(F) the charter school's lease holders;
192	(G) the charter school's bond issuers;
193	(H) other entities that may have a claim to the charter school's assets;
194	(I) the school district in which the charter school is located and other charter schools
195	located in that school district; and
196	(J) any other person that the charter school determines to be appropriate; and
197	(ii) post notice of the decision on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section
198	63A-16-601.
199	(b) The notice described in Subsection (4)(a) shall include:
200	(i) the proposed date of the charter school closure;
201	(ii) the charter school's plans to help students identify and transition into a new school;
202	and
203	(iii) contact information for the charter school during the transition.
204	(5) No later than 10 days after the day on which a decision to close a charter school is
205	made, the closing charter school shall:
206	(a) designate a custodian for the protection of student files and school business records
207	(b) designate a base of operation that will be maintained throughout the charter school
208	closing, including:
209	(i) an office;
210	(ii) hours of operation;
211	(iii) operational telephone service with voice messaging stating the hours of operation;
212	and
213	(iv) a designated individual to respond to questions or requests during the hours of

214	operation,
215	(c) assure that the charter school will maintain private insurance coverage or risk
216	management coverage for covered claims that arise before closure, throughout the transition to
217	closure and for a period following closure of the charter school as specified by the charter
218	school's authorizer;
219	(d) assure that the charter school will complete by the set deadlines for all fiscal years
220	in which funds are received or expended by the charter school a financial audit and any other
221	procedure required by state board rule;
222	(e) inventory all assets of the charter school; and
223	(f) list all creditors of the charter school and specifically identify secured creditors and
224	assets that are security interests.
225	(6) The closing charter school's authorizer shall oversee the closing charter school's
226	compliance with Subsection (5).
227	(7) (a) Unless a different order is determined by a bankruptcy court under 11 U.S.C.
228	Sec. 1001 et seq., a closing charter school shall distribute the assets of the closing charter
229	school in the following order:
230	(i) return assets donated by a private donor to the private donor if:
231	(A) the assets were donated for a specific purpose;
232	(B) the private donor restricted use of the assets to only that specific purpose; and
233	(C) the closing charter school has assets that have not been used for the specific
234	purpose;
235	(ii) distribute assets to satisfy outstanding payroll obligations for employees of the
236	closing charter school;
237	(iii) distribute assets to creditors of the closing charter school; and
238	(iv) distribute assets to satisfy any outstanding liability or obligation to the state board,
239	state, or federal government.
240	(b) A closing charter school shall return any assets remaining, after all liabilities and
241	obligations of the closing charter school are paid or discharged consistent with Subsection
242	(7)(a), to the closing charter school's authorizer.
243	[(b)] (c) [The] Upon receipt of the assets under Subsection (7)(b), the closing charter
244	school's authorizer shall:

245	(i) liquidate assets at fair market value; or
246	(ii) assign the assets to another public school.
247	[(8)] (d) The closing charter school's authorizer shall oversee liquidation of assets and
248	payment of [debt] liabilities and obligations in accordance with this section, Sections
249	53F-9-307 and 53G-5-501, and state board rule.
250	[(9)] <u>(8)</u> The closing charter school shall:
251	(a) comply with all state and federal reporting requirements; and
252	(b) submit all documentation and complete all state and federal reports required by the
253	closing charter school's authorizer or the state board, including documents to verify the closing
254	charter school's compliance with procedural requirements and satisfaction of all financial
255	issues.
256	[(10)] (9) When the closing charter school's financial affairs are closed out and
257	dissolution is complete, the authorizer shall ensure that a final audit of the charter school is
258	completed.
259	[(11)] (10) On or before January 1, 2017, the state board shall, in accordance with Title
260	63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, and after considering suggestions from
261	charter school authorizers, make rules that:
262	(a) provide additional closure procedures for charter schools; and
263	(b) establish a charter school closure process.
264	[(12)] (11) (a) Upon termination of the charter school's charter agreement:
265	(i) notwithstanding provisions to the contrary in Title 16, Chapter 6a, Part 14,
266	Dissolution, the nonprofit corporation under which the charter school is organized and
267	managed may be unilaterally dissolved by the authorizer; and
268	(ii) the net assets of the charter school shall revert to the authorizer as described in
269	Subsection (7).
270	(b) The charter school and the authorizer shall mutually agree in writing on the
271	effective date and time of the dissolution described in Subsection $[(12)(a)]$ $(11)(a)$.
272	(c) The effective date and time of dissolution described in Subsection [(12)(b)] (11)(b)
273	may not exceed five years after the date of the termination of the charter agreement.
274	[(13)] (12) Notwithstanding the provisions of Chapter 6, Part 5, Charter School
275	Enrollment:

276 (a) an authorizer may permit a specified number of students from a closing charter 277 school to be enrolled in another charter school, if the receiving charter school: 278 (i) (A) is authorized by the same authorizer as the closing charter school; or 279 (B) is authorized by a different authorizer and the authorizer of the receiving charter 280 school approves the increase in enrollment; and 281 (ii) agrees to accept enrollment applications from students of the closing charter 282 school; 283 (b) a receiving charter school shall give new enrollment preference to applications 284 from students of the closing charter school in the first school year in which the closing charter 285 school is not operational; and 286 (c) a receiving charter school's enrollment capacity is increased by the number of 287 students enrolled in the receiving charter school from the closing charter school under this 288 Subsection [(13)] (12). 289 [(14)] (13) A member of the governing board or staff of the receiving charter school 290 that is also a member of the governing board of the receiving charter school's authorizer, shall 291 recuse himself or herself from a decision regarding the enrollment of students from a closing

charter school as described in Subsection [(13)] (12).