HIGH COST INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT TAX				
CREDIT AMENDMENTS				
2023 GENERAL SESSION				
STATE OF UTAH				
Chief Sponsor: Carl R. Albrecht				
Senate Sponsor: Derrin R. Owens				
ONG TITLE				
General Description:				
This bill modifies the high cost infrastructure development tax credit.				
Highlighted Provisions:				
This bill:				
 provides that the corporate high cost infrastructure development tax credit does no 				
automatically expire for lack of use before the 2027 tax year;				
defines an "underground mine infrastructure project";				
adds an "underground mine infrastructure project" to the definition of				
infrastructure" for purposes of being eligible for a high cost infrastructure				
evelopment income tax credit; and				
 includes severance tax revenue in the calculation of the taxpayer's high cost 				
infrastructure development tax credit.				
Money Appropriated in this Bill:				
None				
Other Special Clauses:				
This bill provides a special effective date.				
Utah Code Sections Affected:				
AMENDS:				
59-7-619, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 280, 367				



79-6-602, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 44

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ве н	enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 59-7-619 is amended to read:
	59-7-619. Nonrefundable high cost infrastructure development tax credit.
	(1) As used in this section:
	(a) "High cost infrastructure project" means the same as that term is defined in Section
79-6	-602.
	(b) "Infrastructure cost-burdened entity" means the same as that term is defined in
Secti	ion 79-6-602.
	(c) "Infrastructure-related revenue" means the same as that term is defined in Section
79-6	-602.
	(d) "Office" means the Office of Energy Development created in Section 79-6-401.
	(2) Subject to the other provisions of this section, a corporation that is an infrastructure
cost-	burdened entity may claim a nonrefundable tax credit for development of a high cost
infra	structure project as provided in this section.
	(3) The tax credit under this section is the amount listed as the tax credit amount on a
tax c	redit certificate that the office issues under Title 79, Chapter 6, Part 6, High Cost
Infra	structure Development Tax Credit Act, to the infrastructure cost-burdened entity for the
taxal	ple year.
	(4) An infrastructure cost-burdened entity may carry forward a tax credit under this
secti	on for a period that does not exceed the next seven taxable years if:
	(a) the infrastructure cost-burdened entity is allowed to claim a tax credit under this
secti	on for a taxable year; and
	(b) the amount of the tax credit exceeds the infrastructure cost-burdened entity's tax
liabi	lity under this chapter for that taxable year.
	(5) (a) In accordance with Section 59-7-159, the Revenue and Taxation Interim
Com	mittee shall study the tax credit allowed by this section and make recommendations
conc	erning whether the tax credit should be continued, modified, or repealed.
	(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b)(ii), for purposes of the study required by
this S	Subsection (5), the office shall provide the following information, if available to the office,

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59	to the Office of the	Legislative Fiscal	Analyst:

- (A) the amount of tax credit that the office grants to each infrastructure cost-burdened entity for each taxable year;
- (B) the infrastructure-related revenue generated by each high cost infrastructure project;
 - (C) the information contained in the office's latest report under Section 79-6-605; and
 - (D) any other information that the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst requests.
- (ii) (A) In providing the information described in Subsection (5)(b)(i), the office shall redact information that identifies a recipient of a tax credit under this section.
- (B) If, notwithstanding the redactions made under Subsection (5)(b)(ii)(A), reporting the information described in Subsection (5)(b)(i) might disclose the identity of a recipient of a tax credit, the office may file a request with the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee to provide the information described in Subsection (5)(b)(i) in the aggregate for all infrastructure cost-burdened entities that receive the tax credit under this section.
- (c) As part of the study required by this Subsection (5), the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst shall report to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee a summary and analysis of the information provided to the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst by the office under Subsection (5)(b).
- (d) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall ensure that the recommendations described in Subsection (5)(a) include an evaluation of:
 - (i) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
 - (ii) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
 - (iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit.
- (6) Notwithstanding Section 59-7-903, the commission may not remove the tax credit described in this section from the tax return for a taxable year beginning before January 1, 2027.
- Section 2. Section **79-6-602** is amended to read:
- 86 **79-6-602. Definitions.**
- As used in this part:
- 88 (1) "Applicant" means a person that conducts business in the state and that applies for a tax credit under this part.

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90	(2) "Energy delivery project" means a project that is designed to:
91	(a) increase the capacity for the delivery of energy to a user of energy inside or outside
92	the state; or
93	(b) increase the capability of an existing energy delivery system or related facility to
94	deliver energy to a user of energy inside or outside the state.
95	(3) "Fuel standard compliance project" means a project designed to retrofit a fuel
96	refinery in order to make the refinery capable of producing fuel that complies with the United
97	States Environmental Protection Agency's Tier 3 gasoline sulfur standard described in 40
98	C.F.R. Sec. 79.54.
99	(4) "High cost infrastructure project" means a project, including an energy delivery
100	project or a fuel standard compliance project:
101	(a) (i) that expands or creates new industrial, mining, manufacturing, or agriculture
102	activity in the state, not including a retail business;
103	(ii) that involves new investment of at least \$50,000,000 in an existing industrial,
104	mining, manufacturing, or agriculture entity, by the entity; or
105	(iii) for the construction of a plant or other facility, including a fueling station, for the
106	storage, production, or distribution of hydrogen fuel used for transportation, electricity
107	generation, or industrial use;
108	(b) that requires or is directly facilitated by infrastructure construction; and
109	(c) for which the cost of infrastructure construction to the entity creating the project is
110	greater than:
111	(i) 10% of the total cost of the project; or
112	(ii) \$10,000,000.
113	(5) "Infrastructure" means:
114	(a) an energy delivery project;
115	(b) a railroad as defined in Section 54-2-1;
116	(c) a fuel standard compliance project;
117	(d) a road improvement project;
118	(e) a water self-supply project;
119	(f) a water removal system project;
120	(g) a solution-mined subsurface salt cavern; [or]

121	(h) a project that is designed to:
122	(i) increase the capacity for water delivery to a water user in the state; or
123	(ii) increase the capability of an existing water delivery system or related facility to
124	deliver water to a water user in the state[-]; or
125	(i) an underground mine infrastructure project.
126	(6) (a) "Infrastructure cost-burdened entity" means an applicant that enters into an
127	agreement with the office that qualifies the applicant to receive a tax credit as provided in this
128	part.
129	(b) "Infrastructure cost-burdened entity" includes a pass-through entity taxpayer, as
130	defined in Section 59-10-1402, of a person described in Subsection (6)(a).
131	(7) "Infrastructure-related revenue" means an amount of tax revenue, for an entity
132	creating a high cost infrastructure project, in a taxable year, that is directly attributable to a high
133	cost infrastructure project, under:
134	(a) Title 59, Chapter 5, Part 1, Oil and Gas Severance Tax;
135	(b) Title 59, Chapter 5, Part 2, Mining Severance Tax;
136	(c) Title 59, Chapter 7, Corporate Franchise and Income Taxes;
137	[(b)] (d) Title 59, Chapter 10, Individual Income Tax Act; and
138	[(c)] (e) Title 59, Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act.
139	(8) "Office" means the Office of Energy Development created in Section 79-6-401.
140	(9) "Tax credit" means a tax credit under Section 59-7-619 or 59-10-1034.
141	(10) "Tax credit certificate" means a certificate issued by the office to an infrastructure
142	cost-burdened entity that:
143	(a) lists the name of the infrastructure cost-burdened entity;
144	(b) lists the infrastructure cost-burdened entity's taxpayer identification number;
145	(c) lists, for a taxable year, the amount of the tax credit authorized for the infrastructure
146	cost-burdened entity under this part; and
147	(d) includes other information as determined by the office.
148	(11) (a) "Underground mine infrastructure project" means a project that:
149	(i) is designed to create permanent underground infrastructure to facilitate underground
150	mining operations; and
151	(ii) services multiple levels or areas of an underground mine or multiple underground

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152	mines.	
153		(b) "Underground mine infrastructure project" includes:
154		(i) an underground access or a haulage road, entry, ramp, or decline;
155		(ii) a vertical or incline mine shaft;
156		(iii) a ventilation shaft or an air course; or
157		(iv) a conveyor or a truck haulage way.
158		Section 3. Effective date.
159		This bill takes effect on January 1, 2024.