## Representative Mark A. Strong proposes the following substitute bill:

1	SCHOOL FEES AMENDMENTS
2	2023 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Mark A. Strong
5	Senate Sponsor: Lincoln Fillmore
7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill amends and enacts provisions related to elementary and secondary school fees.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	<ul><li>amends definitions;</li></ul>
13	<ul> <li>prescribes the fees a local education agency (LEA) may charge a secondary school</li> </ul>
14	student for a curricular or a co-curricular activity for a certain duration;
15	► authorizes an LEA to charge a secondary school student a fee for an extracurricular
16	activity for a certain duration;
17	<ul><li>prohibits an LEA from charging a general fee;</li></ul>
18	<ul><li>amends provisions related to fees for textbooks;</li></ul>
19	<ul><li>prohibits charging a student in grade 6 a fee for a remediation program; and</li></ul>
20	<ul><li>makes technical and conforming changes.</li></ul>
21	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
22	This bill appropriates in fiscal year 2024:
23	► to State Board of Education Minimum School Program Related to Basic
24	School Programs, as a one-time appropriation:
25	• from Uniform School Fund, One-time, \$35,000,000.



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     Other Special Clauses:
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            This bill provides a special effective date.
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     Utah Code Sections Affected:
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     AMENDS:
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             53E-1-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapters 147, 229, 274, 285, 291,
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     354, and 461
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             53E-8-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 408
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             53E-10-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapters 220, 365
             53G-5-405, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 192
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             53G-6-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 335
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             53G-6-303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 293
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             53G-6-701, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 3
             53G-7-501, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 51
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             53G-7-503, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 341
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             53G-7-504, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 408
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             53G-9-803, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 293
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             53G-10-503, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 247
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            63I-2-253, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapters 208, 229, 274, 354, 370,
     and 409
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     RENUMBERS AND AMENDS:
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             53G-7-506, (Renumbered from 53G-7-602, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020,
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     Chapter 138)
             53G-7-507, (Renumbered from 53G-7-603, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah
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     2019, Chapter 223)
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             53G-7-508, (Renumbered from 53G-7-606, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019,
     Chapters 223, 293)
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     REPEALS:
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             53G-7-601, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 138
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     Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
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Section 1. Section 53E-1-201 is amended to read:

57	53E-1-201. Reports to and action required of the Education Interim Committee.
58	(1) In accordance with applicable provisions and Section 68-3-14, the following
59	recurring reports are due to the Education Interim Committee:
60	(a) the report described in Section 9-22-109 by the STEM Action Center Board,
61	including the information described in Section 9-22-113 on the status of the computer science
62	initiative and Section 9-22-114 on the Computing Partnerships Grants Program;
63	(b) the prioritized list of data research described in Section 53B-33-302 and the report
64	on research and activities described in Section 53B-33-304 by the Utah Data Research Center;
65	(c) the report described in Section 35A-15-303 by the State Board of Education on
66	preschool programs;
67	(d) the report described in Section 53B-1-402 by the Utah Board of Higher Education
68	on career and technical education issues and addressing workforce needs;
69	(e) the annual report of the Utah Board of Higher Education described in Section
70	53B-1-402;
71	(f) the reports described in Section 53B-28-401 by the Utah Board of Higher Education
72	regarding activities related to campus safety;
73	(g) the State Superintendent's Annual Report by the state board described in Section
74	53E-1-203;
75	(h) the annual report described in Section 53E-2-202 by the state board on the strategic
76	plan to improve student outcomes;
77	(i) the report described in Section 53E-8-204 by the state board on the Utah Schools for
78	the Deaf and the Blind;
79	(j) the report described in Section 53E-10-703 by the Utah Leading through Effective,
80	Actionable, and Dynamic Education director on research and other activities;
81	(k) the report described in Section 53F-2-522 regarding mental health screening
82	programs;
83	(1) the report described in Section 53F-4-203 by the state board and the independent
84	evaluator on an evaluation of early interactive reading software;
85	(m) the report described in Section 53F-4-407 by the state board on UPSTART;
86	(n) the reports described in Sections 53F-5-214 and 53F-5-215 by the state board

related to grants for professional learning and grants for an elementary teacher preparation

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- (o) upon request, the report described in Section 53F-5-219 by the state board on the Local Innovations Civics Education Pilot Program;
- (p) the report described in Section 53F-5-405 by the State Board of Education regarding an evaluation of a partnership that receives a grant to improve educational outcomes for students who are low income;
- 94 (q) the report described in Section 53B-35-202 regarding the Higher Education and 95 Corrections Council;
  - (r) the report described in Section 53G-7-221 by the State Board of Education regarding innovation plans; and
  - (s) the annual report described in Section 63A-2-502 by the Educational Interpretation and Translation Service Procurement Advisory Council.
  - (2) In accordance with applicable provisions and Section 68-3-14, the following occasional reports are due to the Education Interim Committee:
  - (a) the report described in Section 35A-15-303 by the School Readiness Board by November 30, 2020, on benchmarks for certain preschool programs;
  - (b) the report described in Section 53B-28-402 by the Utah Board of Higher Education on or before the Education Interim Committee's November 2021 meeting;
  - (c) if required, the report described in Section 53E-4-309 by the state board explaining the reasons for changing the grade level specification for the administration of specific assessments;
  - (d) if required, the report described in Section 53E-5-210 by the state board of an adjustment to the minimum level that demonstrates proficiency for each statewide assessment;
  - (e) in 2022 and in 2023, on or before November 30, the report described in Subsection 53E-10-309(7) related to the PRIME pilot program;
  - (f) the report described in Section 53E-10-702 by Utah Leading through Effective, Actionable, and Dynamic Education;
  - (g) if required, the report described in Section 53F-2-513 by the state board evaluating the effects of salary bonuses on the recruitment and retention of effective teachers in high poverty schools;
    - (h) the report described in Section 53F-5-210 by the state board on the Educational

119	improvement Opportunities Outside of the Regular School Day Grant Program,
120	(i) upon request, a report described in Section 53G-7-222 by an LEA regarding
121	expenditure of a percentage of state restricted funds to support an innovative education
122	program;
123	[(j) the report described in Section 53G-7-503 by the state board regarding fees that
124	LEAs charge during the 2020-2021 school year;]
125	[(k)] (j) the reports described in Section 53G-11-304 by the state board regarding
126	proposed rules and results related to educator exit surveys; and
127	[(1)] (k) the report described in Section 62A-15-117 by the Division of Substance
128	Abuse and Mental Health, the State Board of Education, and the Department of Health
129	regarding recommendations related to Medicaid reimbursement for school-based health
130	services.
131	Section 2. Section <b>53E-8-401</b> is amended to read:
132	53E-8-401. Eligibility for services of the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind
133	(1) Except as provided in Subsections (3), (4), and (5), an individual is eligible to
134	receive services of the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind if the individual is:
135	(a) a resident of Utah;
136	(b) younger than 22 years [of age] old;
137	(c) referred to the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind by:
138	(i) the individual's school district of residence;
139	(ii) a local early intervention program; or
140	(iii) if the referral is consistent with the Individual with Disabilities Education Act, 20
141	U.S.C. Sec. 1400 et seq., the Parent Infant Program; and
142	(d) identified as deaf, blind, or deafblind through:
143	(i) the special education eligibility determination process; or
144	(ii) the Section 504 eligibility determination process.
145	(2) (a) In determining eligibility for an individual who is younger than age three and is
146	deafblind, the following information may be used:
147	(i) opthalmological and audiological documentation;
148	(ii) functional vision or hearing assessments and evaluations; or
149	(iii) informed clinical opinion conducted by a person with expertise in deafness,

- 150 blindness, or deafblindness. 151 (b) Informed clinical opinion shall be: 152 (i) included in the determination of eligibility when documentation is incomplete or not 153 conclusive; and 154 (ii) based on pertinent records related to the individual's current health status and 155 medical history, an evaluation and observations of the individual's level of sensory functioning, 156 and the needs of the family. 157 (3) (a) A student who qualifies for special education shall have services and placement 158 determinations made through the IEP process. 159 (b) A student who qualifies for accommodations under Section 504 shall have services 160 and placement determinations made through the Section 504 team process. 161 (4) (a) A nonresident may receive services of the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the 162 Blind in accordance with the rules of the state board described in Subsection (6). 163 (b) [The rules shall] Notwithstanding Section 53G-7-503, the state board shall ensure that the rules described in Subsection (6) require the payment of tuition for services provided to 164 165 a nonresident. 166 (5) An individual is eligible to receive services from the Utah Schools for the Deaf and 167 the Blind under circumstances described in Section 53E-8-408. 168 (6) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the 169 state board: 170 (a) shall make rules that determine the eligibility of students to be served by the Utah 171 Schools for the Deaf and the Blind; and 172 (b) may make rules to allow a resident of Utah who is neither deaf, blind, nor deafblind 173 to receive services of the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind if the resident is younger 174 than 22 years [of age] old.
- 175 Section 3. Section **53E-10-305** is amended to read:

## 53E-10-305. Tuition and fees.

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- (1) Except as provided in this section, the Utah Board of Higher Education or an institution of higher education may not charge tuition or fees for a concurrent enrollment course.
  - (2) (a) The Utah Board of Higher Education may charge a one-time fee for a student to

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- participate in the concurrent enrollment program.

  (b) A student who pays a fee described in Subsection (2)(a) does not satisfy a general admission application fee requirement for a full-time or part-time student at an institution of higher education.

  (3) (a) An institution of higher education may charge a one-time admission application
  - (b) Payment of the fee described in Subsection (3)(a) satisfies the general admission application fee requirement for a full-time or part-time student at an institution of higher education.

fee for concurrent enrollment course credit offered by the institution of higher education.

- (4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), an institution of higher education may charge partial tuition of no more than \$30 per credit hour for a concurrent enrollment course for which a student earns college credit.
  - (b) An institution of higher education may not charge more than:
- (i) \$5 per credit hour for an eligible student who qualifies for free or reduced price school lunch;
  - (ii) \$10 per credit hour for a concurrent enrollment course that is taught at an LEA by an eligible instructor described in Subsection 53E-10-302(6)(b); or
  - (iii) \$15 per credit hour for a concurrent enrollment course that is taught through video conferencing.
  - [(5) In accordance with Section 53G-7-603, an LEA may charge a fee for a textbook, as defined in Section 53G-7-601, that is required for a concurrent enrollment course.]
    - Section 4. Section 53G-5-405 is amended to read:

## 53G-5-405. Application of statutes and rules to charter schools.

- (1) A charter school shall operate in accordance with its charter agreement and is subject to this public education code and other state laws applicable to public schools, except as otherwise provided in this chapter and other related provisions.
- (2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), state board rules governing the following do not apply to a charter school:
  - (i) school libraries;
  - (ii) required school administrative and supervisory services; and
- 211 (iii) required expenditures for instructional supplies.

for providing educational services.

212 (b) A charter school shall comply with rules implementing statutes that prescribe how 213 state appropriations may be spent. 214 (3) The following provisions of this public education code, and rules adopted under 215 those provisions, do not apply to a charter school: 216 (a) Section 53E-4-408, requiring an independent evaluation of instructional materials; 217 (b) Section 53G-4-409, requiring the use of activity disclosure statements; (c) Sections 53G-7-304 and 53G-7-306, pertaining to fiscal procedures of school 218 219 districts and local school boards: 220 (d) Section [53G-7-606] 53G-7-508, requiring notification of intent to dispose of 221 textbooks; 222 (e) Section 53G-7-1202, requiring the establishment of a school community council; 223 and 224 (f) Section 53G-10-404, requiring annual presentations on adoption. (4) For the purposes of Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code, a charter 225 226 school is considered an educational procurement unit as defined in Section 63G-6a-103. 227 (5) Each charter school shall be subject to: 228 (a) Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act; and 229 (b) Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act. 230 (6) A charter school is exempt from Section 51-2a-201.5, requiring accounting reports 231 of certain nonprofit corporations. A charter school is subject to the requirements of Section 232 53G-5-404. 233 (7) (a) The State Charter School Board shall, in concert with the charter schools, study 234 existing state law and administrative rules for the purpose of determining from which laws and 235 rules charter schools should be exempt. (b) (i) The State Charter School Board shall present recommendations for exemption to 236 237 the state board for consideration. 238 (ii) The state board shall consider the recommendations of the State Charter School 239 Board and respond within 60 days. 240 Section 5. Section **53G-6-302** is amended to read: 53G-6-302. Child's school district of residence -- Determination -- Responsibility 241

243	(1) As used in this section:
244	(a) "Health care facility" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26-21-2.
245	(b) "Human services program" means the same as that term is defined in Section
246	62A-2-101.
247	(c) "Supervision" means a minor child is:
248	(i) receiving services from a state agency, local mental health authority, or substance
249	abuse authority with active involvement or oversight; and
250	(ii) engaged in a human services program that is properly licensed or certified and has
251	provided the school district receiving the minor child with an education plan that complies with
252	the requirements of Section 62A-2-108.1.
253	(2) The school district of residence of a minor child whose custodial parent resides
254	within Utah is:
255	(a) the school district in which the custodial parent resides; or
256	(b) the school district in which the child resides:
257	(i) while in the custody or under the supervision of a Utah state agency, local mental
258	health authority, or substance abuse authority;
259	(ii) while under the supervision of a private or public agency which is in compliance
260	with Section 62A-2-127 and is authorized to provide child placement services by the state;
261	(iii) while living with a responsible adult resident of the district, if a determination has
262	been made in accordance with rules made by the state board in accordance with Title 63G,
263	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, that:
264	(A) the child's physical, mental, moral, or emotional health will best be served by
265	considering the child to be a resident for school purposes;
266	(B) exigent circumstances exist that do not permit the case to be appropriately
267	addressed under Section 53G-6-402; and
268	(C) considering the child to be a resident of the district under this Subsection (2)(b)(iii)
269	does not violate any other law or rule of the state board;
270	(iv) while the child is receiving services from a health care facility or human services
271	program, if a determination has been made in accordance with rules made by the state board in
272	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, that:
273	(A) the child's physical, mental, moral, or emotional health will best be served by

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district;

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274	considering the child to be a resident for school purposes;
275	(B) exigent circumstances exist that do not permit the case to be appropriately
276	addressed under Section 53G-6-402; and
277	(C) considering the child to be a resident of the district under this Subsection (2)(b)(iv)
278	does not violate any other law or rule of the state board; or
279	(v) if the child is married or has been determined to be an emancipated minor by a
280	court of law or by a state administrative agency authorized to make that determination.
281	(3) A minor child whose custodial parent does not reside in the state is considered to be
282	a resident of the district in which the child lives, unless that designation violates any other law
283	or rule of the state board, if:
284	(a) the child is married or an emancipated minor under Subsection (2)(b)(v);
285	(b) the child lives with a resident of the district who is a responsible adult and whom
286	the district agrees to designate as the child's legal guardian under Section 53G-6-303;
287	(c) if permissible under policies adopted by a local school board, it is established to the
288	satisfaction of the local school board that:
289	(i) the child lives with a responsible adult who is a resident of the district and is the
290	child's noncustodial parent, grandparent, brother, sister, uncle, or aunt;
291	(ii) the child's presence in the district is not for the primary purpose of attending the
292	public schools;
293	(iii) the child's physical, mental, moral, or emotional health will best be served by
294	considering the child to be a resident for school purposes; and
295	(iv) the child is prepared to abide by the policies of the school and school district in
296	which attendance is sought; or
297	(d) it is established to the satisfaction of the local school board that:
298	(i) the child's parent moves from the state;
299	(ii) the child's parent executes a power of attorney under Section 75-5-103 that:
300	(A) meets the requirements of Subsection (4); and

(B) delegates powers regarding care, custody, or property, including schooling, to a

(iii) the responsible adult described in Subsection (3)(d)(ii)(B) is a resident of the

responsible adult with whom the child resides;

305	(iv) the child's physical, mental, moral, or emotional health will best be served by
306	considering the child to be a resident for school purposes;
307	(v) the child is prepared to abide by the policies of the school and school district in
308	which attendance is sought; and
309	(vi) the child's attendance in the school will not be detrimental to the school or school
310	district.
311	(4) (a) If admission is sought under Subsection (2)(b)(iii), (3)(c), or (3)(d), then the
312	district may require the person with whom the child lives to be designated as the child's
313	custodian in a durable power of attorney, issued by the party who has legal custody of the child,
314	granting the custodian full authority to take any appropriate action, including authorization for
315	educational or medical services, in the interests of the child.
316	(b) Both the party granting and the party empowered by the power of attorney shall
317	agree to:
318	(i) assume responsibility for any fees [or other charges], as defined in Section
319	53G-7-501, relating to the child's education in the district; and
320	(ii) if eligibility for fee waivers is claimed under Section 53G-7-504, provide the
321	school district with all financial information requested by the district for purposes of
322	determining eligibility for fee waivers.
323	(c) Notwithstanding Section 75-5-103, a power of attorney meeting the requirements of
324	this section and accepted by the school district shall remain in force until the earliest of the
325	following occurs:
326	(i) the child reaches the age of 18, marries, or becomes emancipated;
327	(ii) the expiration date stated in the document; or
328	(iii) the power of attorney is revoked or rendered inoperative by the grantor or grantee,
329	or by order of a court of competent jurisdiction.
330	(5) A power of attorney does not confer legal guardianship.
331	(6) Each school district is responsible for providing educational services for all
332	children of school age who are residents of the district.
333	Section 6. Section <b>53G-6-303</b> is amended to read:
334	53G-6-303. Guardianship for residency purposes by responsible adult
335	Procedure to obtain Termination.

- (1) For purposes of this part, "responsible adult" means a person 21 years [of age] old or older who is a resident of this state and is willing and able to provide reasonably adequate food, clothing, shelter, and supervision for a minor child.
- (2) A local school board may adopt a policy permitting it to designate a responsible adult residing in the school district as legal guardian of a child whose custodial parent does not reside within the state upon compliance with the following requirements:
- (a) submission to the school district of a signed and notarized affidavit by the child's custodial parent stating that:
- (i) the child's presence in the district is not for the primary purpose of attending the public schools;
- (ii) the child's physical, mental, moral, or emotional health would best be served by a transfer of guardianship to the Utah resident;
- (iii) the affiant is aware that designation of a guardian under this section is equivalent to a court-ordered guardianship under Section 75-5-206 and will suspend or terminate any existing parental or guardianship rights in the same manner as would occur under a court-ordered guardianship;
- (iv) the affiant consents and submits to any such suspension or termination of parental or guardianship rights;
- (v) the affiant consents and submits to the jurisdiction of the state district court in which the school district is located in any action relating to the guardianship or custody of the child in question;
- (vi) the affiant designates a named responsible adult as agent, authorized to accept service on behalf of the affiant of any process, notice, or demand required or permitted to be served in connection with any action under Subsection (2)(a)(v); and
- (vii) it is the affiant's intent that the child become a permanent resident of the state and reside with and be under the supervision of the named responsible adult;
- (b) submission to the school district of a signed and notarized affidavit by the responsible adult stating that:
- (i) the affiant is a resident of the school district and desires to become the guardian of the child;
  - (ii) the affiant consents and submits to the jurisdiction of the state district court in

which the school district is located in any action relating to the guardianship or custody of the child in question;

- (iii) the affiant will accept the responsibilities of guardianship for the duration, including the responsibility to provide adequate supervision, discipline, food, shelter, educational and emotional support, and medical care for the child if designated as the child's guardian; and
  - (iv) the affiant accepts the designation as agent under Subsection (2)(a)(vi);
- (c) submission to the school district of a signed and notarized affidavit by the child stating that:
- (i) the child desires to become a permanent resident of Utah and reside with and be responsible to the named responsible adult; and
- (ii) the child will abide by all applicable policies of any public school which the child may attend after guardianship is awarded; and
- (d) if the child's custodial parent cannot be found in order to execute the statement required under Subsection (2)(a), the responsible adult must submit an affidavit to that effect to the district. The district shall also submit a copy of the statement to the Criminal Investigations and Technical Services Division of the Department of Public Safety, established in Section 53-10-103.
- (3) The district may require the responsible adult, in addition to the documents set forth in Subsection (2), to also submit any other documents which are relevant to the appointment of a guardian of a minor or which the district reasonably believes to be necessary in connection with a given application to substantiate any claim or assertion made in connection with the application for guardianship.
- (4) Upon receipt of the information and documentation required under Subsections (2) and (3), and a determination by the local school board that the information is accurate, that the requirements of this section have been met, and that the interests of the child would best be served by granting the requested guardianship, the local school board or its authorized representative may designate the applicant as guardian of the child by issuing a designation of guardianship letter to the applicant.
- (5) (a) If a local school board has adopted a policy permitting the local school board to designate a guardian under this section, a denial of an application for appointment of a

398 guardian may be appealed to the district court in which the school district is located.

- (b) The court shall uphold the decision of the local school board unless it finds, by clear and convincing evidence, that the local school board's decision was arbitrary and capricious.
- (c) An applicant may, rather than appealing the local school board's decision under Subsection (5)(b), file an original Petition for Appointment of Guardian with the district court, which action shall proceed as if no decision had been made by the local school board.
- (6) A responsible adult obtaining guardianship under this section has the same rights, authority, and responsibilities as a guardian appointed under Section 75-5-201.
- (7) (a) The school district shall deliver the original documents filed with the school district, together with a copy of the designation of guardianship issued by the district, in person or by any form of mail requiring a signed receipt, to the clerk of the state district court in which the school district is located.
- (b) The court may not charge the school district a fee for filing guardianship papers under this section.
- (8) (a) The authority and responsibility of a custodial parent submitting an affidavit under this section may be restored by the district, and the guardianship obtained under this section terminated by the district:
- (i) upon submission to the school district in which the guardianship was obtained of a signed and notarized statement by the person who consented to guardianship under Subsection (2)(a) requesting termination of the guardianship; or
- (ii) by the person accepting guardianship under Subsection (2)(b) requesting the termination of the guardianship.
- (b) If the school district determines that it would not be in the best interests of the child to terminate the guardianship, the district may refer the request for termination to the state district court in which the documents were filed under Subsection (5) for further action consistent with the interests of the child.
- (9) The school district shall retain copies of all documents required by this section until the child in question has reached the age of 18 unless directed to surrender the documents by a court of competent jurisdiction.
  - (10) (a) Intentional submission to a school district of fraudulent or misleading

429 information under this part is punishable under Section 76-8-504. 430 (b) A school district which has reason to believe that a party has intentionally 431 submitted false or misleading information under this part may, after notice and opportunity for 432 the party to respond to the allegation: 433 (i) void any guardianship, authorization, or action which was based upon the false or 434 misleading information; and 435 (ii) recover, from the party submitting the information, the full cost of any benefits 436 received by the child on the basis of the false or misleading information, including tuition, fees, 437 as defined in Section 53G-7-501, and other unpaid school charges, together with any related 438 costs of recovery. 439 (c) A student whose guardianship or enrollment has been terminated under this section 440 may, upon payment of all applicable tuition and fees, as defined in Section 53G-7-501, 441 continue in enrollment until the end of the school year unless excluded from attendance for 442 cause. 443 Section 7. Section **53G-6-701** is amended to read: 53G-6-701. Definitions. 444 445 [Reserved] As used in this part, "fee" means the same as that term is defined in Section 446 53G-7-501. 447 Section 8. Section **53G-7-501** is amended to read: 448 53G-7-501. Definitions. 449 As used in this part: 450 (1) "Co-curricular activity" means an activity, a course, or a program that: 451 (a) is an extension of a curricular activity; 452 (b) is included in an instructional plan and supervised or conducted by a teacher or 453 education professional; 454 (c) is conducted outside of regular school hours; 455 (d) is provided, sponsored, or supported by an LEA; and 456 (e) includes a required regular school day activity, course, or program. 457 (2) "Curricular activity" means an activity, a course, or a program that is: 458 (a) intended to deliver instruction; 459 (b) provided, sponsored, or supported by an LEA; and

400	(c) conducted only during school nours.
461	(3) "Elementary school" means a school that provides instruction to students in grades
462	kindergarten, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6.
463	(4) (a) "Elementary school student" means a student enrolled in an elementary school.
464	(b) "Elementary school student" does not include a secondary school student.
465	(5) (a) "Extracurricular activity" means an activity, a course, or a program that is:
466	(i) not directly related to delivering instruction;
467	(ii) not a curricular activity or co-curricular activity; and
468	(iii) provided, sponsored, or supported by an LEA.
469	(b) "Extracurricular activity" does not include a noncurricular club as defined in
470	Section 53G-7-701.
471	(6) (a) "Fee" means a charge, expense, deposit, rental, or payment:
472	(i) regardless of how the charge, expense, deposit, rental, or payment is termed,
473	described, requested, or required directly or indirectly;
474	(ii) in the form of money, goods, or services; and
475	(iii) that is a condition to a student's full participation in an activity, course, or program
476	that is provided, sponsored, or supported by an LEA.
477	(b) "Fee" includes:
478	[(i) money or something of monetary value raised by a student or the student's family
479	through fundraising;]
480	[(ii)] (i) charges or expenditures for a school field trip or activity trip, including related
481	transportation, food, lodging, and admission charges;
482	[(iii)] (ii) payments made to a third party that provides a part of a school activity, class,
483	or program;
484	[(iv)] (iii) charges or expenditures for classroom[: (A) textbooks; (B)] instructional
485	equipment or supplies; [or]
486	[ <del>(C) materials;</del> ]
487	[(v)] (iv) charges or expenditures for school activity clothing; and
488	[(vi)] $(v)$ a fine other than a fine described in Subsection (6)(c)(i).
489	(c) "Fee" does not include:
490	(i) a student fine specifically approved by an LEA for:

491	(A) failing to return school property;
492	(B) losing, wasting, or damaging private or school property through intentional,
493	careless, or irresponsible behavior, or as described in Section 53G-8-212; or
494	(C) improper use of school property, including a parking violation;
495	(ii) a payment for school breakfast or lunch;
496	(iii) a deposit that is:
497	(A) a pledge securing the return of school property; and
498	(B) refunded upon the return of the school property; [or]
499	(iv) a charge for insurance, unless the insurance is required for a student to participate
500	in an activity, course, or program[-]; or
501	(v) money or another item of monetary value raised by a student or the student's family
502	through fundraising.
503	(7) (a) "Fundraising" means an activity or event provided, sponsored, or supported by
504	an LEA that uses students to generate funds or raise money to:
505	(i) provide financial support to a school or a school's class, group, team, or program; or
506	(ii) benefit a particular charity or for other charitable purposes.
507	(b) "Fundraising" does not include an alternative method of raising revenue without
508	students.
509	(8) (a) "Instructional equipment or supplies" means an activity-, course-, or
510	program-related supply or tool that:
511	(i) a student is required to use as part of an activity, course, or program in a secondary
512	school;
513	(ii) becomes the property of the student upon exiting the activity, course, or program;
514	<u>and</u>
515	(iii) is subject to a fee waiver.
516	(b) "Instructional equipment or supplies" does not include school equipment.
517	[(8)] (9) (a) "School activity clothing" means special shoes or items of clothing:
518	(i) (A) that meet specific requirements, including requesting a specific brand, fabric, or
519	imprint; and
520	(B) that a school requires a student to provide; and
521	(ii) that [is] are required to be worn by a student for [a co-curricular or extracurricular]

322	an activity-, course-, or a program-related activity.
523	(b) "School activity clothing" does not include:
524	(i) a school uniform; or
525	(ii) clothing that is commonly found in students' homes.
526	(10) "School equipment" means a machine, equipment, a facility, or a tool that:
527	(a) is durable;
528	(b) is owned by a secondary school; and
529	(c) a student uses as part of an activity, course, or program in a secondary school.
530	[ <del>(9)</del> ] <u>(11)</u> (a) "School uniform" means special shoes or an item of clothing:
531	(i) (A) that meet specific requirements, including a requested specific color, style,
532	fabric, or imprint; and
533	(B) that a school requires a student to provide; and
534	(ii) that is worn by a student for a curricular activity.
535	(b) "School uniform" does not include school activity clothing.
536	[(10)] (12) "Secondary school" means a school that provides instruction to students in
537	grades 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, or 12.
538	[(11)] (13) "Secondary school student":
539	(a) means a student enrolled in a secondary school; and
540	(b) includes a student in grade 6 if the student attends a secondary school.
541	[(12)] (14) (a) "Textbook" means [the same as that term is defined in Section
542	53G-7-601.] instructional material necessary for participation in an activity, course, or
543	program, regardless of the format of the material.
544	(b) "Textbook" includes:
545	(i) a hardcopy book or printed pages of instructional material, including a consumable
546	workbook; or
547	(ii) computer hardware, software, or digital content.
548	(c) "Textbook" does not include instructional equipment or supplies.
549	[(13)] (15) "Waiver" means a full [or partial] release from a requirement to pay a fee
550	and from any provision in lieu of fee payment.
551	Section 9. Section <b>53G-7-503</b> is amended to read:
552	53G-7-503. Fees Prohibitions Voluntary supplies Enforcement Penalties.

553	(1) (a) An LEA may only charge a fee if the fee is:
554	(i) authorized under this part; and
555	(ii) noticed by the LEA governing board in accordance with Section 53G-7-505.
556	(b) Beginning July 1, 2023, and ending June 30, 2028, an LEA shall determine a
557	phase-out plan for charging fees under this section.
558	(2) (a) An LEA may not require a fee for elementary school activities that are part of
559	the regular school day or for supplies used during the regular school day.
560	(b) An elementary school or elementary school teacher may compile and provide to [a
561	an elementary school student's parent a suggested list of supplies for use during the regular
562	school day so that a parent may furnish, only on a voluntary basis, those supplies for student
563	use.
564	(c) A list provided to an elementary school student's parent in accordance with
565	Subsection (2)(b) shall include and be preceded by the following language:
566	"NOTICE: THE ITEMS ON THIS LIST WILL BE USED DURING THE REGULAR
567	SCHOOL DAY. THEY MAY BE BROUGHT FROM HOME ON A VOLUNTARY BASIS,
568	OTHERWISE, THEY WILL BE FURNISHED BY THE SCHOOL."
569	(3) Beginning with the 2028-2029 school year:
570	(a) for a curricular activity or a co-curricular activity, an LEA may not charge a
571	secondary student a fee except for the following:
572	(i) instructional equipment or supplies;
573	(ii) an Advanced Placement exam;
574	(iii) an International Baccalaureate exam;
575	(iv) a driver education course described in Section 53G-10-503;
576	(v) a payment for a fee for:
577	(A) open enrollment application processing in accordance with Section 53G-6-402;
578	(B) charter school application processing in accordance with Section 53G-6-503; or
579	(C) competency remediation programs in accordance with Section 53G-9-803;
580	(vi) a payment described in Subsection (5); or
581	(vii) a music instrument rental; and
582	(b) for that portion of a co-curricular activity that is outside of regular school hours, ar
583	LEA may only charge a secondary student for the fees described in Subsection (3)(a).

584	(4) Except as provided in Subsection (6), an LEA may charge a secondary student a fee
585	for an extracurricular activity, including the life-cycle replacement costs for school equipment
586	directly related to the extracurricular activity.
587	(5) An LEA may charge a secondary student or an individual a fee for an adult
588	education course in accordance with Section 53E-10-202.
589	(6) Beginning with the 2028-2029 school year, an LEA may not charge a fee, except as
590	provided in Subsection (4):
591	(a) for school equipment; or
592	(b) that is general in nature and for a service or good that does not have a direct benefit
593	to the student paying the fee.
594	(7) An LEA governing board shall authorize each fee individually.
595	[(3)] (a) [Beginning with or after the 2022-2023 school year, if] If an LEA imposes
596	a fee <u>under this part</u> , the fee shall be equal to or less than the expense incurred by the LEA in
597	providing for a student the activity, course, or program for which the LEA imposes the fee.
598	(b) An LEA may not impose an additional fee or increase a fee to supplant or subsidize
599	another fee, including a fee to supplant or subsidize an expense that the LEA incurs for:
600	(i) a curricular activity; or
601	(ii) an expense for the portion of a co-curricular activity that occurs during regular
602	school hours.
603	[(4) (a)] (9) [Beginning with or after the 2021-2022 school year, and notwithstanding]
604	Notwithstanding Section 53E-3-401, if the state board finds that an LEA has violated a
605	provision of this part [or Part 6, Textbook Fees], the state board shall impose corrective action
606	against the LEA, which may include:
607	[(i)] (a) requiring an LEA to repay improperly charged fees;
608	[ <del>(ii)</del> ] <u>(b)</u> withholding state funds; [and] or
609	[(iii)] (c) suspending the LEA's authority to charge fees for an amount of time specified
610	by the state board.
611	[(b)] (10) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
612	Act, the state board shall make rules:
613	[(i)] (a) that require notice and an opportunity to be heard for an LEA affected by a
614	state hoard action described in Subsection [ <del>(4)(a)</del> ] (9): and

013	$[\frac{(n)}{(n)}]$ to administer $[\frac{(n)}{(n)}]$ Subsection $\frac{(n)}{(n)}$ and this Subsection $\frac{(n)}{(n)}$ .
616	(11) If the Legislature does not appropriate funds, in whole or in part, for an LEA to
617	implement this part, additional appropriations may be addressed through future appropriations
618	or through specific funds made available to LEAs.
619	[(5) (a) For each fee on an LEA's fee schedule described in Section 53G-7-505, the
620	LEA shall:]
621	[(i) by July 1, 2020, determine whether the fee is curricular, co-curricular, or
622	extracurricular;]
623	[(ii) for the 2020-2021 school year, measure the total number of:]
624	[(A) students who pay each fee; and]
625	[(B) money received for each fee;]
626	[(iii) for the 2020-2021 school year, measure the total:]
627	[(A) number of students who receive a fee waiver; and]
628	[(B) value of each waiver for each waived fee; and]
629	[(iv) by July 1, 2021, report the separate categories of data gathered under Subsections
630	(5)(a)(ii) and (iii) to the state board.]
631	[(b) The state board shall report on the data the board receives under Subsection (5)(a)
632	to the Education Interim Committee on or before the date of the November interim meeting in
633	<del>2021.</del> ]
634	Section 10. Section <b>53G-7-504</b> is amended to read:
635	53G-7-504. Waiver of fees Appeal of decision.
636	(1) (a) [Hf] Subject to the provisions of this part, if an LEA or a school within an LEA
637	charges one or more fees, the LEA shall grant a waiver to a student if charging the fee would
638	deny the student the opportunity to fully participate or complete a requirement because of an
639	inability to pay the fee.
640	(b) An LEA governing board shall:
641	(i) adopt policies for granting a waiver; and
642	(ii) in accordance with Section 53G-7-505, give notice of waiver eligibility and
643	policies.
644	(2) (a) An LEA that charges a fee under this part [and Part 6, Textbook Fees,] may
645	provide a variety of alternatives for a student or family to satisfy a fee requirement, including

646	allowing a student to provide:
647	(i) tutorial assistance to other students;
648	(ii) assistance before or after school to teachers and other school personnel on school
649	related matters; and
650	(iii) general community or home service.
651	(b) Each LEA governing board may add to the list of alternatives provided by the state
652	board, subject to approval by the state board.
653	(3) With regard to a student who is in the custody of the Division of Child and Family
654	Services who is also eligible under Title IV-E of the federal Social Security Act, an LEA
655	governing board shall require fee waivers or alternatives in accordance with this section.
656	(4) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
657	state board shall make rules:
658	(a) requiring a parent of a student applying for a fee waiver to provide documentation
659	and certification to the school verifying:
660	(i) the student's eligibility to receive the waiver; and
661	(ii) if applicable, that the student has complied with alternatives for satisfying the fee
662	requirements under Subsection (2) to the fullest extent reasonably possible according to the
663	individual circumstances of the student and the LEA; and
664	(b) specifying the acceptable forms of documentation for the requirement under
665	Subsection (4)(a), which shall include verification based on income tax returns or current pay
666	stubs.
667	(5) Notwithstanding the requirements under Subsection (4), an LEA is not required to
668	keep documentation on file after the verification is completed.
669	(6) If a school denies a student or parent request for a fee waiver, the school shall
670	provide the student or parent:
671	(a) the school's written decision to deny a waiver; and
672	(b) the procedure to appeal in accordance with LEA policy.
673	Section 11. Section 53G-7-506, which is renumbered from Section 53G-7-602 is
674	renumbered and amended to read:
675	[ <del>53G-7-602</del> ]. <u>53G-7-506.</u> State policy on providing free textbooks.
676	(1) It is the public policy of this state that public education shall be free.

677	(2) A student may not be denied an education because of economic inability to
678	purchase textbooks necessary for advancement in or graduation from the public school system
679	(3) [(a)] Beginning with the [ <del>2022-23</del> ] <u>2023-2024</u> school year, an LEA[ <del>: (i) except as</del>
680	provided in Subsection (3)(a)(ii),] may not sell textbooks to students or otherwise charge
681	students a fee for textbooks [or the maintenance costs of school equipment; and].
682	[(ii) may only charge a fee for a textbook required for an Advanced Placement or, as
683	described in Section 53E-10-302, a concurrent enrollment course.]
684	[(b) The LEA shall waive a fee described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii) in full or in part if a
685	student qualifies for a waiver in accordance with Section 53G-7-504.]
686	Section 12. Section 53G-7-507, which is renumbered from Section 53G-7-603 is
687	renumbered and amended to read:
688	[ <del>53G-7-603</del> ]. <u>53G-7-507.</u> Purchase of textbooks Textbooks provided to
689	teachers.
690	(1) An LEA governing board may purchase textbooks directly from the textbook
691	publisher at prices and terms approved by the state board.
692	(2) An LEA governing board shall purchase each textbook necessary for a teacher to
693	conduct [his or her] the teacher's class.
694	(3) An LEA may pay the LEA's cost of furnishing textbooks from school operating
695	funds, the textbook fund, or from other available funds.
696	(4) A textbook remains the property of the LEA.
697	Section 13. Section 53G-7-508, which is renumbered from Section 53G-7-606 is
698	renumbered and amended to read:
699	[ <del>53G-7-606</del> ]. <u>53G-7-508.</u> Disposal of textbooks.
700	(1) An LEA may not dispose of textbooks without first notifying all other LEAs in the
701	state of the LEA's intent to dispose of the textbooks.
702	(2) Subsection (1) does not apply to textbooks that have been damaged, mutilated, or
703	worn out.
704	(3) The state board shall develop rules and procedures directing the disposal of
705	textbooks.
706	Section 14. Section 53G-9-803 is amended to read:
707	53G-9-803. Remediation programs for secondary students.

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- 708 (1) For purposes of this section: 709 (a) "Secondary school" means a school that provides instruction to students in grades 7, 710 8, 9, 10, 11, or 12. 711 (b) "Secondary school student": 712 (i) means a student enrolled in a secondary school; and 713 (ii) includes a student in grade 6 if the student attends a secondary school. 714 (2) A school district or charter school shall implement programs for secondary school 715 students to attain the competency levels and graduation requirements established by the state 716 board. 717 (3) (a) A school district or charter school shall establish remediation programs for 718 secondary school students who do not meet competency levels in English, mathematics, 719 science, or social studies. 720 (b) Participation in the programs is mandatory for secondary school students who fail 721 to meet the competency levels based on classroom performance. 722 (4) Secondary school students who require remediation under this section may not be 723 advanced to the following class in subject sequences until [they meet] the student meets the 724 required competency level for the subject or complete the required remediation program, 725 except that a school district or charter school may allow secondary school students requiring 726 remediation who would otherwise be scheduled to enter [their] the student's first year of high 727 school to complete [their] the student's remediation program during that first year. 728 (5) (a) Remediation programs provided under this section should not be unnecessarily 729 lengthy or repetitive. 730 (b) A secondary school student need not repeat an entire class if remediation can reasonably be achieved through other means. 731 732 (6) A school district or charter school may charge secondary school students a fee to 733 participate in the remediation programs unless the secondary school student is in grade 6. 734 Section 15. Section **53G-10-503** is amended to read: 735 53G-10-503. Driver education funding -- Reimbursement of a local education
  - (1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), a local education agency that provides driver education shall fund the program solely through:

agency for driver education class expenses -- Limitations -- Excess funds -- Student fees.

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739 (i) funds provided from the Automobile Driver Education Tax Account in the Uniform 740 School Fund as created under Section 41-1a-1205; and 741 (ii) student fees collected by each school. 742 (b) In determining the cost of driver education, a local education agency may exclude: 743 (i) the full-time equivalent cost of a teacher for a driver education class taught during 744 regular school hours; and 745 (ii) classroom space and classroom maintenance. 746 (c) A local education agency may not use any additional school funds beyond those 747 allowed under Subsection (1)(b) to subsidize driver education. 748 (2) (a) The state superintendent shall, prior to September 2nd following the school year 749 during which it was expended, or may at earlier intervals during that school year, reimburse 750 each local education agency that applied for reimbursement in accordance with this section. 751 (b) A local education agency that maintains driver education classes that conform to 752 this part and the rules prescribed by the state board may apply for reimbursement for the actual 753 cost of providing the behind-the-wheel and observation training incidental to those classes. 754 (3) Under the state board's supervision for driver education, a local education agency 755 may: 756 (a) employ personnel who are not licensed by the state board under Section 53E-6-201; 757 or (b) contract with private parties or agencies licensed under Section 53-3-504 for the 758 759 behind-the-wheel phase of the driver education program. 760 (4) The reimbursement amount shall be paid out of the Automobile Driver Education 761 Tax Account in the Uniform School Fund and may not exceed: (a) \$100 per student who has completed driver education during the school year; 762 763 (b) \$30 per student who has only completed the classroom portion in the school during 764 the school year; or 765 (c) \$70 per student who has only completed the behind-the-wheel and observation 766 portion in the school during the school year. 767 (5) If the amount of money in the account at the end of a school year is less than the

total of the reimbursable costs, the state superintendent shall allocate the money to each local

education agency in the same proportion that the local education agency's reimbursable costs

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- bear to the total reimbursable costs of all local education agencies.
- 771 (6) If the amount of money in the account at the end of any school year is more than the 772 total of the reimbursement costs provided under Subsection (4), the state superintendent may 773 allocate the excess funds to local education agencies:
  - (a) to reimburse each local education agency that applies for reimbursement of the cost of a fee waived under Section 53G-7-504 for driver education; and
  - (b) to aid in the procurement of equipment and facilities which reduce the cost of behind-the-wheel instruction.
  - (7) (a) A local school board shall, in accordance with Chapter 7, Part 5, Student Fees, establish the student fee for driver education for the local education agency.
  - (b) Student fees shall be reasonably associated with the costs of driver education that are not otherwise covered by reimbursements and allocations made under this section.
- 782 Section 16. Section **63I-2-253** is amended to read:
- 783 63I-2-253. Repeal dates: Titles 53 through 53G.
- 784 [(1) (a) Subsection 53B-2a-108(5), regarding exceptions to the composition of a
  785 technical college board of trustees, is repealed July 1, 2022.]
- [(b) When repealing Subsection 53B-2a-108(5), the Office of Legislative Research and
  General Counsel shall, in addition to its authority under Subsection 36-12-12(3), make
  necessary changes to subsection numbering and cross references.
- 789 [(2)] (1) Section 53B-6-105.7 is repealed July 1, 2024.
- 790 [(3)] (2) Section 53B-7-707 regarding performance metrics for technical colleges is 791 repealed July 1, 2023.
- 792 [(4)] (3) Section 53B-8-114 is repealed July 1, 2024.
- 793 [(5)] (4) The following provisions, regarding the Regents' scholarship program, are repealed on July 1, 2023:
- 795 (a) in Subsection 53B-8-105(12), the language that states, "or any scholarship established under Sections 53B-8-202 through 53B-8-205";
- 797 (b) Section 53B-8-202;
- 798 (c) Section 53B-8-203;
- 799 (d) Section 53B-8-204; and
- 800 (e) Section 53B-8-205.

801  $[\frac{(6)}{(6)}]$  (5) Section 53B-10-101 is repealed on July 1, 2027. 802 [<del>(7)</del>] (6) Title 53B, Chapter 18, Part 14, Uintah Basin Air Quality Research Project, is 803 repealed July 1, 2023. 804  $[\frac{(8)}{(8)}]$  (7) Subsection 53E-1-201(1)(s) regarding the report by the Educational 805 Interpretation and Translation Services Procurement Advisory Council is repealed July 1, 2024. 806 [<del>(9)</del>] (8) Section 53E-1-202.2, regarding a Public Education Appropriations 807 Subcommittee evaluation and recommendations, is repealed January 1, 2024. 808 [(10)] (9) Subsection 53E-10-309(7), related to the PRIME pilot program, is repealed 809 July 1, 2024. 810 [(11)] (10) In Subsections 53F-2-205(4) and (5), regarding the State Board of 811 Education's duties if contributions from the minimum basic tax rate are overestimated or 812 underestimated, the language that states "or 53F-2-301.5, as applicable" is repealed July 1, 813 2023. 814 [(12)] (11) Section 53F-2-209, regarding local education agency budgetary flexibility, 815 is repealed July 1, 2024. 816  $[\frac{(13)}{(12)}]$  (12) Subsection 53F-2-301(1), relating to the years the section is not in effect, is 817 repealed July 1, 2023. 818 [<del>(14)</del>] (13) Section 53F-2-302.1, regarding the Enrollment Growth Contingency 819 Program, is repealed July 1, 2023. 820  $[\frac{(15)}{(14)}]$  (14) Subsection 53F-2-314(4), relating to a one-time expenditure between the 821 at-risk WPU add-on funding and previous at-risk funding, is repealed January 1, 2024. 822 [<del>(16)</del>] (15) Section 53F-2-524, regarding teacher bonuses for extra work assignments, 823 is repealed July 1, 2024. 824  $[\frac{(17)}{(16)}]$  (16) In Subsection 53F-2-515(1), the language that states "or 53F-2-301.5, as 825 applicable" is repealed July 1, 2023. 826 [(18) Subsection 53F-4-401(3)(b), regarding a child enrolled or eligible for enrollment 827 in kindergarten, is repealed July 1, 2022. 828 [(19) In Subsection 53F-4-404(4)(c), the language that states "Except as provided in 829 Subsection (4)(d)" is repealed July 1, 2022. 830 [(20) Subsection 53F-4-404(4)(d) is repealed July 1, 2022.] 831  $[\frac{(21)}{(21)}]$  (17) In Subsection 53F-9-302(3), the language that states "or 53F-2-301.5, as

832	applicable" is repealed July 1, 2023.
833	$[\frac{(22)}{(18)}]$ In Subsection 53F-9-305(3)(a), the language that states "or 53F-2-301.5, as
834	applicable" is repealed July 1, 2023.
835	$[\frac{(23)}{(19)}]$ In Subsection 53F-9-306(3)(a), the language that states "or 53F-2-301.5, as
836	applicable" is repealed July 1, 2023.
837	[(24)] (20) In Subsection 53G-3-304(1)(c)(i), the language that states "or 53F-2-301.5,
838	as applicable" is repealed July 1, 2023.
839	[(25)] (21) On July 1, 2023, when making changes in this section, the Office of
840	Legislative Research and General Counsel shall, in addition to the office's authority under
841	Subsection 36-12-12(3), make corrections necessary to ensure that sections and subsections
842	identified in this section are complete sentences and accurately reflect the office's perception of
843	the Legislature's intent.
844	Section 17. Repealer.
845	This bill repeals:
846	Section 53G-7-601, Definitions.
847	Section 18. Appropriation.
848	The following sums of money are appropriated for the fiscal year beginning July 1,
849	2023, and ending June 30, 2024. These are additions to amounts previously appropriated for
850	fiscal year 2024. Under the terms and conditions of Title 63J, Chapter 1, Budgetary Procedures
851	Act, the Legislature appropriates the following sums of money from the funds or accounts
852	indicated for the use and support of the government of the state of Utah.
853	<u>ITEM 1</u>
854	To State Board of Education Minimum School Program Related to Basic School Programs
855	From Uniform School Fund, One-time 35,000,000
856	Schedule of Programs:
857	School Fee Changes 35,000,000
858	Under Section 63J-1-603, the Legislature intends that appropriations provided in this
859	section not lapse at the end of fiscal year 2024. The use of any nonlapsing funds is limited to
860	the School Fee Changes program.
861	Section 19. Effective date.
862	This bill takes effect on July 1, 2023