	CRIMINAL TRESPASS AMENDMENTS
)	2023 GENERAL SESSION
}	STATE OF UTAH
ļ	Chief Sponsor: Scott H. Chew
;	Senate Sponsor: Scott D. Sandall
7	LONG TITLE
3	General Description:
)	This bill addresses criminal trespass on private property related to use of public waters.
	Highlighted Provisions:
	This bill:
	defines terms;
	 establishes the elements of and penalty for certain criminal trespass;
	 specifies certain defenses; and
	 provides for statutory damages, attorney fees, and court costs.
	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
	None
	Other Special Clauses:
	None
	Utah Code Sections Affected:
	ENACTS:
	76-6-206.5 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
<u>.</u>	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
,	Section 1. Section 76-6-206.5 is enacted to read:
	76-6-206.5. Criminal trespass on private property for recreational purposes
,	related to use of public waters.



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28	(1) As used in this section:
29	(a) "Bank" means the land within three feet of a public water.
30	(b) "Private property" means the bed or bank of a non-navigable freshwater stream or
31	river that flows through privately owned land and is privately owned.
32	(c) "Private property to which access is restricted" means the same as that term is
33	defined in Section 73-29-102.
34	(d) "Recreational purpose" includes one or more of the following:
35	(i) hunting;
36	(ii) fishing;
37	(iii) swimming;
38	(iv) skiing;
39	(v) snowshoeing;
40	(vi) camping;
41	(vii) picnicking;
42	(viii) hiking;
43	(ix) studying nature;
44	(x) engaging in water sports;
45	(xi) mountain biking; or
46	(xii) viewing or enjoying historical, archaeological, scenic, or scientific sites.
47	(2) An actor is guilty of criminal trespass if for recreational purposes, under
48	circumstances not amounting to a greater offense, and without authorization or a right under
49	state law:
50	(a) the actor touches or remains unlawfully on private property to which access is
51	restricted in violation of Section 73-29-201 and:
52	(i) intends to cause annoyance or injury to a person or damage to property;
53	(ii) intends to commit a crime, other than theft or a felony; or
54	(iii) is reckless as to whether the actor's presence will cause fear for the safety of
55	another; or
56	(b) knowing the actor's touching or presence is unlawful, the actor touches or remains
57	on private property to which notice against entering is given by:
58	(i) personal communication to the actor by the owner or someone with apparent

59	authority to act for the owner;
60	(ii) fencing or other enclosure obviously designed to exclude intruders; or
61	(iii) posting of signs reasonably likely to come to the attention of intruders.
62	(3) A violation of Subsection (2) is a class B misdemeanor.
63	(4) It is a defense to prosecution under this section that:
64	(a) (i) the private property was at the time open to the public; and
65	(ii) the actor complied with all lawful conditions imposed on access to or remaining on
66	the private property;
67	(b) the actor acted in compliance with an easement; or
68	(c) the actor touched the private property as allowed by Section 73-29-202.
69	(5) In addition to an order for restitution under Section 77-38b-205, an actor who
70	violates Subsection (2) is also liable for:
71	(a) statutory damages in the amount of the greater of:
72	(i) three times the value of damages resulting from the violation of Subsection (2); or
73	<u>(ii) \$500;</u>
74	(b) reasonable attorney fees not to exceed \$250; and
75	(c) court costs.
76	(6) Civil damages under Subsection (5) may be collected in a separate action by the
77	nrivate property owner or the owner's assignee