|       | PENALTY FOR FALSE STATEMENT DURING DRUG  |
|-------|--|
|       | ARREST   |
|       | 2023 GENERAL SESSION   |
|       | STATE OF UTAH  |
|       | Chief Sponsor: Ken Ivory   |
|       | Senate Sponsor: Derrin R. Owens  |
| LON   | NG TITLE   |
| Gen   | eral Description:  |
|       | This bill modifies offenses related to giving false information to law enforcement       |
| offic | ers.   |
| High  | nlighted Provisions:   |
|       | This bill:   |
|       | ▶ makes it a crime for an actor arrested for a crime to falsely claim the actor ingested |
| drug  | s before the arrest; and   |
|       | <ul> <li>makes technical and conforming changes.</li> </ul>                              |
| Mon   | ney Appropriated in this Bill:   |
|       | None   |
| Othe  | er Special Clauses:  |
|       | None   |
| Utak  | Code Sections Affected:  |
| AMI   | ENDS:  |
|       | 76-8-506, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 92                               |



Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

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| 26 | Section 1. Section 76-8-506 is amended to read:   |
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| 27 | 76-8-506. Providing false information to law enforcement officers, government                                   |
| 28 | agencies, or specified professionals.   |
| 29 | [A person] An actor is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if [he]:   |
| 30 | (1) the actor knowingly gives or causes to be given false information to [any] a peace                          |
| 31 | officer or $[any]$ $\underline{a}$ state or local government agency or personnel with a purpose of inducing the |
| 32 | recipient of the information to believe that another person has committed an offense;                           |
| 33 | (2) <u>the actor</u> knowingly gives or causes to be given to $[any]$ <u>a</u> peace officer, $[any]$ <u>a</u>  |
| 34 | state or local government agency or personnel, or to [any person] an individual licensed in this                |
| 35 | state to practice social work, psychology, or marriage and family therapy, information                          |
| 36 | concerning the commission of an offense, knowing that the offense did not occur or knowing                      |
| 37 | that [he] the actor has no information relating to the offense or danger; [or]                                  |
| 38 | (3) the actor knowingly gives or causes to be given false information to $[any]$ a state or                     |
| 39 | local government agency or personnel with a purpose of inducing a change in the [person's]                      |
| 40 | actor's licensing or certification status or the licensing or certification status of another                   |
| 41 | individual; or  |
| 42 | (4) (a) at the time of the actor's arrest for an offense, the actor states to a law                             |
| 43 | enforcement officer that the actor ingested drugs before the actor's arrest;                                    |
| 44 | (b) the law enforcement officer, based on the actor's statement described in Subsection                         |
| 45 | (4)(a), takes the actor to a health care facility for medical treatment; and                                    |
| 46 | (c) a medical examination of the actor demonstrates that the actor's statement described                        |
| 47 | in Subsection (4)(a) was false.   |
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