

26	► grants an expedited right of appeal to a defendant who is ordered to be detained
27	pretrial; and
28	 makes technical and conforming changes.
29	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
30	None
31	Other Special Clauses:
32	None
33	Utah Code Sections Affected:
34	AMENDS:
35	17-22-32, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 187
36	77-20-102, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2021, Second Special Session, Chapter 4
37	77-20-201, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2021, Second Special Session, Chapter 4
38	77-20-203, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Second Special
39	Session, Chapter 4
40	77-20-204, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2021, Second Special Session, Chapter 4
41	77-20-205, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2021, Second Special Session, Chapter 4
42	77-20-207, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2021, Second Special Session, Chapter 4
43	77-20-208, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2021, Second Special Session, Chapter 4
44	77-20-301, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Second Special
45	Session, Chapter 4
46	77-20-302, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Second Special
47	Session, Chapter 4
48	77-20-401, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2021, Second Special Session, Chapter 4
49	ENACTS:
50	77-20-209 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
51	REPEALS:
52	10-3-921, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1990, Chapter 283
53	10-3-922, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1990, Chapter 283
54	17-32-1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Second Special Session, Chapter 4
55	17-32-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Second Special Session, Chapter 4
56	17-32-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1990, Chapter 283

17-32-4, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1990, Chapter 283
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 17-22-32 is amended to read:
17-22-32. County jail reporting requirements.
(1) As used in this section:
(a) "Commission" means the State Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice
created in Section 63M-7-201.
(b) (i) "In-custody death" means an inmate death that occurs while the inmate is in the
custody of a county jail.
(ii) "In-custody death" includes an inmate death that occurs while the inmate is:
(A) being transported for medical care; or
(B) receiving medical care outside of a county jail.
(c) "Inmate" means an individual who is processed or booked into custody or housed in
a county jail in the state.
(d) "Opiate" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37-2.
(2) Each county jail shall submit a report to the commission before June 15 of each
year that includes, for the preceding calendar year:
(a) the average daily inmate population each month;
(b) the number of inmates in the county jail on the last day of each month who identify
as each race or ethnicity included in the Standards for Transmitting Race and Ethnicity
published by the Untied States Federal Bureau of Investigation;
(c) the number of inmates booked into the county jail;
(d) the number of inmates held in the county jail each month on behalf of each of the
following entities:
(i) the Bureau of Indian Affairs;
(ii) a state prison;
(iii) a federal prison;
(iv) the United States Immigration and Customs Enforcement;
(v) any other entity with which a county jail has entered a contract to house inmates on
the entity's behalf;

88	(e) the number of inmates that are denied pretrial release and held in the custody of the
89	county jail while the inmate awaited final disposition of the inmate's criminal charges;
90	(f) for each inmate booked into the county jail:
91	(i) the name of the agency that arrested the inmate;
92	(ii) the date and time the inmate was booked into and released from the custody of the
93	county jail;
94	(iii) if the inmate was released from the custody of the county jail, the reason the
95	inmate was released from the custody of the county jail;
96	(iv) if the inmate was released from the custody of the county jail on a financial
97	condition, whether the financial condition was set by a [bail commissioner] county sheriff or a
98	court;
99	(v) the number of days the inmate was held in the custody of the county jail before
100	disposition of the inmate's criminal charges;
101	(vi) whether the inmate was released from the custody of the county jail before final
102	disposition of the inmate's criminal charges; and
103	(vii) the state identification number of the inmate;
104	(g) the number of in-custody deaths that occurred at the county jail;
105	(h) for each in-custody death;
106	(i) the name, gender, race, ethnicity, age, and known or suspected medical diagnosis or
107	disability, if any, of the deceased;
108	(ii) the date, time, and location of death;
109	(iii) the law enforcement agency that detained, arrested, or was in the process of
110	arresting the deceased; and
111	(iv) a brief description of the circumstances surrounding the death;
112	(i) the known, or discoverable on reasonable inquiry, causes and contributing factors of
113	each of the in-custody deaths described in Subsection (2)(g);
114	(j) the county jail's policy for notifying an inmate's next of kin after the inmate's
115	in-custody death;
116	(k) the county jail policies, procedures, and protocols:
117	(i) for treatment of an inmate experiencing withdrawal from alcohol or substance use,
118	including use of opiates;

119	(ii) that relate to the county jail's provision, or lack of provision, of medications used to
120	treat, mitigate, or address an inmate's symptoms of withdrawal, including methadone and all
121	forms of buprenorphine and naltrexone; and
122	(iii) that relate to screening, assessment, and treatment of an inmate for a substance use
123	or mental health disorder; and
124	(l) any report the county jail provides or is required to provide under federal law or
125	regulation relating to inmate deaths.
126	(3) (a) Subsection (2) does not apply to a county jail if the county jail:
127	(i) collects and stores the data described in Subsection (2); and
128	(ii) enters into a memorandum of understanding with the commission that allows the
129	commission to access the data described in Subsection (2).
130	(b) The memorandum of understanding described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii) shall include
131	a provision to protect any information related to an ongoing investigation and comply with all
132	applicable federal and state laws.
133	(c) If the commission accesses data from a county jail in accordance with Subsection
134	(3)(a), the commission may not release a report prepared from that data, unless:
135	(i) the commission provides the report for review to:
136	(A) the county jail; and
137	(B) any arresting agency that is named in the report; and
138	(ii) (A) the county jail approves the report for release;
139	(B) the county jail reviews the report and prepares a response to the report to be
140	published with the report; or
141	(C) the county jail fails to provide a response to the report within four weeks after the
142	day on which the commission provides the report to the county jail.
143	(4) The commission shall:
144	(a) compile the information from the reports described in Subsection (2);
145	(b) omit or redact any identifying information of an inmate in the compilation to the
146	extent omission or redaction is necessary to comply with state and federal law;
147	(c) submit the compilation to the Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice Interim
148	Committee and the Utah Substance Use and Mental Health Advisory Council before November
149	1 of each year; and

150	(d) submit the compilation to the protection and advocacy agency designated by the
151	governor before November 1 of each year.
152	(5) The commission may not provide access to or use a county jail's policies,
153	procedures, or protocols submitted under this section in a manner or for a purpose not
154	described in this section.
155	(6) A report including only the names and causes of death of deceased inmates and the
156	facility in which they were being held in custody shall be made available to the public.
157	Section 2. Section 77-20-102 is amended to read:
158	77-20-102. Definitions.
159	As used in this chapter:
160	(1) "Bail" means pretrial release.
161	(2) "Bail bond" means the same as that term is defined in Section 31A-35-102.
162	[(2)] (3) "Bail bond agency" means the same as that term is defined in Section
163	31A-35-102.
164	[(3)] (4) "Bail bond producer" means the same as that term is defined in Section
165	31A-35-102.
166	[(4) "Bail commissioner" means a bail commissioner appointed in accordance with
167	Section 17-32-1.]
168	(5) "County jail official" means a county sheriff or the county sheriff's designee.
169	[(5)] (6) "Exonerate" means to release and discharge a surety, or a surety's bail bond
170	producer, from liability for a bail bond.
171	[(6)] (7) "Financial condition" [or "monetary bail"] means any monetary condition that
172	is imposed to secure an individual's pretrial release.
173	[(7)] <u>(8)</u> "Forfeiture" means:
174	(a) to divest an individual or surety from a right to the repayment of monetary bail; or
175	(b) to enforce a pledge of assets or real or personal property from an individual or
176	surety used to secure an individual's pretrial release.
177	[(8)] (9) "Magistrate" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-1-3.
178	(10) (a) "Material change in circumstances" includes:
179	(i) an unreasonable delay in prosecution that is not attributable to the defendant;
180	(ii) a material change in the risk that an individual poses to a victim, a witness, or the

181	public if released due to the passage of time or any other relevant factor;
182	(iii) a material change in the conditions of release or the services that are reasonably
183	available to the defendant if released;
184	(iv) a willful or repeated failure by the defendant to appear at required court
185	appearances; or
186	(v) any other material change related to the defendant's risk of flight or danger to any
187	other individual or to the community if released.
188	(b) "Material change in circumstances" does not include any fact or consideration that
189	is known at the time that the pretrial status order is issued.
190	(11) "Monetary bail" means a financial condition.
191	[(9)] (12) "Own recognizance" means the release of an individual without any
192	condition of release other than the individual's promise to:
193	(a) appear for all required court proceedings; and
194	(b) not commit any criminal offense.
195	[(10)] (13) "Pretrial detention hearing" means a hearing described in Section
196	77-20-206.
197	[(11)] (14) "Pretrial release" [or "bail"] means the release of an individual from law
198	enforcement custody during the time the individual awaits trial or other resolution of criminal
199	charges.
200	[(12)] (15) "Pretrial risk assessment" means an objective, research-based, validated
201	assessment tool that measures an individual's risk of flight and risk of anticipated criminal
202	conduct while on pretrial release.
203	[(13)] (16) "Pretrial services program" means a program that is established to:
204	(a) gather information on individuals booked into a jail facility;
205	(b) conduct pretrial risk assessments; and
206	(c) supervise individuals granted pretrial release.
207	$[\frac{14}{2}]$ "Pretrial status order" means an order issued by a magistrate or judge that:
208	(a) releases the individual on the individual's own recognizance while the individual
209	awaits trial or other resolution of criminal charges;
210	(b) sets the terms and conditions of the individual's pretrial release while the individual
211	awaits trial or other resolution of criminal charges; or

212	(c) demes pretrial release and orders that the individual be detained while the
213	individual awaits trial or other resolution of criminal charges.
214	$[\frac{(15)}{(18)}]$ "Principal" means the same as that term is defined in Section 31A-35-102.
215	[(16)] (19) "Surety" means a surety insurer or a bail bond agency.
216	[(17)] (20) "Surety insurer" means the same as that term is defined in Section
217	31A-35-102.
218	[(18)] (21) "Temporary pretrial status order" means an order issued by a magistrate
219	that:
220	(a) releases the individual on the individual's own recognizance until a pretrial status
221	order is issued;
222	(b) sets the terms and conditions of the individual's pretrial release until a pretrial status
223	order is issued; or
224	(c) denies pretrial release and orders that the individual be detained until a pretrial
225	status order is issued.
226	[(19)] (22) "Unsecured bond" means an individual's promise to pay a financial
227	condition if the individual fails to appear for any required court appearance.
228	Section 3. Section 77-20-201 is amended to read:
229	77-20-201. Right to bail Capital felony.
230	(1) An individual charged with, or arrested for, a criminal offense shall be admitted to
231	bail as a matter of right, except if the individual is charged with:
232	(a) a capital felony when [the court finds] there is substantial evidence to support the
233	charge;
234	(b) a felony committed while on parole or on probation for a felony conviction, or
235	while free on bail awaiting trial on a previous felony charge, when [the court finds] there is
236	substantial evidence to support the current felony charge;
237	(c) a felony when there is substantial evidence to support the charge and the court
238	finds, by clear and convincing evidence, that:
239	(i) the individual would constitute a substantial danger to any other individual or to the
240	community[, or] after considering available conditions of release that the court may impose if
241	the individual is released on bail; or
242	(ii) the individual is likely to flee the jurisdiction of the court[7] if the individual is

243	released on ban,
244	(d) a felony when [the court finds] there is substantial evidence to support the charge
245	and the court finds, by clear and convincing evidence, that the individual violated a material
246	condition of release while previously on bail;
247	(e) a domestic violence offense if [the court finds]:
248	(i) [that] there is substantial evidence to support the charge; and
249	(ii) the court finds, by clear and convincing evidence, that the individual would
250	constitute a substantial danger to an alleged victim of domestic violence [if released on bail]
251	after considering available conditions of release that the court may impose if the individual is
252	released on bail;
253	(f) the offense of driving under the influence or driving with a measurable controlled
254	substance in the body if:
255	(i) the offense results in death or serious bodily injury to an individual; [and]
256	[(ii) the court finds:]
257	[(A)] (ii) [that] there is substantial evidence to support the charge; and
258	[(B)] (iii) the court finds, by clear and convincing evidence, that the [person] individual
259	would constitute a substantial danger to the community [if released on bail] after considering
260	available conditions of release that the court may impose if the individual is released on bail; or
261	(g) a felony violation of Section 76-9-101 if:
262	(i) there is substantial evidence to support the charge; and
263	(ii) the court finds, by clear and convincing evidence, that the individual is not likely to
264	appear for a subsequent court appearance.
265	(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, there is a rebuttable
266	presumption that an individual is a substantial danger to the community under Subsection
267	[(1)(f)(ii)(B)] <u>(1)(f)(iii)</u> :
268	(a) as long as the individual has a blood or breath alcohol concentration of .05 grams or
269	greater if the individual is arrested for, or charged with, the offense of driving under the
270	influence and the offense resulted in death or serious bodily injury to an individual; or
271	(b) if the individual has a measurable amount of controlled substance in the
272	individual's body, the individual is arrested for, or charged with, the offense of driving with a
273	measurable controlled substance in the body and the offense resulted in death or serious bodily

2/4	injury to an individual.
275	(3) For purposes of Subsection (1)(a), any arrest or charge for a violation of Section
276	76-5-202, aggravated murder, is a capital felony unless:
277	(a) the prosecuting attorney files a notice of intent to not seek the death penalty; or
278	(b) the time for filing a notice to seek the death penalty has expired and the prosecuting
279	attorney has not filed a notice to seek the death penalty.
280	Section 4. Section 77-20-203 is amended to read:
281	77-20-203. County sheriff authority to release an individual from jail on own
282	recognizance.
283	(1) As used in this section:
284	(a) "Qualifying offense" means the same as that term is defined in Section 78B-7-801.
285	(b) "Violent felony" means the same as that term is defined in Subsection
286	76-3-203.5(1)(c)(i).
287	(2) [A county sheriff or a bail commissioner] A county jail official may release an
288	individual from a jail facility on the individual's own recognizance if:
289	(a) the individual was arrested without a warrant;
290	(b) the individual was not arrested for:
291	(i) a violent felony;
292	(ii) a qualifying offense;
293	(iii) the offense of driving under the influence or driving with a measurable controlled
294	substance in the body if the offense results in death or serious bodily injury to an individual; or
295	(iv) an offense described in Subsection 76-9-101(4);
296	(c) law enforcement has not submitted a probable cause statement to a court or
297	magistrate;
298	(d) the individual agrees in writing to appear for any future criminal proceedings
299	related to the arrest; and
300	(e) the individual qualifies for release under the written policy described in Subsection
301	(3) for the county.
302	(3) [(a)] A county sheriff shall create and approve a written policy for the county that
303	governs the release of an individual on the individual's own recognizance.
304	[(b)] (4) [The written policy shall] A written policy under Subsection (3) shall:

305	(a) describe the criteria an individual shall meet to be released on the individual's own
306	recognizance[-]; and
307	(b) include a presumption that an individual who has a recent history of failing to
308	appear for a mandatory court appearance:
309	(i) is unlikely to appear for any future criminal proceedings related to the arrest;
310	(ii) is unlikely to be eligible for release on the individual's own recognizance under this
311	section; and
312	(iii) be released on a financial condition that is a bail bond under Section 77-20-204 if
313	the individual is eligible for release on a financial condition under Subsection 77-20-204(2).
314	[(c)] (5) A county sheriff may include in the written policy <u>under Subsection (3)</u> the
315	criteria for release relating to:
316	[(i)] <u>(a)</u> criminal history;
317	[(ii)] (b) prior instances of failing to appear for a mandatory court appearance;
318	[(iii)] (c) current employment;
319	[(iv)] <u>(d)</u> residency;
320	[(v)] (e) ties to the community;
321	[(vi)] (f) an offense for which the individual was arrested;
322	[(vii)] (g) any potential criminal charges that have not yet been filed;
323	[(viii)] (h) the individual's health condition;
324	[(ix)] (i) any potential risks to a victim, a witness, or the public; and
325	[(x)] (j) any other similar factor a sheriff determines is relevant.
326	[(4)] (6) Nothing in this section prohibits a court and a county from entering into an
327	agreement regarding release.
328	Section 5. Section 77-20-204 is amended to read:
329	77-20-204. County sheriff authority to release an individual from jail on
330	monetary bail.
331	(1) As used in this section, "eligible felony offense" means a third degree felony
332	violation under:
333	(a) Section 23-19-15;
334	(b) Section 23-20-4;
335	(c) Section 23-20-4.7;

336	(d) Title 76, Chapter 6, Part 4, Theft;
337	(e) Title 76, Chapter 6, Part 5, Fraud;
338	(f) Title 76, Chapter 6, Part 6, Retail Theft;
339	(g) Title 76, Chapter 6, Part 7, Utah Computer Crimes Act;
340	(h) Title 76, Chapter 6, Part 8, Library Theft;
341	(i) Title 76, Chapter 6, Part 9, Cultural Sites Protection;
342	(j) Title 76, Chapter 6, Part 10, Mail Box Damage and Mail Theft;
343	(k) Title 76, Chapter 6, Part 11, Identity Fraud Act;
344	(l) Title 76, Chapter 6, Part 12, Utah Mortgage Fraud Act;
345	(m) Title 76, Chapter 6, Part 13, Utah Automated Sales Suppression Device Act;
346	(n) Title 76, Chapter 6, Part 14, Regulation of Metal Dealers;
347	(o) Title 76, Chapter 6a, Pyramid Scheme Act;
348	(p) Title 76, Chapter 7, Offenses Against the Family;
349	(q) Title 76, Chapter 7a, Abortion Prohibition;
350	(r) Title 76, Chapter 9, Part 2, Electronic Communication and Telephone Abuse;
351	(s) Title 76, Chapter 9, Part 3, Cruelty to Animals;
352	(t) Title 76, Chapter 9, Part 4, Offenses Against Privacy;
353	(u) Title 76, Chapter 9, Part 5, Libel; or
354	(v) Title 76, Chapter 9, Part 6, Offenses Against the Flag.
355	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(a), [a bail commissioner] a county jail official
356	may fix a financial condition for an individual if:
357	(a) (i) the individual is ineligible to be released on the individual's own recognizance
358	under Section 77-20-203;
359	(ii) the individual is arrested for, or charged with:
360	(A) a misdemeanor offense under state law; or
361	(B) a violation of a city or county ordinance that is classified as a class B or C
362	misdemeanor offense;
363	(iii) the individual agrees in writing to appear for any future criminal proceedings
364	related to the arrest; and
365	(iv) law enforcement has not submitted a probable cause statement to a magistrate; or
366	(b) (i) the individual is arrested for, or charged with, an eligible felony offense;

367	(ii) the individual is not on pretrial release for a separate criminal offense;
368	(iii) the individual is not on probation or parole;
369	(iv) the primary risk posed by the individual is the risk of failure to appear;
370	(v) the individual agrees in writing to appear for any future criminal proceedings
371	related to the arrest; and
372	(vi) law enforcement has not submitted a probable cause statement to a magistrate[-]
373	[(3) A bail commissioner] A county jail official may not fix a financial condition at a
374	monetary amount that exceeds:
375	[(a)] (A) \$5,000 for an eligible felony offense;
376	[(b)] (B) \$1,950 for a class A misdemeanor offense;
377	[(c)] (C) \$680 for a class B misdemeanor offense;
378	[(d)] (D) \$340 for a class C misdemeanor offense;
379	[(e)] (E) \$150 for a violation of a city or county ordinance that is classified as a class B
380	misdemeanor; or
381	[(f)] (F) \$80 for a violation of a city or county ordinance that is classified as a class C
382	misdemeanor.
383	[4) If an individual is arrested for more than one offense, and the [bail
384	commissioner] county jail official fixes a financial condition for release:
385	(a) [the bail commissioner] the county jail official shall fix the financial condition at a
386	single monetary amount; and
387	(b) the single monetary amount may not exceed the monetary amount under Subsection
388	(3) for the highest level of offense for which the individual is arrested.
389	[(5)] (4) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(b), an individual shall be released if the
390	individual posts a financial condition fixed by a [bail commissioner] county jail official in
391	accordance with this section.
392	[(6)] (5) [If a bail commissioner] If a county jail official fixes a financial condition for
393	an individual, law enforcement shall submit a probable cause statement in accordance with
394	Rule 9 of the Utah Rules of Criminal Procedure after the [bail commissioner] county jail
395	official fixes the financial condition.
396	[(7)] <u>(6)</u> Once a magistrate begins a review of an individual's case under Rule 9 of the
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398	(a) [a bail commissioner] a county jail official may not fix or modify a financial
399	condition for an individual; and
400	(b) [if a bail commissioner] if a county jail official fixed a financial condition for the
401	individual before the magistrate's review, the individual may no longer be released on the
402	financial condition.
403	[(8)] (7) Nothing in this section prohibits a court and a county from entering into an
404	agreement regarding release.
405	Section 6. Section 77-20-205 is amended to read:
406	77-20-205. Pretrial release by a magistrate or judge.
407	(1) (a) At the time that a magistrate issues a warrant of arrest, or finds there is probable
408	cause to support the individual's arrest under Rule 9 of the Utah Rules of Criminal Procedure,
409	the magistrate shall issue a temporary pretrial status order that:
410	(i) releases the individual on the individual's own recognizance during the time the
411	individual awaits trial or other resolution of criminal charges;
412	(ii) designates a condition, or a combination of conditions, to be imposed upon the
413	individual's release during the time the individual awaits trial or other resolution of criminal
414	charges; or
415	(iii) orders the individual be detained during the time the individual awaits trial or
416	other resolution of criminal charges.
417	(b) At the time that a magistrate issues a summons, the magistrate may issue a
418	temporary pretrial status order that:
419	(i) releases the individual on the individual's own recognizance during the time the
420	individual awaits trial or other resolution of criminal charges; or
421	(ii) designates a condition, or a combination of conditions, to be imposed upon the
422	individual's release during the time the individual awaits trial or other resolution of criminal
423	charges.
424	[(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(c), at an individual's first appearance
425	before the court, the magistrate or judge shall issue a pretrial status order that:]
426	[(i) releases the individual on the individual's own recognizance during the time the
427	individual awaits trial or other resolution of criminal charges;]
428	[(ii) designates a condition, or a combination of conditions, to be imposed upon the

429	individual's release during the time the individual awaits trial or other resolution of criminal
430	charges; or]
431	[(iii) orders the individual be detained during the time the individual awaits trial or
432	other resolution of criminal charges.]
433	[(b) In making a determination under Subsection (2)(a), the magistrate or judge may
434	not give any deference to a magistrate's decision in a temporary pretrial status order.]
435	[(c)] (2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), the magistrate or judge shall issue
436	a pretrial status order at an individual's first appearance before the court.
437	(b) The magistrate or judge [shall] may delay the issuance of a pretrial status order
438	[described in Subsection (2)(a)] at an individual's first appearance before the court:
439	(i) until a pretrial detention hearing is held if a prosecuting attorney makes a motion for
440	pretrial detention as described in Section 77-20-206;
441	(ii) if a party requests a delay; or
442	(iii) if there is good cause to delay the issuance.
443	[(d)] (c) If a magistrate or judge delays the issuance of a pretrial status order under
444	Subsection $[(2)(e)]$ $(2)(b)$, the magistrate or judge shall extend the temporary pretrial status
445	order until the issuance of a pretrial status order.
446	(3) (a) When a magistrate or judge issues a pretrial status order, the pretrial status order
447	shall:
448	(i) release the individual on the individual's own recognizance during the time the
449	individual awaits trial or other resolution of criminal charges;
450	(ii) designate a condition, or a combination of conditions, to be imposed upon the
451	individual's release during the time the individual awaits trial or other resolution of criminal
452	charges; or
453	(iii) order the individual to be detained during the time that individual awaits trial or
454	other resolution of criminal charges.
455	(b) In making a determination about pretrial release in a pretrial status order, the
456	magistrate or judge may not give any deference to a magistrate's decision in a temporary
457	pretrial status order.
458	[(3)] (4) In making a determination about pretrial release [under Subsection (1) or (2)]
459	for a temporary pretrial status order or a pretrial status order, a magistrate or judge shall impose

460	only conditions of release that are reasonably available and necessary to reasonably ensure:
461	(a) the individual's appearance in court when required;
462	(b) the safety of any witnesses or victims of the offense allegedly committed by the
463	individual;
464	(c) the safety and welfare of the public; and
465	(d) that the individual will not obstruct, or attempt to obstruct, the criminal justice
466	process.
467	[(4)] (5) Except as provided in Subsection [(5)] (6), a magistrate or judge may impose
468	a condition, or combination of conditions, [under Subsection (1) or (2)] in a temporary pretrial
469	status order or a pretrial status order that requires an individual to:
470	(a) not commit a federal, state, or local offense during the period of pretrial release;
471	(b) avoid contact with a victim of the alleged offense;
472	(c) avoid contact with a witness who:
473	(i) may testify concerning the alleged offense; and
474	(ii) is named in the pretrial status order;
475	(d) not consume alcohol or any narcotic drug or other controlled substance unless
476	prescribed by a licensed medical practitioner;
477	(e) submit to drug or alcohol testing;
478	(f) complete a substance abuse evaluation and comply with any recommended
479	treatment or release program;
480	(g) submit to electronic monitoring or location device tracking;
481	(h) participate in inpatient or outpatient medical, behavioral, psychological, or
482	psychiatric treatment;
483	(i) maintain employment or actively seek employment if unemployed;
484	(j) maintain or commence an education program;
485	(k) comply with limitations on where the individual is allowed to be located or the
486	times that the individual shall be, or may not be, at a specified location;
487	(l) comply with specified restrictions on personal associations, place of residence, or
488	travel;
489	(m) report to a law enforcement agency, pretrial services program, or other designated
490	agency at a specified frequency or on specified dates;

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condition.

491 (n) comply with a specified curfew; 492 (o) forfeit or refrain from possession of a firearm or other dangerous weapon; 493 (p) if the individual is charged with an offense against a child, limit or prohibit access 494 to any location or occupation where children are located, including any residence where 495 children are on the premises, activities where children are involved, locations where children 496 congregate, or where a reasonable person would know that children congregate; 497 (q) comply with requirements for house arrest; 498 (r) return to custody for a specified period of time following release for employment, 499 schooling, or other limited purposes; 500 (s) remain in custody of one or more designated individuals who agree to: 501 (i) supervise and report on the behavior and activities of the individual; and 502 (ii) encourage compliance with all court orders and attendance at all required court 503 proceedings; 504 (t) comply with a financial condition; or 505 (u) comply with any other condition that is reasonably available and necessary to 506 ensure compliance with Subsection $[\frac{(3)}{(4)}]$ (4). 507 [(5)] (6) (a) If a county or municipality has established a pretrial services program, the 508 magistrate or judge shall consider the services that the county or municipality has identified as 509 available in determining what conditions of release to impose. 510 (b) The magistrate or judge may not order conditions of release that would require the 511 county or municipality to provide services that are not currently available from the county or 512 municipality. 513 (c) Notwithstanding Subsection $[\frac{(5)(a)}{(a)}]$ (6)(a), the magistrate or judge may impose 514 conditions of release not identified by the county or municipality so long as the condition does 515 not require assistance or resources from the county or municipality. 516 [(6)] (7) (a) If the magistrate or judge determines that a financial condition, other than 517 an unsecured bond, is necessary to impose as a condition of release, the magistrate or judge 518 shall consider the individual's ability to pay when determining the amount of the financial

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(b) If the magistrate or judge determines that a financial condition is necessary to

impose as a condition of release, and [a bail commissioner] a county jail official fixed a

522	financial condition for the individual under Section 77-20-204, the magistrate or judge may not
523	give any deference to:
524	(i) [the bail commissioner's] the county jail official's action to fix a financial condition;
525	or
526	(ii) the amount of the financial condition that the individual was required to pay for
527	pretrial release.
528	(c) If a magistrate or judge orders a financial condition as a condition of release, the
529	judge or magistrate shall set the financial condition at a single amount per case.
530	$[\frac{(7)}{8}]$ In making a determination about pretrial release [under this section] for a
531	temporary pretrial status order or a pretrial status order, the magistrate or judge may:
532	(a) rely upon information contained in:
533	(i) the indictment or information;
534	(ii) any sworn or probable cause statement or other information provided by law
535	enforcement;
536	(iii) a pretrial risk assessment;
537	(iv) an affidavit of indigency described in Section 78B-22-201.5;
538	(v) witness statements or testimony; or
539	(vi) any other reliable record or source, including proffered evidence; and
540	(b) consider:
541	(i) the nature and circumstances of the offense, or offenses, that the individual was
542	arrested for, or charged with, including:
543	(A) whether the offense is a violent offense; and
544	(B) the vulnerability of a witness or alleged victim;
545	(ii) the nature and circumstances of the individual, including the individual's:
546	(A) character;
547	(B) physical and mental health;
548	(C) family and community ties;
549	(D) employment status or history;
550	(E) financial resources;
551	(F) past criminal conduct;
552	(G) history of drug or alcohol abuse; and

553	(H) history of timely appearances at required court proceedings;
554	(iii) the potential danger to another individual, or individuals, posed by the release of
555	the individual;
556	(iv) whether the individual was on probation, parole, or release pending an upcoming
557	court proceeding at the time the individual allegedly committed the offense or offenses;
558	(v) the availability of:
559	(A) other individuals who agree to assist the individual in attending court when
560	required; or
561	(B) supervision of the individual in the individual's community;
562	(vi) the eligibility and willingness of the individual to participate in various treatment
563	programs, including drug treatment; or
564	(vii) other evidence relevant to the individual's likelihood of fleeing or violating the
565	law if released.
566	(9) The magistrate or judge may not base a determination about pretrial release solely
567	on the seriousness or type of offense that the individual is arrested for or charged with, unless
568	the individual is arrested for or charged with a capital felony.
569	[(8)] (10) An individual arrested for violation of a jail release agreement, or a jail
570	release court order, issued in accordance with Section 78B-7-802:
571	(a) may not be released before the individual's first appearance before a magistrate or
572	judge; and
573	(b) may be denied pretrial release by the magistrate or judge [under Subsection (2)].
574	Section 7. Section 77-20-207 is amended to read:
575	77-20-207. Modification of pretrial status order Failure to appear.
576	(1) [A motion] A party may move to modify a pretrial status order [may be made]:
577	(a) [by a party] at any time after a pretrial status order is issued; and
578	(b) only upon a showing that there has been a material change in circumstances.
579	(2) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), a defendant may move to modify a pretrial
580	status order if:
581	(i) the magistrate or judge imposed a financial condition as a condition of release in the
582	pretrial status order; and
583	(ii) the defendant is unable to pay the financial condition within seven days after the

584	day on which the pretrial status order is issued.
585	(b) For a motion under Subsection (2)(a), there is a rebuttable presumption that the
586	defendant does not have the ability to pay the financial condition.
587	[(2)] (3) (a) If a party makes a motion to modify the pretrial status order, the party shall
588	provide notice to the opposing party sufficient to permit the opposing party to prepare for a
589	hearing and to permit each alleged victim to be notified and be present.
590	(b) A hearing on a motion to modify a pretrial status order may be held in conjunction
591	with a preliminary hearing or any other pretrial hearing.
592	[(3)] (4) In ruling upon a motion to modify a pretrial status order, the judge may:
593	(a) rely on information as provided in Subsection [77-20-205(7)] <u>77-20-205(8)</u> ;
594	(b) base the judge's ruling on evidence provided at the hearing so long as each party is
595	provided an opportunity to present additional evidence or information relevant to pretrial
596	release; and
597	(c) (i) for a motion to modify a pretrial status order under Subsection (1), modify the
598	pretrial status order, including the conditions of release, upon a finding that there has been a
599	material change in circumstances[-]; or
600	(ii) for a motion to modify a pretrial status order under Subsection (2), modify the
601	pretrial status order by reducing the amount of the financial condition or imposing nonfinancial
602	conditions of release upon a finding that the defendant is unable to pay the amount of the
603	financial condition in the pretrial status order.
604	(5) In modifying a pretrial status order upon a motion by a party, or on the court's own
605	motion, there is a rebuttable presumption that a bail bond be imposed as a condition of release
606	in a modified pretrial status order if:
607	(a) the defendant was released on the individual's own recognizance or on nonfinancial
608	conditions;
609	(b) the defendant willfully failed to appear at a required court appearance or has failed
610	to appear at a required court appearance more than once; and
611	(c) a bench warrant was issued.
612	(6) Subsections 77-20-205(3) through (10) apply to a determination about pretrial
613	release in a modified pretrial status order.
614	Section 8. Section 77-20-208 is amended to read:

615	77-20-208. Release from conditions when charges not filed in specified time
616	period.
617	(1) If a prosecuting attorney does not file an information, indictment, or a request to
618	extend time under Subsection (2), within 120 days after the day on which a [bail
619	commissioner] county jail official released the individual on a financial condition under
620	Section 77-20-203 or within 120 days after the day on which a temporary pretrial status order
621	was issued for the individual:
622	(a) the individual shall be relieved from any condition of pretrial release;
623	(b) the court shall refund any monetary bail in accordance with Subsection
624	77-20-402(5); and
625	(c) if a bail bond was used to post monetary bail, the bail bond shall be exonerated
626	without further order of the court.
627	(2) A request to extend time shall:
628	(a) be served on:
629	(i) the individual and the individual's attorney; and
630	(ii) if a bail bond was used to post monetary bail, the surety; and
631	(b) except as provided in Subsection (3), be granted for a period of up to 60 days.
632	(3) The magistrate may grant a request to extend time for a period of up to 120 days
633	upon a showing of good cause.
634	(4) Nothing in this section prohibits the filing of charges against an individual at any
635	time.
636	Section 9. Section 77-20-209 is enacted to read:
637	77-20-209. Right to expedited appeal of pretrial detention.
638	If a magistrate or judge issues a pretrial status order that orders the individual be
639	detained during the time the individual awaits trial or other resolution of criminal charges, the
640	individual has the right to an expedited appeal of the pretrial status order.
641	Section 10. Section 77-20-301 is amended to read:
642	77-20-301. Grounds for detaining or releasing defendant on conviction and prior
643	to sentence.
644	(1) Upon conviction, by plea or trial, the court shall order that the convicted defendant
645	who is waiting imposition or execution of sentence be detained, unless the court finds, by clear

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646	and convincing evidence, presented by the defendant that the defendant:
647	(a) is not likely to flee the jurisdiction of the court if released; and
648	(b) will not pose a danger to the physical, psychological, or financial and economic
649	safety or well-being of any other person or the community if released.
650	(2) If the court finds the defendant does not need to be detained, the court shall order
651	the release of the defendant on suitable conditions, including conditions of release described in
652	Subsection [77-20-205(4)] <u>77-20-205(5)</u> .
653	Section 11. Section 77-20-302 is amended to read:
654	77-20-302. Grounds for detaining defendant while appealing the defendant's
655	conviction Conditions for release while on appeal.
656	(1) The court shall order that a defendant who has been found guilty of an offense in a
657	court of record and sentenced to a term of imprisonment in jail or prison, and who has filed an
658	appeal or a petition for a writ of certiorari, be detained, unless the court finds:
659	(a) the appeal raises a substantial question of law or fact likely to result in:
660	(i) reversal;
661	(ii) an order for a new trial; or
662	(iii) a sentence that does not include a term of imprisonment in jail or prison;
663	(b) the appeal is not for the purpose of delay; and
664	(c) by clear and convincing evidence presented by the defendant, that the defendant:
665	(i) is not likely to flee the jurisdiction of the court if released; and
666	(ii) will not pose a danger to the physical, psychological, or financial and economic
667	safety or well-being of any other person or the community if released.
668	(2) (a) If the court makes a finding under Subsection (1) that justifies not detaining the
669	defendant, the court shall order the release of the defendant, subject to only conditions of
670	release that are reasonably available and necessary to reasonably ensure the appearance of the
671	defendant as required and the safety of any other individual, property, and the community.
672	(b) The conditions under Subsection (2)(a) may include conditions described in
673	Subsection [77-20-205(4)] <u>77-20-205(5)</u> .
674	(c) The court may, in the court's discretion, amend an order granting release to impose
675	additional or different conditions of release.

(3) If the defendant is found guilty of an offense in a court not of record and files a

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Section 13. Repealer.

This bill repeals:

677	timely notice of appeal in accordance with Subsection 78A-7-118(1) for a trial de novo, the
678	court shall stay all terms of a sentence, unless at the time of sentencing the judge finds by a
679	preponderance of the evidence that the defendant poses a danger to another person or the
680	community.
681	(4) If a stay is ordered, the court may order postconviction restrictions on the
682	defendant's conduct as appropriate, including:
683	(a) continuation of any pretrial restrictions or orders;
684	(b) sentencing protective orders under Section 78B-7-804;
685	(c) drug and alcohol use;
686	(d) use of an ignition interlock; and
687	(e) posting appropriate monetary bail.
688	(5) The provisions of Subsections (3) and (4) do not apply to convictions for an offense
689	under Title 41, Chapter 6a, Part 5, Driving Under the Influence and Reckless Driving.
690	(6) Any stay authorized by Subsection (3) is lifted upon the dismissal of the appeal by
691	the district court.
692	Section 12. Section 77-20-401 is amended to read:
693	77-20-401. Payment of monetary bail to sheriff or bail commissioner Specific
694	payment methods.
695	(1) Subject to Subsection 77-20-402(2), if an individual has been required by a [bail
696	commissioner] county jail official, or ordered by a magistrate or judge, to post monetary bail as
697	a condition of pretrial release, the individual may post the amount of monetary bail with the
698	[bail commissioner] county jail official:
699	(a) in money, by cash, certified or cashier's check, personal check with check guarantee
700	card, money order, or credit card, if the [bail commissioner] county jail official has chosen to
701	establish any of those options; or
702	(b) by a bail bond issued by a surety.
703	(2) [A bail commissioner] A county jail official shall deliver any monetary bail
704	received under Subsection (1) to the appropriate court within three days after the day on which
705	the monetary bail is received by the [bail commissioner] county jail official.

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Section 10-3-921, Fines -- Collection by bail commissioner -- Disposition.

Section 10-3-922, Term of bail commissioners -- Salary -- Bond and oath.

Section 17-32-1, Appointment of bail commissioners.

Section 17-32-2, Collection of fines by bail commissioners -- Disposition.

Section 17-32-3, Term of bail commissioners -- No additional compensation -
Bond and oath.

Section 17-32-4, Oaths and bonds to be filed.