1	HEALTH EDUCATION AMENDMENTS
2	2023 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Carol S. Moss
5	Senate Sponsor: Kirk A. Cullimore
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill amends provisions related to health education.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	 defines terms;
13	 requires the State Board of Education to establish curriculum requirements that
14	include instruction in:
15	 sexual assault resource strategies;
16	 sexual violence behavior prevention; and
17	 the legal implications of electronically distributing sexually explicit images;
18	 amends provisions related to when a student receives health education instruction;
19	 requires a local education agency (LEA) to:
20	• review data, including data on sexual assault, for each county in which the LEA
21	is located;
22	• use the reviewed data to inform the LEA's policies on health education; and
23	• as appropriate, incorporate the data into health education; and
24	 makes technical and conforming changes.
25	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
26	None
27	Other Special Clauses:



None
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
53G-10-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapters 354, 408
53G-10-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 293
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 53G-10-402 is amended to read:
53G-10-402. Instruction in health Parental consent requirements Conduct
and speech of school employees and volunteers Political and religious doctrine
prohibited.
(1) As used in this section:
(a) "Emotional manipulation" means seeking power over an individual through
dishonest or exploitative strategies using emotion to influence behavior or ideas.
(b) "Grooming" means a pattern of behavior in which an individual engages using
authority or influence, based on age or other factors, to normalize unwanted sexual advances or
contact.
[(a)] (c) "LEA governing board" means a local school board or charter school
governing board.
[(b)] (d) "Refusal skills" means instruction:
(i) in a student's ability to clearly and expressly refuse sexual advances by a minor or
adult;
(ii) in a student's obligation to stop the student's sexual advances if refused by another
individual;
(iii) informing a student of the student's right to report and seek counseling for
unwanted sexual advances;
(iv) in sexual harassment; and
(v) informing a student that a student may not consent to criminally prohibited
activities or activities for which the student is legally prohibited from giving consent, including
the electronic transmission of sexually explicit images by an individual of the individual or
another.

59	(e) "Sexual assault resource strategies" means tools for addressing physical and
60	psychological effects of sexual assault.
61	(f) (i) "Sexual coercion" means:
62	(A) the use of unreasonable pressure in an effort to compel an individual to initiate or
63	continue sexual activity against the individual's will; or
64	(B) words or conduct that wrongfully impair another individual's freedom of will and
65	ability to choose to refuse to engage in sexual activity.
66	(ii) "Sexual coercion" includes, for the purpose of encouraging an individual to engage
67	in sexual activity:
68	(A) intimidation, manipulation, or blackmail;
69	(B) threats of emotional or physical harm;
70	(C) threatening to disclose the individual's private sexual information; and
71	(D) threats of self-harm.
72	(g) "Sexual violence behavior prevention education" means instruction that:
73	(i) leads to a student understanding:
74	(A) that the student has a right to refuse any kind of physical touch from another
75	individual;
76	(B) how to effectively communicate to others about the student's boundaries; and
77	(C) the student's responsibility to respect other individuals' boundaries;
78	(ii) is free from victim shaming;
79	(iii) provides information about the early signs of:
80	(A) sexual coercion;
81	(B) emotional manipulation; and
82	(C) grooming strategies; and
83	(iv) may include instruction in refusal skills.
84	(2) (a) The state board shall establish curriculum requirements under Section
85	53E-3-501 that include instruction in:
86	(i) community and personal health;
87	(ii) physiology;
88	(iii) personal hygiene;
89	(iv) prevention of communicable disease;

90	(v) refusal skills; [and]
91	(vi) the harmful effects of pornography[-];
92	(vii) the legal implications of electronically distributing sexually explicit images of the
93	individual who is distributing the images or of another individual;
94	(viii) sexual assault resource strategies; and
95	(ix) sexual violence behavior prevention education.
96	(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
97	state board shall make rules that, and instruction shall:
98	(i) stress the importance of abstinence from all sexual activity before marriage and
99	fidelity after marriage as methods for preventing certain communicable diseases;
100	(ii) stress personal skills that encourage individual choice of abstinence and fidelity;
101	(iii) prohibit instruction in:
102	(A) the intricacies of intercourse, sexual stimulation, or erotic behavior;
103	(B) the advocacy of premarital or extramarital sexual activity; or
104	(C) the advocacy or encouragement of the use of contraceptive methods or devices; and
105	(iv) except as provided in Subsection (2)(d), allow instruction to include information
106	about contraceptive methods or devices that stresses effectiveness, limitations, risks, and
107	information on state law applicable to minors obtaining contraceptive methods or devices.
108	(c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
109	state board shall make rules for an LEA governing board that adopts instructional materials
110	under Subsection (2)(g)(ii) that:
111	(i) require the LEA governing board to report on the materials selected and the LEA
112	governing board's compliance with Subsection (2)(h); and
113	(ii) provide for an appeal and review process of the LEA governing board's adoption of
114	instructional materials.
115	(d) The state board may not require an LEA to teach or adopt instructional materials
116	that include information on contraceptive methods or devices.
117	(e) (i) At no time may instruction be provided, including responses to spontaneous
118	questions raised by students, regarding any means or methods that facilitate or encourage the
119	violation of any state or federal criminal law by a minor or an adult.
120	(ii) Subsection (2)(e)(i) does not preclude an instructor from responding to a

121	spontaneous question as long as the response is consistent with the provisions of this section.
122	(f) The state board shall recommend instructional materials for use in the curricula
123	required under Subsection (2)(a) after considering evaluations of instructional materials by the
124	State Instructional Materials Commission.
125	(g) An LEA governing board may choose to adopt:
126	(i) the instructional materials recommended under Subsection (2)(f); or
127	(ii) other instructional materials in accordance with Subsection (2)(h).
128	(h) An LEA governing board that adopts instructional materials under Subsection
129	(2)(g)(ii) shall:
130	(i) ensure that the materials comply with state law and board rules;
131	(ii) base the adoption of the materials on the recommendations of the LEA governing
132	board's Curriculum Materials Review Committee; and
133	(iii) adopt the instructional materials in an open and regular meeting of the LEA
134	governing board for which prior notice is given to parents of students attending the respective
135	schools and an opportunity for parents to express their views and opinions on the materials at
136	the meeting.
137	(3) (a) A student shall receive <u>age-appropriate</u> instruction in the courses described in
138	Subsection (2) on at least two occasions during the period that begins with the beginning of
139	grade [8] $\underline{7}$ and <u>ends with</u> the end of grade 12.
140	(b) At the request of the state board, the Department of Health and Human Services
141	shall cooperate with the state board in developing programs to provide instruction in those
142	areas.
143	(4) (a) The state board shall adopt rules that:
144	(i) provide that the parental consent requirements of Sections 76-7-322 and 76-7-323
145	are complied with; and
146	(ii) require a student's parent to be notified in advance and have an opportunity to
147	review the information for which parental consent is required under Sections 76-7-322 and
148	76-7-323.
149	(b) The state board shall also provide procedures for disciplinary action for violation of
150	Section 76-7-322 or 76-7-323.
151	(5) (a) In keeping with the requirements of Section $53G-10-204$, and because school

- employees and volunteers serve as examples to their students, school employees or volunteers
 acting in their official capacities may not support or encourage criminal conduct by students,
 teachers, or volunteers.
- (b) To ensure the effective performance of school personnel, the limitations described
 in Subsection (5)(a) also apply to a school employee or volunteer acting outside of the school
 employee's or volunteer's official capacities if:
- (i) the employee or volunteer knew or should have known that the employee's or
 volunteer's action could result in a material and substantial interference or disruption in the
 normal activities of the school; and
- (ii) that action does result in a material and substantial interference or disruption in thenormal activities of the school.
- (c) The state board or an LEA governing board may not allow training of school
 employees or volunteers that supports or encourages criminal conduct.
- 165 (d) The state board shall adopt, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah166 Administrative Rulemaking Act, rules implementing this section.
- (e) Nothing in this section limits the ability or authority of the state board or an LEA
 governing board to enact and enforce rules or take actions that are otherwise lawful, regarding
 educators', employees', or volunteers' qualifications or behavior evidencing unfitness for duty.
- 170 (6) Except as provided in Section 53G-10-202, political, atheistic, sectarian, religious,
 171 or denominational doctrine may not be taught in the public schools.
- (7) (a) An LEA governing board and an LEA governing board's employees shall
 cooperate and share responsibility in carrying out the purposes of this chapter.
- (b) An LEA governing board shall provide appropriate professional development for
 the LEA governing board's teachers, counselors, and school administrators to enable them to
 understand, protect, and properly instruct students in the values and character traits referred to
 in this section and Sections 53E-9-202, 53E-9-203, 53G-10-202, 53G-10-203, 53G-10-204,
 and 53G-10-205, and distribute appropriate written materials on the values, character traits, and
 conduct to each individual receiving the professional development.
- (c) An LEA governing board shall make the written materials described in Subsection
 (7)(b) available to classified employees, students, and parents of students.
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- (d) In order to assist an LEA governing board in providing the professional

183	development required under Subsection (7)(b), the state board shall, as appropriate, contract
184	with a qualified individual or entity possessing expertise in the areas referred to in Subsection
185	(7)(b) to develop and disseminate model teacher professional development programs that an
186	LEA governing board may use to train the individuals referred to in Subsection (7)(b) to
187	effectively teach the values and qualities of character referenced in this Subsection (7).
188	(e) In accordance with the provisions of Subsection (5)(c), professional development
189	may not support or encourage criminal conduct.
190	(8) (a) An LEA governing board shall review every two years:
191	[(a)] (i) LEA governing board policies on instruction described in this section;
192	[(b)] (ii) for a local school board, data for each county that the school district is located
193	in, or, for a charter school governing board, data for the county in which the charter school is
194	located, on the following:
195	[(i)] (A) teen pregnancy;
196	[(ii)] <u>(B)</u> child sexual abuse; and
197	[(iii)] (C) sexually transmitted diseases and sexually transmitted infections; and
198	[(c)] (iii) the number of pornography complaints or other instances reported within the
199	jurisdiction of the LEA governing board.
200	(b) An LEA governing board shall:
201	(i) use the data reviewed under Subsection (8)(a)(ii) to inform the policies described in
202	Subsection (8)(a)(i); and
203	(ii) incorporate the data reviewed under Subsection (8)(a)(ii) into the instruction
204	described in this section as the LEA governing board determines is appropriate.
205	(9) If any one or more provision, subsection, sentence, clause, phrase, or word of this
206	section, or the application thereof to any person or circumstance, is found to be
207	unconstitutional, the balance of this section shall be given effect without the invalid provision,
208	subsection, sentence, clause, phrase, or word.
209	Section 2. Section 53G-10-403 is amended to read:
210	53G-10-403. Required parental consent for sex education instruction.
211	(1) As used in this section:
212	(a) (i) "Sex education instruction" means any course material, unit, class, lesson,
213	activity, or presentation that, as the focus of the discussion, provides instruction or information

214	to a student about:
215	(A) sexual abstinence;
216	(B) human sexuality;
217	(C) human reproduction;
218	(D) reproductive anatomy;
219	(E) physiology;
220	(F) pregnancy;
221	(G) marriage;
222	(H) childbirth;
223	(I) parenthood;
224	(J) contraception;
225	(K) HIV/AIDS;
226	(L) sexually transmitted diseases; [or]
227	(M) refusal skills, sexual assault resource strategies, and sexual violence behavior
228	prevention education, as those terms are defined in Section 53G-10-402; or
229	(N) the electronic transmission of sexually explicit images of the individual
230	distributing the images or another individual.
231	(ii) "Sex education instruction" does not include child sexual abuse prevention
232	instruction described in Section 53G-9-207.
233	(b) "School" means the same as that term is defined in Section $53G-10-205$.
234	(2) A school shall obtain prior written consent from a student's parent before the school
235	may provide sex education instruction to the student.
236	(3) If a student's parent chooses not to have the student participate in sex education
237	instruction, a school shall:
238	(a) waive the requirement for the student to participate in the sex education instruction;
239	or
240	(b) provide the student with a reasonable alternative to the sex education instruction
241	requirement.
242	(4) In cooperation with the student's teacher or school, a parent shall take responsibility
243	for the parent's student's sex education instruction if a school:
244	(a) waives the student's sex education instruction requirement in Subsection (3)(a); or

- (b) provides the student with a reasonable alternative to the sex education instructionrequirement described in Subsection (3)(b).
- 247 (5) A student's academic or citizenship performance may not be penalized if the
- student's parent chooses not to have the student participate in sex education instruction as
- 249 described in Subsection (3).