# HB0335S01 compared with HB0335

{deleted text} shows text that was in HB0335 but was deleted in HB0335S01.

inserted text shows text that was not in HB0335 but was inserted into HB0335S01.

DISCLAIMER: This document is provided to assist you in your comparison of the two bills. Sometimes this automated comparison will NOT be completely accurate. Therefore, you need to read the actual bills. This automatically generated document could contain inaccuracies caused by: limitations of the compare program; bad input data; or other causes.

Representative Ryan D. Wilcox proposes the following substitute bill:

# ALTERNATIVE CONCURRENT ENROLLMENT OPTIONS FOR CAPACITY FLEXIBILITY

2023 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Ryan D. Wilcox

Senate Sponsor: Ann Millner

#### LONG TITLE

# **General Description:**

This bill amends provisions related to concurrent enrollment courses.

### **Highlighted Provisions:**

This bill:

- provides that a local education agency (LEA) may contract with a nondesignated institution of higher education to provide concurrent enrollment courses under certain circumstances; and
- makes technical and conforming changes.

### **Money Appropriated in this Bill:**

None

# HB0335S01 compared with HB0335

### **Other Special Clauses:**

None

#### **Utah Code Sections Affected:**

AMENDS:

**53E-10-303**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 365

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

Section 1. Section 53E-10-303 is amended to read:

# 53E-10-303. Designated institution of higher education -- Concurrent enrollment course right of first refusal.

- (1) As used in this section, "designated institution of higher education" means an institution of higher education that is designated by the Utah Board of Higher Education to provide a course or program of study within a specific geographic region.
- (2) To offer a concurrent enrollment course, an LEA shall contact the LEA's designated institution of higher education to request that the designated institution of higher education contract with the LEA to provide the concurrent enrollment course.
- (3) [H] Except as provided in Subsection (4), if the LEA's designated institution of higher education chooses to offer the concurrent enrollment course, the LEA shall contract with the LEA's designated institution of higher education to provide the concurrent enrollment course.
- (4) An LEA may contract with an institution of higher education that is not the LEA's designated institution of higher education to provide a concurrent enrollment course if the LEA's designated institution of higher education:
  - (a) chooses not to offer the concurrent enrollment course proposed by the LEA; [or]
- (b) fails to respond to the LEA's request under Subsection (2) within 30 days after the day on which the LEA contacts the designated institution of higher education[-]; for

<del>(c)</del>

- (c) uses instructional materials in a course that are sensitive materials, as defined in Section 53G-10-103, or that are materials otherwise prohibited by state law or state board rule for use in kindergarten through grade 12;
  - (d) reaches the institution of higher education's enrolled student capacity for the

# HB0335S01 compared with HB0335

concurrent enrollment course; {and}or

(\fd\)e) prohibits an LEA with an eligible instructor, as described in \frac{\text{Subsection}\text{Section}}{\text{Section}\text{Section}} \frac{53E-10-302\fmathbf{(6)}\text{}}{(6)}, from expanding the concurrent enrollment course to eligible students.