

26	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
27	AMENDS:
28	63I-1-277, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 384 and last amended by
29	Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 384
30	631-1-278, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapters 188, 318, 384, and 423
31	77-40a-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapters 116, 430 and renumbered
32	and amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 250
33	77-40a-301, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 250
34	77-40a-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 384 and renumbered and
35	amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 250 and last amended by Coordination
36	Clause, Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 384
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38	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
39	Section 1. Section <b>63I-1-277</b> is amended to read:
40	63I-1-277. Repeal dates: Title 77.
41	[Subsection 77-40a-304(5), regarding the suspension of issuance fees for certificates of
42	eligibility, is repealed on July 1, 2023.]
43	Section 2. Section <b>63I-1-278</b> is amended to read:
44	63I-1-278. Repeal dates: Title 78A and Title 78B.
45	(1) Subsections 78A-2-301(4) and 78A-2-301.5(12), regarding the suspension of filing
46	fees for petitions for expungement, are repealed on [July 1, 2023] May 3, 2023.
47	(2) Section 78B-3-421, regarding medical malpractice arbitration agreements, is
48	repealed July 1, 2029.
49	(3) Subsection 78A-7-106(6), regarding the transfer of a criminal action involving a
50	domestic violence offense from the justice court to the district court, is repealed on July 1,
51	2024.
52	(4) Section 78B-4-518, regarding the limitation on employer liability for an employee
53	convicted of an offense, is repealed on July 1, 2025.
54	(5) Title 78B, Chapter 6, Part 2, Alternative Dispute Resolution Act, is repealed July 1,
55	2026.
56	(6) Title 78B, Chapter 12, Part 4, Advisory Committee, which creates the Child

31	Support Guidelines Advisory Committee, is repealed July 1, 2020.
58	(7) Section 78B-22-805, regarding the Interdisciplinary Parental Representation Pilot
59	Program, is repealed December 31, 2024.
60	Section 3. Section 77-40a-101 is amended to read:
61	77-40a-101. Definitions.
62	As used in this chapter:
63	(1) "Agency" means a state, county, or local government entity that generates or
64	maintains records relating to an investigation, arrest, detention, or conviction for an offense for
65	which expungement may be ordered.
66	(2) "Bureau" means the Bureau of Criminal Identification of the Department of Public
67	Safety established in Section 53-10-201.
68	(3) "Certificate of eligibility" means a document issued by the bureau stating that the
69	criminal record and all records of arrest, investigation, and detention associated with a case that
70	is the subject of a petition for expungement is eligible for expungement.
71	(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(c), "clean slate eligible case" means a
72	case:
73	(i) where each conviction within the case is:
74	(A) a misdemeanor conviction for possession of a controlled substance in violation of
75	Subsection 58-37-8(2)(a)(i);
76	(B) a class B or class C misdemeanor conviction; or
77	(C) an infraction conviction;
78	(ii) before July 1, 2025, that involves an individual:
79	(A) whose total number of convictions in Utah state courts, not including infractions,
80	traffic offenses, or minor regulatory offenses, does not exceed the limits described in
81	Subsections 77-40a-303(5) and (6) without taking into consideration the exception in
82	Subsection 77-40a-303(8); and
83	(B) against whom no criminal proceedings are pending in the state; [and]
84	(iii) beginning on July 1, 2025, that involves an individual:
85	(A) whose total number of convictions in Utah state courts, not including infractions,
86	traffic offenses, or minor regulatory offenses, does not exceed the limits described in
۶7	Subsections 77-40a-303(5) and (6) without taking into consideration the exception in

88	Subsection 77-40a-303(8);
89	(B) against whom no criminal proceedings are pending in the state; and
90	(C) who is not currently incarcerated, on probation, or on parole; and
91	[(iii)] (iv) for which the following time periods have elapsed from the day on which the
92	case is adjudicated:
93	(A) at least five years for a class C misdemeanor or an infraction;
94	(B) at least six years for a class B misdemeanor; and
95	(C) at least seven years for a class A conviction for possession of a controlled
96	substance in violation of Subsection 58-37-8(2)(a)(i).
97	(b) "Clean slate eligible case" includes a case:
98	(i) that is dismissed as a result of a successful completion of a plea in abeyance
99	agreement governed by Subsection 77-2a-3(2)(b) if:
100	(A) except as provided in Subsection (4)(c), each charge within the case is a
101	misdemeanor for possession of a controlled substance in violation of Subsection
102	58-37-8(2)(a)(i), a class B or class C misdemeanor, or an infraction;
103	(B) the individual involved meets the requirements of Subsection (4)(a)(ii) or
104	(4)(a)(iii), as applicable; and
105	(C) the time periods described in Subsections $[(4)(a)(iii)(A)]$ $(4)(a)(iv)(A)$ through (C)
106	have elapsed from the day on which the case is dismissed; or
107	(ii) where charges are dismissed without prejudice if each conviction, or charge that
108	was dismissed, in the case would otherwise meet the requirements under Subsection (4)(a) or
109	(b)(i).
110	(c) "Clean slate eligible case" does not include a case:
111	(i) where the individual is found not guilty by reason of insanity;
112	(ii) where the case establishes a criminal accounts receivable, as defined in Section
113	77-32b-102, that:
114	(A) has been entered as a civil accounts receivable or a civil judgment of restitution, as
115	those terms are defined in Section 77-32b-102, and transferred to the Office of State Debt
116	Collection under Section 77-18-114; or
117	(B) has not been satisfied according to court records; or
118	(iii) that resulted in one or more pleas held in abeyance or convictions for the following

119	offenses:
120	(A) any of the offenses listed in Subsection 77-40a-303(1)(a);
121	(B) an offense against the person in violation of Title 76, Chapter 5, Offenses Against
122	the Individual;
123	(C) a weapons offense in violation of Title 76, Chapter 10, Part 5, Weapons;
124	(D) sexual battery in violation of Section 76-9-702.1;
125	(E) an act of lewdness in violation of Section 76-9-702 or 76-9-702.5;
126	(F) an offense in violation of Title 41, Chapter 6a, Part 5, Driving Under the Influence
127	and Reckless Driving;
128	(G) damage to or interruption of a communication device in violation of Section
129	76-6-108;
130	(H) a domestic violence offense as defined in Section 77-36-1; or
131	(I) any other offense classified in the Utah Code as a felony or a class A misdemeanor
132	other than a class A misdemeanor conviction for possession of a controlled substance in
133	violation of Subsection 58-37-8(2)(a)(i).
134	(5) "Conviction" means judgment by a criminal court on a verdict or finding of guilty
135	after trial, a plea of guilty, or a plea of nolo contendere.
136	(6) "Criminal protective order" means the same as that term is defined in Section
137	78B-7-102.
138	(7) "Criminal stalking injunction" means the same as that term is defined in Section
139	78B-7-102.
140	(8) "Department" means the Department of Public Safety established in Section
141	53-1-103.
142	(9) "Drug possession offense" means an offense under:
143	(a) Subsection 58-37-8(2), except:
144	(i) any offense under Subsection 58-37-8(2)(b)(i), possession of 100 pounds or more of
145	marijuana;
146	(ii) any offense enhanced under Subsection 58-37-8(2)(e), violation in a correctional
147	facility; or
148	(iii) driving with a controlled substance illegally in the person's body and negligently
149	causing serious bodily injury or death of another, as codified before May 4, 2022, Laws of Utah

150 2021, Chapter 236, Section 1, Subsection 58-37-8(2)(g); 151 (b) Subsection 58-37a-5(1), use or possession of drug paraphernalia; 152 (c) Section 58-37b-6, possession or use of an imitation controlled substance; or 153 (d) any local ordinance which is substantially similar to any of the offenses described 154 in this Subsection (9). 155 (10) "Expunge" means to seal or otherwise restrict access to the individual's record 156 held by an agency when the record includes a criminal investigation, detention, arrest, or 157 conviction. 158 (11) "Indigent" means a court found a petitioner financially unable to pay the fee to file 159 a petition for expungement under Section 78A-2-302. 160 [(11)] (12) "Jurisdiction" means a state, district, province, political subdivision, 161 territory, or possession of the United States or any foreign country. 162  $[\frac{(12)}{(13)}]$  (13) (a) Except as provided in Subsection  $[\frac{(12)(c)}{(13)}]$  (13)(c), "minor regulatory offense" means a class B or C misdemeanor or a local ordinance. 163 164 (b) "Minor regulatory offense" includes an offense under Section 76-9-701 or 165 76-10-105. 166 (c) "Minor regulatory offense" does not include: 167 (i) any drug possession offense; 168 (ii) an offense under Title 41, Chapter 6a, Part 5, Driving Under the Influence and 169 Reckless Driving; 170 (iii) an offense under Sections 73-18-13 through 73-18-13.6; (iv) except as provided in Subsection [(12)(b)] (13)(b), an offense under Title 76, Utah 171 172 Criminal Code; or 173 (v) any local ordinance that is substantially similar to an offense listed in Subsections 174  $[\frac{(12)(c)(i)}{(13)(c)(i)}]$  (13)(c)(i) through (iv). 175 [(13)] (14) "Petitioner" means an individual applying for expungement under this 176 chapter. [(14)] (15) (a) "Traffic offense" means: 177 178 (i) all infractions, class B misdemeanors, and class C misdemeanors in Title 41, 179 Chapter 6a, Traffic Code: 180 (ii) an offense under Title 53, Chapter 3, Part 2, Driver Licensing Act;

181	(iii) an offense under Title 73, Chapter 18, State Boating Act; and
182	(iv) all local ordinances that are substantially similar to an offense listed in Subsections
183	$[\frac{(14)(a)(i)}{(15)(a)(i)}]$ through (iii).
184	(b) "Traffic offense" does not mean:
185	(i) an offense under Title 41, Chapter 6a, Part 5, Driving Under the Influence and
186	Reckless Driving;
187	(ii) an offense under Sections 73-18-13 through 73-18-13.6; or
188	(iii) any local ordinance that is substantially similar to an offense listed in Subsection
189	$[\frac{(14)(b)(i)}{(15)(b)(i)}$ or (ii).
190	$[\frac{(15)}{(16)}]$ "Traffic offense case" means that each offense in the case is a traffic
191	offense.
192	Section 4. Section 77-40a-301 is amended to read:
193	77-40a-301. Application for certificate of eligibility for expungement Penalty
194	for false or misleading information on application.
195	(1) If an individual seeks to expunge the individual's criminal record in regard to an
196	arrest, investigation, detention, or conviction, the individual shall:
197	(a) except as provided in Subsection 77-40a-305(3) or (4), apply to the bureau for a
198	certificate of eligibility for expungement of the criminal record and pay the application fee as
199	described in Section 77-40a-304;
200	(b) if the individual is qualified to receive a certificate of eligibility, except as provided
201	in Subsection 77-40a-304(2)(d) or (5), pay the issuance fee for the certificate of eligibility as
202	described in Section 77-40a-304; and
203	(c) file a petition for expungement in accordance with Section 77-40a-305.
204	(2) (a) An individual who intentionally or knowingly provides any false or misleading
205	information to the bureau when applying for a certificate of eligibility is guilty of a class B
206	misdemeanor and subject to prosecution under Section 76-8-504.6.
207	(b) Regardless of whether the individual is prosecuted, the bureau may deny a
208	certificate of eligibility to anyone who knowingly provides false information on an application.
209	Section 5. Section 77-40a-304 is amended to read:
210	77-40a-304. Certificate of eligibility process Issuance of certificate Fees
211	Waiver of issuance fee.

- (1) (a) When a petitioner applies for a certificate of eligibility as described in Subsection 77-40a-301(1), the bureau shall perform a check of records of governmental agencies, including national criminal data bases, to determine whether the petitioner is eligible to receive a certificate of eligibility under this chapter.
- (b) For purposes of determining eligibility under this chapter, the bureau may review records of arrest, investigation, detention, and conviction that have been previously expunged, regardless of the jurisdiction in which the expungement occurred.
  - (c) Once the eligibility process is complete, the bureau shall notify the petitioner.
  - (d) If the petitioner meets all of the criteria under Section 77-40a-302 or 77-40a-303:
- (i) the bureau shall issue a certificate of eligibility that is valid for a period of 180 days from the day on which the certificate is issued;
- (ii) the bureau shall provide a petitioner with an identification number for the certificate of eligibility; and
- (iii) the petitioner shall pay the issuance fee established by the department as described in Subsection (2).
- (e) If, after reasonable research, a disposition for an arrest on the criminal history file is unobtainable, the bureau may issue a special certificate giving determination of eligibility to the court if:
- (i) there are no criminal proceedings or pleas in abeyance pending against the petitioner; and
  - (ii) the petitioner is not currently on probation or parole.
- (2) (a) The bureau shall charge application and issuance fees for a certificate of eligibility or special certificate in accordance with the process in Section 63J-1-504.
- (b) The application fee shall be paid at the time the petitioner submits an application for a certificate of eligibility to the bureau.
- (c) [Hf] Except as provided in Subsection (2)(d), if the bureau determines that the issuance of a certificate of eligibility or special certificate is appropriate, the petitioner [will be charged] shall pay an additional fee for the issuance of a certificate of eligibility or special certificate [unless Subsection (2)(d) applies].
- (d) [An issuance fee may not be assessed against a petitioner who] The bureau shall issue a certificate of eligibility or special certificate without requiring payment of the issuance

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243	fee if the petitioner:
244	(i) qualifies for a certificate of eligibility under Section 77-40a-302 unless the charges
245	were dismissed pursuant to a plea in abeyance agreement under Title 77, Chapter 2a, Pleas in
246	Abeyance, or a diversion agreement under Title 77, Chapter 2, Prosecution, Screening, and
247	Diversion[-]; or
248	(ii) indicates on the application for a certificate of eligibility that the petitioner
249	reasonably believes, as of the date of the application, that the fee to file a petition for
250	expungement is likely to be waived by a court because the petitioner is indigent.
251	(e) Funds generated under this Subsection (2) shall be deposited [in] into the General
252	Fund as a dedicated credit by the department to cover the costs incurred in determining
253	eligibility.
254	(3) The bureau shall include on the certificate of eligibility all information that is
255	needed for the court to issue a valid expungement order.
256	(4) The bureau shall provide clear written instructions to the petitioner that explain:
257	(a) the process for a petition for expungement; and
258	(b) what is required of the petitioner to complete the process for a petition for
259	expungement.
260	(5) If the bureau issues a certificate of eligibility or a special certificate without
261	requiring payment of the issuance fee under Subsection (2)(d)(ii), the bureau shall charge the
262	petitioner the issuance fee upon the bureau's receipt of an order deciding a petition for
263	expungement unless the court communicates to the bureau that the fee to file the petition for
264	expungement was waived because the petitioner is indigent.
265	(6) (a) If the petitioner qualifies for a waiver of the issuance fee under Subsection (5)
266	and the order grants the petition for expungement, the bureau shall process the order in

- accordance with Section 77-40a-401 as if the petitioner paid the issuance fee.
- (b) If the petitioner does not qualify for a waiver of the issuance fee under Subsection (5) and the order grants the petition for expungement, the bureau may not process the order in accordance with Section 77-40a-401 until the petitioner pays the issuance fee.
- (7) If, under Subsection (2)(d)(ii), the bureau issues a certificate of eligibility or special certificate without requiring payment of the issuance fee, the bureau may not charge the petitioner an issuance fee on the grounds that the validity of the certificate described in

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274	Subsection (1)(d)(i) has expired.
275	[(5) (a) The requirement for a petitioner to pay an issuance fee for a certificate of
276	eligibility or a special certificate of eligibility under Subsection (2) is suspended from May 4,
277	<del>2022, to June 30, 2023.</del> ]
278	[(b) The bureau may not charge a fee for the issuance of a certificate of eligibility or a
279	special certificate of eligibility during the time period described in Subsection (5)(a).]