

Representative Casey Snider proposes the following substitute bill:

WATER REUSE PROJECTS AMENDMENTS

2023 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Casey Snider

Senate Sponsor: _____

LONG TITLE

General Description:

This bill addresses approval of water reuse projects.

Highlighted Provisions:

This bill:

- ▶ defines a term;
- ▶ addresses approval of water reuse projects, including providing that the director of the Division of Water Quality approves;
- ▶ prohibits approval of certain water reuse projects impacting the Great Salt Lake;
- ▶ authorizes rulemaking;
- ▶ creates exceptions;
- ▶ addresses water replacement plans;
- ▶ provides for investigation of water reuse impacts as part of the integrated assessment of the Great Salt Lake; and
- ▶ makes technical changes.

Money Appropriated in this Bill:

None

Other Special Clauses:

None



26 **Utah Code Sections Affected:**

27 AMENDS:

28 **19-5-104**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 256

29 **19-5-106**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 360

30 **73-3c-102**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 179

31 **73-3c-301**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382

32 **73-3c-302**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382

33 **73-3c-304**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 179

34 **73-10g-402**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 81

35 ENACTS:

36 **73-3c-103**, Utah Code Annotated 1953



38 *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:*

39 Section 1. Section **19-5-104** is amended to read:

40 **19-5-104. Powers and duties of board.**

41 (1) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
42 board may make rules that:

43 (a) taking into account Subsection (6):

44 (i) implement the awarding of construction loans to political subdivisions and
45 municipal authorities under Section **11-8-2**, including:

46 (A) requirements pertaining to applications for a loan;

47 (B) requirements for determination of an eligible project;

48 (C) requirements for determination of the costs upon which a loan is based, which
49 costs may include engineering, financial, legal, and administrative expenses necessary for the
50 construction, reconstruction, and improvement of a sewage treatment plant, including a major
51 interceptor, collection system, or other facility appurtenant to the plant;

52 (D) a priority schedule for awarding loans, in which the board may consider, in
53 addition to water pollution control needs, any financial needs relevant, including per capita
54 cost, in making a determination of priority; and

55 (E) requirements for determination of the amount of the loan;

56 (ii) implement the awarding of loans for nonpoint source projects pursuant to Section

57 73-10c-4.5;

58 (iii) set effluent limitations and standards subject to Section 19-5-116;

59 (iv) implement or effectuate the powers and duties of the board; and

60 (v) protect the public health for the design, construction, operation, and maintenance of
61 underground wastewater disposal systems, liquid scavenger operations, and vault and earthen
62 pit privies;

63 (b) govern inspection, monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting requirements for
64 underground injections and require permits for underground injections, to protect drinking
65 water sources, except for wells, pits, and ponds covered by Section 40-6-5 regarding gas and
66 oil, recognizing that underground injection endangers drinking water sources if:

67 (i) injection may result in the presence of a contaminant in underground water that
68 supplies or can reasonably be expected to supply a public water system, as defined in Section
69 19-4-102; and

70 (ii) the presence of the contaminant may:

71 (A) result in the public water system not complying with any national primary drinking
72 water standards; or

73 (B) otherwise adversely affect the health of persons;

74 (c) govern sewage sludge management, including permitting, inspecting, monitoring,
75 recordkeeping, and reporting requirements; and

76 (d) notwithstanding Section 19-4-112, govern design and construction of irrigation
77 systems that:

78 (i) convey sewage treatment facility effluent of human origin in pipelines under
79 pressure, unless contained in surface pipes wholly on private property and for agricultural
80 purposes; and

81 (ii) are constructed after May 4, 1998.

82 (2) (a) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
83 the board shall adopt and enforce rules and establish fees to cover the costs of:

84 (i) managing the certification and testing program; and

85 (ii) testing for certification of operators of treatment works and sewerage systems
86 operated by political subdivisions.

87 (b) In establishing certification rules under Subsection (2)(a), the board shall:

88 (i) base the requirements for certification on the size, treatment process type, and
89 complexity of the treatment works and sewerage systems operated by political subdivisions;

90 (ii) allow operators until three years after the date of adoption of the rules to obtain
91 initial certification;

92 (iii) allow a new operator one year from the date the operator is hired by a treatment
93 plant or sewerage system or three years after the date of adoption of the rules, whichever occurs
94 later, to obtain certification;

95 (iv) issue certification upon application and without testing, at a grade level
96 comparable to the grade of current certification to operators who are currently certified under
97 the voluntary certification plan for wastewater works operators as recognized by the board; and

98 (v) issue a certification upon application and without testing that is valid only at the
99 treatment works or sewerage system where that operator is currently employed if the operator:

100 (A) is in charge of and responsible for the treatment works or sewerage system on
101 March 16, 1991;

102 (B) has been employed at least 10 years in the operation of that treatment works or
103 sewerage system before March 16, 1991; and

104 (C) demonstrates to the board the operator's capability to operate the treatment works
105 or sewerage system at which the operator is currently employed by providing employment
106 history and references as required by the board.

107 (3) The board shall:

108 (a) develop programs for the prevention, control, and abatement of new or existing
109 pollution of the waters of the state;

110 (b) adopt, modify, or repeal standards of quality of the waters of the state and classify
111 those waters according to their reasonable uses in the interest of the public under conditions the
112 board may prescribe for the prevention, control, and abatement of pollution;

113 (c) give reasonable consideration in the exercise of its powers and duties to the
114 economic impact of water pollution control on industry and agriculture;

115 (d) meet the requirements of federal law related to water pollution;

116 (e) establish and conduct a continuing planning process for control of water pollution,
117 including the specification and implementation of maximum daily loads of pollutants;

118 ~~[(f) (i) approve, approve in part, approve with conditions, or deny, in writing, an~~

119 application for water reuse under Title 73, Chapter 3c, Wastewater Reuse Act; and]
120 [~~(ii) issue an operating permit for water reuse under Title 73, Chapter 3c, Wastewater~~
121 ~~Reuse Act;~~]
122 [~~(g)~~] (f) (i) review total daily maximum load reports and recommendations for water
123 quality end points and implementation strategies developed by the division before submission
124 of the report, recommendation, or implementation strategy to the EPA;
125 (ii) disapprove, approve, or approve with conditions the staff total daily maximum load
126 recommendations; and
127 (iii) provide suggestions for further consideration to the Division of Water Quality in
128 the event a total daily maximum load strategy is rejected; and
129 [~~(h)~~] (g) to ensure compliance with applicable statutes and regulations:
130 (i) review a settlement negotiated by the director in accordance with Subsection
131 19-5-106(2)(k) that requires a civil penalty of \$25,000 or more; and
132 (ii) approve or disapprove the settlement described in Subsection [~~(3)(h)(i).~~] (3)(g)(i).
133 (4) The board may:
134 (a) order the director to issue, modify, or revoke an order:
135 (i) prohibiting or abating discharges;
136 (ii) (A) requiring the construction of new treatment works or any parts of the new
137 treatment works;
138 (B) requiring the modification, extension, or alteration of existing treatment works as
139 specified by board rule or any parts of existing treatment works; or
140 (C) the adoption of other remedial measures to prevent, control, or abate pollution;
141 (iii) setting standards of water quality, classifying waters or evidencing any other
142 determination by the board under this chapter; or
143 (iv) requiring compliance with this chapter and with rules made under this chapter;
144 (b) advise, consult, and cooperate with another agency of the state, the federal
145 government, another state, an interstate agency, an affected group, an affected political
146 subdivision, or affected industry to further the purposes of this chapter; or
147 (c) delegate the authority to issue an operating permit to a local health department.
148 (5) In performing the duties listed in Subsections (1) through (4), the board shall give
149 priority to pollution that results in a hazard to the public health.

- 150 (6) The board shall take into consideration the availability of federal grants:
- 151 (a) in determining eligible project costs; and
- 152 (b) in establishing priorities pursuant to Subsection (1)(a)(i).
- 153 (7) The board may not issue, amend, renew, modify, revoke, or terminate any of the
- 154 following that are subject to the authority granted to the director under Section 19-5-106:
- 155 (a) a permit;
- 156 (b) a license;
- 157 (c) a registration;
- 158 (d) a certification; or
- 159 (e) another administrative authorization made by the director.
- 160 (8) A board member may not speak or act for the board unless the board member is
- 161 authorized by a majority of a quorum of the board in a vote taken at a meeting of the board.

162 Section 2. Section 19-5-106 is amended to read:

163 **19-5-106. Director -- Appointment -- Duties.**

- 164 (1) The executive director shall appoint the director. The director shall serve under the
- 165 administrative direction of the executive director.
- 166 (2) The director shall:
- 167 (a) develop programs for the prevention, control, and abatement of new or existing
- 168 pollution of the waters of the state;
- 169 (b) advise, consult, and cooperate with other agencies of the state, the federal
- 170 government, other states and interstate agencies, and with affected groups, political
- 171 subdivisions, and industries in furtherance of the purposes of this chapter;
- 172 (c) develop programs for the management of sewage sludge;
- 173 (d) subject to the provisions of this chapter, enforce rules made by the board through
- 174 the issuance of orders, which orders may include:
- 175 (i) prohibiting or abating discharges of wastes into the waters of the state;
- 176 (ii) requiring the construction of new control facilities or any parts of them or the
- 177 modification, extension, or alteration of existing control facilities or any parts of them, or the
- 178 adoption of other remedial measures to prevent, control, or abate water pollution; or
- 179 (iii) prohibiting any other violation of this chapter or rules made under this chapter;
- 180 (e) review plans, specifications, or other data relative to pollution control systems or

181 any part of the systems provided for in this chapter;

182 (f) issue construction or operating permits for the installation or modification of
183 treatment works or any parts of the treatment works;

184 (g) after public notice and opportunity for public hearing, issue, continue in effect,
185 renew, revoke, modify, or deny discharge permits under reasonable conditions the board may
186 prescribe to:

187 (i) control the management of sewage sludge; or

188 (ii) prevent or control the discharge of pollutants, including effluent limitations for the
189 discharge of wastes into the waters of the state;

190 (h) meet the requirements of federal law related to water pollution;

191 (i) under the direction of the executive director, represent the state in all matters
192 pertaining to water pollution, including interstate compacts and other similar agreements;

193 (j) collect and disseminate information relating to water pollution and the prevention,
194 control, and abatement of water pollution; ~~and~~

195 (k) subject to Subsection [~~19-5-104(3)(h)~~], 19-5-104(3)(g), settle or compromise any
196 civil action initiated by the division to compel compliance with this chapter or the rules made
197 under this chapter~~[-]; and~~

198 (l) (i) approve, approve in part, approve with conditions, or deny, in writing, an
199 application for water reuse under Title 73, Chapter 3c, Wastewater Reuse Act; and

200 (ii) issue an operating permit for water reuse under Title 73, Chapter 3c, Wastewater
201 Reuse Act.

202 (3) The director may:

203 (a) employ full-time employees as necessary to carry out the provisions of this chapter;

204 (b) subject to the provisions of this chapter, authorize any employee or representative
205 of the department to enter, at reasonable times and upon reasonable notice, in or upon public or
206 private property for the purposes of inspecting and investigating conditions and plant records
207 concerning possible water pollution;

208 (c) encourage, participate in, or conduct studies, investigations, research, and
209 demonstrations relating to water pollution and causes of water pollution as necessary for the
210 discharge of duties assigned under this chapter, including the establishment of inventories of
211 pollution sources;

212 (d) collect and disseminate information relating to water pollution and the prevention,
213 control, and abatement of water pollution;

214 (e) subject to the provisions of this chapter, exercise all incidental powers necessary to
215 carry out the purposes of this chapter, including certification to any state or federal authorities
216 for tax purposes only if the construction, installation, or acquisition of any facility, land,
217 building, machinery, equipment, or any part of them conforms with this chapter;

218 (f) cooperate with any person in studies and research regarding water pollution and its
219 control, abatement, and prevention;

220 (g) encourage, participate in, or conduct studies, investigations, research, and
221 demonstrations relating to water pollution and causes of water pollution; or

222 (h) as authorized by the board and subject to the provisions of this chapter, act as
223 executive secretary of the board under the direction of the chairman of the board.

224 Section 3. Section **73-3c-102** is amended to read:

225 **73-3c-102. Definitions.**

226 As used in this chapter:

227 (1) "Director" means the director of the Division of Water Quality appointed under
228 Section 19-5-106.

229 (2) "Domestic wastewater" or "sewage" means:

230 (a) a combination of the liquid or water-carried wastes from:

231 (i) structures with installed plumbing facilities; and

232 (ii) industrial establishments; and

233 (b) any groundwater, surface water, and storm water that is present with the waste.

234 [~~2~~] (3) "POTW" means a publicly owned treatment works as defined by Section
235 19-5-102.

236 [~~3~~] (4) "Public agency" means a public agency as defined by Section 11-13-103 that:

237 (a) owns or operates a POTW;

238 (b) collects and transports domestic wastewater;

239 (c) holds legal title to a water right;

240 (d) is delegated the right to the beneficial use or reuse of water by the legal title holder
241 of the water right;

242 (e) is a water supplier; or

243 (f) sells wholesale or retail water.

244 [(4)] (5) "Return flow requirement" means return flow required under a water right.

245 [(5)] (6) (a) "Reuse authorization contract" means a contract or contracts among:

246 (i) a public agency proposing a water reuse project;

247 (ii) the owner or operator of a POTW that treats domestic wastewater proposed for use

248 in a reuse project;

249 (iii) the owner of a domestic wastewater collection or transportation system if the reuse

250 project will divert domestic wastewater directly from that entity's collection or transportation

251 system;

252 (iv) the legal title holder of the water right designated for use in the reuse project,

253 unless the legal title holder of the water right has delegated to another the right to the beneficial

254 use or reuse of the water;

255 (v) each water supplier not holding legal title to the water right designated for use in

256 the reuse project that sells or delivers water under the water right designated for use in the

257 reuse project;

258 (vi) each entity that will engage in the wholesale or retail sale of water from the water

259 reuse project; and

260 (vii) the retail water supplier retailing water that will be replaced by reuse water

261 supplied under the proposed reuse project.

262 (b) A reuse authorization contract shall:

263 (i) provide that a water supplier that is a party to the agreement consents to the use of

264 reuse water under each water right, in which the water supplier has an interest, that is identified

265 for use in the water reuse project; and

266 (ii) provide that any proposed water reuse project based on the contract shall be

267 consistent with the underlying water right.

268 [(6)] (7) "Reuse water" means domestic wastewater treated to a standard acceptable

269 under rules made by the Water Quality Board under Section [19-5-104](#).

270 [(7)] (8) "Water reuse project" or "project" means a project for the reuse of domestic

271 wastewater that requires approval by the [~~Water Quality Board in accordance with Section~~

272 ~~19-5-104~~] director under Section [19-5-106](#) and the state engineer under Section [73-3c-302](#).

273 [(8)] (9) "Water right" means:

274 (a) a right to use water evidenced by any means identified in Section [73-1-10](#); or

275 (b) a right to use water under an approved application:

276 (i) to appropriate;

277 (ii) for a change of use; or

278 (iii) for the exchange of water.

279 ~~[(9)]~~ (10) "Water supplier" means an entity engaged in the delivery of water for
280 municipal purposes.

281 Section 4. Section **73-3c-103** is enacted to read:

282 **73-3c-103. Water reuse projects and the Great Salt Lake -- Exception.**

283 (1) Except as provided in Subsection (3) and notwithstanding the other provisions of
284 this chapter, the director and the state engineer may not approve a water reuse project if the
285 water related to the water reuse project would have otherwise been discharged into a tributary
286 of the Great Salt Lake.

287 (2) The state engineer may, by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
288 Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, define what is a tributary of the Great Salt Lake.

289 (3) This section does not apply to:

290 (a) a water right owned by the federal government;

291 (b) a water reuse project to supply water to the Great Salt Lake;

292 (c) a water reuse project approved subject to a water replacement plan; or

293 (d) a water reuse project approved before May 3, 2023, including a future renewal for
294 the reuse project required under Section [19-5-108](#).

295 Section 5. Section **73-3c-301** is amended to read:

296 **73-3c-301. Application to the director.**

297 (1) A public agency proposing a water reuse project shall apply to the ~~[Water Quality~~
298 ~~Board created by Section [19-1-106](#)]~~ director.

299 (2) The Water Quality Board may make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
300 Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, governing the consideration and approval by the director
301 of water reuse applications and administration of water reuse construction and operating
302 permits.

303 (3) Rules ~~[created]~~ made under Subsection (2) shall require that water reuse meet
304 standards and requirements for water quality set by the Water Quality Board in accordance with

305 Title 19, Chapter 5, Water Quality Act.

306 (4) The [~~Water Quality Board~~] director shall issue a written decision for each water
307 reuse application.

308 Section 6. Section **73-3c-302** is amended to read:

309 **73-3c-302. Application to the state engineer.**

310 (1) A public agency proposing water reuse shall apply to the state engineer.

311 (2) An application for water reuse under Subsection (1) shall be made upon forms
312 furnished by the state engineer and shall include:

313 (a) the name of the applicant;

314 (b) a description of the underlying water right;

315 (c) an evaluation of the underlying water right's diversion, depletion, and return flow
316 requirements;

317 (d) the estimated quantity of water to be reused;

318 (e) the location of the POTW;

319 (f) the place, purpose, and extent of the proposed water reuse;

320 (g) an evaluation of depletion from the hydrologic system caused by the water reuse;

321 and

322 (h) any other information consistent with this chapter that is requested by the state
323 engineer.

324 (3) An application under Subsection (1) shall include a copy of a reuse authorization
325 contract for water reuse proposed by a public agency for any underlying water right not owned
326 by the public agency.

327 (4) In considering an application for water reuse, the state engineer shall comply with:

328 (a) Section 73-3-6;

329 (b) Section 73-3-7;

330 (c) Section 73-3-10; and

331 (d) Section 73-3-14.

332 (5) In determining whether a proposed water reuse is consistent with the underlying
333 water right, the state engineer shall conclude that a proposed water reuse is consistent with the
334 underlying water right if:

335 (a) the use of the reuse water does not enlarge the underlying water right; and

336 (b) any return flow requirement of the underlying water right is satisfied.

337 (6) (a) The state engineer shall approve a water reuse application if the state engineer
338 concludes that the proposed water reuse;

339 (i) is consistent with the underlying water right[-]; and

340 (ii) for an application in which the water would have otherwise been discharged into a
341 tributary of the Great Salt Lake, includes an adequate replacement plan provided by the
342 applicant.

343 (b) The state engineer may:

344 (i) deny an application [~~for water reuse~~] if the proposed water reuse is inconsistent with
345 the underlying water right; or

346 (ii) approve the application in part or with conditions to assure consistency with the
347 underlying water right.

348 (7) (a) For an application in which the water would have otherwise been discharged
349 into a tributary of the Great Salt Lake, the applicant shall submit a water replacement plan that
350 provides an equivalent amount of water to the Great Salt Lake.

351 (b) The state engineer may:

352 (i) approve the application in part or with conditions to assure equivalent replacement
353 of water to the Great Salt Lake; or

354 (ii) deny an application if the replacement plan cannot assure equivalent replacement of
355 water to the Great Salt Lake.

356 [~~(7)~~] (8) A public agency with an approved reuse application shall submit a report, as
357 directed by the state engineer, concerning the ongoing water reuse operation.

358 [(8)] (9) The state engineer may make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
359 Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to implement the provisions of this chapter.

360 Section 7. Section **73-3c-304** is amended to read:

361 **73-3c-304. Change in point of discharge.**

362 (1) The point of discharge of water from a POTW may be changed if the [~~Water~~
363 ~~Quality Board~~] director determines that a change is necessary:

364 (a) for treatment purposes;

365 (b) to enhance environmental quality;

366 (c) to protect public health, safety, or welfare; or

- 367 (d) to comply with:
- 368 (i) rules created by the Water Quality Board in accordance with Section 19-5-104; or
- 369 (ii) the POTW's discharge permit.

370 (2) Before changing the point of discharge from a POTW under Subsection (1), the
371 ~~[Water Quality Board]~~ director shall consult with the state engineer.

372 Section 8. Section 73-10g-402 is amended to read:

373 **73-10g-402. Development of an integrated water assessment.**

374 (1) The division shall develop and implement an integrated surface and ground water
375 assessment for the Great Salt Lake watershed.

376 (2) The integrated water assessment may in relationship with the Great Salt Lake
377 watershed:

- 378 (a) provide an assessment of the amounts and quality of available water resources;
- 379 (b) assess and forecast the quantity of water available for human, agricultural,
380 economic development, and environmental or instream uses, and ecological needs, including:

- 381 (i) current and future water supply and demand and the factors that influence
382 availability;

- 383 (ii) long-term trends in water availability and the causes of those trends; and

- 384 (iii) seasonal and decadal forecasts of availability;

- 385 (c) investigate the potential benefits of forest management and watershed restoration

386 in:

- 387 (i) improving snowpack retention;

- 388 (ii) increasing soil moisture;

- 389 (iii) sustaining river flows in low flow seasons;

- 390 (iv) mitigating wildfire risk; and

- 391 (v) improving water quality;

- 392 (d) coordinate an effort to:

- 393 (i) quantify the amount of water and water quality needed to sustain high priority
394 ecological sites in rivers, riparian, wetland, and lake systems; and

- 395 (ii) incorporate the water demand into the water supply and demand model;

- 396 (e) identify and evaluate best management practices that may be used to provide a
397 reliable water supply that:

- 398 (i) meet water quality objectives;
- 399 (ii) meet agriculture water objectives;
- 400 (iii) accommodate anticipated growth and economic development; and
- 401 (iv) provide adequate flow to sustain the Great Salt Lake, the Great Salt Lake's
- 402 wetlands, and other ecological functions in the Great Salt Lake's watershed; [~~and~~]
- 403 (f) investigate the potential impacts of water reuse projects on the Great Salt Lake; and
- 404 [~~(f)~~] (g) address other matters identified in the work plan.
- 405 (3) The integrated water assessment shall include a water budget for the Great Salt
- 406 Lake and the Great Salt Lake's associated wetlands, including water flows needed to maintain
- 407 different lake levels under different scenarios, taking into consideration water quality,
- 408 ecological needs, economic benefits, and public health benefits of the Great Salt Lake.
- 409 (4) In developing and implementing the integrated water assessment, the division shall:
- 410 (a) consult and coordinate with other state, local, regional, and federal governmental
- 411 entities, water users, and other stakeholders; and
- 412 (b) coordinate with, and where appropriate, consider or incorporate other planning
- 413 efforts, assessments, studies, or reports relevant to the Great Salt Lake watershed.