1	ADOPTION MODIFICATIONS
2	2023 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Stephanie Gricius
5	Senate Sponsor: Todd D. Weiler
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill amends provisions related to adoption.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	 requires a clerk of the court to provide a report of adoption, upon request, to an
13	attorney or child-placing agency in certain circumstances;
14	 addresses who must provide consent to the adoption of a child;
15	 amends the circumstances under which the consent of an unmarried biological
16	father is required in relation to the adoption of a child;
17	 clarifies who must sign an affidavit of fees or expenses filed with the court before a
18	final decree of adoption is entered; and
19	 makes technical and conforming changes.
20	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
21	None
22	Other Special Clauses:
23	None
24	Utah Code Sections Affected:
25	AMENDS:
26	26-2-25, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 65
27	78B-6-120, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 156



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78B-6-121, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 262
78B-6-122, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 474
78B-6-140, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 65
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 26-2-25 is amended to read:
26-2-25. Divorce or adoption Duty of court clerk to file certificates or reports.
(1) For each adoption, annulment of adoption, divorce, and annulment of marriage
ordered or decreed in this state, the clerk of the court shall prepare a divorce certificate or
report of adoption on a form furnished by the state registrar or, for a report of adoption, the
state of the child's birth.
(2) The petitioner shall provide the information necessary to prepare the certificate or
report under Subsection (1).
(3) The clerk shall:
(a) prepare the certificate or report under Subsection (1); and
(b) complete the remaining entries for the certificate or report immediately after the
decree or order becomes final.
(4) On or before the 15th day of each month, the clerk shall forward the divorce
certificates and reports of adoption under Subsection (1) completed by the clerk during the
preceding month to the state registrar, except for reports of adoption provided to an attorney or
child-placing agency under Subsection (5)(b).
(5) (a) [A] In addition to the report of adoption that the clerk forwards to the state
registrar under Subsection (4), the clerk shall also provide an original report of adoption under
Subsection (1) [may be provided], upon request, to the attorney who is providing representation
of a party to the adoption, or the child-placing agency, as defined in Section 78B-6-103, that is
placing the child.
(b) If the child was born in another state, the clerk of court shall prepare and provide
one original report of adoption, upon request, to the attorney who is providing representation of
a party to the adoption, or the child-placing agency that is placing the child, and the attorney or
child-placing agency shall be responsible for submitting the report to the state of the child's
birth.

59	(c) If the attorney or child-placing agency does not request an original report of
60	adoption under Subsection (5)(a) or (b), the clerk shall forward the report of adoption to the
61	state registrar pursuant to Subsection (4).
62	[(b)] (d) [If a] If, pursuant to Subsection (5)(a), an original report of adoption is
63	provided to the attorney or the child-placing agency, as defined in Section 78B-6-103, the
64	attorney or the child-placing agency shall immediately provide the report of adoption to the
65	state registrar.
66	Section 2. Section 78B-6-120 is amended to read:
67	78B-6-120. Necessary consent to adoption or relinquishment for adoption.
68	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), consent to adoption of a child, or
69	relinquishment of a child for adoption, is required from:
70	(a) the adoptee, if the adoptee is more than 12 years [of age] old, unless the adoptee
71	does not have the mental capacity to consent;
72	(b) a man or woman who:
73	(i) by operation of law under Section 78B-15-204, is recognized as the father or mother
74	of the proposed adoptee, unless:
75	(A) the presumption is rebutted under Section 78B-15-607; [or]
76	(B) the man or woman was not married to the mother of the proposed adoptee until
77	after the mother consented to adoption, or relinquishment for adoption, of the proposed
78	adoptee; or
79	(C) the marriage between the mother of the proposed adoptee and the man or woman is
80	not a legally valid marriage; or
81	(ii) is the father of the adoptee by a previous legal adoption;
82	(c) the mother of the adoptee;
83	(d) a biological parent who has been adjudicated to be the child's biological father by a
84	court of competent jurisdiction prior to the mother's execution of consent to adoption or her
85	relinquishment of the child for adoption;
86	(e) consistent with Subsection (3), a biological parent who has executed and filed a
87	voluntary declaration of paternity with the state registrar of vital statistics within the
88	Department of Health and Human Services in accordance with Title 78B, Chapter 15, Utah
89	Uniform Parentage Act, prior to the mother's execution of consent to adoption or her

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prospective adoptive parents:

90	relinquishment of the child for adoption;
91	(f) an unmarried biological father, of an adoptee, whose consent is not required under
92	Subsection (1)(d) or (1)(e), only if he fully and strictly complies with the requirements of
93	Sections 78B-6-121 and 78B-6-122; and
94	(g) the person or agency to whom an adoptee has been relinquished and that is placing
95	the child for adoption.
96	(2) (a) The consent of a person described in Subsections (1)(b) through (g) is not
97	required if the adoptee is 18 years of age or older.
98	(b) The consent of a person described in Subsections (1)(b) through (f) is not required
99	if the person's parental rights relating to the adoptee have been terminated.
100	(3) For purposes of Subsection (1)(e), a voluntary declaration of paternity is considered
101	filed when it is entered into a database that:
102	(a) can be accessed by the Department of Health and Human Services; and
103	(b) is designated by the state registrar of vital statistics as the official database for
104	voluntary declarations of paternity.
105	Section 3. Section 78B-6-121 is amended to read:
106	78B-6-121. Consent of unmarried biological father.
107	(1) Except as provided in Subsections (2)(a) and 78B-6-122(1), and subject to
108	Subsections (5) and (6), with regard to a child who is placed with prospective adoptive parents
109	more than six months after birth, consent of an unmarried biological father is not required
110	unless the unmarried biological father:
111	(a) (i) developed a substantial relationship with the child by:
112	(A) visiting the child monthly, unless the unmarried biological father was physically or
113	financially unable to visit the child on a monthly basis; or
114	(B) engaging in regular communication with the child or with the person or authorized
115	agency that has lawful custody of the child;
116	(ii) took some measure of responsibility for the child and the child's future; and

(iii) demonstrated a full commitment to the responsibilities of parenthood by financial

(b) (i) openly lived with the child immediately preceding placement of the child with

support of the child of a fair and reasonable sum in accordance with the father's ability; or

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121	(A) [(I) for a period of at least six months during the one-year period immediately
122	preceding the day on which the child is placed with prospective adoptive parents; or]
123	[(II)] if the child is less than one year old, for a period of at least six months during the
124	period of time beginning on the day on which the child is born and ending on the day on which
125	the child is placed with prospective adoptive parents; [and] or
126	(B) if the child is one year old or older on the day on which the child is placed with
127	prospective adoptive parents, for a period of at least six months during the one-year period
128	immediately preceding [placement of the child] the day on which the child is placed with
129	prospective adoptive parents; and
130	(ii) openly held himself out to be the father of the child during the six-month period
131	described in Subsection (1)(b)(i)(A).
132	(2) (a) If an unmarried biological father was prevented from complying with a
133	requirement of Subsection (1) by the person or authorized agency having lawful custody of the
134	child, the unmarried biological father is not required to comply with that requirement.
135	(b) The subjective intent of an unmarried biological father, whether expressed or
136	otherwise, that is unsupported by evidence that the requirements in Subsection (1) have been
137	met, shall not preclude a determination that the father failed to meet the requirements of
138	Subsection (1).
139	(3) Except as provided in Subsections (6) and 78B-6-122(1), and subject to Subsection
140	(5), with regard to a child who is six months old or less at the time the child is placed with
141	prospective adoptive parents, consent of an unmarried biological father is not required unless,
142	prior to the time the mother executes her consent for adoption or relinquishes the child for
143	adoption, the unmarried biological father:
144	(a) initiates proceedings in a district court of Utah to establish paternity under Title
145	78B, Chapter 15, Utah Uniform Parentage Act;
146	(b) files with the court that is presiding over the paternity proceeding a sworn affidavit:
147	(i) stating that he is fully able and willing to have full custody of the child;
148	(ii) setting forth his plans for care of the child; and
149	(iii) agreeing to a court order of child support and the payment of expenses incurred in

(c) consistent with Subsection (4), files notice of the commencement of paternity

connection with the mother's pregnancy and the child's birth;

proceedings, described in Subsection (3)(a), with the state registrar of vital statistics within the
Department of Health <u>and Human Services</u>, in a confidential registry established by the
department for that purpose; and

- (d) offered to pay and paid, during the pregnancy and after the child's birth, a fair and reasonable amount of the expenses incurred in connection with the mother's pregnancy and the child's birth, in accordance with his financial ability, unless:
 - (i) he did not have actual knowledge of the pregnancy;

- (ii) he was prevented from paying the expenses by the person or authorized agency having lawful custody of the child; or
- (iii) the mother refused to accept the unmarried biological father's offer to pay the expenses described in this Subsection (3)(d).
- (4) (a) The notice described in Subsection (3)(c) is considered filed when received by the state registrar of vital statistics.
- (b) If the unmarried biological father fully complies with the requirements of Subsection (3), and an adoption of the child is not completed, the unmarried biological father shall, without any order of the court, be legally obligated for a reasonable amount of child support, pregnancy expenses, and child birth expenses, in accordance with his financial ability.
- (5) Unless his ability to assert the right to consent has been lost for failure to comply with Section 78B-6-110.1, or lost under another provision of Utah law, an unmarried biological father shall have at least one business day after the child's birth to fully and strictly comply with the requirements of Subsection (3).
 - (6) Consent of an unmarried biological father is not required under this section if:
- (a) the court determines, in accordance with the requirements and procedures of Title 80, Chapter 4, Termination and Restoration of Parental Rights, that the unmarried biological father's rights should be terminated, based on the petition of any interested party;
- (b) (i) a declaration of paternity declaring the unmarried biological father to be the father of the child is rescinded under Section 78B-15-306; and
- (ii) the unmarried biological father fails to comply with Subsection (3) within 10 business days after the day that notice of the rescission described in Subsection (6)(b)(i) is mailed by the Office of Vital Records within the Department of Health <u>and Human Services</u> as provided in Section 78B-15-306; or

relationship with the child;

183	(c) the unmarried biological father is notified under Section 78B-6-110.1 and fails to
184	preserve his rights in accordance with the requirements of that section.
185	(7) Unless the adoptee is conceived or born within a marriage, the petitioner in an
186	adoption proceeding shall, prior to entrance of a final decree of adoption, file with the court a
187	certificate from the state registrar of vital statistics within the Department of Health and Human
188	Services, stating:
189	(a) that a diligent search has been made of the registry of notices from unmarried
190	biological fathers described in Subsection [(3)(d)] (3)(c); and
191	(b) (i) that no filing has been found pertaining to the father of the child in question; or
192	(ii) if a filing is found, the name of the putative father and the time and date of filing.
193	Section 4. Section 78B-6-122 is amended to read:
194	78B-6-122. Qualifying circumstance.
195	(1) (a) For purposes of this section, "qualifying circumstance" means that, at any point
196	during the time period beginning at the conception of the child and ending at the time the
197	mother executed a consent to adoption or relinquishment of the child for adoption:
198	(i) the child or the child's mother resided on a permanent basis, or a temporary basis of
199	no less than 30 consecutive days, in the state;
200	(ii) the mother intended to give birth to the child in the state;
201	(iii) the child was born in the state; or
202	(iv) the mother intended to execute a consent to adoption or relinquishment of the child
203	for adoption:
204	(A) in the state; or
205	(B) under the laws of the state.
206	(b) For purposes of Subsection (1)(c)(i)(C) only, when determining whether an
207	unmarried biological father has demonstrated a full commitment to his parental
208	responsibilities, a court shall consider the totality of the circumstances, including, if applicable:
209	(i) efforts he has taken to discover the location of the child or the child's mother;
210	(ii) whether he has expressed [or] and demonstrated an interest in taking responsibility
211	for the child;
212	(iii) whether, and to what extent, he has developed, or attempted to develop, a

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214	(iv) whether he offered to provide and, [if] unless the offer was [accepted] rejected, did
215	provide, financial support for the child or the child's mother;
216	(v) whether, and to what extent, he has communicated, or attempted to communicate,
217	with the child or the child's mother;
218	(vi) whether he has timely filed legal proceedings to establish his paternity of, and take
219	responsibility for, the child;
220	(vii) whether he has timely filed a notice with a public official or agency relating to:
221	(A) his paternity of the child; or
222	(B) legal proceedings to establish his paternity of the child; or
223	(viii) other evidence that [demonstrates that] shows whether he has demonstrated a full
224	commitment to his parental responsibilities.
225	(c) Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 78B-6-121, the consent of an unmarried
226	biological father is required with respect to an adoptee who is under the age of 18 if:
227	(i) (A) the unmarried biological father did not know, and through the exercise of
228	reasonable diligence could not have known, before the time the mother executed a consent to
229	adoption or relinquishment of the child for adoption, that a qualifying circumstance existed;
230	(B) before the mother executed a consent to adoption or relinquishment of the child for
231	adoption, the unmarried biological father fully complied with the requirements to establish
232	parental rights in the child, and to preserve the right to notice of a proceeding in connection
233	with the adoption of the child, imposed by:
234	(I) the last state where the unmarried biological father knew, or through the exercise of
235	reasonable diligence should have known, that the mother resided in before the mother executed
236	the consent to adoption or relinquishment of the child for adoption; or
237	(II) the state where the child was conceived; and
238	(C) the unmarried biological father has demonstrated, based on the totality of the
239	circumstances, a full commitment to his parental responsibilities, as described in Subsection
240	(1)(b); or
241	(ii) (A) the unmarried biological father knew, or through the exercise of reasonable
242	diligence should have known, before the time the mother executed a consent to adoption or
243	relinquishment of the child for adoption, that a qualifying circumstance existed; and

(B) the unmarried biological father complied with the requirements of Section

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245	78B-6-121 before the later of:
246	(I) 20 days after the day that the unmarried biological father knew, or through the
247	exercise of reasonable diligence should have known, that a qualifying circumstance existed; or
248	(II) the time that the mother executed a consent to adoption or relinquishment of the
249	child for adoption.
250	(2) An unmarried biological father who does not fully and strictly comply with the
251	requirements of Section 78B-6-121 and this section is considered to have waived and
252	surrendered any right in relation to the child, including the right to:
253	(a) notice of any judicial proceeding in connection with the adoption of the child; and
254	(b) consent, or refuse to consent, to the adoption of the child.
255	Section 5. Section 78B-6-140 is amended to read:
256	78B-6-140. Itemization of fees and expenses.
257	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (4), before the date that a final decree of adoption
258	is entered, an affidavit regarding fees and expenses, signed by the prospective adoptive parent
259	or parents and, if the child was placed by a child-placing agency, the [person or] agency placing
260	the child, shall be filed with the court.
261	(2) The affidavit described in Subsection (1) shall itemize the following items in
262	connection with the adoption:
263	(a) all legal expenses, maternity expenses, medical or hospital expenses, and living
264	expenses that have been or will be paid to or on behalf of the preexisting parents of the child,
265	including the source of payment;
266	(b) fees paid by the prospective adoptive parent or parents in connection with the
267	adoption;
268	(c) all gifts, property, or other items that have been or will be provided to the
269	preexisting parents, including the source of the gifts, property, or other items;
270	(d) all public funds used for any medical or hospital costs in connection with the:
271	(i) pregnancy;
272	(ii) delivery of the child; or
273	(iii) care of the child;
274	(e) the state of residence of the:

(i) birth mother or the preexisting parents; and

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276	(ii) prospective adoptive parent or parents;
277	(f) a description of services provided to the prospective adoptive parents or preexisting
278	parents in connection with the adoption; and
279	(g) that Section 76-7-203 has not been violated.
280	(3) If a child-placing agency, that is licensed by this state, placed the child, a copy of
281	the affidavit described in Subsection (1) shall be provided to the Office of Licensing within the
282	Department of <u>Health and</u> Human Services.
283	(4) This section does not apply if the prospective adoptive parent is the legal spouse of
284	a preexisting parent.