1	DECENTRALIZED AUTONOMOUS ORGANIZATIONS
2	AMENDMENTS
3	2023 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	<b>Chief Sponsor: Jordan D. Teuscher</b>
6	Senate Sponsor: Kirk A. Cullimore
7 8	LONG TITLE
9	General Description:
10	This bill allows a decentralized autonomous organization that has not registered as a
11	for-profit corporate entity or a non-profit entity to be treated as the legal equivalent of a
12	domestic limited liability company.
13	Highlighted Provisions:
14	This bill:
15	<ul> <li>enacts the Decentralized Autonomous Organization Act;</li> </ul>
16	<ul> <li>defines terms under the act;</li> </ul>
17	<ul> <li>establishes the requirements of a decentralized autonomous organization to be</li> </ul>
18	recognized by the state;
19	<ul> <li>establishes the purposes for which a decentralized autonomous organization may be</li> </ul>
20	formed; and
21	<ul> <li>establishes the membership requirements and rights of members of decentralized</li> </ul>
22	autonomous organizations.
23	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
24	None
25	Other Special Clauses:
26	None
27	Utah Code Sections Affected:



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57 58

	<b>11.D.</b> 557
28	ENACTS:
29	48-5-101, Utah Code Annotated 1953
30	48-5-102, Utah Code Annotated 1953
31	48-5-103, Utah Code Annotated 1953
32	48-5-104, Utah Code Annotated 1953
33	48-5-105, Utah Code Annotated 1953
34	48-5-106, Utah Code Annotated 1953
35	48-5-107, Utah Code Annotated 1953
36	48-5-108, Utah Code Annotated 1953
37	48-5-109, Utah Code Annotated 1953
38	48-5-201, Utah Code Annotated 1953
39	48-5-202, Utah Code Annotated 1953
40	48-5-203, Utah Code Annotated 1953
41	48-5-301, Utah Code Annotated 1953
42	48-5-302, Utah Code Annotated 1953
43	48-5-303, Utah Code Annotated 1953
44	48-5-304, Utah Code Annotated 1953
45	48-5-305, Utah Code Annotated 1953
46	48-5-306, Utah Code Annotated 1953
47	48-5-307, Utah Code Annotated 1953
48	48-5-401, Utah Code Annotated 1953
49	48-5-402, Utah Code Annotated 1953
50	48-5-403, Utah Code Annotated 1953
51	48-5-404, Utah Code Annotated 1953
52	48-5-405, Utah Code Annotated 1953
53	48-5-406, Utah Code Annotated 1953
54	
55	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
56	Section 1. Section <b>48-5-101</b> is enacted to read:

- CHAPTER 5. DECENTRALIZED AUTONOMOUS ORGANIZATION ACT
  - Part 1. General Provisions

59	<u>48-5-101.</u> Definitions.
60	As used in this chapter:
61	(1) "Administrator" means a person that is appointed in a manner specified in the
62	by-laws to make decisions for specific, predefined operations of the decentralized autonomous
63	organization.
64	(2) "Asset" means an item of value, whether on-chain or off-chain.
65	(3) "By-laws" means the procedural rules and regulations that govern a decentralized
66	autonomous organization and the interaction of the decentralized autonomous organization's
67	members and participants.
68	(4) "Cryptographic proof" means a mathematical proof, using a cryptographic hash
69	function, that verifies that a message has not been tampered with or altered in any way and can
70	be verified by a person that has access to the original message and the proof.
71	(5) "Decentralized" means that decision-making is distributed among multiple persons.
72	(6) "Decentralized autonomous organization" means an organization:
73	(a) created by one or more smart contracts;
74	(b) that implements rules enabling individuals to coordinate for decentralized
75	governance of an organization; and
76	(c) that is an entity formed under this chapter.
77	(7) (a) "Developer" means a person involved in the development or maintenance of a
78	decentralized autonomous organization.
79	(b) "Developer" includes a person that provides:
80	(i) software code; or
81	(ii) design, business, legal, or ancillary support.
82	(8) (a) "Dispute resolution mechanism" means an on-chain alternative dispute
83	resolution system that enables persons to resolve disputes arising out of a decentralized
84	autonomous organization.
85	(b) "Dispute resolution mechanism" includes:
86	(i) arbitration;
87	(ii) expert determination; or
88	(iii) an on-chain alternative court system.
89	(9) "Division" means the Division of Corporations and Commercial Code.

90	(10) "Failure event" means an error in the decentralized autonomous organization's
91	software code or an exploit that:
92	(a) renders the decentralized autonomous organization inoperative; or
93	(b) fundamentally changes the expected operation of the decentralized autonomous
94	organization.
95	(11) "Graphical user interface" means a publicly accessible interface through which a
96	person interacts with computer software through visual indicator representations.
97	(12) "Hard fork" means a blockchain software upgrade that is not compatible with
98	previous versions of the blockchain software and requires all users to upgrade to the latest
99	version of the blockchain software.
100	(13) "Legal representative" means an individual appointed in the manner specified in
101	the by-laws of a decentralized autonomous organization to perform procedural functions
102	off-chain on behalf of a decentralized autonomous organization.
103	(14) "Majority chain" means the version of the blockchain accepted by more than half
104	of the blockchain's validators following a hard fork.
105	(15) "Meeting" means a synchronous or asynchronous event for the purpose of
106	discussing and acting upon decentralized autonomous organization related matters by members
107	or participants.
108	(16) (a) "Member" means a person who has governance rights in a decentralized
109	autonomous organization.
110	(b) "Member" does not include an individual that has involuntarily received a token
111	with governance rights, unless that person has chosen to participate in governance by
112	undertaking a governance behavior, on-chain or off-chain, for the decentralized autonomous
113	organization.
114	(17) "Minority chain" means the version of the chain that is not the majority chain
115	following a hard fork.
116	(18) "Off-chain" means any action that is not on-chain.
117	(19) "On-chain" means any action that is recorded and verified on a blockchain.
118	(20) "On-chain contribution" refers to any token segregated and locked in one of the
119	decentralized autonomous organization's smart contracts for the purpose of member buy-in to
120	the decentralized autonomous organization and the provision of withdrawable capital.

121	(21) "Participant" means a person that:
122	(a) is not a member of a decentralized autonomous organization; and
123	(b) holds or interacts with a token of a decentralized autonomous organization.
124	(22) "Permissionless blockchain" means a publicly distributed ledger that allows a
125	person to transact and produce blocks in accordance with the blockchain protocol, in which the
126	validity of the block is independent of the identity of the user.
127	(23) "Public address" means a unique, durable identifier that an individual can transact
128	with on a permissionless blockchain.
129	(24) "Public forum" means a freely accessible online environment that is commonly
130	used for the exercise of speech and public debate.
131	(25) "Public signal" means a declaration authorized by the decentralized autonomous
132	organization in a public forum.
133	(26) "Quality assurance" means a security review of the software code of the
134	decentralized autonomous organization in accordance with industry standards.
135	(27) "Redeem" means to exchange a token for the value that the token represents.
136	(28) "Smart contract" means software code that:
137	(a) is deployed on a permissionless blockchain;
138	(b) consists of a set of predefined instructions executed in a distributed manner by the
139	nodes of an underlying blockchain network; and
140	(c) produces a change on the blockchain network.
141	(29) "Token" means a record on a permissionless blockchain that represents an asset,
142	participation right, or other entitlement.
143	(30) "Transaction" means a new entry in a permissionless blockchain, including the
144	recording of a change in ownership of an asset or participation in a decentralized autonomous
145	organization.
146	Section 2. Section <b>48-5-102</b> is enacted to read:
147	<u>48-5-102.</u> Governing document hierarchy Governing law.
148	A decentralized autonomous organization shall be governed by the following, listed in
149	order of primacy:
150	(1) this act;
151	(2) the by-laws of the decentralized autonomous organization;

152	(3) if this act and a decentralized autonomous organization's by-laws are silent, the
153	provisions of Chapter 3a, Utah Revised Uniform Limited Liability Company Act; and
154	(4) principles of law and equity.
155	Section 3. Section 48-5-103 is enacted to read:
156	<b><u>48-5-103.</u></b> Powers of the division.
157	(1) (a) The division may make, amend, or rescind a rule, form, or order when necessary
158	to carry out this chapter.
159	(b) The division shall make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
160	Administrative Rulemaking Act.
161	(2) The division may by rule:
162	(a) provide the form and content of a registration requirement required under this
163	chapter;
164	(b) provide the method of determining whether formation requirements described in
165	Section 48-5-201 have been met and when to issue a certificate of organization; and
166	(c) identify industry standards for determining whether the decentralized autonomous
167	organization has undergone security review for quality assurance.
168	Section 4. Section 48-5-104 is enacted to read:
169	<u>48-5-104.</u> Legal personality.
170	A decentralized autonomous organization that meets the requirements of this act:
171	(1) shall be deemed a legal entity separate and distinct from the decentralized
172	autonomous organization's members;
173	(2) has the capacity to sue and be sued in the decentralized autonomous organization's
174	own name and the power to do all things necessary or convenient to carry on the decentralized
175	autonomous organization's activities and affairs;
176	(3) shall meet the decentralized autonomous organization's liabilities through the
177	decentralized autonomous organization's assets;
178	(4) may have any lawful purpose; and
179	(5) has perpetual duration.
180	Section 5. Section <b>48-5-105</b> is enacted to read:
181	<u>48-5-105.</u> Permitted names.
182	(1) (a) The name of a limited liability decentralized autonomous organization shall

183	contain the words limited liability decentralized autonomous organization or limited
184	decentralized autonomous organization or the abbreviation L.L.D., LLD, L.D., or LD.
185	(b) Limited may be abbreviated as Ltd., and decentralized autonomous organization
186	may be abbreviated as DAO.
187	(2) Except as authorized by Subsection (3), the name of a decentralized autonomous
188	organization shall be distinguishable as defined in Subsection (4) upon the records of the
189	division from:
190	(a) the actual name, reserved name, or fictitious or assumed name of any entity
191	registered with the division; or
192	(b) any tradename, trademark, or service mark registered with the division.
193	(3) (a) A decentralized autonomous organization may apply to the division for approval
194	to reserve a name that is not distinguishable upon the division's records from one or more of
195	the names described in Subsection (2).
196	(b) The division shall approve the name for which the decentralized autonomous
197	organization applies under Subsection (3)(a) if:
198	(i) the other person with a name that is not distinguishable from the name under which
199	the applicant desires to file:
200	(A) consents to the filing in writing; and
201	(B) files a form approved by the division to change the person's name to a name that is
202	distinguishable from the name of the applicant; or
203	(ii) the applicant delivers to the division a certified copy of the final judgment of a
204	court of competent jurisdiction establishing the applicant's right to use the name in this state.
205	(4) A name is distinguishable from other names, trademarks, and service marks
206	registered with the division if the name contains one or more different words, letters, or
207	numerals from other names upon the division's records.
208	(5) The following differences are not distinguishing:
209	(a) the term:
210	(i) decentralized autonomous organization;
211	<u>(ii) DAO;</u>
212	(iii) limited liability decentralized autonomous organization;
213	(iv) L.L.D. or L.L.DAO.; or

#### 02-01-23 12:07 PM H.B. 357 214 (v) L.D. or L.DAO.; 215 (b) an abbreviation of a word listed in Subsection (5)(a); 216 (c) the presence or absence of the words or symbols of the words "the," "and," "a," or 217 "plus"; 218 (d) differences in punctuation and special characters; 219 (e) differences in capitalization; or 220 (f) differences in singular and plural forms of words. 221 (6) The division may not approve for filing a name that implies that a decentralized 222 autonomous organization is an agency of this state or any of the state's political subdivisions, if 223 the decentralized autonomous organization is not actually such a legally established agency or 224 subdivision. 225 (7) The authorization to reserve or register a decentralized autonomous organization 226 name as granted by the division does not: 227 (a) abrogate or limit the law governing unfair competition or unfair trade practices; 228 (b) derogate from the common law, the principles of equity, or the statutes of this state 229 or of the United States with respect to the right to acquire and protect names and trademarks; or 230 (c) create an exclusive right in geographic or generic terms contained within a name.

- 231 (8) The name of a decentralized autonomous organization may not contain:
- 232
   (a) the term:

   233
   (i) association;
- 234 (ii) corporation;
- 235 (iii) incorporated;
- 236 (iv) partnership;
- 237 (v) limited partnership; or
- 238 <u>(vi)</u> L.P.;
- (b) any word or abbreviation that is of like import to the terms listed in Subsection
- 240 <u>(8)(a);</u>
- 241 (c) without the written consent of the United States Olympic Committee, the words:
- 242 <u>(i) Olympic;</u>
- 243 <u>(ii) Olympiad; or</u>
- 244 <u>(iii) Citius Altius Fortius;</u>

245	(d) without the written consent of the Division of Consumer Protection issued in
246	accordance with Section 13-34-114, the terms:
247	(i) university;
248	(ii) college; or
249	(iii) institute or institution; or
250	(e) the number sequence 911.
251	(9) A person, other than a decentralized autonomous organization formed under this
252	chapter or another decentralized autonomous organization that is authorized to transact
253	business in this state, may not use in the person's name in this state the term:
254	(a) limited liability decentralized autonomous organization;
255	(b) limited decentralized autonomous organization;
256	(c) L.L.DAO. or L.L.D.; or
257	(d) L.DAO. or L.D.
258	Section 6. Section <b>48-5-106</b> is enacted to read:
259	<u>48-5-106.</u> Registered agent.
260	Each decentralized autonomous organization shall designate a registered agent in this
261	state in accordance with Subsection 16-17-203(1) and maintain a registered agent in the state.
262	Section 7. Section <b>48-5-107</b> is enacted to read:
263	<u>48-5-107.</u> Fees.
264	(1) Unless otherwise provided by statute, the division shall charge and collect a fee for
265	services established by the division in accordance with Section 63J-1-504 including fees:
266	(a) for issuing a certified copy of any document, instrument, or paper relating to a
267	decentralized autonomous organization; and
268	(b) for affixing the seal to a certified copy described in Subsection (1)(a).
269	(2) (a) The division shall provide 24-hour processing of any item under this section
270	upon request.
271	(b) The division shall charge and collect additional fees established by the division in
272	accordance with Section 63J-1-504 for 24-hour processing service provided under Subsection
273	<u>(2)(a).</u>
274	Section 8. Section <b>48-5-108</b> is enacted to read:
275	48-5-108. Certificates issued by the division.

276	(1) Any person may apply to the division for:
277	(a) a certificate of existence for a decentralized autonomous organization; or
278	(b) a certificate that sets forth any facts of record in the division.
279	(2) A certificate of existence or certificate of authorization sets forth:
280	(a) the decentralized autonomous organization's name;
281	(b) that the decentralized autonomous organization is recognized under the law of this
282	state;
283	(c) the date of the decentralized autonomous organization's formation;
284	(d) that articles of dissolution have not been filed by the division; and
285	(e) other facts of record in the division that may be requested by the applicant.
286	(3) Subject to any qualification stated in the certificate, a certificate issued by the
287	division may be relied upon as conclusive evidence of the facts set forth in the certificate.
288	Section 9. Section <b>48-5-109</b> is enacted to read:
289	<b><u>48-5-109.</u></b> Electronic documents.
290	(1) Subject to Section 48-5-107, the division shall by rule permit a writing required or
291	permitted to be filed with the division under this chapter:
292	(a) to be delivered, mailed, or filed:
293	(i) in an electronic medium; or
294	(ii) by electronic transmission; or
295	(b) to be signed by photographic, electronic, or other means prescribed by rule, except
296	that a writing signed in an electronic medium shall be signed by electronic signature in
297	accordance with Title 46, Chapter 4, Uniform Electronic Transactions Act.
298	(2) The division may by rule provide for any writing required or permitted to be
299	prepared, delivered, or mailed by the division under this chapter to be prepared, delivered, or
300	mailed:
301	(a) in an electronic medium; or
302	(b) by electronic transmission.
303	Section 10. Section <b>48-5-201</b> is enacted to read:
304	Part 2. Formation
305	<b><u>48-5-201.</u></b> Formation requirements.
306	(1) A decentralized autonomous organization shall benefit from limited liability and

307	legal personality as provided in this chapter, by meeting the following requirements:
308	(a) the decentralized autonomous organization shall be deployed on a permissionless
309	blockchain;
310	(b) the decentralized autonomous organization shall provide a unique public address
311	through which an individual can review and monitor the decentralized autonomous
312	organization's transactions;
313	(c) the software code of the decentralized autonomous organization shall be available
314	in a public forum for any person to review;
315	(d) the software code of the decentralized autonomous organization shall have
316	undergone quality assurance;
317	(e) the decentralized autonomous organization shall provide a graphical user interface
318	that:
319	(i) allows a person to read the value of the key variables of the decentralized
320	autonomous organization's smart contracts;
321	(ii) allows a person to monitor all transactions originating from, or addressed to, the
322	decentralized autonomous organization's smart contracts;
323	(iii) specifies the restrictions on a member's ability to redeem tokens;
324	(iv) makes available the decentralized autonomous organization's by-laws; and
325	(v) displays the mechanism to contact the administrator of the decentralized
326	autonomous organization;
327	(f) the governance system of the decentralized autonomous organization shall be
328	decentralized;
329	(g) the decentralized autonomous organization shall have at least one member at any
330	given time;
331	(h) (i) there shall be a publicly specified communication mechanism that allows a
332	person to contact the registered agent of the decentralized autonomous organization and
333	provide legally recognized service; and
334	(ii) a member or administrator of the decentralized autonomous organization shall be
335	able to access the contents of this communication mechanism; and
336	(i) the decentralized autonomous organization shall refer to or provide a dispute
337	resolution mechanism that is:

338	(i) binding on the decentralized autonomous organization, the members, and
339	participants of the decentralized autonomous organization; and
340	(ii) able to resolve disputes with third parties capable of settlement by alternative
341	dispute resolution.
342	(2) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (1)(e)(iv), a decentralized
343	autonomous organization may redact sensitive information from the by-laws before making
344	them available, if those redactions are necessary to protect the privacy of individual members
345	or participants in the decentralized autonomous organization.
346	(3) Upon meeting the formation requirements in Subsection (1), the decentralized
347	autonomous organization shall have limited liability, subject to the provisions of Section
348	<u>48-5-202.</u>
349	(4) A decentralized autonomous organization may request a certificate of organization
350	from the division to signify that the decentralized autonomous organization has complied with
351	the requirements for legal personality under this act.
352	Section 11. Section <b>48-5-202</b> is enacted to read:
353	48-5-202. Limited liability.
354	(1) Except as set forth in Subsections (2) and (3), a member:
355	(a) may only be liable for the on-chain contributions that the member has committed to
356	the decentralized autonomous organization;
357	(b) may not be held personally liable for any excess liability after the decentralized
358	autonomous organization's assets have been exhausted;
359	(c) may not be held personally liable for any obligation incurred by the decentralized
360	autonomous organization; and
361	(d) may not be held personally liable, in the member's capacity as a member, for the
362	wrongful act or omission of any other member of the decentralized autonomous organization.
363	(2) If a decentralized autonomous organization refuses to comply with an enforceable
364	judgment, order, or award entered against the decentralized autonomous organization, the
365	members who voted against compliance may be liable for any monetary payments ordered in
366	the judgment, order, or award in proportion to the member's share of governance rights in the
367	decentralized autonomous organization.
368	(3) Subsections (1) and (2) do not affect the personal liability of a member in tort for a

369	member's own wrongful act or omission.
370	Section 12. Section <b>48-5-203</b> is enacted to read:
371	48-5-203. By-laws.
372	(1) A decentralized autonomous organization shall adopt by-laws that establish internal
373	organization and procedures for the decentralized autonomous organization.
374	(2) The by-laws shall be set out in plain terms.
375	(3) The bylaws of a decentralized autonomous organization may contain any provision
376	for managing the entity and regulating the affairs of the decentralized autonomous organization
377	that is not inconsistent with law.
378	Section 13. Section <b>48-5-301</b> is enacted to read:
379	Part 3. Members
380	<u>48-5-301.</u> Classes of participation rights Membership.
381	(1) A decentralized autonomous organization's by-laws may create multiple classes of
382	member participation rights.
383	(2) Where the decentralized autonomous organization has tokens providing governance
384	powers to the token holder, the token holder shall be considered a member of the decentralized
385	autonomous organization:
386	(a) from the time the ownership of the tokens is established to be in the possession of
387	an address; or
388	(b) from the time when ownership is first acknowledged by the token holder through an
389	on-chain interaction with the decentralized autonomous organization.
390	(3) This section does not apply in the event of a hard fork.
391	Section 14. Section <b>48-5-302</b> is enacted to read:
392	<u>48-5-302.</u> Voting rights.
393	(1) The by-laws shall set out the distribution of voting rights for the classes of member
394	participation rights in a decentralized autonomous organization.
395	(2) The method by which these voting rights are computed and distributed shall be set
396	out in the by-laws.
397	Section 15. Section 48-5-303 is enacted to read:
398	<u>48-5-303.</u> Proxies.
300	(1) A member may be represented by a provy

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399 (1) A member may be represented by a proxy.

400	(2) The by-laws of a decentralized autonomous organization may establish the
401	requirements for representation by proxy.
402	(3) A proxy may exercise all rights of a member.
403	Section 16. Section <b>48-5-304</b> is enacted to read:
404	<u>48-5-304.</u> Minority rights protection.
405	The decentralized autonomous organization shall state in the by-laws whether the
406	decentralized autonomous organization provides minority rights protection.
407	Section 17. Section <b>48-5-305</b> is enacted to read:
408	<u>48-5-305.</u> Administrators.
409	(1) Unless mandated in the decentralized autonomous organization's by-laws, a
410	decentralized autonomous organization is not required to have an administrator, including a
411	board of directors or a trustee.
412	(2) In the absence of a provision requiring administrators, all the powers and tasks of
413	an administrator shall be vested in the decentralized autonomous organization members as a
414	<u>class.</u>
415	(3) The voting mechanism for nominating and appointing an administrator shall be set
416	out in the decentralized autonomous organization's by-laws.
417	Section 18. Section <b>48-5-306</b> is enacted to read:
418	<u>48-5-306.</u> Legal representation.
419	(1) A decentralized autonomous organization may elect to retain a legal representative
420	to undertake tasks that cannot be achieved on-chain.
421	(2) Legal representation of the decentralized autonomous organization may be carried
422	out by the legal representative in the manner provided in the by-laws, as evidenced by an
423	authorization displayed on a public forum, and verifiable by cryptographic proof.
424	(3) The legal representative may undertake and execute any and all acts and contracts
425	included within the scope of such authorization.
426	(4) The legal representative may not be required to reside in Utah.
427	(5) A legal representative may not be personally liable for acts performed on behalf of
428	the decentralized autonomous organization.
429	Section 19. Section <b>48-5-307</b> is enacted to read:
430	<u>48-5-307.</u> No implicit fiduciary status.

431	A developer, member, participant, or legal representative of a decentralized
432	autonomous organization may not be imputed to have fiduciary duties towards each other or
433	third parties solely on account of their role, unless the developer, member, participant, or legal
434	representative:
435	(1) explicitly holds themselves out as a fiduciary; or
436	(2) stipulates to assume a fiduciary status as provided in the decentralized autonomous
437	organization's by-laws.
438	Section 20. Section <b>48-5-401</b> is enacted to read:
439	Part 4. Miscellaneous Provisions
440	<b><u>48-5-401.</u></b> Asset subscription and payment.
441	(1) No minimum capital requirements may apply to a decentralized autonomous
442	organization recognized by this act.
443	(2) If the decentralized autonomous organization wishes to maintain a minimum
444	amount of capital, the by-laws of the decentralized autonomous organization shall specify the
445	rules for subscription and payment.
446	(3) The by-laws shall provide the rules for exiting the decentralized autonomous
447	organization that address the consequences of voluntary and involuntary member and
448	participant exit on subscriptions and payments made by the member or participant.
449	(4) No member may compel the dissolution of the decentralized autonomous
450	organization for failure to return the member's on-chain contribution.
451	Section 21. Section <b>48-5-402</b> is enacted to read:
452	<u>48-5-402.</u> Meetings.
453	(1) A decentralized autonomous organization may hold meetings as provided in the
454	decentralized autonomous organization's by-laws.
455	(2) Unless explicitly specified in the by-laws, meetings are not required to be in person.
456	(3) If the by-laws include a meeting requirement, the by-laws shall include an explicit
457	and transparent mechanism of giving notice of meetings to administrators, members, or
458	participants, and a defined time period for deliberating upon proposals submitted by an
459	administrator, member, or participant.
460	(4) Notice of any required meeting shall be communicated through a graphical user
461	interface.

462	(5) The quorum and majority requirements for meetings of a decentralized autonomous
463	organization's administrators, members, or participants shall be specified in the by-laws.
464	Section 22. Section <b>48-5-403</b> is enacted to read:
465	<b><u>48-5-403.</u></b> Contentious forks in the underlying blockchain.
466	(1) Except as provided in this section, in the event of a hard fork in the underlying
467	permissionless blockchain:
468	(a) the legal representation of the decentralized autonomous organization remains on
469	the majority chain; and
470	(b) any off-chain assets shall belong to the decentralized autonomous organization on
471	the majority chain.
472	(2) (a) A decentralized autonomous organization may choose to maintain legal
473	presence on a minority chain if the decentralized autonomous organization expresses an intent
474	to do so by public signal.
475	(b) If the decentralized autonomous organization expresses an intent by public signal to
476	maintain legal presence on a minority chain, any off-chain assets shall belong to the
477	decentralized autonomous organization on the selected minority chain.
478	(3) The decentralized autonomous organization may liquidate the decentralized
479	autonomous organization's on-chain assets after a hard fork to move those assets to the chosen
480	<u>chain.</u>
481	(4) The decentralized autonomous organization may split into multiple legal entities
482	after a hard fork, each on a separate chain, after public signal of an intent to do so, provided
483	there is a definitive distribution of off-chain assets between the majority and minority chain.
484	Section 23. Section <b>48-5-404</b> is enacted to read:
485	<u>48-5-404.</u> Restructuring.
486	(1) When a decentralized autonomous organization is restructured, whether through
487	modification, upgrade, or migration, the decentralized autonomous organization's legal
488	personality and limited liability is retained only to the extent that:
489	(a) the new software code of the decentralized autonomous organization fulfills all the
490	formation requirements of Section 201; and
491	(b) where the decentralized autonomous organization has to be associated with a new
492	unique public address, proper notice is provided by way of public signal.

493	(2) A decentralized autonomous organization that is restructured in compliance with
494	Subsection (1) inherits the rights and obligations of the original decentralized autonomous
495	organization as a successor.
496	Section 24. Section <b>48-5-405</b> is enacted to read:
497	<u>48-5-405.</u> Failure event.
498	(1) In the case of a failure, event legal personality and limited liability are maintained
499	to the extent necessary to protect decentralized autonomous organization members and
500	participants from personal liability.
501	(2) A failure event may trigger liability on the person deploying or upgrading the
502	decentralized autonomous organization if that person:
503	(a) acted in bad faith; or
504	(b) engaged in gross negligence.
505	Section 25. Section <b>48-5-406</b> is enacted to read:
506	<u>48-5-406.</u> Taxation.
507	(1) A decentralized autonomous organization recognized by this act shall be eligible to
508	elect the decentralized autonomous organization's classification for federal tax purposes.
509	(2) (a) Unless otherwise elected under Subsection (1), a decentralized autonomous
510	organization recognized by this act shall be treated as a pass-through entity for tax purposes,
511	with no entity-level tax accruing to the decentralized autonomous organization.
512	(b) Any realized gains shall pass through to the decentralized autonomous
513	organization's members in proportion to their token holdings.
514	(3) Where a member is not a taxable entity, the realized gains allocated to such
515	members shall pass to the first taxable person.