# DECENTRALIZED AUTONOMOUS ORGANIZATIONS

Representative Jordan D. Teuscher proposes the following substitute bill:

2	AMENDMENTS
3	2023 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Chief Sponsor: Jordan D. Teuscher
6	Senate Sponsor: Kirk A. Cullimore
7	

#### 8 LONG TITLE

1

#### 9 General Description:

10	This bill allows a	decentralized	autonomous	organization	that has no	t registered as a
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- 11 for-profit corporate entity or a non-profit entity to be treated as the legal equivalent of a
- 12 domestic limited liability company.

#### 13 Highlighted Provisions:

- 14 This bill:
- 15 enacts the Decentralized Autonomous Organization Act;
- 16 defines terms under the act;
- 17 establishes the requirements of a decentralized autonomous organization to be
- 18 recognized by the state;
- 19 establishes the purposes for which a decentralized autonomous organization may be
- 20 formed; and
- 21 establishes the membership requirements and rights of members of decentralized
- 22 autonomous organizations.
- 23 Money Appropriated in this Bill:
- 24 None
- 25 Other Special Clauses:

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26 This bill provides retrospective operation.

#### 27 Utah Code Sections Affected:

28 ENACTS:

29	48-5-101, Utah Code Annotated 1953
30	48-5-102, Utah Code Annotated 1953
31	48-5-103, Utah Code Annotated 1953
32	48-5-104, Utah Code Annotated 1953
33	48-5-105, Utah Code Annotated 1953
34	48-5-106, Utah Code Annotated 1953
35	48-5-107, Utah Code Annotated 1953
36	48-5-108, Utah Code Annotated 1953
37	48-5-109, Utah Code Annotated 1953
38	48-5-201, Utah Code Annotated 1953
39	48-5-202, Utah Code Annotated 1953
40	48-5-203, Utah Code Annotated 1953
41	48-5-204, Utah Code Annotated 1953
42	48-5-301, Utah Code Annotated 1953
43	48-5-302, Utah Code Annotated 1953
44	48-5-303, Utah Code Annotated 1953
45	48-5-304, Utah Code Annotated 1953
46	48-5-305, Utah Code Annotated 1953
47	48-5-306, Utah Code Annotated 1953
48	48-5-307, Utah Code Annotated 1953
49	48-5-401, Utah Code Annotated 1953
50	48-5-402, Utah Code Annotated 1953
51	48-5-403, Utah Code Annotated 1953
52	48-5-404, Utah Code Annotated 1953
53	48-5-405, Utah Code Annotated 1953
54	48-5-406, Utah Code Annotated 1953
55	

56 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

57	Section 1. Section <b>48-5-101</b> is enacted to read:
58	CHAPTER 5. DECENTRALIZED AUTONOMOUS ORGANIZATION ACT
59	Part 1. General Provisions
60	<u>48-5-101.</u> Definitions.
61	As used in this chapter:
62	(1) "Administrator" means a person that is appointed in a manner specified in the
63	by-laws to make decisions for specific, predefined operations of the decentralized autonomous
64	organization.
65	(2) "Asset" means an item of value, whether on-chain or off-chain.
66	(3) "By-laws" means the procedural rules and regulations that govern a decentralized
67	autonomous organization and the interaction of the decentralized autonomous organization's
68	members and participants.
69	(4) "Cryptographic proof" means a mathematical proof that verifies that a message has
70	not been tampered with or altered in any way and can be verified by a person that has access to
71	the original message and the proof.
72	(5) "Decentralized" means that decision-making is distributed among multiple persons.
73	(6) "Decentralized autonomous organization" means an organization:
74	(a) created by one or more smart contracts;
75	(b) that implements rules enabling individuals to coordinate for decentralized
76	governance of an organization; and
77	(c) that is an entity formed under this chapter.
78	(7) (a) "Developer" means a person involved in the development or maintenance of a
79	decentralized autonomous organization.
80	(b) "Developer" includes a person that provides:
81	(i) software code; or
82	(ii) design, business, legal, or ancillary support.
83	(8) (a) "Dispute resolution mechanism" means an on-chain alternative dispute
84	resolution system that enables persons to resolve disputes arising out of a decentralized
85	autonomous organization.
86	(b) "Dispute resolution mechanism" includes:
87	(i) arbitration;

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88	(ii) expert determination; or
89	(iii) an on-chain alternative court system.
90	(9) "Division" means the Division of Corporations and Commercial Code.
91	(10) "Failure event" means an error in the decentralized autonomous organization's
92	software code or an exploit that:
93	(a) renders the decentralized autonomous organization inoperative; or
94	(b) fundamentally changes the expected operation of the decentralized autonomous
95	organization.
96	(11) "Graphical user interface" means a publicly accessible interface through which a
97	person interacts with computer software through visual indicator representations.
98	(12) "Hard fork" means a blockchain software upgrade that is not compatible with
99	previous versions of the blockchain software and requires all users to upgrade to the latest
100	version of the blockchain software.
101	(13) "Legal representative" means an individual appointed in the manner specified in
102	the by-laws of a decentralized autonomous organization to perform procedural functions
103	off-chain on behalf of a decentralized autonomous organization.
104	(14) "Majority chain" means the version of the blockchain accepted by more than half
105	of the blockchain's validators following a hard fork.
106	(15) "Meeting" means a synchronous or asynchronous event for the purpose of
107	discussing and acting upon decentralized autonomous organization related matters by members
108	or participants.
109	(16) (a) "Member" means a person who has governance rights in a decentralized
110	autonomous organization.
111	(b) "Member" does not include an individual that has involuntarily received a token
112	with governance rights, unless that person has chosen to participate in governance by
113	undertaking a governance behavior, on-chain or off-chain, for the decentralized autonomous
114	organization.
115	(17) "Minority chain" means the version of the chain that is not the majority chain
116	following a hard fork.
117	(18) "Off-chain" means any action that is not on-chain.
118	(19) "On-chain" means any action that is recorded and verified on a blockchain.

119	(20) "On-chain contribution" refers to any token segregated and locked in one of the
120	decentralized autonomous organization's smart contracts for the purpose of member buy-in to
121	the decentralized autonomous organization and the provision of withdrawable capital.
122	(21) "Organizer" means a person that submits the certificate of filing as required in
123	<u>Section 48-5-201.</u>
124	(22) "Participant" means a person that:
125	(a) is not a member of a decentralized autonomous organization; and
126	(b) holds or interacts with a token of a decentralized autonomous organization.
127	(23) "Permissionless blockchain" means a publicly distributed ledger that allows a
128	person to transact and produce blocks in accordance with the blockchain protocol, in which the
129	validity of the block is independent of the identity of the user.
130	(24) "Public address" means a unique, durable identifier that an individual can transact
131	with on a permissionless blockchain.
132	(25) "Public forum" means a freely accessible online environment that is commonly
133	used for the exercise of speech and public debate.
134	(26) "Public signal" means a declaration authorized by the decentralized autonomous
135	organization in a public forum.
136	(27) "Quality assurance" means a security review of the software code of the
137	decentralized autonomous organization in accordance with industry standards.
138	(28) "Redeem" means to exchange a token for the value that the token represents.
139	(29) "Smart contract" means software code that:
140	(a) is deployed on a permissionless blockchain;
141	(b) consists of a set of predefined instructions executed in a distributed manner by the
142	nodes of an underlying blockchain network; and
143	(c) produces a change on the blockchain network.
144	(30) "Token" means a record on a permissionless blockchain that represents an asset,
145	participation right, or other entitlement.
146	(31) "Transaction" means a new entry in a permissionless blockchain, including the
147	recording of a change in ownership of an asset or participation in a decentralized autonomous
148	organization.
149	Section 2. Section 48-5-102 is enacted to read:

150	<u>48-5-102.</u> Governing document hierarchy Governing law.
151	A decentralized autonomous organization shall be governed by the following, listed in
152	order of primacy:
153	(1) this act;
154	(2) the by-laws of the decentralized autonomous organization;
155	(3) if this act and a decentralized autonomous organization's by-laws are silent, the
156	provisions of Chapter 3a, Utah Revised Uniform Limited Liability Company Act; and
157	(4) principles of law and equity.
158	Section 3. Section <b>48-5-103</b> is enacted to read:
159	<b><u>48-5-103.</u></b> Powers of the division.
160	(1) (a) The division may make, amend, or rescind a rule, form, or order when necessary
161	to carry out this chapter.
162	(b) The division shall make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
163	Administrative Rulemaking Act.
164	(2) The division may by rule:
165	(a) provide the form and content of a registration requirement required under this
166	chapter;
167	(b) provide the method of determining whether formation requirements described in
168	Section 48-5-201 have been met and when to issue a certificate of organization; and
169	(c) identify industry standards for determining whether the decentralized autonomous
170	organization has undergone security review for quality assurance.
171	Section 4. Section 48-5-104 is enacted to read:
172	<u>48-5-104.</u> Legal personality.
173	A decentralized autonomous organization that meets the requirements of this act:
174	(1) shall be deemed a legal entity separate and distinct from the decentralized
175	autonomous organization's members;
176	(2) has the capacity to sue and be sued in the decentralized autonomous organization's
177	own name and the power to do all things necessary or convenient to carry on the decentralized
178	autonomous organization's activities and affairs;
179	(3) shall meet the decentralized autonomous organization's liabilities through the
180	decentralized autonomous organization's assets;

181	(4) may have any lawful purpose; and
182	(5) has perpetual duration.
183	Section 5. Section <b>48-5-105</b> is enacted to read:
184	48-5-105. Permitted names.
185	(1) (a) The name of a limited liability decentralized autonomous organization shall
186	contain the words limited liability decentralized autonomous organization or limited
187	decentralized autonomous organization or the abbreviation L.L.D., LLD, L.D., or LD.
188	(b) Limited may be abbreviated as Ltd., and decentralized autonomous organization
189	may be abbreviated as DAO.
190	(2) Except as authorized by Subsection (3), the name of a decentralized autonomous
191	organization shall be distinguishable as defined in Subsection (4) upon the records of the
192	division from:
193	(a) the actual name, reserved name, or fictitious or assumed name of any entity
194	registered with the division; or
195	(b) any tradename, trademark, or service mark registered with the division.
196	(3) (a) A decentralized autonomous organization may apply to the division for approval
197	to reserve a name that is not distinguishable upon the division's records from one or more of
198	the names described in Subsection (2).
199	(b) The division shall approve the name for which the decentralized autonomous
200	organization applies under Subsection (3)(a) if:
201	(i) the other person with a name that is not distinguishable from the name under which
202	the applicant desires to file:
203	(A) consents to the filing in writing; and
204	(B) files a form approved by the division to change the person's name to a name that is
205	distinguishable from the name of the applicant; or
206	(ii) the applicant delivers to the division a certified copy of the final judgment of a
207	court of competent jurisdiction establishing the applicant's right to use the name in this state.
208	(4) A name is distinguishable from other names, trademarks, and service marks
209	registered with the division if the name contains one or more different words, letters, or
210	numerals from other names upon the division's records.
211	(5) The following differences are not distinguishing:

212	(a) the term:
213	(i) decentralized autonomous organization;
214	<u>(ii) DAO;</u>
215	(iii) limited liability decentralized autonomous organization;
216	(iv) L.L.D. or L.L.DAO.; or
217	(v) L.D. or L.DAO.;
218	(b) an abbreviation of a word listed in Subsection (5)(a);
219	(c) the presence or absence of the words or symbols of the words "the," "and," "a," or
220	<u>"plus";</u>
221	(d) differences in punctuation and special characters;
222	(e) differences in capitalization; or
223	(f) differences in singular and plural forms of words.
224	(6) The division may not approve for filing a name that implies that a decentralized
225	autonomous organization is an agency of this state or any of the state's political subdivisions, if
226	the decentralized autonomous organization is not actually such a legally established agency or
227	subdivision.
228	(7) The authorization to reserve or register a decentralized autonomous organization
229	name as granted by the division does not:
230	(a) abrogate or limit the law governing unfair competition or unfair trade practices;
231	(b) derogate from the common law, the principles of equity, or the statutes of this state
232	or of the United States with respect to the right to acquire and protect names and trademarks; or
233	(c) create an exclusive right in geographic or generic terms contained within a name.
234	(8) The name of a decentralized autonomous organization may not contain:
235	(a) the term:
236	(i) association;
237	(ii) corporation;
238	(iii) incorporated;
239	(iv) partnership;
240	(v) limited liability company;
241	(vi) limited partnership; or
242	<u>(vii)</u> L.P.;

243	(b) any word or abbreviation that is of like import to the terms listed in Subsection
244	<u>(8)(a);</u>
245	(c) without the written consent of the United States Olympic Committee, the words:
246	(i) Olympic;
247	(ii) Olympiad; or
248	(iii) Citius Altius Fortius;
249	(d) without the written consent of the Division of Consumer Protection issued in
250	accordance with Section 13-34-114, the terms:
251	(i) university;
252	(ii) college; or
253	(iii) institute or institution; or
254	(e) the number sequence 911.
255	(9) A person, other than a decentralized autonomous organization formed under this
256	chapter or another decentralized autonomous organization that is authorized to transact
257	business in this state, may not use in the person's name in this state the term:
258	(a) limited liability decentralized autonomous organization;
259	(b) limited decentralized autonomous organization;
260	(c) L.L.DAO. or L.L.D.; or
261	(d) L.DAO. or L.D.
262	Section 6. Section <b>48-5-106</b> is enacted to read:
263	<u>48-5-106.</u> Registered agent.
264	Each decentralized autonomous organization shall designate a registered agent in this
265	state in accordance with Subsection 16-17-203(1) and maintain a registered agent in the state.
266	Section 7. Section <b>48-5-107</b> is enacted to read:
267	<u>48-5-107.</u> Fees.
268	Unless otherwise provided by statute, the division shall charge and collect a fee for
269	services established by the division in accordance with Section 63J-1-504 including fees:
270	(1) for issuing a certified copy of any document, instrument, or paper relating to a
271	decentralized autonomous organization; and
272	(2) for affixing the seal to a certified copy described in Subsection (1).
273	Section 8. Section <b>48-5-108</b> is enacted to read:

274	48-5-108. Certificates issued by the division.
275	(1) Any person may apply to the division for:
276	(a) a certificate of existence for a decentralized autonomous organization; or
277	(b) a certificate that sets forth any facts of record in the division.
278	(2) A certificate of existence or certificate of authorization sets forth:
279	(a) the decentralized autonomous organization's name;
280	(b) that the decentralized autonomous organization is recognized under the law of this
281	state;
282	(c) the date of the decentralized autonomous organization's formation;
283	(d) that articles of dissolution have not been filed by the division; and
284	(e) other facts of record in the division that may be requested by the applicant.
285	(3) Subject to any qualification stated in the certificate, a certificate issued by the
286	division may be relied upon as conclusive evidence of the facts set forth in the certificate.
287	Section 9. Section 48-5-109 is enacted to read:
288	<u>48-5-109.</u> Electronic documents.
289	(1) Subject to Section 48-5-107, the division shall by rule permit a writing required or
290	permitted to be filed with the division under this chapter:
291	(a) to be delivered, mailed, or filed:
292	(i) in an electronic medium; or
293	(ii) by electronic transmission; or
294	(b) to be signed by photographic, electronic, or other means prescribed by rule, except
295	that a writing signed in an electronic medium shall be signed by electronic signature in
296	accordance with Title 46, Chapter 4, Uniform Electronic Transactions Act.
297	(2) The division may by rule provide for any writing required or permitted to be
298	prepared, delivered, or mailed by the division under this chapter to be prepared, delivered, or
299	mailed:
300	(a) in an electronic medium; or
301	(b) by electronic transmission.
302	Section 10. Section <b>48-5-201</b> is enacted to read:
303	Part 2. Formation
304	48-5-201. Formation requirements.

305	(1) (a) One or more persons may act as organizers to form a decentralized autonomous
306	organization by delivering to the division for filing a certificate of organization.
307	(b) At least one of the organizers of a decentralized autonomous organization shall be
308	an individual.
309	(2) (a) A certificate of organization shall provide:
310	(i) the name of the decentralized autonomous organization, which shall comply with
311	<u>Section 48-3a-108;</u>
312	(ii) the name of an organizer that is an individual;
313	(iii) the street and mailing address of the organizer described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii);
314	(iv) the name and address of the legal representative; and
315	(v) the information required by Subsection 16-17-203(1).
316	(b) An organizer may request that the information provided in Subsections (2)(a)(ii)
317	and (iii) is redacted by the division before any public disclosure of the filing.
318	(3) A decentralized autonomous organization shall submit evidence to the division that
319	the decentralized autonomous organization has complied with the following requirements:
320	(a) the decentralized autonomous organization is deployed on a permissionless
321	blockchain;
322	(b) the decentralized autonomous organization has a unique public address through
323	which an individual can review and monitor the decentralized autonomous organization's
324	transactions;
325	(c) the software code of the decentralized autonomous organization is available in a
326	public forum for any person to review;
327	(d) the software code of the decentralized autonomous organization has undergone
328	quality assurance;
329	(e) the decentralized autonomous organization has a graphical user interface that:
330	(i) allows a person to read the value of the key variables of the decentralized
331	autonomous organization's smart contracts;
332	(ii) allows a person to monitor all transactions originating from, or addressed to, the
333	decentralized autonomous organization's smart contracts;
334	(iii) specifies the restrictions on a member's ability to redeem tokens;
335	(iv) makes available the decentralized autonomous organization's by-laws; and

336	(v) displays the mechanism to contact the administrator of the decentralized
337	autonomous organization;
338	(f) the governance system of the decentralized autonomous organization is
339	decentralized;
340	(g) the decentralized autonomous organization has at least one member;
341	(h) (i) there is a publicly specified communication mechanism that allows a person to
342	contact the registered agent of the decentralized autonomous organization and provide legally
343	recognized service; and
344	(ii) a member or administrator of the decentralized autonomous organization is able to
345	access the contents of this communication mechanism; and
346	(i) the decentralized autonomous organization describes or provides a dispute
347	resolution mechanism that is:
348	(i) binding on the decentralized autonomous organization, the members, and
349	participants of the decentralized autonomous organization; and
350	(ii) able to resolve disputes with third parties capable of settlement by alternative
351	dispute resolution.
352	(4) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (3)(e)(iv), a decentralized
353	autonomous organization may redact sensitive information from the by-laws before making the
354	by-laws available, if those redactions are necessary to protect the privacy of individual
355	members or participants in the decentralized autonomous organization.
356	(5) A decentralized autonomous organization is formed when the decentralized
357	autonomous organization's certificate of organization becomes effective and the decentralized
358	autonomous organization submits the evidence required in Subsection (3).
359	(6) Upon formation, the decentralized autonomous organization shall have limited
360	liability, subject to the provisions of Section 48-5-202.
361	(7) A decentralized autonomous organization may request a certificate of organization
362	from the division to signify that the decentralized autonomous organization has complied with
363	the requirements for legal personality under this act.
364	Section 11. Section <b>48-5-202</b> is enacted to read:
365	48-5-202. Limited liability.
366	(1) Except as set forth in Subsections (2) and (3), a member:

367	(a) may only be liable for the on-chain contributions that the member has committed to
368	the decentralized autonomous organization;
369	(b) may not be held personally liable for any excess liability after the decentralized
370	autonomous organization's assets have been exhausted;
371	(c) may not be held personally liable for any obligation incurred by the decentralized
372	autonomous organization; and
373	(d) may not be held personally liable, in the member's capacity as a member, for the
374	wrongful act or omission of any other member of the decentralized autonomous organization.
375	(2) If a decentralized autonomous organization refuses to comply with an enforceable
376	judgment, order, or award entered against the decentralized autonomous organization, the
377	members who voted against compliance may be liable for any monetary payments ordered in
378	the judgment, order, or award in proportion to the member's share of governance rights in the
379	decentralized autonomous organization.
380	(3) Subsections (1) and (2) do not affect the personal liability of a member in tort for a
381	member's own wrongful act or omission.
382	Section 12. Section <b>48-5-203</b> is enacted to read:
383	<u>48-5-203.</u> By-laws.
384	(1) A decentralized autonomous organization shall adopt by-laws that establish internal
385	organization and procedures for the decentralized autonomous organization.
386	(2) The by-laws shall be set out in plain terms.
387	(3) The bylaws of a decentralized autonomous organization may contain any provision
388	for managing the entity and regulating the affairs of the decentralized autonomous organization
389	that is not inconsistent with law.
390	Section 13. Section <b>48-5-204</b> is enacted to read:
391	<b><u>48-5-204.</u></b> Annual report to the division.
392	(1) A decentralized autonomous organization shall deliver to the division for filing an
393	annual report that states:
394	(a) the name of the decentralized autonomous organization; and
395	(b) the information required by Subsection <u>16-17-203(1)</u> .
396	(2) Information in the annual report must be current as of the date the report is signed
397	by the decentralized autonomous organization.

398	(3) Every 12 months after the decentralized autonomous organization has been issued a
399	certificate of organization, the decentralized autonomous organization shall submit the annual
400	report described in Subsection (1) to the division.
401	Section 14. Section <b>48-5-301</b> is enacted to read:
402	Part 3. Members
403	<u>48-5-301.</u> Classes of participation rights Membership.
404	(1) A decentralized autonomous organization's by-laws may create multiple classes of
405	member participation rights.
406	(2) Where the decentralized autonomous organization has tokens providing governance
407	powers to the token holder, the token holder shall be considered a member of the decentralized
408	autonomous organization:
409	(a) from the time the ownership of the tokens is established to be in the possession of
410	an address; or
411	(b) from the time when ownership is first acknowledged by the token holder through an
412	on-chain interaction with the decentralized autonomous organization.
413	(3) This section does not apply in the event of a hard fork.
414	Section 15. Section <b>48-5-302</b> is enacted to read:
415	<u>48-5-302.</u> Voting rights.
416	(1) The by-laws shall set out the distribution of voting rights for the classes of member
417	participation rights in a decentralized autonomous organization.
418	(2) The method by which these voting rights are computed and distributed shall be set
419	out in the by-laws.
420	Section 16. Section <b>48-5-303</b> is enacted to read:
421	<u>48-5-303.</u> Proxies.
422	(1) A member may be represented by a proxy.
423	(2) The by-laws of a decentralized autonomous organization may establish the
424	requirements for representation by proxy.
425	(3) A proxy may exercise all rights of a member.
426	Section 17. Section <b>48-5-304</b> is enacted to read:
427	<u>48-5-304.</u> Minority rights protection.
428	The decentralized autonomous organization shall state in the by-laws whether the

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429	decentralized autonomous organization provides minority rights protection.
430	Section 18. Section <b>48-5-305</b> is enacted to read:
431	<u>48-5-305.</u> Administrators.
432	(1) Unless mandated in the decentralized autonomous organization's by-laws, a
433	decentralized autonomous organization is not required to have an administrator, including a
434	board of directors or a trustee.
435	(2) In the absence of a provision requiring administrators, all the powers and tasks of
436	an administrator shall be vested in the decentralized autonomous organization members as a
437	<u>class.</u>
438	(3) The voting mechanism for nominating and appointing an administrator shall be set
439	out in the decentralized autonomous organization's by-laws.
440	Section 19. Section <b>48-5-306</b> is enacted to read:
441	48-5-306. Legal representation.
442	(1) A decentralized autonomous organization shall retain a legal representative to
443	undertake tasks that cannot be achieved on-chain.
444	(2) Legal representation of the decentralized autonomous organization shall be carried
445	out by the legal representative in the manner provided in the by-laws, as evidenced by an
446	authorization displayed on a public forum, and verifiable by cryptographic proof.
447	(3) The legal representative may undertake and execute any and all acts and contracts
448	included within the scope of such authorization.
449	(4) The legal representative may not be required to reside in Utah.
450	(5) A legal representative may not be personally liable for acts performed on behalf of
451	the decentralized autonomous organization.
452	Section 20. Section <b>48-5-307</b> is enacted to read:
453	<u>48-5-307.</u> No implicit fiduciary status.
454	A developer, member, participant, or legal representative of a decentralized
455	autonomous organization may not be imputed to have fiduciary duties towards each other or
456	third parties solely on account of their role, unless the developer, member, participant, or legal
457	representative:
458	(1) explicitly holds themselves out as a fiduciary; or
459	(2) stipulates to assume a fiduciary status as provided in the decentralized autonomous

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460	organization's by-laws.
461	Section 21. Section 48-5-401 is enacted to read:
462	Part 4. Miscellaneous Provisions
463	<b><u>48-5-401.</u></b> Asset subscription and payment.
464	(1) No minimum capital requirements may apply to a decentralized autonomous
465	organization recognized by this act.
466	(2) If the decentralized autonomous organization wishes to maintain a minimum
467	amount of capital, the by-laws of the decentralized autonomous organization shall specify the
468	rules for subscription and payment.
469	(3) The by-laws shall provide the rules for exiting the decentralized autonomous
470	organization that address the consequences of voluntary and involuntary member and
471	participant exit on subscriptions and payments made by the member or participant.
472	(4) No member may compel the dissolution of the decentralized autonomous
473	organization for failure to return the member's on-chain contribution.
474	Section 22. Section <b>48-5-402</b> is enacted to read:
475	<u>48-5-402.</u> Meetings.
476	(1) A decentralized autonomous organization may hold meetings as provided in the
477	decentralized autonomous organization's by-laws.
478	(2) Unless explicitly specified in the by-laws, meetings are not required to be in person.
479	(3) If the by-laws include a meeting requirement, the by-laws shall include an explicit
480	and transparent mechanism of giving notice of meetings to administrators, members, or
481	participants, and a defined time period for deliberating upon proposals submitted by an
482	administrator, member, or participant.
483	(4) Notice of any required meeting shall be communicated through a graphical user
484	interface.
485	(5) The quorum and majority requirements for meetings of a decentralized autonomous
486	organization's administrators, members, or participants shall be specified in the by-laws.
487	Section 23. Section <b>48-5-403</b> is enacted to read:
488	<u>48-5-403.</u> Contentious forks in the underlying blockchain.
489	(1) Except as provided in this section, in the event of a hard fork in the underlying
490	permissionless blockchain:

491	(a) the legal representation of the decentralized autonomous organization remains on
492	the majority chain; and
493	(b) any off-chain assets shall belong to the decentralized autonomous organization on
494	the majority chain.
495	(2) (a) A decentralized autonomous organization may choose to maintain legal
496	presence on a minority chain if the decentralized autonomous organization expresses an intent
497	to do so by public signal.
498	(b) If the decentralized autonomous organization expresses an intent by public signal to
499	maintain legal presence on a minority chain, any off-chain assets shall belong to the
500	decentralized autonomous organization on the selected minority chain.
501	(3) The decentralized autonomous organization may liquidate the decentralized
502	autonomous organization's on-chain assets after a hard fork to move those assets to the chosen
503	<u>chain.</u>
504	(4) The decentralized autonomous organization may split into multiple legal entities
505	after a hard fork, each on a separate chain, after public signal of an intent to do so, provided
506	there is a definitive distribution of off-chain assets between the majority and minority chain.
507	Section 24. Section <b>48-5-404</b> is enacted to read:
508	<u>48-5-404.</u> Restructuring.
509	(1) When a decentralized autonomous organization is restructured, whether through
510	modification, upgrade, or migration, the decentralized autonomous organization's legal
511	personality and limited liability is retained only to the extent that:
512	(a) the new software code of the decentralized autonomous organization fulfills all the
513	formation requirements of Section 48-5-201; and
514	(b) where the decentralized autonomous organization has to be associated with a new
515	unique public address, proper notice is provided by way of public signal.
516	(2) A decentralized autonomous organization that is restructured in compliance with
517	Subsection (1) inherits the rights and obligations of the original decentralized autonomous
518	organization as a successor.
519	Section 25. Section <b>48-5-405</b> is enacted to read:
520	<u>48-5-405.</u> Failure event.
521	(1) In the case of a failure event, legal personality and limited liability are maintained

522	to the extent necessary to protect decentralized autonomous organization members and
523	participants from personal liability.
524	(2) A failure event may trigger liability on the person deploying or upgrading the
525	decentralized autonomous organization if that person:
526	(a) acted in bad faith; or
527	(b) engaged in gross negligence.
528	Section 26. Section <b>48-5-406</b> is enacted to read:
529	<u>48-5-406.</u> Taxation.
530	(1) A decentralized autonomous organization recognized by this act shall be eligible to
531	elect the decentralized autonomous organization's classification for federal tax purposes.
532	(2) (a) Unless otherwise elected under Subsection (1), a decentralized autonomous
533	organization recognized by this act shall be treated as a pass-through entity for tax purposes,
534	with no entity-level tax accruing to the decentralized autonomous organization.
535	(b) Any realized gains shall pass through to the decentralized autonomous
536	organization's members in proportion to their token holdings.
537	(3) Where a member is not a taxable entity, the realized gains allocated to such
538	members shall pass to the first taxable person.
539	Section 27. Retrospective operation.
540	Section <u>48-5-406</u> has retrospective operation for a taxable year beginning on or after

541 January 1, 2023.