	ENERGY SECURITY AMENDMENTS
	2023 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: Ken Ivory
	Senate Sponsor: Derrin R. Owens
	GTITLE
Gener	ral Description:
	This bill modifies provisions related to the regulation of energy.
Highl	ighted Provisions:
	This bill:
	<ul> <li>defines terms;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>modifies the state energy policy to promote the state's energy independence by:</li> </ul>
	• promoting the use of energy resources generated within the state;
	• promoting the use of clean energy sources by considering the emissions of an
energy	resource throughout the entire life cycle of the energy resource; and
	• mandating that state agencies conduct activities consistent with the state energy
policy	• •
	<ul> <li>provides legislative findings;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>requires a qualified utility to inform the Office of the Attorney General when a</li> </ul>
propos	sed federal regulation would result in the early retirement of an electric
genera	ation facility;
	<ul> <li>authorizes the Office of the Attorney General to take any action to defend a</li> </ul>
qualifi	ied utility facing a proposed federal regulation that would result in the early
retiren	nent of an electric generation facility; and
	<ul> <li>makes technical changes.</li> </ul>
Mone	y Appropriated in this Bill:



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28	None
29	Other Special Clauses:
30	This bill provides a special effective date.
31	Utah Code Sections Affected:
32	AMENDS:
33	79-6-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 383 and renumbered and
34	amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 280
35	ENACTS:
36	<b>79-6-303</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
37 38	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
39	Section 1. Section <b>79-6-301</b> is amended to read:
40	79-6-301. State energy policy.
41	(1) It is the policy of the state that:
42	(a) Utah shall have adequate, reliable, affordable, sustainable, and clean energy
43	resources;
44	(b) Utah [will] shall promote the development of:
45	(i) nonrenewable energy resources, including natural gas, coal, oil, oil shale, and oil
46	sands;
47	(ii) renewable energy resources, including geothermal, solar, wind, biomass, biofuel,
48	and hydroelectric;
49	(iii) nuclear power generation technologies certified for use by the United States
50	Nuclear Regulatory Commission including molten salt reactors producing medical isotopes;
51	(iv) alternative transportation fuels and technologies;
52	(v) infrastructure to facilitate energy development, diversified modes of transportation,
53	greater access to domestic and international markets for Utah's resources, and advanced
54	transmission systems;
55	(vi) energy storage, pumped storage, and other advanced energy systems, including
56	hydrogen from all sources;
57	(vii) electricity systems that can be controlled at the request of grid operators to meet
58	system load demands, to ensure an adequate supply of dispatchable energy generation

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59 resources; and 60 (viii) increased refinery capacity; (c) Utah [will] shall promote the development of resources and infrastructure sufficient 61 62 to meet the state's growing demand, while contributing to the regional and national energy 63 supply, thus reducing dependence on international energy sources; 64 (d) Utah [will] shall promote the development of resources, tools, and infrastructure to 65 enhance the state's ability to: 66 (i) respond effectively to significant disruptions to the state's energy generation, energy 67 delivery systems, or fuel supplies; [and] (ii) maintain adequate supply, including reserves of proven and cost-effective 68 69 dispatchable electricity reserves to meet grid demand; and 70 (iii) ensure the state's energy independence by promoting the use of energy resources 71 generated within the state: 72 (e) Utah [will] shall allow market forces to drive prudent use of energy resources, 73 although incentives and other methods may be used to ensure the state's optimal development 74 and use of energy resources in the short- and long-term; 75 (f) Utah [will] shall pursue energy conservation, energy efficiency, and environmental 76 quality; 77 (g) Utah shall promote the development of a secure supply chain from resource 78 extraction to energy production and consumption; 79  $\left[\frac{1}{2}\right]$  (h) (i) state regulatory processes should be streamlined to balance economic costs 80 with the level of review necessary to ensure protection of the state's various interests; and 81 (ii) where federal action is required, Utah will encourage expedited federal action and 82 will collaborate with federal agencies to expedite review; 83 [(h)] (i) Utah [will] shall maintain an environment that provides for stable consumer 84 prices that are as low as possible while providing producers and suppliers a fair return on 85 investment, recognizing that: (i) economic prosperity is linked to the availability, reliability, and affordability of 86 87 consumer energy supplies; and 88 (ii) investment will occur only when adequate financial returns can be realized: [and] 89 [(i)] (i) Utah [will] shall promote training and education programs focused on

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90	developing a comprehensive understanding of energy, including:
91	(i) programs addressing:
92	(A) energy conservation;
93	(B) energy efficiency;
94	(C) supply and demand; and
95	(D) energy related workforce development; and
96	(ii) energy education programs in grades [K-12.] kindergarten through grade 12; and
97	(k) Utah shall promote the use of clean energy sources by considering the emissions of
98	an energy resource throughout the entire life cycle of the energy resource.
99	(2) State agencies are encouraged to conduct agency activities consistent with
100	Subsection (1).
101	(3) A person may not file suit to challenge a state agency's action that is inconsistent
102	with Subsection (1).
103	Section 2. Section <b>79-6-303</b> is enacted to read:
104	<u>79-6-303.</u> Legislative findings Forced retirement of electric generation facilities.
105	(1) As used in this section:
106	(a) "Dispatchable" means available for use on demand and generally available to be
107	delivered at a time and quantity of the operator's choosing.
108	(b) "Electric generation facility" means a facility that generates electricity for provision
109	to customers.
110	(c) "Forced retirement" means the closure of an electric generation facility as a result of
111	a federal regulation that either directly mandates the closure of an electric generation facility or
112	where the costs of compliance are so high as to effectively force the closure of an electric
113	generation facility.
114	(d) "Qualified utility" means the same as that term is defined in Section 54-17-801.
115	(e) "Reliable" means not generally subject to intermittent availability.
116	(f) "Secure" means protected against disruption, tampering, and external interference.
117	(2) The Legislature finds that:
118	(a) affordable, reliable, dispatchable, and secure energy resources are important to the
119	health, safety, and welfare of the state's citizens;
120	(b) the state has invested substantial resources in the development of affordable,

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121	reliable, dispatchable, and secure energy resources within the state;
122	(c) the early retirement of an electric generation facility that provides affordable,
123	reliable, dispatchable, and secure energy is a threat to the health, safety, and welfare of the
124	state's citizens;
125	(d) the state's police powers, reserved to the state by the U.S. Constitution, provide the
126	state with sovereign authority to make and enforce laws for the protection of the health, safety,
127	and welfare of the state's citizens;
128	(e) the state has a duty to defend the production and supply of affordable, reliable,
129	dispatchable, and secure energy from external regulatory interference; and
130	(f) the state's sovereign authority with respect to the retirement of an electric generation
131	facility for the protection of the health, safety, and welfare of the state's citizens is primary and
132	takes precedence over any attempt from an external regulatory body to mandate, restrict, or
133	influence the early retirement of an electric generation facility in the state.
134	(3) A qualified utility that receives notice of any federal regulation that may result in
135	the forced retirement of the qualified utility's electric generation facility shall inform the Office
136	of the Attorney General of the regulation within 30 days after the receipt of notice.
137	(4) After being informed as described in Subsection (3), the Office of the Attorney
138	General may take any action necessary to defend the qualified utility, including filing an action
139	in court or participating in administrative proceedings.
140	Section 3. Effective date.
141	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), if approved by two-thirds of all the members
142	elected to each house, this bill takes effect upon approval by the governor, or the day following
143	the constitutional time limit of Utah Constitution, Article VII, Section 8, without the governor's
144	signature, or in the case of a veto, the date of veto override.
1 1 5	(2) Section 70 ( 201 takes effect on Mary 2, 2022

(2) Section 79-6-301 takes effect on May 3, 2023.