1	OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL EMPLOYMENT					
2	AMENDMENTS					
3	2023 GENERAL SESSION					
4	STATE OF UTAH					
5	Chief Sponsor: Kay J. Christofferson					
6	Senate Sponsor:					
7 8	LONG TITLE					
9	General Description:					
10	This bill modifies provisions relating to employees of the Office of the Attorney					
11	General.					
12	Highlighted Provisions:					
13	This bill:					
14	 modifies provisions relating to career service status of employees of the Office of 					
15	the Attorney General;					
16	 provides that employees hired after a specified date may not be given career service 					
17	status;					
18	 provides for certain employees to voluntarily elect to convert to a position with 					
19	career service exempt status;					
20	 authorizes the attorney general to adopt a policy for a review process for an 					
21	employee in a career service exempt status who is recommended to be suspended,					
22	demoted, or dismissed;					
23	 requires the attorney general to adopt a pay for performance plan and provides for 					
24	the features of a plan; and					
25	► makes technical changes.					
26	Money Appropriated in this Bill:					



None

Other Special Clauses:					
This bill provides a special effective date.					
Utah Code Sections Affected:					
AMENDS:					
67-5-7, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 344					
67-5-8, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 101					
67-5-9, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 166					
67-5-12, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 369					
67-5-13, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 166					
ENACTS:					
67-5-10.5, Utah Code Annotated 1953					
67-5-11.5, Utah Code Annotated 1953					
REPEALS:					
67-5-6, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1973, Chapter 185					
	:				
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:					
Section 1. Section 67-5-7 is amended to read:					
67-5-7. Establishment of employment system.					
(1) The purpose of this [chapter] section and Sections 67-5-8, 67-5-9, 67-5-10,					
67-5-10.5, 67-5-11, 67-5-11.5, 67-5-12, and 67-5-13 is to establish [a career service] an					
employment system for employees of the Office of the Attorney General that will attract and					
retain employees of proven ability and experience who will devote their full time to the service					
of the state.					
(2) The Office of the Attorney General may adopt policies necessary to implement this					
[chapter] section and Sections 67-5-8, 67-5-9, 67-5-10, 67-5-10.5, 67-5-11, 67-5-11.5, 67-5-12,					
and 67-5-13, including personnel and work policies different from those made by the Division					
of Human Resource Management.					
Section 2. Section 67-5-8 is amended to read:					
67-5-8. Eligibility for career service status.					
(1) (a) The attorney general has sole authority to determine who may be employed with					
the Office of the Attorney General.					

59	(b) An employee of the state or any of its departments or agencies has no claim or right				
60	to a position in the [attorney general's office] Office of the Attorney General by virtue of that				
61	employment.				
62	(2) (a) An employee of the Office of the Attorney General shall be placed in a career				
63	service status if:				
64	(i) the employee successfully completes the probationary period under Subsection				
65	(2)(a)(iii) before the effective date of this section;				
66	[(i)] (ii) for an employee who is an attorney, the attorney is a member in good standing				
67	of the Utah State Bar Association; and				
68	[(iii)] (iii) except as provided in Subsection (3), the employee has been employed by the				
69	Office of the Attorney General as a probationary employee for a period of:				
70	(A) at least one year but no more than 18 months; or				
71	(B) in the case of investigators, at least 18 months, but no more than two years.				
72	(b) An employee [now] employed by the [attorney general's office in] Office of the				
73	Attorney General with career service status may not be terminated under this chapter except for				
74	cause.				
75	(3) (a) The attorney general shall determine whether an employee hired before the				
76	effective date of this section should be granted career service status, subject to the employee				
77	completing an applicable probationary period before the effective date of this section.				
78	(b) If, at the end of the probationary period established under Subsection (2), the				
79	attorney general determines that an employee should be granted career service status, the				
80	attorney general shall notify the employee in writing of that decision and place a copy of the				
81	notification in the employee's personnel file.				
82	(c) If the attorney general determines that career service status should not be granted,				
83	the attorney general:				
84	(i) may either terminate the employee or extend the probationary period for a period				
85	not to exceed one year[-]; and				
86	[(d) The attorney general]				
87	(ii) shall:				
88	(A) notify the employee in writing of [that decision and] the attorney general's				
89	determination; and				

90	(B) place a copy of the notification in the employee's personnel file.				
91	[(e)] (d) An employee terminated under [this section] Subsection (3)(c) has no appeal				
92	rights under this [chapter.] section and Sections 67-5-7, 67-5-9, 67-5-10, 67-5-11, 67-5-12, and				
93	<u>67-5-13.</u>				
94	(4) An employee of the Office of the Attorney General hired on or after the effective				
95	date of this section may not be given career service status.				
96	Section 3. Section 67-5-9 is amended to read:				
97	67-5-9. Reassignment of career status employees Additional compensation for				
98	managerial assignments Employment of special assistant attorneys general				
99	Termination of employees Salary increases.				
100	[This chapter does] (1) This section and Sections 67-5-7, 67-5-8, 67-5-10, 67-5-10.5,				
101	<u>67-5-11, 67-5-11.5, 67-5-12</u> , and <u>67-5-13</u> do not affect the authority of the attorney general to:				
102	[(1)] (a) assign [and] or reassign [employees] an employee in a career service status to				
103	a different [positions on his staff. The salary of an employee reassigned to a different position				
104	shall not be decreased by reason of reassignment; except that if the employee reassigned				
105	occupies the position of chief deputy attorney general, the salary may be reduced by not more				
106	than 15% upon the assignment to a different position;] position on the attorney general's staff,				
107	subject to Subsection (2);				
108	$[\frac{(2)}{2}]$ (b) develop a plan for additional compensation for <u>a</u> career <u>service</u> status				
109	[employees who accept managerial assignments] employee who accepts a managerial				
110	<u>assignment</u> within the office[. The provisions of Subsection (1) notwithstanding, the attorney				
111	general may discontinue any additional compensation if the employee no longer holds a				
112	managerial assignment. Additional compensation provided under this section shall be				
113	determined by the attorney general pursuant to the plan developed by the Office of the Attorney				
114	General. If the employee no longer holds a managerial assignment, and the attorney general				
115	decides to discontinue any additional compensation, the reduction may not place the employee				
116	at a salary below where the employee would be through normal salary increases if the				
117	employee had not been in a managerial position], subject to Subsection (3);				
118	[(3)] (c) employ special assistant attorneys general, who [shall not be] are not subject				
119	to this [chapter] section or Section 67-5-7, 67-5-8, 67-5-10, 67-5-10.5, 67-5-11, 67-5-11.5,				
120	67-5-12, or 67-5-13, to represent the state in particular lawsuits or to handle particular legal				

121	matters for the state;			
122	[(4)] (d) terminate the employment of any employee of the Office of the Attorney			
123	General who is not in a career service status; or			
124	[(5)] (e) establish the salary or determine salary increases of any employee [under this			
125	chapter.] of the Office of the Attorney General.			
126	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), the salary of an employee in a career			
127	service status who is reassigned to a different position in the Office of the Attorney General			
128	may not be decreased because of the reassignment.			
129	(b) The salary of an employee in a career service status who is reassigned to a different			
130	position in the Office of the Attorney General may be reduced by not more than 15% upon the			
131	reassignment if the employee's position before the reassignment is chief deputy attorney			
132	general.			
133	(3) (a) Any additional compensation paid to an employee holding a managerial			
134	assignment shall be determined by the attorney general pursuant to the plan developed by the			
135	Office of the Attorney General under Subsection (1)(b).			
136	(b) (i) Subject to Subsection (3)(b)(ii), if the attorney general reassigns an employee			
137	who holds a managerial position and who is paid additional compensation because of the			
138	managerial position to a position that is not a managerial position, the attorney general may			
139	discontinue the employee's additional compensation.			
140	(ii) A discontinuance of additional compensation under Subsection (3)(b)(i) may not			
141	result in the employee being paid a salary lower than the salary the employee would have been			
142	paid, considering normal salary increases, if the employee had not been in a managerial			
143	position.			
144	Section 4. Section 67-5-10.5 is enacted to read:			
145	67-5-10.5. Career service employees Election to convert to a career service			
146	exempt status Adoption of policy for review process for career service exempt status			
147	employees.			
148	(1) As used in this section:			
149	(a) "Career service exempt status" is the employment status of an employee who is			
150	exempt from the career service provisions of Sections 67-5-7, 67-5-8, 67-5-9, 67-5-10,			
151	67-5-11, 67-5-12, and 67-5-13.			

152	(b) "Eligible employee" is an employee:				
153	(i) who, before the effective date of this section, is given career service status; or				
154	(ii) (A) who was hired before the effective date of this section for a career service				
155	status position;				
156	(B) whose position is subject to a probationary period of service described in				
157	Subsection 67-5-8(2)(a); and				
158	(C) who, on the effective date of this section, has not yet completed the probationary				
159	period of service.				
160	(c) "Employee" means an individual employed by the Office of the Attorney General.				
161	(2) An employee who, on the effective date of this section, is a career service employee				
162	remains a career service employee unless the employee voluntarily elects to convert to career				
163	service exempt status before March 30, 2024.				
164	(3) The attorney general shall disseminate to each eligible employee information on				
165	financial and other incentives for the eligible employee's voluntary election to convert to career				
166	service exempt status.				
167	(4) The attorney general may adopt a policy to implement a review process for an				
168	employee in career service exempt status who is recommended to be suspended, demoted, or				
169	dismissed from employment.				
170	Section 5. Section 67-5-11.5 is enacted to read:				
171	67-5-11.5. Pay for performance plan.				
172	(1) As used in this section, "pay for performance plan" means a plan:				
173	(a) for incentivizing an employee to meet or exceed production or performance goals;				
174	(b) that is established before work begins;				
175	(c) under which specific goals and targets for the employee are determined and				
176	measurement procedures are in place; and				
177	(d) that includes features described in Subsection (2).				
178	(2) A pay for performance plan shall include:				
179	(a) guidelines and criteria for performance policies and to administer pay based on an				
180	employee's performance in furtherance of the mission of the Office of the Attorney General;				
181	(b) employee performance ratings;				
182	(c) requirements for written employee performance standards and expectations;				

183	(d) supervisor verbal and written feedback based on the standards of performance and				
184	behavior outlined in an employee's performance plan; and				
185	(e) quarterly written evaluation of an employee's performance.				
186	(3) No later than July 1, 2023, the attorney general shall:				
187	(a) adopt a pay for performance plan; and				
188	(b) subject to available funds and as necessary, adjust an employee's wage to reflect:				
189	(i) subject to Subsection (4)(b), the salary range of the position classified plan for the				
190	employee's position; and				
191	(ii) an increase, decrease, or no change in the employee's wage:				
192	(A) commensurate with an employee's performance as reflected by the evaluation				
193	conducted in accordance with the pay for performance plan; and				
194	(B) in an amount that is in accordance with the guidelines and criteria established for a				
195	wage change in the pay for performance plan.				
196	(4) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the				
197	attorney general shall make rules:				
198	(a) for the administration of a pay for performance plan; and				
199	(b) authorizing an employee with career service status to receive a wage that exceeds				
200	the salary range of the employee's career service status position if warranted based on the				
201	employee's performance rating.				
202	Section 6. Section 67-5-12 is amended to read:				
203	67-5-12. Dismissal of career service status employees Causes Procedure				
204	Retention roster Reappointment register.				
205	(1) (a) Employees in a career <u>service</u> status may be dismissed only:				
206	(i) to advance the good of public service;				
207	(ii) where funds have expired or work no longer exists; or				
208	(iii) for any of the following causes or reasons:				
209	(A) noncompliance with provisions in the Office of Attorney General policy manual, or				
210	division policies, and, for attorneys, noncompliance with the Rules of Professional Conduct;				
211	(B) work performance that is inefficient or incompetent;				
212	(C) failure to maintain skills and adequate performance levels;				
213	(D) insubordination or disloyalty to the orders of a superior;				

214	(E)	misfeasance.	malfeasance.	or nonfeasance

- (F) failure to advance the good of the public service, including conduct on or off duty which demeans or harms the effectiveness or ability of the office to fulfill its mission or legal obligations;
- (G) conduct on or off duty which creates a conflict of interest with the employee's public responsibilities or impact that employee's ability to perform his or her job assignments;
- (H) any incident involving intimidation, physical harm, threats of physical harm against coworkers, management, or the public;
 - (I) failure to meet the requirements of the position;
- (J) dishonesty; or

- (K) misconduct.
- 225 (b) Employees in career <u>service</u> status may not be dismissed for reasons of race, 226 national origin, religion, or political affiliation.
 - (2) Except in aggravated cases of misconduct, an employee in a career <u>service</u> status may not be suspended, demoted, or dismissed without the following procedures:
 - (a) The attorney general or a designated representative shall notify the employee of the reasons for suspension, demotion, or dismissal.
 - (b) The employee shall have an opportunity to reply and have the reply considered by the attorney general or a designated representative.
 - (c) The employee shall have an opportunity to be heard by the attorney general or a designated representative.
 - (d) Following a hearing, an employee may be suspended, demoted, or dismissed if the attorney general or a designated representative finds adequate reason.
 - (e) If the attorney general or a designated representative finds that retention of an employee would endanger the peace and safety of others or pose a grave threat to the public interest, the employee may be summarily suspended pending administrative hearings and a review by the Career Service Review Office.
 - (3) (a) An employee in a career <u>service</u> status who is aggrieved by a decision of the attorney general or a designated representative to suspend, demote, or dismiss the employee may appeal the decision to the Career Service Review Office or its hearing officers by following the procedures in Title 67, Chapter 19a, Grievance Procedures.

(b) Matters other than dismissal or demotion may be appealed to and reviewed by the attorney general or a designated representative whose decision is final with no right of appeal to the Career Service Review Office or its hearing officers.

- (4) Disciplinary actions shall be supported by credible evidence, but the normal rules of evidence in courts of law do not apply in hearings before the attorney general or a designated representative or the Career Service Review Office or its hearing officers.
- (5) (a) Reductions in force required by reinstatement of an employee under Section 67-5-11, inadequate funds, change of workload, or lack of work shall be governed by a retention roster to be maintained by the Office of the Attorney General and the requirements of this Subsection (5).
- (b) Except attorney general executive or administrative appointees, employees not in a career service status shall be separated before any employee in a career service status.
- (c) Retention points for each employee in a career <u>service</u> status shall be based on the employee's seniority in service within each employee category in the Office of the Attorney General, including any military service fulfilled subsequent to the employee's original appointment.
- (d) Employees in career <u>service</u> status shall be separated in the order of their retention points, the employee with the lowest points to be discharged first.
 - (e) Those employees who are serving in other positions under Section 67-5-11 shall:
 - (i) have retention points determined as if they were working for the office; and
- (ii) be separated in the order of the retention points as if they were working in the Office of the Attorney General.
- (f) An employee in a career <u>service</u> status who is separated by reason of a reduction in force shall be:
- (i) placed on a reappointment register kept by the Office of the Attorney General for one year; and
- (ii) offered reappointment to a position in the same category in the Office of the Attorney General before any employee not having a career <u>service</u> status is appointed.
 - Section 7. Section **67-5-13** is amended to read:
- 274 67-5-13. Limitations on political activities by career service status employees.
- 275 (1) An employee in a career <u>service</u> status may not, while in a pay status, be a state or

federal officer in any partisan political party organization or in any statewide partisan political campaign. The employee, however, may be an officer or delegate in a partisan political party organization at a county or inferior level or a delegate at a state or national level.

- (2) An employee in career <u>service</u> status may not be a candidate for any partisan political office, but upon application to the attorney general the employee shall be granted a leave of absence without pay but without loss of existing seniority to participate in a partisan political campaign either as an officer or as a candidate. Time spent during the political leave shall not be counted for seniority purposes as being in service. For the purposes of this section, an employee is not considered to be a candidate until the primary elections have been held.
- (3) An employee in career <u>service</u> status may not engage in political activity during the hours of employment, nor may any person solicit political contributions from any employee in career <u>service</u> status during hours of employment or through state facilities or in any manner impose assessments on them for political purposes; but nothing in this section shall preclude voluntary contributions to a candidate or a political party.
- (4) Partisan political activity shall not be a basis for employment, promotion, demotion, or dismissal. Any violation of this section may lead to disciplinary action against the employee, which may consist of reprimand, suspension, demotion, or termination as determined by the attorney general.
- (5) This section shall not be construed to permit partian political activity by any employee in career <u>service</u> status who is prevented or restricted from engaging in this political activity by the provisions of any federal act or the rules and regulations promulgated under it.
 - Section 8. Repealer.
- This bill repeals:

- 299 Section 67-5-6, Attorney General Career Service Act -- Citation.
- 300 Section 9. Effective date.
 - If approved by two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, this bill takes effect upon approval by the governor, or the day following the constitutional time limit of Utah

 Constitution, Article VII, Section 8, without the governor's signature, or in the case of a veto, the date of veto override.