OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL EMPLOYMENT
AMENDMENTS
2023 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Kay J. Christofferson
Senate Sponsor:
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill modifies provisions relating to employees of the Office of the Attorney
General.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
 modifies provisions relating to the career service status of employees of the Office
of the Attorney General;
 provides that employees hired after a specified date may not be given career service
status;
 provides for certain employees to voluntarily elect to convert to a position with
career service exempt status;
 authorizes the attorney general to adopt a policy for a review process for an
employee in a career service exempt status who is recommended to be suspended,
demoted, or dismissed;
requires the attorney general to adopt a pay for performance plan and provides for



• makes technical changes.

the features of a plan; and

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1₩.	Ioney Appropriated in this Bill:
	None
O	other Special Clauses:
	This bill provides a special effective date.
	This bill provides revisor instructions.
U	tah Code Sections Affected:
E	NACTS:
	67-5-201, Utah Code Annotated 1953
	67-5-205, Utah Code Annotated 1953
	67-5-206, Utah Code Annotated 1953
R	ENUMBERS AND AMENDS:
	67-5-202, (Renumbered from 67-5-7, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter
34	44)
	67-5-203, (Renumbered from 67-5-8, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter
10	01)
	67-5-204, (Renumbered from 67-5-9, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter
10	66)
	67-5-207, (Renumbered from 67-5-10, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1994, Chapter
19	99)
	67-5-208, (Renumbered from 67-5-11, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter
34	45)
	67-5-209, (Renumbered from 67-5-12, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter
30	69)
	67-5-210, (Renumbered from 67-5-13, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter
10	66)
R	EPEALS:
	67-5-6, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1973, Chapter 185

57	<u>67-5-201.</u> Definitions.
58	As used in this part:
59	(1) "Career service exempt status" means the employment status of an employee who is
60	exempt from and not subject to the career service provisions of this part.
61	(2) "Career service status" means the employment status of an employee who is subject
62	to the career service provisions of this part.
63	(3) "Eligible employee" means an employee, except a POST-certified employee:
64	(a) who, on the effective date of this section, is employed in a position with career
65	service status; or
66	(b) (i) who was hired before the effective date of this section for a position with career
67	service status;
68	(ii) whose position is subject to a probationary period of service described in
69	Subsection 67-5-203(2)(a)(iii); and
70	(iii) who, on the effective date of this section, has not yet completed the probationary
71	period of service.
72	(4) "Employee" means an individual employed by the Office of the Attorney General.
73	(5) "Pay for performance plan" means a plan:
74	(a) for incentivizing an employee to meet or exceed production or performance goals;
75	(b) that is established before work begins;
76	(c) under which specific goals and targets for the employee are determined and
77	measurement procedures are in place; and
78	(d) that includes features described in Subsection 67-5-206(2).
79	(6) "POST-certified employee" means an employee who:
80	(a) is employed in a position that requires the employee to have received the training
81	certification under Title 53, Chapter 6, Part 2, Peace Officer Training and Certification Act;
82	(b) received the training certification described in Subsection (6)(a); and
83	(c) maintains the training certification described in Subsection (6)(a) throughout the
84	time of the employee's employment in a position that requires the employee to have received
85	the training certification described in Subsection (6)(a).
86	Section 2. Section 67-5-202 , which is renumbered from Section 67-5-7 is renumbered
87	and amended to read:

88	[67-5-7]. Establishment of employment system.
89	(1) The purpose of this [chapter] part is to establish [a career service] an employment
90	system for employees of the Office of the Attorney General that will attract and retain
91	employees of proven ability and experience who will devote their full time to the service of the
92	state.
93	(2) The Office of the Attorney General may adopt policies necessary to implement this
94	[chapter] part, including personnel and work policies different from those made by the Division
95	of Human Resource Management.
96	Section 3. Section 67-5-203, which is renumbered from Section 67-5-8 is renumbered
97	and amended to read:
98	[67-5-8]. Eligibility for career service status.
99	(1) (a) The attorney general has sole authority to determine who may be employed with
100	the Office of the Attorney General.
101	(b) An employee of the state or any of its departments or agencies has no claim or right
102	to a position in the [attorney general's office] Office of the Attorney General by virtue of that
103	employment.
104	(2) (a) An employee of the Office of the Attorney General shall be [placed in a] granted
105	career service status if:
106	(i) the employee:
107	(A) was hired before the effective date of this section for a position with career service
108	status; and
109	(B) does not voluntarily elect to convert to career service exempt status under Section
110	<u>67-5-205;</u>
111	[(i)] (ii) for an employee who is an attorney, the attorney is a member in good standing
112	of the Utah State Bar Association; and
113	[(iii)] (iii) except as provided in Subsection (3), the employee has been employed by the
114	Office of the Attorney General as a probationary employee for a period of:
115	(A) at least one year but no more than 18 months; or
116	(B) in the case of investigators, at least 18 months, but no more than two years.
117	(b) An employee [now] employed by the [attorney general's office in] Office of the
118	Attorney General who has career service status may not be terminated under this [chapter] part

119	except for cause.
120	(3) (a) The attorney general shall determine whether an employee hired before the
121	effective date of this section should be granted career service status, subject to the employee
122	completing an applicable probationary period.
123	(b) If, at the end of the probationary period established under Subsection (2), the
124	attorney general determines that an employee should be granted career service status, the
125	attorney general shall notify the employee in writing of that decision and place a copy of the
126	notification in the employee's personnel file.
127	(c) If the attorney general determines that career service status should not be granted,
128	the attorney general:
129	(i) may [either] terminate the employee or extend the probationary period for a period
130	not to exceed one year[-]; and
131	[(d) The attorney general shall]
132	(ii) shall:
133	(A) notify the employee in writing of [that decision] the attorney general's
134	determination; and
135	(B) place a copy of the notification in the employee's personnel file.
136	[(e)] (d) An employee terminated under [this section] Subsection (3)(c) has no appeal
137	rights under this [chapter] part.
138	(4) An employee of the Office of the Attorney General hired on or after the effective
139	date of this section may not be granted career service status.
140	Section 4. Section 67-5-204, which is renumbered from Section 67-5-9 is renumbered
141	and amended to read:
142	[67-5-9]. 67-5-204. Reassignment of career status employees Additional
143	compensation for managerial assignments Employment of special assistant attorneys
144	general Termination of employees Salary increases.
145	(1) This [chapter] part does not affect the authority of the attorney general to:
146	(a) assign or reassign an employee with career service status to a different position on
147	the attorney general's staff, subject to Subsection (2);
148	(b) develop a plan for additional compensation for a career service status employee
149	who accepts a managerial assignment within the office, subject to Subsection (3);

150	[(1) assign and reassign employees in a career status to different positions on his staff.
151	The salary of an employee reassigned to a different position shall not be decreased by reason of
152	reassignment; except that if the employee reassigned occupies the position of chief deputy
153	attorney general, the salary may be reduced by not more than 15% upon the assignment to a
154	different position;]
155	[(2) develop a plan for additional compensation for career status employees who accept
156	managerial assignments within the office. The provisions of Subsection (1) notwithstanding,
157	the attorney general may discontinue any additional compensation if the employee no longer
158	holds a managerial assignment. Additional compensation provided under this section shall be
159	determined by the attorney general pursuant to the plan developed by the Office of the Attorney
160	General. If the employee no longer holds a managerial assignment, and the attorney general
161	decides to discontinue any additional compensation, the reduction may not place the employee
162	at a salary below where the employee would be through normal salary increases if the
163	employee had not been in a managerial position;]
164	[(3)] (c) employ special assistant attorneys general[, who shall not be subject to this
165	chapter,] to represent the state in particular lawsuits or to handle particular legal matters for the
166	state, without being subject to this part;
167	[(4)] (d) terminate the employment of any employee of the Office of the Attorney
168	General [who is not in a] with career service exempt status; or
169	[(5)] (e) establish the salary or determine salary increases of any employee [under this
170	chapter] of the Office of the Attorney General.
171	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), the salary of an employee with career
172	service status who is reassigned to a different position in the Office of the Attorney General
173	may not be decreased because of the reassignment.
174	(b) The salary of an employee with career service status who is reassigned to a different
175	position in the Office of the Attorney General may be reduced by not more than 15% upon the
176	reassignment if the employee's position before the reassignment is chief deputy attorney
177	general.
178	(3) (a) Any additional compensation paid to an employee holding a managerial
179	assignment shall be determined by the attorney general pursuant to the plan developed by the
180	Office of the Attorney General under Subsection (1)(b).

181	(b) (i) Subject to Subsection (3)(b)(ii), if the attorney general reassigns an employee
182	who holds a managerial position and who is paid additional compensation because of the
183	managerial position to a position that is not a managerial position, the attorney general may
184	discontinue the employee's additional compensation.
185	(ii) A discontinuance of additional compensation under Subsection (3)(b)(i) may not
186	result in the employee being paid a salary lower than the salary the employee would have been
187	paid, considering normal salary increases, if the employee had not been in a managerial
188	position.
189	Section 5. Section 67-5-205 is enacted to read:
190	67-5-205. Employees with career service status Election to convert to a career
191	service exempt status Adoption of policy for review process for career service exempt
192	status employees.
193	(1) An employee who, on the effective date of this section, has career service status
194	maintains the career service status unless the employee voluntarily elects to convert to career
195	service exempt status as provided in this section.
196	(2) (a) The attorney general shall disseminate to each eligible employee information on
197	financial and other incentives for the eligible employee's voluntary election to convert to career
198	service exempt status.
199	(b) An employee with career service status who elects to convert to a career service
200	exempt status before March 30, 2024 shall receive a salary increase of 15%.
201	(3) (a) The attorney general may adopt a policy to implement a review process for an
202	employee with career service exempt status who is recommended to be suspended, demoted, or
203	dismissed from employment.
204	(b) The review process implemented in a policy adopted under Subsection (3)(a) may
205	consist of some or all of the grievance procedures provided in Chapter 19a, Grievance
206	<u>Procedures.</u>
207	Section 6. Section 67-5-206 is enacted to read:
208	67-5-206. Pay for performance plan.
209	(1) No later than July 1, 2023, the attorney general shall:
210	(a) adopt a pay for performance plan; and
211	(b) subject to available funds and as necessary, adjust an employee's wage to reflect:

212	(i) subject to Subsection (3)(b), the salary range of the position classified plan for the
213	employee's position; and
214	(ii) an increase, decrease, or no change in the employee's wage:
215	(A) commensurate with an employee's performance as reflected by the evaluation
216	conducted in accordance with the pay for performance plan; and
217	(B) in an amount that is in accordance with the guidelines and criteria established for a
218	wage change in the pay for performance plan.
219	(2) A pay for performance plan shall include:
220	(a) guidelines and criteria for performance policies and to administer pay based on an
221	employee's performance in furtherance of the mission of the Office of the Attorney General;
222	(b) employee performance ratings;
223	(c) requirements for written employee performance standards and expectations;
224	(d) a provision for supervisor verbal and written feedback based on the standards of
225	performance and behavior outlined in an employee's performance plan; and
226	(e) a provision for the periodic evaluation of an employee's performance, no less
227	frequently than annually, as established by the attorney general in the pay for performance plan.
228	(3) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
229	attorney general shall make rules:
230	(a) for the administration of a pay for performance plan; and
231	(b) authorizing an employee with career service status to receive a wage that exceeds
232	the salary range of the employee's career service status position if warranted based on the
233	employee's performance rating.
234	Section 7. Section 67-5-207, which is renumbered from Section 67-5-10 is renumbered
235	and amended to read:
236	[67-5-10]. Career status attorneys as full-time employees
237	Completion of outside law practice.
238	(1) (a) [Attorneys in a career status] An attorney with career service status:
239	(i) shall be <u>a</u> full-time [employees and shall] employee;
240	(ii) may not engage in the private practice of law [and shall]; and
241	(iii) may not receive any fee for legal services rendered to any person, corporation,
242	partnership, or other legal entity other than the state or the county in which the [person]

- 243 <u>attorney</u> holds office or by whom the [person] <u>attorney</u> is employed.
 - (b) The practice of law prohibited by [this subsection] Subsection (1)(a) does not include pro bono service.
 - (2) (a) [Attorneys] An attorney on probationary status who [have] has not been granted career service status may, in the discretion of the attorney general, be granted permission to complete or handle legal matters previously begun before employment with the attorney general's office, but may not begin new matters once employed.
 - (b) Once <u>an attorney is granted</u> career service status [is conferred], the attorney is bound by the provisions of Subsection (1).
 - (3) [The provisions of this section shall] Subsections (1) and (2) do not apply to a special assistant [attorneys] attorney general retained on a fee basis to render services in connection with a single case or a related series of cases.
 - Section 8. Section **67-5-208**, which is renumbered from Section 67-5-11 is renumbered and amended to read:
 - [67-5-11]. <u>67-5-208.</u> Employee accepting appointment to state position exempt from merit provisions -- Reinstatement in career status.
 - (1) (a) An employee [in a] with career service status [accepting] who accepts an appointment to a position in state government [which] that is exempt from the merit provisions of Title 63A, Chapter 17, Utah State Personnel Management Act, shall notify the attorney general in writing.
 - (b) Upon termination of [the] an appointment under Subsection (1)(a), unless discharged for cause, the employee, through written request of reinstatement made to the attorney general within 30 days from the effective date of termination from the appointment, shall be reinstated [in a] with career service status in the [attorney general's office] Office of the Attorney General at a salary not less than [that which he] the salary that the employee was receiving at the time of [his] the appointment, and the time spent in the other position shall be credited toward seniority in the position with career service[. Reinstatement] status.
 - (c) A reinstatement under Subsection (1)(b) shall be made no later than 60 days after the written notification required [by this Subsection (1)] under Subsection (1)(a) or 60 days after the effective date of termination from the employee's appointive position, whichever is later.

274	(d) The position and assignment to which [the employee shall return] an employee
275	reinstated under Subsection (1)(b) shall be determined by the attorney general.
276	(2) (a) (i) The Office of the Attorney General shall establish and maintain a separate
277	seniority list for each employee category[, which categories].
278	(ii) Categories established under Subsection (2)(a)(i) may include attorneys,
279	investigators, paralegals, secretaries, and others.
280	(b) An employee of the Office of the Attorney General with less seniority than an
281	employee in the same category entitled to be reinstated under this section holds his position
282	subject to any reinstatement provided by Subsection (1).
283	Section 9. Section 67-5-209, which is renumbered from Section 67-5-12 is renumbered
284	and amended to read:
285	[67-5-12]. <u>67-5-209.</u> Dismissal of career service status employees Causes
286	Procedure Retention roster Reappointment register.
287	(1) (a) [Employees in a] An employee with career service status may be dismissed
288	only:
289	(i) to advance the good of public service;
290	(ii) where funds have expired or work no longer exists; or
291	(iii) for any of the following causes or reasons:
292	(A) noncompliance with provisions in the Office of Attorney General policy manual, or
293	division policies, and, for attorneys, noncompliance with the Rules of Professional Conduct;
294	(B) work performance that is inefficient or incompetent;
295	(C) failure to maintain skills and adequate performance levels;
296	(D) insubordination or disloyalty to the orders of a superior;
297	(E) misfeasance, malfeasance, or nonfeasance;
298	(F) failure to advance the good of the public service, including conduct on or off duty
299	which demeans or harms the effectiveness or ability of the office to fulfill its mission or legal
300	obligations;
301	(G) conduct on or off duty which creates a conflict of interest with the employee's
302	public responsibilities or impact that employee's ability to perform his or her job assignments;
303	(H) any incident involving intimidation, physical harm, threats of physical harm
304	against coworkers, management, or the public;

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- 305 (I) failure to meet the requirements of the position; 306 (J) dishonesty; or 307 (K) misconduct. 308 (b) [Employees in] An employee with career service status may not be dismissed for 309 reasons of race, national origin, religion, or political affiliation. 310 (2) Except in aggravated cases of misconduct, an employee [in a] with career service 311 status may not be suspended, demoted, or dismissed without the following procedures: 312 (a) The attorney general or a designated representative shall notify the employee of the 313 reasons for suspension, demotion, or dismissal. 314 (b) The employee shall have an opportunity to reply and have the reply considered by 315 the attorney general or a designated representative. 316 (c) The employee shall have an opportunity to be heard by the attorney general or a 317 designated representative. 318 (d) Following a hearing, an employee may be suspended, demoted, or dismissed if the 319 attorney general or a designated representative finds adequate reason. 320 (e) If the attorney general or a designated representative finds that retention of an 321 employee would endanger the peace and safety of others or pose a grave threat to the public 322 interest, the employee may be summarily suspended pending administrative hearings and a 323 review by the Career Service Review Office. 324 (3) (a) An employee [in a] with career service status who is aggrieved by a decision of 325 the attorney general or a designated representative to suspend, demote, or dismiss the employee 326 may appeal the decision to the Career Service Review Office or its hearing officers by 327 following the procedures in Title 67, Chapter 19a, Grievance Procedures. 328 (b) Matters other than dismissal or demotion may be appealed to and reviewed by the 329 attorney general or a designated representative whose decision is final with no right of appeal 330 to the Career Service Review Office or its hearing officers.
 - representative or the Career Service Review Office or its hearing officers.

 (5) (a) Reductions in force required by reinstatement of an employee under Section 67-5-11, inadequate funds, change of workload, or lack of work shall be governed by a

(4) Disciplinary actions shall be supported by credible evidence, but the normal rules

of evidence in courts of law do not apply in hearings before the attorney general or a designated

336	retention roster to be maintained by the Office of the Attorney General and the requirements of
337	this Subsection (5).
338	(b) Except attorney general executive or administrative appointees, [employees not in
339	a] an employee without career service status shall be separated before any employee [in a] with
340	career service status.
341	(c) Retention points for each employee [in a] with career service status shall be based
342	on the employee's seniority in service within each employee category in the Office of the
343	Attorney General, including any military service fulfilled subsequent to the employee's original
344	appointment.
345	(d) Employees [in] with career service status shall be separated in the order of [their]
346	the employees' retention points, the employee with the lowest points to be discharged first.
347	(e) [Those employees who are] An employee serving in [other positions] another
348	position under Section [67-5-11] 57-5-208 shall:
349	(i) have retention points determined as if [they] the employee were working for the
350	[office] Office of the Attorney General; and
351	(ii) be separated in the order of the retention points as if [they] the employee were
352	working in the Office of the Attorney General.
353	(f) An employee [in a] with career service status who is separated by reason of a
354	reduction in force shall be:
355	(i) placed on a reappointment register kept by the Office of the Attorney General for
356	one year; and
357	(ii) offered reappointment to a position in the same category in the Office of the
358	Attorney General before any employee [not having a] without career service status is
359	appointed.
360	Section 10. Section 67-5-210, which is renumbered from Section 67-5-13 is
361	renumbered and amended to read:
362	[67-5-13]. <u>67-5-210.</u> Limitations on political activities by career status
363	employees.
364	(1) An employee [in a] with career service status:
365	(a) may not, while in a pay status, be a state or federal officer in any partisan political

party organization or in any statewide partisan political campaign[. The employee, however,];

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This bill repeals:

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367	<u>and</u>
368	(b) notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), may be an officer or delegate in a partisan
369	political party organization at a county or inferior level or a delegate at a state or national level.
370	(2) (a) [An] Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), an employee [in] with career
371	service status may not be a candidate for any partisan political office[, but upon].
372	(b) (i) Upon application to the attorney general [the], an employee shall be granted a
373	leave of absence without pay [but] and without loss of existing seniority to participate in a
374	partisan political campaign either as an officer or as a candidate.
375	(ii) Time spent during [the] political leave [shall] under Subsection (2)(b)(i) may not be
376	counted for seniority purposes as being in service.
377	(iii) For the purposes of this section, an employee is not considered to be a candidate
378	until the primary elections have been held.
379	(3) (a) An employee [in] with career service status may not engage in political activity
380	during the hours of employment, nor may any person solicit political contributions from any
381	employee [in] with career service status during hours of employment or through state facilities
382	or in any manner impose assessments on [them] the employee for political purposes[; but
383	nothing].
384	(b) Nothing in this section [shall preclude voluntary contributions] precludes a
385	voluntary contribution to a candidate or a political party.
386	(4) (a) Partisan political activity [shall] may not be a basis for employment, promotion,
387	demotion, or dismissal.
388	(b) Any violation of this section may lead to disciplinary action against the employee,
389	which may consist of reprimand, suspension, demotion, or termination as determined by the
390	attorney general.
391	(5) This section [shall] may not be construed to permit partisan political activity by any
392	employee [in] with career service status who is prevented or restricted from engaging in this
393	political activity by the provisions of any federal [act] law or the rules and regulations
394	promulgated under [it] the federal law.
395	Section 11. Repealer.

Section 67-5-6, Attorney General Career Service Act -- Citation.

Section 12. **Effective date.**<u>If approved by two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, this bill takes effect upon approval by the governor, or the day following the constitutional time limit of Utah Constitution, Article VII, Section 8, without the governor's signature, or in the case of a veto, the date of veto override.</u>

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Section 13. Revisor instructions.

2nd Sub. (Gray) H.B. 466

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The Legislature intends that the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel, in preparing the Utah Code database for publication, replace any reference in this bill to "the effective date of this section" with the actual effective date of this bill.