{deleted text} shows text that was in HB0503 but was deleted in HB0503S01. inserted text shows text that was not in HB0503 but was inserted into HB0503S01.

DISCLAIMER: This document is provided to assist you in your comparison of the two bills. Sometimes this automated comparison will NOT be completely accurate. Therefore, you need to read the actual bills. This automatically generated document could contain inaccuracies caused by: limitations of the compare program; bad input data; or other causes.

Representative Doug Owens proposes the following substitute bill:

SHOOTING RANGE REQUIREMENTS

2023 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Doug Owens

Senate Sponsor: _____

LONG TITLE

General Description:

This bill modifies provisions relating to {fees for publicly owned } shooting ranges.

Highlighted Provisions:

This bill:

- defines terms;
- waives fees at <u>{publicly owned}certain public</u> shooting ranges for military service members, veterans, <u>{first responders}peace officers</u>, and retired {first responders}peace officers;
- <u>exempts Department of Public Safety shooting ranges from certain requirements</u>; and
- makes technical and conforming changes.

Money Appropriated in this Bill:

None

Other Special Clauses:

None

Utah Code Sections Affected:

AMENDS:

47-3-304, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 155

47-3-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 246

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

Section 1. Section 47-3-304 is amended to read:

47-3-304. Fees.

(1) <u>As used in this section:</u>

(a) "{First responder}Military service member" means the same as that term is defined in Section {53-21-101}53B-8-102.

(b) "{Military service member}Peace officer" means {the same as that term is defined}an officer described in Section {53B-8-102}53-13-102.

(c) "Retired {first responder}peace officer" means a {first responder}peace officer who has become eligible, applies for, and may receive an allowance under Title 49, Utah State Retirement and Insurance Benefit Act.

(d) "Veteran" means the same as that term is defined in Section 68-3-12.5.

(2) Reasonable fees for the use of a shooting range to cover the incidental material and supply costs incurred by making the range available to a group, may be established by:

(a) the State Armory Board established under Title 39A, Chapter 2, State Armory Board, for a military range; and

(b) for a nonmilitary range, the state agency, institution of higher education, or political subdivision that operates or has control of the range.

[(2)] (3) Fees for nonmilitary shooting range use may not exceed fees charged by the Department of Natural Resources for the same or similar activity.

(4) (a) Fees established under Subsection (2) {shall be}are waived for {first responders}peace officers, military service members, retired {first responders}peace officers, and veterans at state-owned public shooting ranges.

(b) Notwithstanding Subsection 47-3-305(1)(b), fees are waived for peace officers, military service members, retired peace officers, and veterans at shooting ranges that are operated as a public shooting range staffed and operated by the Division of Wildlife Resources.

(c) Waived fees under this Subsection (4) do not include materials such as clay pigeons or special targets.

[(3)] (5) Fees collected under Subsection [(1)] (2) shall be:

(a) for a shooting range operated or controlled by a state agency or an institution of higher education, deposited in the General Fund as dedicated credits to be used for the operation and maintenance of the range; and

(b) for a shooting range operated or controlled by a political subdivision, deposited in the political subdivision's general fund.

Section 2. Section 47-3-305 is amended to read:

47-3-305. Exceptions and prohibitions.

(1) This part does not apply to:

(a) shooting ranges that are otherwise open to the public;

(b) shooting ranges that are operated as a public shooting range staffed by and operated

by Division of Wildlife Resources;

(c) the Utah National Guard ranges located at Camp Williams and the Salt Lake International Airport;

(d) Department of Corrections ranges;

(e) Department of Public Safety ranges; and

[(c)] (f) ranges owned, operated, or currently leased as of March 26, 2013, by a state or local public safety agency.

(2) Firearms may not be allowed in a school building, except under the provision of Section 76-10-505.5, unless there is an outdoor entrance to the shooting range and the most direct access to the range is used. An outdoor entrance to a shooting range may not be blocked by fences, structures, or gates for the purpose of blocking the outdoor entrance.

(3) Only air guns may be used in public ranges where the ventilation systems do not meet current OSHA standards as applied to the duration of exposure of the participants. For the purposes of this part, an air gun does not include larger caliber pneumatic weapons, paintball guns, or air shotguns.

(4) Group range use is a lawful, approved activity under Subsection 76-10-505.5(4)(a).