	PUBLIC SCHOOL INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIAL
	REQUIREMENTS
	2023 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: Lincoln Fillmore
	House Sponsor: Melissa G. Ballard
	LONG TITLE
	General Description:
	This bill addresses requirements related to the approval of materials for classroom use
	and certain policies.
	Highlighted Provisions:
	This bill:
	► defines terms;
	requires a process for a local school board or charter school governing board to
	follow if the board chooses to adopt or approve instructional materials for
(classroom use across the school district or charter school;
	requires local school boards and charter school governing boards to adopt policies
	to provide guidance to educators on the use of certain learning materials that have
	not been adopted or approved under the open process; $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\hat{\mathbf{S}} \rightarrow \underline{\mathbf{and}} \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{S}}] \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$
	$\hat{H} \rightarrow [\hat{S} \rightarrow]$ [f] \rightarrow requires that contracts for online or digital learning materials include a
	requirement
	for notice if the provider changes the content of the materials; and $[\frac{1}{2}]$ [$\leftarrow \hat{S}$] $\leftarrow \hat{H}$
	makes technical and conforming changes.
	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
	None
	Other Special Clauses:
	None



214	program, in coordination with schools in that district. A school may refer a student to a youth
215	court or a comparable restorative justice program in accordance with Section 53G-8-211.
216	(24) (a) As used in this Subsection (24):
217	(i) "Learning material" means any learning material or resource used to deliver or
218	support a student's learning, including textbooks, reading materials, videos, digital materials,
219	websites, and other online applications.
220	(ii) (A) "Instructional material" means learning material that a local school board
221	adopts and approves for use within the LEA.
222	(B) "Instructional material" does not include Ĥ→ news media or ←Ĥ learning material
222a	used in a concurrent
223	enrollment, advanced placement, or international baccalaureate program or class or another
224	class with required instructional material that is not subject to selection by the local school
225	board.
226	(iii) "Supplemental material" means learning material that:
227	(A) an educator selects for classroom use; and
228	(B) a local school board has not considered and adopted, approved, or prohibited for
229	classroom use within the LEA.
230	(b) A local school board shall:
231	[(a)] (i) make [curriculum] instructional material that the school district uses readily
232	accessible and available for a parent to view;
233	[(b)] (ii) annually notify a parent of a student enrolled in the school district of how to
234	access the information described in Subsection $[(24)(a)]$ $(24)(b)(i)$; and
235	[(c)] (iii) include on the school district's website information about how to access the
236	information described in Subsection $[\frac{(24)(a)}{2}]$ $\underline{(24)(b)(i)}$.
237	(c) In selecting and approving instructional materials for use in the classroom, a local
238	school board shall:
239	(i) establish an open process, involving educators and parents of students enrolled in
240	the LEA, to review and recommend instructional materials for board approval; and
241	(ii) ensure that under the process described in Subsection (24)(c)(i), the board:
242	(A) before the meetings described in Subsection (24)(c)(ii)(B), posts the recommended
243	learning material online to allow for public review or, for copyrighted material, make the
244	recommended learning material available at the LEA for public review:

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(B) before adopting or approving the recommended instructional materials, holds at		
least two public meetings on the recommendation that provides an opportunity for educators		
whom the LEA employs and parents of students enrolled in the LEA to express views and		
opinions on the recommendation; and		
(C) adopts or approves the recommended instructional materials in an open and regular		
board meeting.		
(d) A local school board shall adopt a supplemental materials policy that provides		
flexible guidance to educators on the selection of supplemental materials or resources that an		
educator reviews and selects for classroom use using the educator's professional judgment,		
including whether any process or permission is required before classroom use of the materials		
or resources.		
$\hat{H} \rightarrow [\hat{S} \rightarrow]$ [f] (e) If an LEA contracts with another party to provide online or digital		
materials, the		
LEA shall include in the contract a requirement that the provider give notice to the LEA any		
time that the provider makes a material change to the content of the online or digital materials.		
(f) [$\frac{1}{2}$] [$\frac{1}{2}$] $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{S}}$] $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ Nothing in this Subsection (24) requires a local school board to		
review all		
learning		
materials used within the LEA.		
Section 2. Section 53G-5-404 is amended to read:		
53G-5-404. Requirements for charter schools.		
(1) A charter school shall be nonsectarian in its programs, admission policies,		
employment practices, and operations.		
(2) A charter school may not charge tuition or fees, except those fees normally charged		
by other public schools.		
(3) A charter school shall meet all applicable federal, state, and local health, safety, and		
civil rights requirements.		
(4) (a) A charter school shall:		
(i) make the same annual reports required of other public schools under this public		
education code, including an annual financial audit report described in Section 53G-4-404;		
(ii) ensure that the charter school meets the data and reporting standards described in		
Section 53E-3-501; and		
(iii) use fund and program accounting methods and standardized account codes capable		
of producing financial reports that comply with:		

369	websites, and other online applications.
370	(ii) (A) "Instructional material" means learning material that a charter school governing
371	board adopts and approves for use within the charter school.
372	(B) "Instructional material" does not include Ĥ→ news media or ←Ĥ learning material
372a	used in a concurrent
373	enrollment, advanced placement, or international baccalaureate program or class or another
374	class with required instructional material that is not subject to selection by the charter school
375	governing board.
376	(iii) "Supplemental material" means learning material that:
377	(A) an educator selects for classroom use; and
378	(B) a charter school governing board has not considered and adopted, approved, or
379	prohibited for classroom use within the charter school.
380	(b) A charter school shall:
381	[(a)] (i) make [curriculum] instructional material that the charter school uses readily
382	accessible and available for a parent to view;
383	[(b)] (ii) annually notify a parent of a student enrolled in the charter school of how to
384	access the information described in Subsection $[(14)(a)]$ $(14)(b)(i)$; and
385	[(e)] (iii) include on the charter school's website information about how to access the
386	information described in Subsection $[\frac{(14)(a)}{(14)(b)(i)}]$.
387	(c) In selecting and approving instructional materials for use in the classroom, a charter
388	school governing board shall:
389	(i) establish an open process, involving educators and parents of students enrolled in
390	the charter school, to review and recommend instructional materials for board approval; and
391	(ii) ensure that under the process described in Subsection (14)(c)(i), the charter school
392	governing board:
393	(A) before the public meetings described in Subsection (14)(c)(ii)(B), posts the
394	recommended learning materials online to allow for public review or, for copyrighted material,
395	make the recommended learning material available at the charter school for public review;
396	(B) before adopting or approving the recommended instructional materials, holds at
397	least two public meetings on the recommendation that provide an opportunity for educators
398	whom the charter school employs and parents of students enrolled in the charter school to
399	express views and opinions on the recommendation; and

400	(C) adopts or approves the recommended instructional materials in an open and regular
401	board meeting.
402	(d) A charter school governing board shall adopt a supplemental materials policy that
403	provides flexible guidance to educators on the selection of supplemental materials or resources
404	that an educator reviews and selects for classroom use using the educator's professional
405	judgment, including whether any process or permission is required before classroom use of the
406	materials or resources.
407	$\hat{H} \rightarrow [\hat{S} \rightarrow]$ [f] (e) If a charter school contracts with another party to provide online or digital
408	materials, the charter school shall include in the contract a requirement that the provider give
409	notice to the charter school any time that the provider makes a material change to the content of
410	the online or digital materials.
411	(f) [\dagger] [$\underbrace{(e)} \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{S}}$] $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ Nothing in this Subsection (14) requires a charter school governing
411a1	board to
411a	<u>review</u>
412	all learning materials used within the charter school.