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STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION AMENDMENTS

2023 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH



None

26	Other Special Clauses:
27	None
28	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
29	AMENDS:
30	53E-3-501, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 308
31	53E-4-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapters 186, 226
32	53E-5-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 186
33	53G-7-901, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 374
34	53G-9-801, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 408
35	53G-11-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapters 285, 374
<ul><li>36</li><li>37</li></ul>	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
38	Section 1. Section <b>53E-3-501</b> is amended to read:
39	53E-3-501. State board to establish miscellaneous minimum standards for public
40	schools.
41	(1) The state board shall establish rules and minimum standards for the public schools
42	that are consistent with this public education code, including rules and minimum standards
43	governing the following:
44	(a) (i) the qualification and certification of educators and ancillary personnel who
45	provide direct student services;
46	(ii) required school administrative and supervisory services; and
47	(iii) the evaluation of instructional personnel;
48	(b) (i) access to programs;
49	(ii) attendance;
50	(iii) competency levels;
51	(iv) graduation requirements; and
52	(v) discipline and control;
53	(c) (i) school accreditation;
54	(ii) the academic year;
55	(iii) alternative and pilot programs;
56	(iv) curriculum and instruction requirements; and

57	(v) school libraries; [and]
58	[ <del>(vi)</del> ] (d) services to:
59	[(A)] (i) persons with a disability as defined by and covered under:
60	[(1)] (A) the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 12102;
61	[(H)] (B) the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. Sec. 705(20)(A); and
62	[(HH)] (C) the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1401(3); and
63	[(B)] (ii) other special groups;
64	[ <del>(d)</del> ] <u>(e)</u> (i) state reimbursed bus routes;
65	(ii) bus safety and operational requirements; and
66	(iii) other transportation needs;
67	[(e)] (f) (i) school productivity and cost effectiveness measures;
68	(ii) federal programs;
69	(iii) school budget formats; and
70	(iv) financial, statistical, and student accounting requirements; and
71	[(f)] (g) data collection and reporting by LEAs.
72	(2) [The] Except as provided in Subsection (3), the state board shall determine if:
73	(a) the minimum standards have been met; and
74	(b) required reports are properly submitted.
75	(3) When the state board makes a request of an LEA under Subsection (1)(f) or (g), the
76	state board shall include:
77	(a) the justification for the requested information;
78	(b) a statement confirming that the information is not available elsewhere;
79	(c) a deadline by which the LEA must provide the information in accordance with state
80	board rule; and
81	(d) penalties, including withholding of funds, for non-compliance in accordance with
82	state and federal law.
83	[(3)] (4) The state board may apply for, receive, administer, and distribute to eligible
84	applicants funds made available through programs of the federal government.
85	[(4)] (5) (a) A technical college listed in Section 53B-2a-105 shall provide
86	competency-based career and technical education courses that fulfill high school graduation
87	requirements, as requested and authorized by the state board.

- (b) A school district may grant a high school diploma to a student participating in a course described in Subsection [(4)(a)] (5)(a) that is provided by a technical college listed in Section 53B-2a-105.
- [(5)] (6) (a) As used in this Subsection [(5)] (6), "generally accepted accounting principles" means a common framework of accounting rules and standards for financial reporting promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.
- (b) Subject to Subsections [(5)(c)] (6)(c) and (d), the state board shall ensure [that] the rules and standards described in Subsections [(1)(e) and (f)] (1)(f) and (g) allow for an LEA to make adjustments to the LEA's general entry ledger, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, to accurately reflect the LEA's use of funds for allowable costs and activities:
  - (i) during a fiscal year; and
  - (ii) at the close of a fiscal year.
- (c) If the state board determines under Subsection (2) that an LEA has not met the minimum standards described in Subsection [(1)(e) or (f)] (1)(f) or (g) or has not properly submitted a required report, the state board shall allow the LEA an opportunity to cure the relevant defect through an adjustment described in Subsection [(5)(b)] (6)(b).
- (d) An LEA may not, in an adjustment described in Subsection [(5)(b),] (6)(b), reflect the use of restricted federal or state funds for a cost or activity that is not an allowable cost or activity for the restricted funds.
  - Section 2. Section 53E-4-204 is amended to read:

## 53E-4-204. Standards and graduation requirements.

- (1) The state board shall establish rigorous core standards for Utah public schools and graduation requirements under Section 53E-3-501 for grades 9 through 12 that:
  - (a) are consistent with state law and federal regulations;
  - (b) use competency-based standards and assessments:
- (c) include instruction that stresses general financial literacy from basic budgeting to financial investments, including bankruptcy education and a general financial literacy test-out option; and
- (d) include graduation requirements in language arts, mathematics, and science that exceed 3.0 units in language arts, 2.0 units in mathematics, and 2.0 units in science.

119	(2) The state board shall establish competency-based standards and assessments for
120	elective courses.
121	(3) The state board shall $\hat{H} \rightarrow [\underline{require}]$ study requiring $\leftarrow \hat{H}$ all LEAs to issue a high
121a	school diploma to students
122	who receive:
123	(a) an associate's degree with at least 60 credit hours from an accredited post-secondary
124	institution; or
125	(b) an industry certification with at least 500 hours of instruction from a business, trade
126	association, or other industry group in accordance with Section 53E-3-501.
127	Section 3. Section <b>53E-5-203</b> is amended to read:
128	53E-5-203. Schools included in school accountability system Other indicators
129	and point distribution for a school that serves a special student population.
130	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), the state board shall include all public
131	schools in the state in the school accountability system established under this part.
132	(2) The state board shall exempt from the school accountability system:
133	(a) a school in which the number of students tested on a statewide assessment for
134	accountability is lower than the minimum sample size necessary, based on acceptable
135	professional practice for statistical reliability, or when release of the information would violate
136	20 U.S.C. Sec. 1232h, the prevention of the unlawful release of personally identifiable student
137	data;
138	(b) if the United States Department of Education approves the state's application for a
139	waiver of federal accountability requirements, a school with an opt out rate on statewide
140	assessments for accountability that exceeds 50%;
141	[(b)] (c) a school in the school's first year of operations if the school's local school
142	board or charter school governing board requests the exemption; or
143	[(c)] (d) a high school in the school's second year of operations if the school's local
144	school board or charter school governing board requests the exemption.
145	(3) Notwithstanding the provisions of this part, the state board may use[7] to
146	appropriately assess the educational impact of a school that serves a special student population:
147	(a) other indicators in addition to the indicators described in Section 53E-5-205 or
148	53E-5-206; or
149	(b) different point distribution than the point distribution described in Section

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150	53E-5-207.
151	Section 4. Section <b>53G-7-901</b> is amended to read:
152	53G-7-901. Definitions.
153	As used in this part:
154	(1) "Cooperating employer" means a public or private entity which, as part of a work
155	experience [and] or career exploration program offered through a school, provides interns with
156	educational resources, training, and work experience in activities related to the entity's ongoing
157	business activities.
158	(2) "Intern" means a student enrolled in a school-sponsored work experience and career
159	exploration program under Section 53G-7-902 involving both classroom instruction and work
160	experience with a cooperating employer, for which the student receives no compensation.
161	(3) "Internship" means the work experience segment of an intern's school-sponsored
162	work experience and career exploration program, performed under the direct supervision of a
163	cooperating employer.
164	(4) "Internship safety agreement" means the agreement between a public or private
165	school and a cooperating employer in accordance with Section 53G-7-904.
166	(5) "Private school" means a school serving any of grades 7 through 12 which is not
167	part of the public education system.
168	(6) "Public school" means:
169	(a) a public school district;
170	(b) an applied technology center or applied technology service region;
171	(c) the Schools for the Deaf and the Blind; or
172	(d) other components of the public education system authorized by the state board to
173	offer internships.
174	Section 5. Section <b>53G-9-801</b> is amended to read:
175	53G-9-801. Definitions.
176	As used in Section 53G-9-802:
177	(1) "Attainment goal" means earning:
178	(a) a high school diploma;
179	(b) a Utah High School Completion Diploma, as defined in state board rule made in

accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;

181	(c) an Adult Education Secondary Diploma, as defined in state board rule made in
182	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act; or
183	(d) an employer-recognized, industry-based certificate that is:
184	(i) likely to result in job placement; and
185	(ii) included in the state board's approved career and technical education industry
186	certification list.
187	(2) "Cohort" means a group of students, defined by the year in which the group enters
188	grade 9.
189	(3) "Designated student" means a student:
190	(a) (i) who has withdrawn from an LEA before earning a diploma;
191	(ii) who has been dropped from average daily membership; and
192	(iii) whose cohort has not yet graduated; or
193	(b) who is at risk of meeting the criteria described in Subsection (3)(a), as determined
194	by the student's LEA, using risk factors defined in rules made by the state board in accordance
195	with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
196	(4) "Graduation rate" means:
197	(a) for a school district or a charter school that includes grade 12, the graduation rate
198	calculated by the state board for federal accountability and reporting purposes; or
199	(b) for a charter school that does not include grade 12, a proxy graduation rate defined
200	in rules made by the state board in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
201	Rulemaking Act.
202	(5) "Local education agency" or "LEA" means a school district or charter school that
203	serves students in grade 9, 10, 11, or 12.
204	(6) "Nontraditional program" means a program, as defined in rules made by the state
205	board under Subsection [53E-3-501(1)(e)] 53E-3-501(1)(c), in which a student receives
206	instruction through:
207	(a) distance learning;
208	(b) online learning;
209	(c) blended learning; or
210	(d) competency-based learning.
211	(7) "Statewide graduation rate" means:

212	(a) for a school district or a charter school that includes grade 12, the statewide
213	graduation rate, as annually calculated by the state board; or
214	(b) for a charter school that does not include grade 12, the average graduation rate for
215	all charter schools that do not include grade 12.
216	(8) "Third party" means:
217	(a) a private provider; or
218	(b) an LEA that does not meet the criteria described in Subsection 53G-9-802(3).
219	Section 6. Section <b>53G-11-402</b> is amended to read:
220	53G-11-402. Background checks for non-licensed employees, contract employees,
221	volunteers, and charter school governing board members.
222	(1) An LEA or qualifying private school shall:
223	(a) require [each of] the following individuals who [is] are 18 years old or older to
224	submit to a nationwide criminal background check and ongoing monitoring as a condition [for]
225	of employment or appointment:
226	(i) a non-licensed employee;
227	(ii) a contract employee;
228	(iii) except for an officer or employee of a cooperating employer under an internship
229	safety agreement under Section 53G-7-904, a volunteer who will be given significant
230	unsupervised access to a student in connection with the volunteer's assignment; and
231	(iv) a charter school governing board member;
232	(b) collect the following from an individual required to submit to a background check
233	under Subsection (1)(a):
234	(i) personal identifying information;
235	(ii) subject to Subsection (2), a fee described in Subsection 53-10-108(15); and
236	(iii) consent, on a form specified by the LEA or qualifying private school, for:
237	(A) an initial fingerprint-based background check by the FBI and the bureau upon
238	submission of the application; and
239	(B) retention of personal identifying information for ongoing monitoring through
240	registration with the systems described in Section 53G-11-404;
241	(c) submit the individual's personal identifying information to the bureau for:
242	(i) an initial fingerprint-based background check by the FBI and the bureau; and

243	(ii) ongoing monitoring through registration with the systems described in Section
244	53G-11-404 if the results of the initial background check do not contain disqualifying criminal
245	history information as determined by the LEA or qualifying private school in accordance with
246	Section 53G-11-405; and
247	(d) identify the appropriate privacy risk mitigation strategy [that will] to be used to
248	ensure [that] the LEA or qualifying private school only receives notifications for individuals
249	with whom the LEA or qualifying private school maintains an authorizing relationship.
250	(2) An LEA or qualifying private school may not require an individual to pay the fee
251	described in Subsection (1)(b)(ii) unless the individual:
252	(a) has passed an initial review; and
253	(b) is one of a pool of no more than five candidates for the position.
254	[(3) By September 1, 2018, an LEA or qualifying private school shall:]
255	[(a) collect the information described in Subsection (1)(b) from individuals:]
256	[(i) who were employed or appointed prior to July 1, 2015; and]
257	[(ii) with whom the LEA or qualifying private school currently maintains an
258	authorizing relationship; and]
259	[(b) submit the information to the bureau for ongoing monitoring through registration
260	with the systems described in Section 53G-11-404.]
261	[(4)] (3) An LEA or qualifying private school that receives criminal history
262	information about a licensed educator under Subsection 53G-11-403(5) shall assess the
263	employment status of the licensed educator as provided in Section 53G-11-405.
264	[(5)] (4) An LEA or qualifying private school may establish a policy to exempt an
265	individual described in Subsections (1)(a)(i) through (iv) from ongoing monitoring under
266	Subsection (1) if the individual is being temporarily employed or appointed.