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SCREENING
2023 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Don L. Ipson
House Sponsor: Ryan D. Wilcox
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This resolution encourages the promotion of hypertrophic cardiomyopathy awareness
and screening.
Highlighted Provisions:
This resolution:
 recognizes undiagnosed and untreated hypertrophic cardiomyopathy as a significant
public health issue; and
 encourages healthcare providers, public health departments, health insurers,
employers, education institutions, the media, and others to promote awareness of
the disease and encourage individuals to seek appropriate screening from qualified
healthcare professionals.
Special Clauses:
None

WHEREAS, hypertrophic cardiomyopathy is a chronic cardiovascular disease marked

by thickening of the heart muscle, which in some cases produces debilitating symptoms and

serious complications, including heart failure, atrial fibrillation, stroke, and, in rare cases,

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION ENCOURAGING



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28	sudden cardiac death;
29	WHEREAS, hypertrophic cardiomyopathy affects people regardless of age, gender, and
30	race and is believed to be the most common inherited or genetic heart disease;
31	WHEREAS, hypertrophic cardiomyopathy affects 1 in 500 people, and possibly as
32	many as 1 in 200 worldwide;
33	WHEREAS, an estimated 700,000 to 1,650,000 people in the United States have
34	hypertrophic cardiomyopathy, yet 85% remain undiagnosed;
35	WHEREAS, hypertrophic cardiomyopathy produces symptoms common to other
36	cardiovascular and pulmonary diseases, including shortness of breath, chest pain, fatigue,
37	palpitations, and fainting, making it difficult to distinguish hypertrophic cardiomyopathy from
38	other diseases;
39	WHEREAS, for individuals with hypertrophic cardiomyopathy the all-cause mortality
40	risk is three to four times greater than the general population;
41	WHEREAS, knowledge of one's own medical history and the signs and symptoms of
42	hypertrophic cardiomyopathy are important first steps toward determining risk and obtaining
43	timely diagnosis and treatment of hypertrophic cardiomyopathy;
44	WHEREAS, screenings by healthcare providers, which include a battery of cardiac
45	health questions, are essential to determining a patient's risk of congenital or genetic cardiac
46	disorders;
47	WHEREAS, to accurately diagnose hypertrophic cardiomyopathy, a healthcare provider
48	must examine a patient's heart and may conduct several tests, including an echocardiogram,
49	magnetic resonance imaging, and genetic testing; $\hat{H} \rightarrow [and] \leftarrow \hat{H}$
50	WHEREAS, following a diagnosis of hypertrophic cardiomyopathy, a patient should
51	work with a healthcare provider to learn more of the disease and determine the best
52	management options, including use of pharmaceuticals and surgery $\hat{H} \rightarrow [\div]$; and
52a	WHEREAS, the fourth Wednesday in February is an appropriate day to observe
52b	Hypertrophic Cardiomyopathy Awareness Day: ←Ĥ
53	NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the Legislature of the state of Utah, the
54	Governor concurring therein, recognizes undiagnosed and untreated hypertrophic
55	cardiomyopathy as a significant public health issue.
56	BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Legislature and the Governor encourage
57	healthcare providers, public health departments, health insurers, employers, education
58	institutions, the media, and others to promote awareness of the disease and encourage

59 individuals to seek appropriate screening from qualified healthcare professionals.