59	period and are a considerable driver of total United States inflation;
60	WHEREAS, the production of traditional sources of energy plays an important role in
61	the state's economy, particularly in the rural areas of the state;
62	WHEREAS, transitioning away from traditional sources of energy will have a negative
63	impact on jobs in the state, specifically in the state's rural areas;
64	WHEREAS, well-functioning markets require alternative viewpoints to operate
65	efficiently and ESG investing advocates that all market actors adopt a singular view for the
66	future;
67	WHEREAS, ESG utilizes an emergency or crisis to declare the necessity for cutting or
68	eliminating the personal freedoms of citizens;
69	WHEREAS, ESG investing stunts innovation and silences alternative viewpoints;
70	WHEREAS, the United States Securities and Exchange Commission proposes rules to
71	enhance and standardize climate-related disclosures for investors;
72	WHEREAS, the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency ensures that national banks
73	and federal savings associations understand climate-related financial risks and develop risk
74	management frameworks and capabilities to identify, measure, monitor, and control those
75	risks;
76	WHEREAS, the United States Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) released
77	draft principles for banks with over \$100 billion in total assets to manage exposures to
78	climate-related financial risks;
79	WHEREAS, the FDIC principles largely mirrored those released by the Office of the
80	Comptroller of the Currency;
81	WHEREAS, ESG investing criteria as outlined by credit rating agencies undermine the
82	sovereignty and self-determination of states and municipalities;
83	WHEREAS, Utah should avoid investment managers that are committed to advance, or
84	market themselves as advancing, social or environmental goals with client assets;
85	WHEREAS, the state auditor is responsible for auditing the financial statements and
86	operations of state government entities and ensuring compliance with laws, regulations, and
87	financial reporting standards;
88	WHEREAS, the state treasurer is responsible for overseeing the management of the
89	state's financial resources and assets, including \$→ [the state's pension funds and other] ←\$
89a	investment

90	portfolios; and
91	WHEREAS, the attorney general is responsible for providing legal advice and
92	representation to the state and enforcing state laws:
93	NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the Legislature of the state of Utah, the
94	Governor concurring therein, take immediate action and direct that \$→ [state pensions and
94a	other] ←Ŝ
95	investment funds should be managed by investment managers with a commitment to focus
96	solely on financial interests.
97	BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Legislature encourages the Office of the
98	Attorney General to provide legal advice to the state treasurer and investment managers on the
99	enforceability of state investment policies and the risks of using ESG criteria in investment
100	decisions, and when necessary, take legal action to protect the state's investments.
101	BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Legislature encourages the Office of the State
102	Treasurer to implement investment policies that restrict the use of ESG criteria in the selection
103	of investments for state portfolios.
104	BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Legislature encourages the Office of the State
105	Auditor to conduct audits of state investments to determine if the investments comply with the
106	state's policies and objectives.