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2023 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH Chief Sponsor: Chris H. Wilson House Sponsor: A. Cory Maloy ONG TITLE
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ONG TITLE
eneral Description:
This resolution supports the treasurer and government entities in opposing
nvironmental, social, and governance (ESG) investing.
ighlighted Provisions:
This resolution:
 highlights how ESG investing harms consumers and investors;
 supports the state treasurer, attorney general, state auditor, and state agencies in
pposing ESG investing;
 identifies the coordinated pressure campaigns from financial institutions and
gulatory bodies; and
 calls upon Utah to defend consumers and investors from the harms of ESG
vesting.
pecial Clauses:
None
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WHEREAS, ESG investing encourages investment managers to invest in companies

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION OPPOSING EFFORTS TO



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20	that meet certain ESO standards and priorities;
29	WHEREAS, ESG investing priorities are subjective and change substantially based on
30	political agendas;
31	WHEREAS, ESG investing outlines societal goals without appropriately considering
32	the costs associated with ESG's coercive nature;
33	WHEREAS, ESG investing pursues political objectives without the appropriate checks,
34	balances, and accountability present in the legislative bodies created to address these issues;
35	WHEREAS, ESG investing attempts to use the allocation of capital to punish or reward
36	entities to enforce compliance with and commitment to the social issues promoted by ESG;
37	WHEREAS, investment managers have a fiduciary obligation to focus solely on the
38	financial interests of their clients;
39	WHEREAS, ESG investing promotes social issues and political agendas even though
40	such investing may result in less favorable financial outcomes;
41	WHEREAS, statements or commitments to promote ESG goals are evidence of a
42	motive to promote non-financial purposes;
43	WHEREAS, ESG investing may compromise an investment manager's fiduciary duty
44	by placing social issues above the financial interests of their clients;
45	WHEREAS, many individuals do not have the ability to decide where to invest their
46	savings for retirement;
47	WHEREAS, the state attorney general, the state treasurer, and the state auditor have
48	stated publicly that ESG investing is putting individual's retirement savings at risk;
49	WHEREAS, ESG investing provides increasing costs for certain consumers and
50	investors;
51	WHEREAS, ESG investing encourages the consideration of factors related to climate
52	change when making investment decisions;
53	WHEREAS, during the past 10 years, the approval rate of climate change shareholder
54	resolutions increased from 10% to 40%;
55	WHEREAS, this change contributes to the increased cost of capital for high-carbon
56	versus low-carbon energy projects;
57	WHEREAS, the cost of high-carbon energy projects translates to higher energy prices;
58	WHEREAS, as of November 2022, energy prices have risen 13.1% during a 12-month

59	period and are a considerable driver of total United States inflation;
60	WHEREAS, the production of traditional sources of energy plays an important role in
61	the state's economy, particularly in the rural areas of the state;
62	WHEREAS, transitioning away from traditional sources of energy will have a negative
63	impact on jobs in the state, specifically in the state's rural areas;
64	WHEREAS, well-functioning markets require alternative viewpoints to operate
65	efficiently and ESG investing advocates that all market actors adopt a singular view for the
66	future;
67	WHEREAS, ESG utilizes an emergency or crisis to declare the necessity for cutting or
68	eliminating the personal freedoms of citizens;
69	WHEREAS, ESG investing stunts innovation and silences alternative viewpoints;
70	WHEREAS, the United States Securities and Exchange Commission proposes rules to
71	enhance and standardize climate-related disclosures for investors;
72	WHEREAS, the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency ensures that national banks
73	and federal savings associations understand climate-related financial risks and develop risk
74	management frameworks and capabilities to identify, measure, monitor, and control those
75	risks;
76	WHEREAS, the United States Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) released
77	draft principles for banks with over \$100 billion in total assets to manage exposures to
78	climate-related financial risks;
79	WHEREAS, the FDIC principles largely mirrored those released by the Office of the
80	Comptroller of the Currency;
81	WHEREAS, ESG investing criteria as outlined by credit rating agencies undermine the
82	sovereignty and self-determination of states and municipalities;
83	WHEREAS, Utah should avoid investment managers that are committed to advance, or
84	market themselves as advancing, social or environmental goals with client assets;
85	WHEREAS, the state auditor is responsible for auditing the financial statements and
86	operations of state government entities and ensuring compliance with laws, regulations, and
87	financial reporting standards;
88	WHEREAS, the state treasurer is responsible for overseeing the management of the
89	state's financial resources and assets, including $\hat{S} \rightarrow [the state's pension funds and other] \leftarrow \hat{S}$
89a	investment

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state's policies and objectives.

90	portfolios; and
91	WHEREAS, the attorney general is responsible for providing legal advice and
92	representation to the state and enforcing state laws:
93	NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the Legislature of the state of Utah, the
94	Governor concurring therein, take immediate action and direct that $\hat{S} \rightarrow [state pensions and$
94a	other] ←Ŝ
95	investment funds should be managed by investment managers with a commitment to focus
96	solely on financial interests.
97	BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Legislature encourages the Office of the
98	Attorney General to provide legal advice to the state treasurer and investment managers on the
99	enforceability of state investment policies and the risks of using ESG criteria in investment
100	decisions, and when necessary, take legal action to protect the state's investments.
101	BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Legislature encourages the Office of the State
102	Treasurer to implement investment policies that restrict the use of ESG criteria in the selection
103	of investments for state portfolios.
104	BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Legislature encourages the Office of the State
105	Auditor to conduct audits of state investments to determine if the investments comply with the