2nd Sub. (Salmon)

Senator Karen Kwan proposes the following substitute bill:

# PARENT-TIME AMENDMENTS 

2023 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Todd D. Weiler
House Sponsor: Sandra Hollins

## LONG TITLE

## General Description:

This bill amends provisions related to parent-time schedules.

## Highlighted Provisions:

This bill:

- clarifies parent-time for certain holidays;
- addresses Juneteenth National Freedom Day in regard to parent-time;
- clarifies the purpose of the number of overnights for the optional parent-time schedule for a child who is five to 18 years old; and
- makes technical and conforming changes.


## Money Appropriated in this Bill:

None

## Other Special Clauses:

None
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
30-3-35, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 471
30-3-35.1, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 471
30-3-35.5, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 471

## Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

Section 1. Section 30-3-35 is amended to read:
30-3-35. Minimum schedule for parent-time for a child five to $\mathbf{1 8}$ years old.
(1) As used in this section, "weekends" include any snow days, teacher development days, or other days when school is not scheduled and that are contiguous to the weekend period.
(2) The parent-time schedule in this section applies to a child who is five to 18 years old.
(3) If the parties do not agree to a parent-time schedule for a child described in Subsection (2), the following schedule is considered the minimum parent-time to which the noncustodial parent is entitled to the child:
(a) (i) one weekday evening to be specified by the noncustodial parent or the court or Wednesday evening if not specified, beginning at 5:30 p.m. and ending at 8:30 p.m.; or
(ii) at the election of the noncustodial parent, one weekday to be specified by the noncustodial parent or the court:
(A) beginning at the time that the child's school is regularly dismissed and ending at 8:30 p.m.; or
(B) if school is not in session, the noncustodial parent is available to be with the child, and in accommodation with the custodial parent's work schedule, beginning at 9 a.m. and ending at 8:30 p.m.;
(b) (i) beginning on the first weekend after entry of the decree, alternating weekends beginning at 6 p.m. on Friday and ending on Sunday at 7 p.m.; or
(ii) at the election of the noncustodial parent and beginning on the first weekend after the entry of the decree, alternating weekends:
(A) beginning at the time that the child's school is regularly dismissed on Friday and ending on Sunday at 7 p.m.; or
(B) if school is not in session, the noncustodial parent is available to be with the child, and in accommodation with the custodial parent's work schedule, beginning on Friday at 9 a.m. and ending on Sunday at 7 p.m.;
(c) each holiday granted to the noncustodial parent in accordance with the holiday
schedule described in Subsection (13); and
(d) extended parent-time with the child when school is not in session for summer break in accordance with Subsection (4).
(4) (a) For extended parent-time with the child under Subsection (3)(d) and at the election of the noncustodial parent, the noncustodial parent is entitled up to four weeks of parent-time with the child, which may be consecutive, when school is not in session for summer break.
(b) For the four weeks of extended parent-time for a noncustodial parent under Subsection (4)(a):
(i) two weeks, which may be consecutive, shall be uninterrupted parent-time for the noncustodial parent; and
(ii) two weeks, which may be consecutive, may be interrupted by the custodial parent for a weekday visit on the same day on which the noncustodial parent is granted weekday day parent-time.
(c) A custodial parent is entitled to uninterrupted parent-time with the child for two weeks, which may be consecutive, when school is not in session for summer break.
(5) (a) Each parent shall provide notification to the other parent of the parent's plans for the exercise of extended parent-time for summer break under Subsection (4).
(b) For the notification requirement under Subsection (5)(a):
(i) in odd-numbered years:
(A) the noncustodial parent shall provide notice to the custodial parent by May 1; and
(B) the custodial parent shall provide notice to the noncustodial parent by May 15; and
(ii) in even-numbered years:
(A) the custodial parent shall provide notice to the noncustodial parent by May 1; and
(B) the noncustodial parent shall provide notice to the custodial parent by May 15.
(c) (i) If a parent fails to provide a notification within the time periods described in Subsection (5)(b), the complying parent may determine the schedule for summer break for the noncomplying parent.
(ii) If both parents fail to provide notice within the time periods described in Subsection (5)(b), the first parent to provide notice may determine the schedule for summer break for the other parent.
(d) If a custodial parent intends to interrupt a noncustodial parent's parent-time under Subsection (4)(b)(ii), the custodial parent shall provide notification to the noncustodial parent of the intent to interrupt parent-time within 10 days after the day on which the custodial parent receives notification of the noncustodial parent's plans for the exercise of interrupted extended parent-time.
(6) (a) An election should be made by the noncustodial parent at the time of entry of the divorce decree or court order, except that the election may be changed by mutual agreement, court order, or by the noncustodial parent in the event of a change in the child's schedule.
(b) An election by either parent concerning parent-time shall be made a part of the decree and made a part of the parent-time order.
(7) (a) Changes may not be made to the parent-time schedule under this section, except that if a conflict arises in the parent-time schedule, the following order of precedence shall be applied when determining which parent is entitled to parent-time:
(i) the holiday schedule for Mother's Day or Father's Day under Subsection (13);
(ii) the holiday schedule for the child's birthday, unless a parent is exercising uninterrupted extended parent-time under Subsection (4) and takes the child away from that parent's residence during the uninterrupted extended parent-time;
(iii) the holiday schedule for any holiday under Subsection (13) that is not Father's Day, Mother's Day, or the child's birthday;
(iv) extended parent-time under Subsection (4); and
(v) the schedule for weekday or weekend parent-time.
(b) A parent exercising parent-time for the child's birthday may bring other siblings along for the child's birthday.
(c) The child shall spend Juneteenth National Freedom Day with the parent who is entitled to parent-time on the day on which Juneteenth National Freedom Day falls.
(8) A stepparent, grandparent, or other responsible adult designated by the noncustodial parent, may pick up the child for parent-time if the custodial parent is aware of the identity of the individual and the noncustodial parent will be with the child by 7 p.m.
(9) If a holiday falls on a regularly scheduled school day, the parent exercising parent-time shall be responsible for the child's attendance at school for that school day.
(10) If there is more than one child and the children's school schedules vary for purpose of a holiday, at the option of the parent exercising the holiday or the parent's half of the holiday, the children may remain together for the holiday period beginning the first evening that all children's schools are dismissed for the holiday and ending the evening before any child returns to school.
(11) (a) Telephone contact shall be at reasonable hours and for a reasonable duration.
(b) (i) Virtual parent-time, if the equipment is reasonably available and the parents reside at least 100 miles apart, shall be at reasonable hours and for reasonable duration.
(ii) If the parties cannot agree on whether the equipment is reasonably available, the court shall decide whether the equipment for virtual parent-time is reasonably available, taking into consideration:
(A) the best interests of the child;
(B) each parent's ability to handle any additional expenses for virtual parent-time; and
(C) any other factors the court considers material.
(c) Virtual parent-time supplements, but does not replace, in-person parent-time.
(12) If there is a child five to 18 years old and a child under five years old and both children are the natural or adopted children of the parties, the parents and the court should consider an upward deviation for parent-time with all the children so that parent-time is uniform based on a schedule under this section.
(13) The following table is the holiday schedule for parent-time under this section.

| Holiday | Holiday Time Period | Years |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | Years Custodial


| Dr. Martin | (1) Holiday begins Friday at: | Odd years | Even years |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Luther King Jr. | (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in |  |  |
| Day | session and the parent can be with |  |  |
|  | the child; |  |  |
|  | (b) the time that school is regularly |  |  |
|  | dismissed; or |  |  |
|  | (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the |  |  |
|  | parent granted the holiday. |  |  |
|  | (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on [the |  |  |
|  | day before sehool restmes.] Dr. |  |  |
|  | Martin Luther King Jr. Day. |  |  |
| President's Day | (1) Holiday begins Friday at: | Even years | Odd years |
|  | (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in |  |  |
|  | session and the parent can be with |  |  |
|  | the child; |  |  |
|  | (b) the time that school is regularly |  |  |
|  | dismissed; or |  |  |
|  | (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the |  |  |
|  | parent granted the holiday. |  |  |
|  | (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on [the |  |  |
|  | day before sehool resumes.] |  |  |
|  | President's Day. |  |  |
| Spring Break | (1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the | Odd years | Even years |
|  | day that school dismisses for spring |  |  |
|  | break. |  |  |
|  | (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the |  |  |
|  | day before school resumes. |  |  |

(1) Holiday begins Friday at:

Even years Odd years
(a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with the child;
(b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday.
(2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on [the day before sehool resumes.]

Memorial Day.
(1) Holiday begins on Mother's Day at 9 a.m.
(2) Holiday ends on Mother's Day at 7 p.m.
(1) Holiday begins on Father's Day at 9 a.m.
(2) Holiday ends on Father's Day at 7 p.m.
(1) Holiday begins on July 3rd at 6 p.m.
(2) Holiday ends on July 5th at 6
p.m.

| All years if | All years if |
| :--- | :--- |
| noncustodial |  |
| parent is the | custodial parent <br> is the mother or |
| mother or other | other parent |
| parent granted | granted the <br> the holiday in <br> holiday in the |
| the order. | order. |
| All years if | All years if |
| noncustodial | custodial parent |
| parent is the | is the father or |
| father or other | other parent |
| parent granted | granted the |
| the holiday in | holiday in the |
| the order. | order. |
| Odd years | Even years |


| Pioneer Day | (1) Holiday begins on July 23 rd at | Even years |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 6 p.m. |  |  |
| (2) Holiday ends on July 25 th at 6 |  |  |
| p.m. |  |  | Odd years

(1) Holiday begins on October

Even years Odd years
31st or the day that Halloween is traditionally celebrated in the local community:
(a) at the time that school is dismissed; or
(b) at 4 p.m. if there is no school.
(2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m. on the same day the holiday begins.

Veterans Day (1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the
Odd years
Even years day before Veterans Day.
(2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Veterans Day.

Thanksgiving
(1) Holiday begins on Wednesday

Even years
Odd years at:
(a) 6 p.m.; or
(b) the time school is regularly dismissed for Thanksgiving at the election of the parent granted the holiday.
(2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the [night] day before school resumes.

| Winter Break | (1) Holiday begins at: | Odd years |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | Even years

Section 2. Section 30-3-35.1 is amended to read:
30-3-35.1. Optional schedule for parent-time for a child five to $\mathbf{1 8}$ years old.
(1) As used in this section, "weekends" include any snow days, teacher development days, or other days when school is not scheduled and that are contiguous to the weekend period.
(2) (a) The optional parent-time schedule in this section applies to a child who is five to 18 years old.
(b) [fhe] For purposes of calculating child support, the optional parent-time schedule in this section is 145 overnights.
(c) Any impact on child support shall be consistent with joint physical custody, as defined in Section 78B-12-102.
(3) The parents and the court may consider the increased parent-time schedule in this section as a minimum parent-time schedule when the parties agree or the noncustodial parent can demonstrate:
(a) the noncustodial parent has been actively involved in the child's life;
(b) the parties can communicate effectively regarding the child or the noncustodial parent has a plan to accomplish effective communications regarding the child;
(c) the noncustodial parent has the ability to facilitate the increased parent-time;
(d) the increased parent-time would be in the best interest of the child; and
(e) any other factor the court considers relevant.
(4) In determining whether a noncustodial parent has been actively involved in the child's life, the court shall consider:
(a) demonstrated responsibility in caring for the child;
(b) involvement in childcare;
(c) presence or volunteer efforts in the child's school and at extracurricular activities;
(d) assistance with the child's homework;
(e) involvement in preparation of meals, bath time, and bedtime for the child;
(f) bonding with the child; and
(g) any other factor the court considers relevant.
(5) In determining whether a noncustodial parent has the ability to facilitate the increased parent-time, the court shall consider:
(a) the geographic distance between the residences of the parents and the distance between the parents' residences and the child's school;
(b) the noncustodial parent's ability to assist with after school care;
(c) the health of the child and the noncustodial parent in accordance with Subsection 30-3-10(6);
(d) flexibility of employment or another schedule of the noncustodial parent;
(e) ability to provide appropriate playtime with the child;
(f) history and ability of the noncustodial parent to implement a flexible schedule for the child;
(g) physical facilities of the noncustodial parent's residence; and
(h) any other factor the court considers relevant.
(6) If the parties agree or the court enters an order for the optional parent-time schedule under this section, a parenting plan in compliance with Sections 30-3-10.7 through 30-3-10.10 shall be filed with any order incorporating the optional parent-time schedule described in Subsection (7).
(7) The following schedule is considered the optional parent-time to which the noncustodial parent is entitled to the child:
(a) (i) one weekday evening to be specified by the noncustodial parent or the court or Wednesday evening if not specified, beginning at 5:30 p.m. and ending the following day upon delivering the child to school or at 8 a.m. if there is no school; or
(ii) at the election of the noncustodial parent, one weekday specified by the noncustodial parent or the court:
(A) beginning at the time the child's school is regularly dismissed until the following day upon delivering the child to school or at $8 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. if there is no school; or
(B) if there is no school, the noncustodial parent is available to be with the child, and in accommodation with the custodial parent's work schedule, beginning at $8 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. and ending on the following day upon delivering the child to school or at 8 a.m. if there is no school;
(b) (i) beginning the first weekend after the entry of the decree, alternating weekends beginning at 6 p.m. on Friday and ending on Monday upon delivering the child to school or at 8 a.m. if there is no school; or
(ii) at the election of the noncustodial parent, beginning the first weekend after the entry of the decree, alternating weekends:
(A) beginning at the time the child's school is regularly dismissed on Friday and ending on Monday upon delivering the child to school or at 8 a.m. if there is no school; or
(B) if there is no school, the noncustodial parent is available to be with the child, and in accommodation with the custodial parent's work schedule, beginning on Friday at 9 a.m. and ending on Monday upon delivering the child to school or at 8 a.m. if there is no school;
(c) each holiday granted to the noncustodial parent in accordance with the holiday schedule described in Subsection (16); and
(d) extended parent-time with the child when school is not in session for summer break
in accordance with Subsection (8).
(8) (a) For extended parent-time with the child under Subsection (7)(d) and at the election of the noncustodial parent, the noncustodial parent is entitled up to four weeks of parent-time with the child, which may be consecutive, when school is not in session for summer break.
(b) For the four weeks of extended parent-time for a noncustodial parent under Subsection (8)(a):
(i) two weeks, which may be consecutive, shall be uninterrupted parent-time for the noncustodial parent; and
(ii) two weeks, which may be consecutive, may be interrupted by the custodial parent for a weekday visit on the same day on which the noncustodial parent is granted weekday day parent-time.
(c) A custodial parent is entitled to uninterrupted parent-time with the child for two weeks, which may be consecutive, when school is not in session for summer break.
(9) (a) Each parent shall provide notification to the other parent of the parent's plans for the exercise of parent-time for summer break under Subsection (8).
(b) For the notification requirement under Subsection (9)(a):
(i) in odd-numbered years:
(A) the noncustodial parent shall provide notice to the custodial parent by May 1 ; and
(B) the custodial parent shall provide notice to the noncustodial parent by May 15; and
(ii) in even-numbered years:
(A) the custodial parent shall provide notice to the noncustodial parent by May 1 ; and
(B) the noncustodial parent shall provide notice to the custodial parent by May 15.
(c) (i) If a parent fails to provide a notification within the time periods described in Subsection (9)(b), the complying parent may determine the schedule for summer break for the noncomplying parent.
(ii) If both parents fail to provide notice within the time periods described in Subsection (9)(b), the first parent to provide notice may determine the schedule for summer break for the other parent.
(d) If a custodial parent intends to interrupt a noncustodial parent's parent-time under Subsection (8)(b)(ii), the custodial parent shall provide notification to the noncustodial parent
of the intent to interrupt parent-time within 10 days after the day on which the custodial parent receives notification of the noncustodial parent's plans for the exercise of interrupted extended parent-time.
(10) (a) An election should be made by the noncustodial parent at the time of entry of the divorce decree or court order, except that the election may be changed by mutual agreement, court order, or by the noncustodial parent in the event of a change in the child's schedule.
(b) An election by either parent concerning parent-time shall be made a part of the decree and made a part of the parent-time order.
(11) (a) Changes may not be made to the parent-time schedule under this section, except that if a conflict arises in the parent-time schedule, the following order of precedence shall be applied when determining which parent is entitled to parent-time:
(i) the holiday schedule for Mother's Day or Father's Day under Subsection (16);
(ii) the holiday schedule for the child's birthday, unless a parent is exercising uninterrupted extended parent-time under Subsection (8) and takes the child away from that parent's residence during the uninterrupted extended parent-time;
(iii) the holiday schedule for any holiday under Subsection (16) that is not Father's Day, Mother's Day, or the child's birthday;
(iv) extended parent-time under Subsection (8); and
(v) the schedule for weekday or weekend parent-time.
(b) A parent exercising parent-time for the child's birthday may bring other siblings along for the child's birthday.
(c) The child shall spend Juneteenth National Freedom Day with the parent who is entitled to parent-time on the day on which Juneteenth National Freedom Day falls.
(12) A stepparent, grandparent, or other responsible adult designated by the noncustodial parent, may pick up the child for parent-time if the custodial parent is aware of the identity of the individual and the noncustodial parent will be with the child by 7 p.m.
(13) If a holiday falls on a regularly scheduled school day, the parent exercising parent-time shall be responsible for the child's attendance at school for that school day.
(14) If there is more than one child and the children's school schedules vary for purpose of a holiday, at the option of the parent exercising the holiday or the parent's half of the
holiday, the children may remain together for the holiday period beginning the first evening that all children's schools are dismissed for the holiday and ending the evening before any child returns to school.
(15) If there is a child five to 18 years old and a child under five years old and both children are the natural or adopted children of the parties, the parents and the court should consider an upward deviation for parent-time with all the children so that parent-time is uniform based on a schedule under this section.
(16) The following table is the holiday schedule for parent-time under this section.

| Holiday | Holiday Time Period | Years <br> Noncustodial <br> Parent is <br> Granted <br> Holiday | Years Custodial <br> Parent is Granted <br> Holiday |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dr. Martin | (1) Holiday begins Friday at: | Odd years | Even years |
| L | (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session |  |  |
| Jr. Day | and the parent can be with the child; <br> (b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or <br> (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. <br> (2) Holiday ends: <br> (a) upon delivering of the child to school on the day following Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Day; or (b) at 8 a.m. on the day following Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Day if there is no school. |  |  |


| President's | (1) Holiday begins Friday at: | Even years | Odd years |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Day | (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session |  |  |
|  | and the parent can be with the child; |  |  |
|  | (b) the time that school is regularly |  |  |
|  | dismissed; or |  |  |
|  | (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the |  |  |
|  | parent granted the holiday. |  |  |
|  | (2) Holiday ends: |  |  |
|  | (a) upon delivering the child to |  |  |
|  | school on the day following |  |  |
|  | President's Day; or |  |  |
|  | (b) at 8 a.m. on the day following |  |  |
|  | President's Day if there is no school. |  |  |
| Spring Break | (1) Holiday begins at $6 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. on the | Odd years | Even years |
|  | day that school dismisses for spring |  |  |
|  | break. |  |  |
|  | (2) Holiday ends: |  |  |
|  | (a) upon delivering the child to |  |  |
|  | school on the day following the end |  |  |
|  | of spring break; or |  |  |
|  | (b) at 8 a.m. on the day following |  |  |
|  | the end of spring break if there is no |  |  |
|  | school. |  |  |

Memorial Day
(1) Holiday begins Friday at:
א
(a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with the child;
(b) the time that school is regularly
dismissed; or
(c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday.
(2) Holiday ends:
(a) upon delivering the child to school on the day following
Memorial Day; or
(b) at 8 a.m. on the day following

Memorial Day if there is no school.
(1) Holiday begins on Mother's Day at 9 arm.
(2) Holiday ends on Mother's Day at 7 p.m.

All years if All years if noncustodial custodial parent is parent is the the mother or mother or other other parent parent designated in the designated in order. the order.

All years if noncustodial parent is the father or other parent in the order.
designated in the order.

Even years Odd years
Even years
$\qquad$
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Independenc } & \text { (1) Holiday begins on July 3rd at } \\ \text { e Day } & \text { p.m. } \\ & \text { (2) Holiday ends on July 5th at } 6\end{array}$ p.m.

Pioneer Day (1) Holiday begins on July 23rd at 6 Even years Odd years p.m.
(2) Holiday ends on July 25th at 6
p.m.

Labor Day (1) Holiday begins Friday at: Odd years Even years
(a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with the child;
(b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or
(c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday.
(2) Holiday ends:
(a) upon delivering the child to school on the day following Labor
Day; or
(b) at 8 a.m. on the day following

Labor Day if there is no school.
Columbus (1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the Even years Odd years Day day before Columbus Day.
(2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Columbus Day.
(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the Odd years day school is dismissed for fall break.
(2) Holiday ends:
(a) upon delivering the child to school on the day following the end of fall break; or
(b) at 8 a.m. on the day following the end of fall break if there is no school.

Halloween
(1) Holiday begins on October 31st

Even years
Odd years or the day that Halloween is traditionally celebrated in the local community:
(a) at the time that school is dismissed; or
(b) at 4 p.m. if there is no school.
(2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m. on the same day the holiday begins.

Veterans Day (1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the Odd years Even years day before Veterans Day.
(2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Veterans Day.

Thanksgiving (1) Holiday begins on Wednesday Even years Odd years
at:
(a) 6 p.m.; or
(b) the time school is regularly dismissed for Thanksgiving at the election of the parent granted the holiday.
(2) Holiday ends:
(a) upon delivering the child to school on the Monday following Thanksgiving; or
(b) at 8 a.m. on the Monday
following Thanksgiving if there is no school.

Winter Break
(1) Holiday begins at:
(First Half)
(a) $6 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. on the day that school dismisses for winter break; or
(b) the time school is regularly dismissed on the day that school dismisses for winter break at the election of the parent granted the holiday.
(2) Holiday ends on December 27th at 7 p.m.

Winter Break (1) Holiday begins on December Even years Odd years (Second 27th at 7 p.m.
Half)
(2) Holiday ends upon delivering the child to school on the day that school resumes after the winter break.

| Day of | (1) Holiday begins at 3 p.m. | Even years | Odd years |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Child's | (2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m. |  |  |
| Birthday |  |  |  |
| Day Before | (1) Holiday begins at 3 p.m. | Odd years | Even years |
| or After | (2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m. |  |  |
| Child's |  |  |  |
| Birthday |  |  |  |

Section 3. Section 30-3-35.5 is amended to read:
30-3-35.5. Minimum schedule for parent-time for child under five years old.
(1) The parent-time schedule in this section applies to a child who is younger than five years old.
(2) If the parties do not agree to a parent-time schedule, the schedules in Subsections (3) through (8) are considered the minimum parent-time to which the noncustodial parent is entitled to the child.
(3) For a child who is younger than five months old, the noncustodial parent is entitled to:
(a) three two-hour visits every week; and
(b) two hours for each holiday granted to the noncustodial parent in the holiday schedule under Subsection (15).
(4) For a child who is at least five months old but younger than nine months old, the noncustodial parent is entitled to:
(a) three three-hour visits every week; and
(b) two hours for each holiday granted to the noncustodial parent in the holiday schedule under Subsection (15).
(5) For a child who is at least nine months old but younger than 12 months old, the noncustodial parent is entitled to the child:
(a) one eight-hour visit every week;
(b) one three-hour visit every week; and
(c) eight hours for each holiday granted to the noncustodial parent in accordance with the holiday schedule under Subsection (15).
(6) For a child who is at least 12 months old but younger than 18 months old, the noncustodial parent is entitled to:
(a) one three-hour visit every week;
(b) one eight-hour visit on alternating weekends to be specified by the noncustodial parent or court;
(c) an overnight visit on opposite weekends from Subsection (6)(b) beginning at 6 p.m. on Friday and ending at noon on Saturday; and
(d) eight hours for each holiday granted to the noncustodial parent in the holiday schedule under Subsection (15).
(7) For a child who is at least 18 months old but younger than three years old, the noncustodial parent is entitled to:
(a) one weekday evening to be specified by the noncustodial parent or the court:
(i) beginning at 5:30 p.m. and ending at 8:30 p.m.; or
(ii) if the child is being cared for during the day outside the child's regular place of residence and with advance notice to the custodial parent, beginning at the time that the child is picked up from the caregiver and ending at 8:30 p.m.;
(b) beginning on the first weekend after the entry of the decree, alternating weekends beginning at 6 p.m. on Friday and ending at 7 p.m. on Sunday;
(c) each holiday granted to the noncustodial parent in accordance with the holiday schedule described in Subsection (15); and
(d) extended parent-time for two one-week periods, separated by at least four weeks, at the option of the noncustodial parent, as follows:
(i) one week of uninterrupted parent-time for the noncustodial parent; and
(ii) one week of interrupted parent-time where the custodial parent may have an equal amount of weekday parent-time as the noncustodial parent on the same day on which the noncustodial parent is granted weekday parent-time under Subsection (7)(a).
(8) For a child who is at least three years old but younger than five years old, the noncustodial parent is entitled to:
(a) one weekday evening to be specified by the noncustodial parent or the court:
(i) beginning at 5:30 p.m. and ending at 8:30 p.m.; or
(ii) if the child is being cared for during the day outside the child's regular place of
residence and with advance notice to the custodial parent, beginning at the time that the child is picked up from the caregiver and ending at 8:30 p.m.;
(b) beginning on the first weekend after the entry of the decree, alternating weekends beginning at 6 p.m. on Friday and ending at 7 p.m. on Sunday;
(c) each holiday granted to the noncustodial parent in accordance with the holiday schedule described in Subsection (15); and
(d) extended parent-time for two two-week periods, separated by at least four weeks, at the option of the noncustodial parent, as follows:
(i) two weeks of uninterrupted parent-time, which may be consecutive, for the noncustodial parent; and
(ii) two weeks of interrupted parent-time, which may be consecutive, where the custodial parent may have an equal amount of weekday parent-time as the noncustodial parent on the same day on which the noncustodial parent is granted weekday parent-time under Subsection (8)(a).
(9) For a child who is at least 18 months old but younger than five years old, the custodial parent is entitled to one week of uninterrupted extended parent-time.
(10) (a) For a child who is nine months old or older, the noncustodial parent shall have at least two times a week:
(i) brief telephone contact at reasonable hours and for a reasonable duration; and
(ii) virtual parent-time, if the equipment is reasonably available and the parents reside at least 100 miles apart, at reasonable hours and for reasonable duration.
(b) If the parties cannot agree on whether the equipment is reasonably available, the court shall decide whether the equipment for virtual parent-time is reasonably available, taking into consideration:
(i) the best interests of the child;
(ii) each parent's ability to handle any additional expenses for virtual parent-time; and
(iii) any other factors the court considers material.
(c) Virtual parent-time supplements, but does not replace, in-person parent-time.
(11) For a child who is younger than nine months old, unless the parents agree otherwise, parent-time should take place in the home of the custodial parent, an established child-care setting, or other environment familiar to the child.
(12) (a) Changes may not be made to the parent-time schedule under this section, except that if a conflict arises in the parent-time schedule, the following order of precedence shall be applied when determining which parent is entitled to parent-time:
(i) the holiday schedule for Mother's Day or Father's Day under Subsection (15);
(ii) the holiday schedule for the child's birthday, unless a parent is exercising uninterrupted extended parent-time under Subsection (7)(d), (8)(d), or (9) and takes the child away from that parent's residence during the uninterrupted extended parent-time;
(iii) the holiday schedule for any holiday under Subsection (15) that is not Father's Day, Mother's Day, or the child's birthday;
(iv) extended parent-time under Subsection (7)(d), (8)(d), or (9); and
(v) the schedule for weekday or weekend parent-time.
(b) A parent exercising parent-time for the child's birthday may bring other siblings along for the child's birthday.
(c) The child shall spend Juneteenth National Freedom Day with the parent who is entitled to parent-time on the day on which Juneteenth National Freedom Day falls.
(13) If a holiday falls on a regularly scheduled school day, the parent exercising parent-time shall be responsible for the child's attendance at school for that school day.
(14) A parent shall notify the other parent at least 30 days in advance of the parent's plans for the exercise of extended parent-time under Subsection (7)(d), (8)(d), or (9).
(15) The following table is the holiday schedule for parent-time under this section.

Holiday Holiday Time Period

| Years | Years Custodial |
| :--- | :--- |
| Noncustodial | Parent is Granted |
| Parent is | Holiday |
| Granted |  |
| Holiday |  |

Dr. Martin (1) Holiday begins on Friday at: Odd years Even years
Luther King
(a) $9 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. if the parent is available Jr. Day to be with the child; or (b) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday.
(2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Day.

President's (1) Holiday begins on Friday at: Even years Odd years

Day
(a) 9 a.m. if the parent is available to be with the child; or
(b) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday.
(2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on President's Day.

Spring Break (1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the Odd years Even years day that school dismisses for spring break.
(2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the day before school resumes.

Memorial (1) Holiday begins on Friday at: Even years Odd years
(a) 9 a.m. if the parent is available to be with the child; or
(b) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday.
(2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Memorial Day.

Mother's Day (1) Holiday begins on Mother's Day at 9 a.m.
(2) Holiday ends on Mother's Day at 7 p.m.
(1) Holiday begins on Father's Day at 9 a.m.
(2) Holiday ends on Father's Day at 7 p.m.
(1) Holiday begins on July 3rd at 6 p.m.
(2) Holiday ends on July 5th at 6
p.m.

Pioneer Day (1) Holiday begins on July 23rd at 6 p.m.
(2) Holiday ends on July 25 th at 6 p.m.

Labor Day
(1) Holiday begins on Friday at:
(a) 9 a.m. if the parent is available to be with the child; or
(b) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday.
(2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Labor Day.

All years if noncustodial parent is the mother or other parent designated in the order.
All years if noncustodial parent is the father or other parent designated in the order.

Odd years

Even years
Odd years

Odd years Even years

All years if custodial parent is the mother or other parent designated in the order.

All years if custodial parent is the father or other parent designated in the order.

Even years

Columbus (1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the Even years Odd years

Day day before Columbus Day.
(2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on

Columbus Day.

| Fall Break | (1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the <br> day school is dismissed for fall years | Even years |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| break. |  |  |  |
| (2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the |  |  |  |
| day before school resumes. |  |  |  |
| Halloween | (1) Holiday begins on October 31st <br> or the day that Halloween is | Even years | Odd years |
|  | traditionally celebrated in the local |  |  |
|  | community: |  |  |

(a) at the time that school is dismissed; or
(b) at 4 p.m. if there is no school.
(2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m. on the same day the holiday begins.

Veterans Day (1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the Odd years Even years day before Veterans Day.
(2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Veterans Day.

Thanksgiving (1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the Even years Odd years day that school dismisses for Thanksgiving.
(2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on day before school resumes.

Winter Break
(1) Holiday begins at $6 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. on the

Odd years
Even years (First Half) day on that school dismisses for winter break.
(2) Holiday ends on December 27th at 7 p.m.

Winter Break (1) Holiday begins on December Even years Odd years (Second 27th at 7 p.m.
Half)
(2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the [night] day before school resumes.

Day of
(1) Holiday begins at 3 p.m.

Even years
Odd years
Child's
(2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m.

Birthday
Day Before (1) Holiday begins at 3 p.m. Odd years Even years
or After
(2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m.

Child's
Birthday

