### Senator Curtis S. Bramble proposes the following substitute bill:

LEGISLATIVE OFFICES AMENDMENTS
2023 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
<b>Chief Sponsor: Curtis S. Bramble</b>
House Sponsor:
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill amends provisions governing staff offices of the Utah Legislature.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
<ul> <li>clarifies the authority of the legislative auditor general over a project entity, a taxed</li> </ul>
interlocal entity, the Utah Data Research Center, and an independent corporation;
<ul> <li>directs the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel to return enrolled</li> </ul>
bills to the Senate or House of Representatives;
<ul> <li>amends certain duties and powers of the Office of Legislative Research and General</li> </ul>
Counsel;
<ul> <li>prohibits the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel from providing</li> </ul>
services to an individual who is not qualified to serve or is expelled from the House
of Representatives or Senate unless the services are approved by the Legislative
Management Committee;
<ul> <li>modifies certain duties and powers of the legislative auditor general and the Office</li> </ul>
of the Legislative Auditor General;
<ul> <li>authorizes the legislative auditor general to issue a subpoena to financial institutions</li> </ul>
and other entities;

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26	<ul> <li>modifies the professional qualifications an individual must have to act as the</li> </ul>
27	legislative auditor general;
28	<ul> <li>authorizes the Office of the Legislative Auditor General to conduct systemic</li> </ul>
29	performance audits of certain executive branch entities and local education
30	agencies;
31	<ul> <li>clarifies issuers of legislative subpoenas;</li> </ul>
32	<ul> <li>authorizes service of a legislative subpoena by electronic transmission;</li> </ul>
33	<ul> <li>amends tax penalty provisions to clarify permitted access to certain information by</li> </ul>
34	the Office of the Legislative Auditor General;
35	<ul> <li>repeals sunset provisions that have expired; and</li> </ul>
36	<ul> <li>makes other clarifying corrections.</li> </ul>
37	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
38	None
39	Other Special Clauses:
40	This bill provides a special effective date.
41	Utah Code Sections Affected:
42	AMENDS:
43	11-13-316, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 422
44	11-13-603, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 422
45	<b>36-3-306</b> , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 383
46	<b>36-12-12</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 92
47	36-12-15, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 421
48	36-12-15.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 331
49	<b>36-14-2</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 339
50	36-14-4, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1989, Chapter 174
51	36-14-5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, First Special Session, Chapter 1
52	53B-7-708, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 365
53	53B-33-301, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 461
54	59-1-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 447
55	59-1-404, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 367
56	63E-2-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 8

631-2-253, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapters 208, 229, 274, 354, 370,
and 409
68-3-13, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1989, Chapter 16
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section <b>11-13-316</b> is amended to read:
11-13-316. Project entity oversight.
(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a project entity is a political
subdivision that[+]
[(a)] is subject to the authority of the legislative auditor general pursuant to Utah
Constitution, Article VI, Section 33, [is subject to the authority of the legislative auditor to
conduct audits of any funds, functions, and accounts in any political subdivision of this state;]
and <u>Section 36-12-15.</u>
[(b) is subject to the requirement to provide the Office of the Legislative Auditor
General with all records, documents, and reports necessary for the legislative auditor general or
the office to fulfill the duties described in Subsection (1)(a).]
[ <del>(2) Subsection (1) takes precedence over Section 36-12-15.</del> ]
[(3)] (2) A project entity shall comply with Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement
Code, unless the governing board of the project entity adopts policies for procurement that
enable the project entity to efficiently fulfill the project entity's responsibilities under the
project entity's organization agreement.
[(4)] (3) If a project entity does not adopt policies for procurement under Subsection
[(3)] (2), then for purposes of Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code:
(a) the project entity is a local government procurement unit, as defined in Section
63G-6a-103; and
(b) the governing board is a procurement official, as defined in Section 63G-6a-103.
[(5)] (4) A project entity shall comply with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public
Meetings Act.
Section 2. Section <b>11-13-603</b> is amended to read:
11-13-603. Taxed interlocal entity.
(1) Except for purposes of an audit, examination, investigation, or review by the

88	[Office of the Legislative Auditor General] legislative auditor general as described in
89	Subsection (8) and notwithstanding any other provision of law:
90	(a) the use of an asset by a taxed interlocal entity does not constitute the use of a public
91	asset;
92	(b) a taxed interlocal entity's use of an asset that was a public asset before the taxed
93	interlocal entity's use of the asset does not constitute a taxed interlocal entity's use of a public
94	asset;
95	(c) an official of a project entity is not a public treasurer; and
96	(d) a taxed interlocal entity's governing board shall determine and direct the use of an
97	asset by the taxed interlocal entity.
98	(2) (a) A taxed interlocal entity that is not a project entity is not subject to the
99	provisions of Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code.
100	(b) A project entity is subject to the provisions of Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah
101	Procurement Code, to the extent described in Section 11-13-316.
102	(3) (a) A taxed interlocal entity is not a participating local entity as defined in Section
103	67-3-12.
104	(b) For each fiscal year of a taxed interlocal entity, the taxed interlocal entity shall
105	provide:
106	(i) the taxed interlocal entity's financial statements for and as of the end of the fiscal
107	year and the prior fiscal year, including:
108	(A) the taxed interlocal entity's statement of net position as of the end of the fiscal year
109	and the prior fiscal year, and the related statements of revenues and expenses and of cash flows
110	for the fiscal year; or
111	(B) financial statements that are equivalent to the financial statements described in
112	Subsection (3)(b)(i)(A) and, at the time the financial statements were created, were in
113	compliance with generally accepted accounting principles that are applicable to taxed interlocal
114	entities; and
115	(ii) the accompanying auditor's report and management's discussion and analysis with
116	respect to the taxed interlocal entity's financial statements for and as of the end of the fiscal
117	year.
118	(c) The taxed interlocal entity shall provide the information described in Subsection

119	(3)(b) within a reasonable time after the taxed interlocal entity's independent auditor delivers to
120	the taxed interlocal entity's governing board the auditor's report with respect to the financial
121	statements for and as of the end of the fiscal year.
122	(d) Notwithstanding Subsections (3)(b) and (c) or a taxed interlocal entity's compliance
123	with one or more of the requirements of Title 63A, Chapter 3, Division of Finance:
124	(i) the taxed interlocal entity is not subject to Title 63A, Chapter 3, Division of
125	Finance; and
126	(ii) the information described in Subsection (3)(b)(i) or (ii) does not constitute public
127	financial information as defined in Section 67-3-12.
128	(4) (a) A taxed interlocal entity's governing board is not a governing board as defined
129	in Section 51-2a-102.
130	(b) A taxed interlocal entity is not subject to the provisions of Title 51, Chapter 2a,
131	Accounting Reports from Political Subdivisions, Interlocal Organizations, and Other Local
132	Entities Act.
133	(5) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a taxed interlocal entity is not subject
134	to the following provisions:
135	(a) Part 4, Governance;
136	(b) Part 5, Fiscal Procedures for Interlocal Entities;
137	(c) Subsection 11-13-204(1)(a)(i) or (ii)(J);
138	(d) Subsection 11-13-206(1)(f);
139	(e) Subsection 11-13-218(5)(a);
140	(f) Section 11-13-225;
141	(g) Section 11-13-226; or
142	(h) Section 53-2a-605.
143	(6) (a) In addition to having the powers described in Subsection 11-13-204(1)(a)(ii), a
144	taxed interlocal entity may, for the regulation of the entity's affairs and conduct of its business,
145	adopt, amend, or repeal bylaws, policies, or procedures.
146	(b) Nothing in Part 4, Governance, or Part 5, Fiscal Procedures for Interlocal Entities,
147	may be construed to limit the power or authority of a taxed interlocal entity.
148	(7) (a) A governmental law enacted after May 12, 2015, and on or before November
149	10, 2021, is not applicable to, is not binding upon, and does not have effect on a taxed

150	interlocal entity that is a project entity unless the governmental law expressly states the section
151	of governmental law to be applicable to and binding upon the taxed interlocal entity with the
152	following words: "[Applicable section or subsection number] constitutes an exception to
153	Subsection 11-13-603(7)(a) and is applicable to and binding upon a taxed interlocal entity."
154	(b) A governmental law enacted after May 12, 2015, is not applicable to, is not binding
155	upon, and does not have effect on a taxed interlocal entity that is an energy services interlocal
156	entity unless the governmental law expressly states the section of governmental law to be
157	applicable to and binding upon the energy services interlocal entity with the following words:
158	"[Applicable section or subsection number] constitutes an exception to Subsection
159	11-13-603(7)(a) and is applicable to and binding upon an energy services interlocal entity."
160	(c) Sections 11-13-601 through 11-13-608 constitute an exception to Subsections (7)(a)
161	and (7)(b) and are applicable to and binding upon a taxed interlocal entity.
162	(8) $[(a)]$ Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a taxed interlocal entity that is a
163	project entity is a political subdivision that[:]
164	[(i)] is subject to the authority of the legislative auditor general pursuant to Utah
165	Constitution, Article VI, Section 33, [is subject to the authority of the legislative auditor to
166	conduct audits of any funds, functions, and accounts in any political subdivision of this state;]
167	and <u>Section 36-12-15.</u>
168	[(ii) is subject to the requirement to provide the Office of the Legislative Auditor
169	General with all records, documents, and reports necessary of the legislative auditor general or
170	the office to fulfill the duties described in Subsection (8)(a)(i).]
171	[(b) Subsection (8)(a) takes precedence over Section 36-12-15.]
172	Section 3. Section <b>36-3-306</b> is amended to read:
173	36-3-306. Enrolling of bills.
174	All bills ordered enrolled by the Legislature shall be delivered to the Office of
175	Legislative Research and General Counsel, who shall without delay enroll the bills and return
176	them to [the secretary of] the Senate or [chief clerk of] the House of Representatives.
177	Section 4. Section <b>36-12-12</b> is amended to read:
178	36-12-12. Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel established
179	Powers, functions, and duties Organization of office Selection of director and general
180	counsel.

181 (1) There is established an Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel as a 182 permanent staff office for the Legislature. 183 (2) The powers, functions, and duties of the Office of Legislative Research and General 184 Counsel under the supervision of the director shall be: 185 (a) to provide research and legal staff assistance to all standing, special, and interim 186 committees as follows: 187 (i) to assist each committee chairman in planning the work of the committee; 188 (ii) to prepare and present research and legal information in accordance with committee 189 instructions or instructions of the committee chairman; 190 (iii) to prepare progress reports of committee work when requested; and 191 (iv) to prepare a final committee report in accordance with committee instructions, that includes relevant research information, committee policy recommendations, and recommended 192 193 legislation: 194 (b) to collect and examine the acts and official reports of any state and report their 195 contents to any committee or member of the Legislature; 196 (c) to provide research and legal analysis services to any interim committee, legislative 197 standing committee, or individual legislator on actual or proposed legislation or subjects of 198 general legislative concern; 199 (d) to maintain a legislative research library that provides analytical, statistical, legal, 200 and descriptive data relative to current and potential governmental and legislative subjects; 201 (e) (i) to exercise under the direction of the general counsel the constitutional authority 202 provided in Article VI, [Sec.] Section 32, Utah Constitution, in serving as legal counsel to the 203 Legislature, majority and minority leadership of the House or Senate, any of the Legislature's 204 committees or subcommittees, individual legislators, any of the Legislature's staff offices, or 205 any of the legislative staff; and 206 (ii) to represent the Legislature, majority and minority leadership of the House of 207 Representatives or Senate, any of the Legislature's committees or subcommittees, individual 208 legislators, any of the Legislature's staff offices, or any of the legislative staff in cases and 209 controversies before courts and administrative agencies and tribunals; 210 (f) to prepare and assist in the preparation of legislative bills, resolutions, memorials, 211 amendments, and other documents or instruments required in the legislative process and, under

212	the direction of the general counsel, give advice and counsel regarding them to the Legislature,
213	majority and minority leadership of the House of Representatives or Senate, any of its members
214	or members-elect, any of its committees or subcommittees, or the legislative staff;
215	(g) under the direction of the general counsel[ <del>,</del> ]:
216	(i) to review, examine, and correct any technical errors [and approve legislation that
217	has passed both houses in order to enroll the legislation and prepare the laws for publication]
218	when:
219	(A) preparing legislation that passed both houses to enroll the legislation and prepare
220	the laws for publication; or
221	(B) maintaining the accuracy of the electronic code database; and
222	(ii) to deliver enrolled legislation to the House of Representatives and the Senate for
223	submission to the governor for gubernatorial action;
224	(h) to keep on file records concerning all legislation and proceedings of the Legislature
225	with respect to legislation referred to in Subsection (2)(g);
226	(i) to prepare the laws for publication;
227	(j) (i) to maintain an electronic record organized by title, chapter, part, and section that
228	contains the Utah Code that is currently in effect and that will take effect in the future; and
229	(ii) to modify the electronic record required by Subsection (2)(j)(i) based upon changes
230	to the Utah Code or to correct technical errors;
231	[(i)] (k) to formulate recommendations for the revision, clarification, classification,
232	arrangement, codification, annotation, and indexing of Utah statutes, and to develop proposed
233	legislation to effectuate the recommendations;
234	$\left[\frac{(1)}{(1)}\right]$ to appoint and develop a professional staff within budget limitations; and
235	[(k)] (m) to prepare and submit the annual budget request for the Office of Legislative
236	Research and General Counsel.
237	(3) (a) If, under Article VI, Section 10, Utah Constitution, the House of
238	Representatives or Senate determines that an individual is not qualified to serve in the House of
239	Representatives or Senate, or expels an individual from the respective chamber, but the
240	individual continues to hold his or her elected legislative office, the Office of Legislative
241	Research and General Counsel may not provide legislative staff services, including legal
242	services, to the individual.

243	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), the Office of Legislative Research and General
244	Counsel may provide legal services for an individual described in Subsection (3)(a) if the legal
245	services are approved by the Legislative Management Committee described in Section <u>36-12-7</u> .
246	[(3)] (4) The statutory authorization of the Office of Legislative Research and General
247	Counsel to correct technical errors provided in Subsection (2)(g), to prepare the laws for
248	publication in Subsection (2)(i), and to modify the electronic record to correct technical errors
249	under Subsection (2)(j)(ii) includes:
250	(a) adopting a uniform system of punctuation, capitalization, numbering, and wording
251	for enrolled legislation and the Laws of Utah;
252	(b) eliminating duplication and the repeal of laws directly or by implication, including
253	renumbering when necessary;
254	(c) correcting defective or inconsistent [section and paragraph] title, chapter, part,
255	section, and subsection structure in the arrangement of the subject matter of existing statutes;
256	(d) eliminating [all] obsolete and redundant words;
257	(e) correcting:
258	(i) obvious typographical and grammatical errors; and
259	(ii) other obvious inconsistencies, including those involving punctuation,
260	capitalization, cross references, numbering, and wording;
261	(f) <u>inserting or</u> changing the boldface to more accurately reflect the substance of each
262	section, part, chapter, or title; [and]
263	(g) merging or determining priority of any amendments, enactments, or repealers to the
264	same code provisions that are passed by the Legislature:
265	(h) renumbering and rearranging of a title, chapter, part, section, or provisions of a
266	section;
267	(i) transferring sections or dividing sections to assign separate sections numbers to
268	distinct subject matters;
269	(j) modifying cross references to agree with renamed or renumbered titles, chapters,
270	parts, or sections;
271	(k) substituting the proper section or chapter number for the terms "this act," "this bill,"
272	or similar terms;
273	(1) substituting the proper calendar date in the database and in the Laws of Utah;

274	(m) modifying the highlighted provisions of legislation to correct an inconsistency
275	between the highlighted provisions and the enacted provisions of the legislation;
276	(n) correcting the names of agencies, departments, and similar units of government;
277	(o) rearranging any misplaced statutory material, incorporating any omitted statutory
278	material, and correcting other obvious errors of addition or omission;
279	(p) correcting or incorporating a special clause that was publicly available on the
280	Legislature's website but is errantly omitted, modified, or retained during the legislative process
281	due to obvious technological or human error, including:
282	(i) a severability clause;
283	(ii) an effective date clause;
284	(iii) a retrospective operation clause;
285	(iv) an uncodified repeal date clause;
286	(v) a revisor instruction clause; or
287	(vi) a coordination clause;
288	(q) correcting the incorporation of an amendment due to obvious technological or
289	human error; and
290	(r) alphabetizing definition sections.
291	[(4)] (5) In carrying out the duties provided for in this section, the director of the Office
292	of Legislative Research and General Counsel may obtain access to all records, documents, and
293	reports necessary to the scope of the director's duties according to the procedures contained in
294	[Title 36, Chapter 14, Legislative Subpoena Powers] Chapter 14, Legislative Subpoena Powers.
295	[(5)] (6) In organizing the management of the Office of Legislative Research and
296	General Counsel, the Legislative Management Committee may either:
297	(a) select a person to serve as both the director of the office and as general counsel. In
298	such case, the director of the office shall be a lawyer admitted to practice in Utah and shall
299	have practical management experience or equivalent academic training; or
300	(b) select a person to serve as director of the office who would have general
301	supervisory authority and select another person to serve as the legislative general counsel
302	within the office. In such case, the director of the office shall have a master's degree in public
303	or business administration, economics, or the equivalent in academic or practical experience
304	and the legislative general counsel shall be a lawyer admitted to practice in Utah.

305	Section 5. Section <b>36-12-15</b> is amended to read:
306	36-12-15. Office of the Legislative Auditor General established Qualifications
307	Powers, functions, and duties Reporting Criminal penalty Employment.
308	(1) <u>As used in this section:</u>
309	(a) "Entity" means:
310	(i) a government organization; or
311	(ii) a receiving organization.
312	(b) "Government organization" means:
313	(i) a state branch, department, or agency; or
314	(ii) a political subdivision, including a county, municipality, local district, special
315	service district, school district, interlocal entity as defined in Section 11-13-103, or any other
316	local government unit.
317	(c) "Receiving organization" means an organization that receives public funds that is
318	not a government organization.
319	(2) There is created [an] the Office of the Legislative Auditor General as a permanent
320	staff office for the Legislature.
321	[(2)] (3) The legislative auditor general shall be a licensed certified public accountant
322	or certified internal auditor with at least [five] seven years of experience in the auditing or
323	public accounting profession, or the equivalent, prior to appointment.
324	[(3)] (4) The legislative auditor general shall appoint and develop a professional staff
325	within budget limitations.
326	[(4)] (5) $[(a)]$ The Office of the Legislative Auditor General shall exercise the
327	constitutional authority provided in Article VI, [Sec.] Section 33, Utah Constitution.
328	[(b)] (6) Under the direction of the legislative auditor general, the [office] Office of the
329	Legislative Auditor General shall:
330	[(i)] (a) conduct comprehensive and special purpose audits, examinations, [and]
331	investigations, or reviews of [any entity that receives public funds;] entity funds, functions,
332	and accounts;
333	[(ii)] (b) prepare and submit a written report on each audit, examination, investigation,
334	or review to the [Legislative Management Committee, the audit subcommittee,] Audit
335	Subcommittee created in Section <u>36-12-8</u> and <u>make the report available</u> to all members of the

336	Legislature within 75 days after the audit [or], examination, investigation, or review is
337	completed; [and]
338	[(iii)] (c) monitor [and], conduct a risk assessment of, or audit any efficiency
339	evaluations that the legislative auditor general determines necessary, in accordance with Title
340	63J, Chapter 1, Part 9, Government Performance Reporting and Efficiency Process, and
341	legislative rule[-];
342	(d) create, manage, and report to the Audit Subcommittee a list of high risk programs
343	and operations that:
344	(i) threaten public funds or programs;
345	(ii) are vulnerable to inefficiency, waste, fraud, abuse, or mismanagement; or
346	(iii) require transformation;
347	(e) monitor and report to the Audit Subcommittee the health of a government
348	organization's internal audit functions;
349	(f) make recommendations to increase the independence and value added of internal
350	audit functions throughout the state;
351	(g) implement a process to track, monitor, and report whether the subject of an audit
352	has implemented recommendations made in the audit report;
353	(h) establish, train, and maintain a team of individuals within the office to conduct
354	investigations and represent themselves as lawful investigators;
355	(i) establish policies, procedures, methods, and standards of audit work and
356	investigations for the office and staff;
357	(j) prepare and submit each audit and investigative report without interference from
358	any source relative to the content of the report, the conclusions reached in the report, or the
359	manner of disclosing the results of the legislative auditor general's findings;
360	(k) prepare and submit the annual budget request for the office; and
361	(1) perform other duties as prescribed by the Legislature.
362	[ <del>(5)</del> ] <u>(7)</u> [The] In conducting an audit, examination, investigation, or review of [any
363	entity that receives public funds may include a] an entity, the Office of the Legislative Auditor
364	General may include a determination of any or all of the following:
365	(a) the honesty and integrity of [all] any of the entity's fiscal affairs;
366	(b) the accuracy and reliability of the entity's [financial] internal control systems and

267	specific financial statements and reports.
367	specific financial statements and reports;
368	(c) whether or not the entity's financial controls are adequate and effective to properly
369	record and safeguard [its] the entity's acquisition, custody, use, and accounting of public funds;
370	(d) whether [or not] the entity's administrators have [faithfully adhered to] complied
371	with legislative intent;
372	(e) whether [or not] the entity's operations have been conducted in an efficient,
373	effective, and cost efficient manner;
374	(f) whether [or not] the entity's programs have been effective in accomplishing
375	intended objectives; and
376	(g) whether [or not] the entity's management control and information systems are
377	adequate and effective.
378	[(6) The Office of the Legislative Auditor General:]
379	[(a) (i) shall, notwithstanding any other provision of law, have access to all records,
380	documents, and reports of any entity that receives public funds that are necessary to the scope
381	of the duties of the legislative auditor general or the office; and]
382	[(ii) may issue a subpoena to obtain access as provided in Subsection (6)(a)(i) using the
383	procedures contained in Title 36, Chapter 14, Legislative Subpoena Powers;]
384	[(b) establish policies, procedures, methods, and standards of audit work for the office
385	and staff;]
386	[(c) prepare and submit each audit report without interference from any source relative
387	to the content of the report, the conclusions reached in the report, or the manner of disclosing
388	the results of the legislative auditor general's findings; and]
389	[(d) prepare and submit the annual budget request for the office.]
390	[(7)] (8) (a) If requested by the Office of the Legislative Auditor General, each entity
391	that the legislative auditor general is authorized to audit under Utah Constitution, Article VI,
392	Section 33, or this section shall, notwithstanding any other provision of law except as provided
393	in Subsection (8)(b), provide the office with access to information, materials, or resources the
394	office determines are necessary to conduct an audit, examination, investigation, or review,
395	including:
396	(i) the following in the possession or custody of the entity in the format identified by
397	the office:

398	(A) a record, document, and report; and
399	(B) films, tapes, recordings, and electronically stored information;
400	(ii) entity personnel;
401	(iii) a meeting, as defined in Section 52-4-103, whether open or closed, conducted by
402	the entity; and
403	(iv) each official or unofficial recording of formal or informal meetings or
404	conversations to which the entity has access.
405	(b) To the extent compliance would violate federal law, the requirements of Subsection
406	(8)(a) do not apply.
407	(9) (a) In carrying out the duties provided for in this section and under Utah
408	Constitution, Article VI, Section 33, the legislative auditor general may issue a subpoena to
409	access information, materials, or resources in accordance with Chapter 14, Legislative
410	Subpoena Powers.
411	(b) The legislative auditor general may issue a subpoena, as described in Subsection
412	(9)(a), to a financial institution or any other entity to obtain information as part of an
413	investigation of fraud, waste, or abuse, including any suspected malfeasance, misfeasance, or
414	nonfeasance involving public funds.
415	(10) To preserve the professional integrity and independence of the office:
416	(a) no legislator or public official may urge the appointment of any person to the office;
417	and
418	(b) the legislative auditor general may not be appointed to serve on any board,
419	authority, commission, or other agency of the state during the legislative auditor general's term
420	as legislative auditor general.
421	[(8)] (11) (a) The following records in the custody or control of the legislative auditor
422	general [shall be] are protected records under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records
423	Access and Management Act:
424	[(a)] (i) [Records that would] records and audit work papers that would disclose
425	information relating to allegations of personal misconduct, gross mismanagement, or illegal
426	activity of a past or present governmental employee if the information or allegation cannot be
427	corroborated by the legislative auditor general through other documents or evidence, and the
428	records relating to the allegation are not relied upon by the legislative auditor general in

429	preparing a final audit report[ <del>.</del> ];
430	[(b)] (ii) [Records] records and audit workpapers [to the extent they] that would
431	disclose the identity of a person who, during the course of a legislative audit, communicated
432	the existence of [any]:
433	(A) unethical behavior;
434	(B) waste of public funds, property, or [manpower,] personnel; or
435	(C) a violation or suspected violation of a United States, Utah state, or political
436	subdivision law, rule, ordinance, or regulation [adopted under the laws of this state, a political
437	subdivision of the state, or any recognized entity of the United States, if the information was],
438	if the person disclosed on the condition that the identity of the person be protected[-];
439	[(c)] (iii) [Prior to the time that] before an audit is completed and the final audit report
440	is released, records or drafts circulated to a person who is not an employee or head of [a
441	governmental] an entity for [their] review, response, or information[-];
442	[(d)] (iv) [Records] records that would disclose:
443	(A) an outline;
444	(B) all or part of [any] an audit survey [plans], audit risk assessment plan, or audit
445	program[ <del>.</del> ]; or
446	(C) other procedural documents necessary to fulfill the duties of the office; and
447	[(e)] (v) [Requests] requests for audits, if disclosure would risk circumvention of an
448	audit.
449	[(f) The provisions of Subsections (8)(a), (b), and (c) do not prohibit the disclosure of
450	records or information that relate to a violation of the law by a governmental entity or
451	employee to a government prosecutor or peace officer.]
452	(b) The provisions of Subsection (11)(a) do not prohibit the disclosure of records or
453	information to a government prosecutor or peace officer if those records or information relate
454	to a violation of the law by an entity, employee, or other recipient of public funds.
455	$\left[\frac{(g)}{(c)}\right]$ The provisions of this section do not limit the authority otherwise given to the
456	legislative auditor general to maintain the private, controlled, or protected record status of a
457	shared record in the legislative auditor general's possession or classify a document as public,
458	private, controlled, or protected under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and
459	Management Act.

460	[(9)] (12) The legislative auditor general shall:
461	(a) be available to the Legislature and to the Legislature's committees for consultation
462	on matters relevant to areas of the legislative auditor general's professional competence;
463	(b) conduct special audits as requested by the [Legislative Management Committee]
464	Audit Subcommittee;
465	(c) report immediately [in writing to the Legislative Management Committee through
466	its audit subcommittee] to the Audit Subcommittee any apparent violation of penal statutes
467	disclosed by the audit of [a state agency] an entity and furnish to the [Legislative Management
468	Committee] Audit Subcommittee all information relative to the apparent violation;
469	(d) report immediately [in writing to the Legislative Management Committee through
470	its audit subcommittee] to the Audit Subcommittee any apparent instances of malfeasance or
471	nonfeasance by [a state] an entity officer or employee disclosed by the audit of [a state agency]
472	an entity; and
473	(e) make any recommendations to the [Legislative Management Committee through its
474	audit subcommittee] Audit Subcommittee with respect to the alteration or improvement of the
475	accounting system used by [any] an entity [that receives public funds].
476	[(10)] (13) If the legislative auditor general conducts an audit of $[a  state agency]$ an
477	entity that has previously been audited and finds that the [state agency] entity has not
478	implemented a recommendation made by the legislative auditor general in a previous audit, the
479	legislative auditor general shall, upon release of the audit:
480	(a) report immediately [in writing to the Legislative Management Committee through
481	its audit subcommittee] to the Audit Subcommittee that the [state agency] entity has not
482	implemented that recommendation; and
483	(b) shall report, as soon as possible, that the [state agency] entity has not implemented
484	that recommendation to [a meeting of] an appropriate legislative committee designated by the
485	[audit subcommittee of the Legislative Management Committee] Audit Subcommittee.
486	[(11) (a) Prior to each annual general session, the legislative auditor general shall
487	prepare a summary of the audits conducted and of actions taken based upon them during the
488	preceding year.]
489	[(b) This report shall also set forth any items and recommendations that are important
490	for consideration in the forthcoming session, together with a brief statement or rationale for

491	each item or recommendation.]
492	[(c) The legislative auditor general shall deliver the report to the Legislature and to the
493	appropriate committees of the Legislature.]
494	(14) Before each annual general session, the legislative auditor general shall:
495	(a) prepare an annual report that:
496	(i) summarizes the audits, examinations, investigations, and reviews conducted by the
497	office since the last annual report; and
498	(ii) evaluate and report the degree to which an entity that has been the subject of an
499	audit has implemented the audit recommendations;
500	(b) include in the report any items and recommendations that the legislative auditor
501	general believes the Legislature should consider in the annual general session; and
502	(c) deliver the report to the Legislature and to the appropriate committees of the
503	Legislature.
504	[(12) (a) No person or entity may:]
505	[(i) interfere with a legislative audit, examination, or review of any entity conducted by
506	the office; or]
507	[(ii) interfere with the office relative to the content of the report, the conclusions
508	reached in the report, or the manner of disclosing the results and findings of the office.]
509	[(b) Any person or entity that violates the provisions of this Subsection (12) is guilty of
510	a class B misdemeanor.]
511	[(13)] (15) (a) If the chief officer of an entity has actual knowledge or reasonable cause
512	to believe that there is misappropriation of the entity's public funds or assets, or another entity
513	officer has actual knowledge or reasonable cause to believe that the chief officer is
514	misappropriating the entity's public funds or assets, the chief officer or, alternatively, the other
515	entity officer shall immediately notify, in writing:
516	(i) the Office of the Legislative Auditor General;
517	(ii) the attorney general, county attorney, or district attorney; and
518	(iii) (A) for a state government organization, the chief executive officer;
519	(B) for a political subdivision, the legislative body or governing board; or
520	(C) for a receiving organization, the governing board or chief executive officer unless
521	the chief executive officer is believed to be misappropriating the funds or assets, in which case

522	the next highest officer of the receiving organization.
523	(b) As described in Subsection (15)(a), the entity chief officer or, if applicable, another
524	entity officer is subject to the protections of Title 67, Chapter 21, Utah Protection of Public
525	Employees Act.
526	(c) If the Office of the Legislative Auditor General receives a notification under
527	Subsection (15)(a) or other information of misappropriation of public funds or assets of an
528	entity, the office shall inform the Audit Subcommittee.
529	(d) (i) The attorney general, county attorney, or district attorney shall no later than 60
530	days after receiving the notification under Subsection (15)(a), notify, in writing, the Office of
531	the Legislative Auditor General whether the attorney general, county attorney, or district
532	attorney pursued criminal or civil sanctions in the matter.
533	(ii) If the attorney general, county attorney, or district attorney does not pursue criminal
534	or civil sanctions, the attorney general, county attorney, or district attorney shall provide in the
535	notice a detailed explanation for the attorney general's, county attorney's, or district attorney's
536	decision.
537	(16) (a) An actor commits interference with a legislative audit if the actor interferes
538	with:
539	(i) a legislative audit, examination, investigation, or review of an entity conducted by
540	the Office of the Legislative Auditor General; or
541	(ii) the Office of the Legislative Auditor General's decisions relating to:
542	(A) the content of the office's report;
543	(B) the conclusions reached in the office's report; or
544	(C) the manner of disclosing the results and findings of the office.
545	(b) A violation of Subsection (16)(a) is a class B misdemeanor.
546	(17) (a) Beginning July 1, 2020, the Office of the Legislative Auditor General may
547	require any current employee, or any applicant for employment, to submit to a
548	fingerprint-based local, regional, and criminal history background check as an ongoing
549	condition of employment.
550	(b) An employee or applicant for employment shall provide a completed fingerprint
551	card to the office upon request.
552	(c) The [office] Office of the Legislative Auditor General shall require that an

553	individual required to submit to a background check under this [subsection] Subsection (17)
554	also provide a signed waiver on a form provided by the office that meets the requirements of
555	Subsection 53-10-108(4).
556	[(c)] (d) For a noncriminal justice background search and registration in accordance
557	with Subsection 53-10-108(13), the office shall submit to the Bureau of Criminal
558	Identification:
559	(i) the employee's or applicant's personal identifying information and fingerprints for a
560	criminal history search of applicable local, regional, and national databases; and
561	(ii) a request for all information received as a result of the local, regional, and
562	nationwide background check.
563	Section 6. Section <b>36-12-15.1</b> is amended to read:
564	36-12-15.1. Systemic performance audits.
565	(1) As used in this section, "entity" means:
566	(a) an entity in the executive branch that receives an ongoing line item appropriation in
567	an appropriations act; and
568	(b) any local education agency, as defined in Section 53E-1-102, that receives public
569	funds.
570	(2) (a) Each year, subject to the availability of work capacity and the discretion of the
571	[Legislative] Audit [Committee] Subcommittee created in Section 36-12-8, the Office of the
572	Legislative Auditor General may, in addition to other audits performed by the office, perform:
573	(i) [an] a systemic performance audit of one or more executive branch [entity's
574	appropriations] entities; and
575	(ii) [an] a systemic performance audit of one or more local education [agency's
576	appropriations] agencies.
577	(b) An audit performed [pursuant to] under Subsection (2)(a) shall, as is appropriate for
578	each individual audit:
579	(i) evaluate the extent to which the entity has efficiently and effectively used the
580	appropriation by identifying:
581	(A) the entity's appropriation history;
582	(B) the entity's spending and efficiency history; and

583 (C) historic trends in the entity's operational performance effectiveness;

584	(ii) evaluate whether the entity's size and operation are commensurate with the entity's
585	spending history;
586	(iii) evaluate whether the entity is diligent in its stewardship of [state] resources;
587	(iv) provide [an in-depth analysis review] a systemic performance audit of the entity's
588	operations performance improvements;
589	(v) if possible, incorporate the audit methodology of other audits performed by the
590	Office of the Legislative Auditor General; and
591	(vi) be conducted according to the process established for the Audit Subcommittee
592	[created in Section 36-12-8].
593	(c) After releasing an audit report [pursuant to] under Subsection (2)(a), the Audit
594	Subcommittee shall make the audit report available to:
595	(i) each member of the Senate and the House of Representatives; and
596	(ii) the governor or the governor's designee.
597	(d) The Office of <u>the</u> Legislative Auditor General shall:
598	(i) summarize the findings of an audit described in Subsection (2)(a) [in:]; and
599	[(i) a unique section of the legislative auditor general's annual report; and]
600	[(ii) a format that the legislative fiscal analyst may use in preparation of the annual
601	appropriations no later than 30 days before the day on which the Legislature convenes]
602	(ii) provide a copy of each audit report and the annual report to the legislative fiscal
603	analyst and director of the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel as soon as each
604	report is completed.
605	(3) The Office of the Legislative Auditor General [shall] may consult with the
606	[legislative fiscal analyst] Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst or the Office of Legislative
607	Research and General Counsel in preparing the summary required by Subsection (2)(d).
608	(4) The Legislature, in evaluating an entity's request for an increase in its base budget,
609	shall:
610	(a) review the audit report required by this section and any relevant audits; and
611	(b) consider the entity's request for an increase in its base budget in light of the entity's
612	prior history of savings and efficiencies as evidenced by the audit report required by this
613	section.
614	Section 7. Section <b>36-14-2</b> is amended to read:

615	36-14-2. Issuers.
616	(1) Any of the following persons is an issuer, who may issue legislative subpoenas by
617	following the procedures set forth in this chapter:
618	(a) the speaker of the House of Representatives;
619	(b) the president of the Senate;
620	(c) a chair of any legislative standing committee;
621	(d) a chair of any legislative interim committee;
622	(e) a chair of any special committee established by the Legislative Management
623	Committee, the speaker of the House of Representatives, or the president of the Senate;
624	(f) a chair of any subcommittee of the Legislative Management Committee;
625	(g) a chair of a special investigative committee;
626	(h) a chair of a Senate or House Ethics Committee;
627	(i) a chair of the Executive Appropriations Committee as created in JR3-2-401;
628	(j) a chair of an appropriations subcommittee as created in JR3-2-302;
629	(k) the director of the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel;
630	(l) the legislative auditor general;
631	(m) the [director of the Office of Legislative Fiscal Analyst] legislative fiscal analyst;
632	and
633	(n) the legislative general counsel.
634	(2) A legislative body, a legislative office, an issuer, or a legislative staff member
635	designated by an issuer may:
636	(a) administer an oath or affirmation; and
637	(b) take evidence, including testimony.
638	Section 8. Section <b>36-14-4</b> is amended to read:
639	36-14-4. Service.
640	Legislative subpoenas may be served:
641	(1) within the state, by the sheriff of the county where service is made, or by his
642	deputy, or by any other person 18 years old or older who is not a member of the entity issuing
643	the subpoena;
644	(2) in another state or United States territory, by the sheriff of the county where the
645	service is made, or by his deputy, or by a United States marshal or his deputy;

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646 (3) in a foreign country: 647 (a) by following the procedures prescribed by the law of the foreign country: 648 (b) upon an individual, by any person 18 years old or older who is not a member of the 649 entity delivering the subpoena to him personally, and upon a corporation or partnership or 650 association, by any person 18 years old or older who is not a member of the entity delivering 651 the subpoena to an officer, a managing or general agent of the corporation, partnership, or 652 association; or 653 (c) by any form of mail requiring a signed receipt, to be addressed and dispatched by 654 the legislative general counsel to the party to be served[-]; or 655 (4) by electronic transmission requiring acknowledgment of receipt. 656 Section 9. Section **36-14-5** is amended to read: 657 36-14-5. Legislative subpoenas -- Enforcement. 658 (1) If any person disobeys or fails to comply with a legislative subpoena, or if a person 659 appears pursuant to a subpoena and refuses to testify to a matter upon which the person may be 660 lawfully interrogated, that person is in contempt of the Legislature[-] 661 (2) (a) When the subject of a legislative subpoend disobeys or fails to comply with the legislative subpoena, or if a person appears pursuant to a subpoena and refuses to testify to a 662 663 matter upon which the person may be lawfully interrogated, the issuer may: 664 (i) file a motion for an order to compel obedience to the subpoena with the district 665 court: 666 (ii) file, with the district court, a motion for an order to show cause why the penalties 667 established in Title 78B, Chapter 6, Part 3, Contempt, should not be imposed upon the person 668 named in the subpoena for contempt of the Legislature; or 669 (iii) pursue other remedies against persons in contempt of the Legislature. 670 (b) (i) Upon receipt of a motion under this subsection, the court shall expedite the 671 hearing and decision on the motion. 672 (ii) A court may: 673 (A) order the person named in the subpoena to comply with the subpoena; and (B) impose any penalties authorized by Title 78B, Chapter 6, Part 3, Contempt, upon 674 675 the person named in the subpoena for contempt [of the Legislature]. 676 (3) (a) If a legislative subpoena requires the production of accounts, books, papers,

677 documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, the person or entity to whom 678 [it] the subpoena is directed may petition a district court to quash or modify the subpoena at or 679 before the time specified in the subpoena for compliance. 680 (b) An issuer may respond to a motion to quash or modify the subpoena by pursuing 681 any remedy authorized by Subsection (2). 682 (c) If the court finds that a legislative subpoena requiring the production of accounts, 683 books, papers, documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things is unreasonable 684 or oppressive, the court may quash or modify the subpoena. 685 (4) Nothing in this section prevents an issuer from seeking an extraordinary writ to 686 remedy contempt of the Legislature. 687 (5) Any party aggrieved by a decision of a court under this section may appeal that 688 action directly to the Utah Supreme Court. 689 Section 10. Section 53B-7-708 is amended to read: 690 53B-7-708. Legislative audit. (1) Subject to prioritization of the Audit Subcommittee, the Office of the Legislative 691 692 Auditor General established under Section 36-12-15 shall in any fiscal year: 693 (a) conduct an audit of money appropriated for performance funding; and 694 (b) prepare and submit a written report for an audit described in this section in 695 accordance with [Subsection 36-12-15(4)(b)(ii)] Section 36-12-15. 696 (2) An audit described in this section shall include: 697 (a) an evaluation of the implementation of performance funding; and 698 (b) the use of performance funding. 699 Section 11. Section **53B-33-301** is amended to read: 700 53B-33-301. Data research program. 701 (1) The center shall establish a data research program for the purpose of analyzing data 702 that is: 703 (a) collected over time; 704 (b) aggregated from multiple sources; and 705 (c) connected and de-identified. 706 (2) The center may, in order to establish the data research program described in 707 Subsection (1):

708	(a) acquire property or equipment in order to store aggregated, connected, and
709	de-identified data derived from data contributed by the participating entities; or
710	(b) contract with a private entity in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah
711	Procurement Code, or with a state government entity to:
712	(i) store aggregated, connected, and de-identified data derived from data contributed by
713	the participating entities; or
714	(ii) utilize existing aggregated, connected, and de-identified data maintained by a state
715	government entity.
716	(3) A participating entity shall contribute data to the data research program described in
717	Subsection (1) within guidelines established by the center.
718	(4) The center may only release data maintained by the center in accordance with the
719	procedures described in this chapter.
720	(5) The center shall:
721	(a) as directed by the board, serve as a repository in the state of data from institutions
722	of higher education;
723	(b) collaborate with the board and the State Board of Education to coordinate access to
724	the unique student identifier of a public education student who later attends an institution of
725	higher education in accordance with Sections 53B-1-109 and 53E-4-308;
726	(c) develop, establish, and maintain programs that promote access to data from
727	institutions of higher education;
728	(d) identify initiatives that leverage education data that will improve a state citizen's
729	ability to:
730	(i) access services at an institution of higher education; or
731	(ii) graduate with a postsecondary certificate or degree; and
732	(e) perform all other duties provided in this chapter.
733	(6) The director shall identify the resources necessary to successfully implement
734	initiatives described in Subsection (5)(d), in accordance with Section 53B-7-101.
735	(7) The center may:
736	(a) employ staff necessary to carry out the center's duties;
737	(b) purchase, own, create, or maintain equipment necessary to:
738	(i) collect data from the participating entities;

739	(ii) connect and de-identify data collected by the center;
740	(iii) store connected and de-identified data; or
741	(iv) conduct research on data stored or obtained by the center; or
742	(c) contract with a private entity, another state or federal entity, or a political
743	subdivision of the state to carry out the center's duties as provided in this chapter.
744	(8) The data research program is not subject to Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government
745	Records Access and Management Act.
746	(9) The center:
747	(a) shall, upon request by the Office of the Legislative Auditor General, provide access
748	to all records, data, and other materials in possession of the center; and
749	(b) is otherwise subject to the authority of the legislative auditor general in accordance
750	with Utah Constitution, Article VI, Section 33, and Section 36-12-15.
751	Section 12. Section <b>59-1-403</b> is amended to read:
752	59-1-403. Confidentiality Exceptions Penalty Application to property tax.
753	(1) As used in this section:
754	(a) "Distributed tax, fee, or charge" means a tax, fee, or charge:
755	(i) the commission administers under:
756	(A) this title, other than a tax under Chapter 12, Part 2, Local Sales and Use Tax Act;
757	(B) Title 10, Chapter 1, Part 3, Municipal Energy Sales and Use Tax Act;
758	(C) Title 10, Chapter 1, Part 4, Municipal Telecommunications License Tax Act;
759	(D) Section 19-6-805;
760	(E) Section $63H-1-205$ ; or
761	(F) Title 69, Chapter 2, Part 4, Prepaid Wireless Telecommunications Service Charges;
762	and
763	(ii) with respect to which the commission distributes the revenue collected from the
764	tax, fee, or charge to a qualifying jurisdiction.
765	(b) "Qualifying jurisdiction" means:
766	(i) a county, city, town, or metro township; or
767	(ii) the military installation development authority created in Section 63H-1-201.
768	(2) (a) Any of the following may not divulge or make known in any manner any
769	information gained by that person from any return filed with the commission:

770	(i) a tax commissioner;
771	(ii) an agent, clerk, or other officer or employee of the commission; or
772	(iii) a representative, agent, clerk, or other officer or employee of any county, city, or
773	town.
774	(b) An official charged with the custody of a return filed with the commission is not
775	required to produce the return or evidence of anything contained in the return in any action or
776	proceeding in any court, except:
777	(i) in accordance with judicial order;
778	(ii) on behalf of the commission in any action or proceeding under:
779	(A) this title; or
780	(B) other law under which persons are required to file returns with the commission;
781	(iii) on behalf of the commission in any action or proceeding to which the commission
782	is a party; or
783	(iv) on behalf of any party to any action or proceeding under this title if the report or
784	facts shown by the return are directly involved in the action or proceeding.
785	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(b), a court may require the production of, and may
786	admit in evidence, any portion of a return or of the facts shown by the return, as are specifically
787	pertinent to the action or proceeding.
788	(3) This section does not prohibit:
789	(a) a person or that person's duly authorized representative from receiving a copy of
790	any return or report filed in connection with that person's own tax;
791	(b) the publication of statistics as long as the statistics are classified to prevent the
792	identification of particular reports or returns; and
793	(c) the inspection by the attorney general or other legal representative of the state of the
794	report or return of any taxpayer:
795	(i) who brings action to set aside or review a tax based on the report or return;
796	(ii) against whom an action or proceeding is contemplated or has been instituted under
797	this title; or
798	(iii) against whom the state has an unsatisfied money judgment.
799	(4) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (2) and for purposes of administration, the
800	commission may by rule, made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative

801 Rulemaking Act, provide for a reciprocal exchange of information with:

- (i) the United States Internal Revenue Service; or
- 803

(ii) the revenue service of any other state.

(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2) and for all taxes except individual income tax and
corporate franchise tax, the commission may by rule, made in accordance with Title 63G,
Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, share information gathered from returns and
other written statements with the federal government, any other state, any of the political
subdivisions of another state, or any political subdivision of this state, except as limited by
Sections 59-12-209 and 59-12-210, if the political subdivision, other state, or the federal
government grant substantially similar privileges to this state.

(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (2) and for all taxes except individual income tax and
corporate franchise tax, the commission may by rule, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, provide for the issuance of information concerning the
identity and other information of taxpayers who have failed to file tax returns or to pay any tax
due.

(d) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission shall provide to the director of the
Division of Environmental Response and Remediation, as defined in Section 19-6-402, as
requested by the director of the Division of Environmental Response and Remediation, any
records, returns, or other information filed with the commission under Chapter 13, Motor and
Special Fuel Tax Act, or Section 19-6-410.5 regarding the environmental assurance program
participation fee.

(e) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), at the request of any person the commission shall
provide that person sales and purchase volume data reported to the commission on a report,
return, or other information filed with the commission under:

825 (i)

(i) Chapter 13, Part 2, Motor Fuel; or

826 (ii) Chapter 13, Part 4, Aviation Fuel.

(f) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), upon request from a tobacco product manufacturer,
as defined in Section 59-22-202, the commission shall report to the manufacturer:

(i) the quantity of cigarettes, as defined in Section 59-22-202, produced by the
manufacturer and reported to the commission for the previous calendar year under Section
59-14-407; and

832	(ii) the quantity of cigarettes, as defined in Section 59-22-202, produced by the
833	manufacturer for which a tax refund was granted during the previous calendar year under
834	Section 59-14-401 and reported to the commission under Subsection 59-14-401(1)(a)(v).
835	(g) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission shall notify manufacturers,
836	distributors, wholesalers, and retail dealers of a tobacco product manufacturer that is prohibited
837	from selling cigarettes to consumers within the state under Subsection 59-14-210(2).
838	(h) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission may:
839	(i) provide to the Division of Consumer Protection within the Department of
840	Commerce and the attorney general data:
841	(A) reported to the commission under Section 59-14-212; or
842	(B) related to a violation under Section 59-14-211; and
843	(ii) upon request, provide to any person data reported to the commission under
844	Subsections 59-14-212(1)(a) through (c) and Subsection 59-14-212(1)(g).
845	(i) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission shall, at the request of a committee
846	of the Legislature, the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst, or the Governor's Office of
847	Planning and Budget, provide to the committee or office the total amount of revenues collected
848	by the commission under Chapter 24, Radioactive Waste Facility Tax Act, for the time period
849	specified by the committee or office.
850	(j) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission shall make the directory required
851	by Section 59-14-603 available for public inspection.
852	(k) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission may share information with
853	federal, state, or local agencies as provided in Subsection 59-14-606(3).
854	(1) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission shall provide the Office of
855	Recovery Services within the Department of Health and Human Services any relevant
856	information obtained from a return filed under Chapter 10, Individual Income Tax Act,
857	regarding a taxpayer who has become obligated to the Office of Recovery Services.
858	(ii) The information described in Subsection (4)(l)(i) may be provided by the Office of
859	Recovery Services to any other state's child support collection agency involved in enforcing
860	that support obligation.
861	(m) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), upon request from the state court
862	administrator, the commission shall provide to the state court administrator, the name, address,

863	telephone number, county of residence, and social security number on resident returns filed
864	under Chapter 10, Individual Income Tax Act.
865	(ii) The state court administrator may use the information described in Subsection
866	(4)(m)(i) only as a source list for the master jury list described in Section 78B-1-106.
867	(n) (i) As used in this Subsection (4)(n):
868	(A) "GO Utah office" means the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity created in
869	Section 63N-1a-301.
870	(B) "Income tax information" means information gained by the commission that is
871	required to be attached to or included in a return filed with the commission under Chapter 7,
872	Corporate Franchise and Income Taxes, or Chapter 10, Individual Income Tax Act.
873	(C) "Other tax information" means information gained by the commission that is
874	required to be attached to or included in a return filed with the commission except for a return
875	filed under Chapter 7, Corporate Franchise and Income Taxes, or Chapter 10, Individual
876	Income Tax Act.
877	(D) "Tax information" means income tax information or other tax information.
878	(ii) (A) Notwithstanding Subsection (2) and except as provided in Subsection
879	(4)(n)(ii)(B) or (C), the commission shall at the request of the GO Utah office provide to the
880	GO Utah office all income tax information.
881	(B) For purposes of a request for income tax information made under Subsection
882	(4)(n)(ii)(A), the GO Utah office may not request and the commission may not provide to the
883	GO Utah office a person's address, name, social security number, or taxpayer identification
884	number.
885	(C) In providing income tax information to the GO Utah office, the commission shall
886	in all instances protect the privacy of a person as required by Subsection (4)(n)(ii)(B).
887	(iii) (A) Notwithstanding Subsection (2) and except as provided in Subsection
888	(4)(n)(iii)(B), the commission shall at the request of the GO Utah office provide to the GO
889	Utah office other tax information.
890	(B) Before providing other tax information to the GO Utah office, the commission
891	shall redact or remove any name, address, social security number, or taxpayer identification
892	number.
893	(iv) The GO Utah office may provide tax information received from the commission in

894	accordance with this Subsection (4)(n) only:
895	(A) as a fiscal estimate, fiscal note information, or statistical information; and
896	(B) if the tax information is classified to prevent the identification of a particular
897	return.
898	(v) (A) A person may not request tax information from the GO Utah office under Title
899	63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act, or this section, if the GO
900	Utah office received the tax information from the commission in accordance with this
901	Subsection (4)(n).
902	(B) The GO Utah office may not provide to a person that requests tax information in
903	accordance with Subsection $(4)(n)(v)(A)$ any tax information other than the tax information the
904	GO Utah office provides in accordance with Subsection (4)(n)(iv).
905	(o) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission may provide to the governing
906	board of the agreement or a taxing official of another state, the District of Columbia, the United
907	States, or a territory of the United States:
908	(i) the following relating to an agreement sales and use tax:
909	(A) information contained in a return filed with the commission;
910	(B) information contained in a report filed with the commission;
911	(C) a schedule related to Subsection (4)(o)(i)(A) or (B); or
912	(D) a document filed with the commission; or
913	(ii) a report of an audit or investigation made with respect to an agreement sales and
914	use tax.
915	(p) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission may provide information
916	concerning a taxpayer's state income tax return or state income tax withholding information to
917	the Driver License Division if the Driver License Division:
918	(i) requests the information; and
919	(ii) provides the commission with a signed release form from the taxpayer allowing the
920	Driver License Division access to the information.
921	(q) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission shall provide to the Utah
922	Communications Authority, or a division of the Utah Communications Authority, the
923	information requested by the authority under Sections 63H-7a-302, 63H-7a-402, and
924	63H-7a-502.

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925 (r) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission shall provide to the Utah 926 Educational Savings Plan information related to a resident or nonresident individual's 927 contribution to a Utah Educational Savings Plan account as designated on the resident or 928 nonresident's individual income tax return as provided under Section 59-10-1313. 929 (s) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), for the purpose of verifying eligibility under 930 Sections 26-18-2.5 and 26-40-105, the commission shall provide an eligibility worker with the Department of Health and Human Services or its designee with the adjusted gross income of an 931 932 individual if: 933 (i) an eligibility worker with the Department of Health and Human Services or its 934 designee requests the information from the commission; and 935 (ii) the eligibility worker has complied with the identity verification and consent 936 provisions of Sections 26-18-2.5 and 26-40-105. 937 (t) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission may provide to a county, as determined by the commission, information declared on an individual income tax return in 938 accordance with Section 59-10-103.1 that relates to eligibility to claim a residential exemption 939 940 authorized under Section 59-2-103. 941 (u) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission shall provide a report regarding 942 any access line provider that is over 90 days delinquent in payment to the commission of 943 amounts the access line provider owes under Title 69, Chapter 2, Part 4, Prepaid Wireless 944 Telecommunications Service Charges, to the board of the Utah Communications Authority 945 created in Section 63H-7a-201. 946 (v) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission shall provide the Department of 947 Environmental Quality a report on the amount of tax paid by a radioactive waste facility for the 948 previous calendar year under Section 59-24-103.5. 949 (w) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission may, upon request, provide to the 950 Department of Workforce Services any information received under Chapter 10, Part 4, 951 Withholding of Tax, that is relevant to the duties of the Department of Workforce Services. 952 (x) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission may provide the Public Service 953 Commission or the Division of Public Utilities information related to a seller that collects and 954 remits to the commission a charge described in Subsection 69-2-405(2), including the seller's 955 identity and the number of charges described in Subsection 69-2-405(2) that the seller collects.

956	(y) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission shall provide to each qualifying
957	jurisdiction the collection data necessary to verify the revenue collected by the commission for
958	a distributed tax, fee, or charge collected within the qualifying jurisdiction.
959	(ii) In addition to the information provided under Subsection (4)(y)(i), the commission
960	shall provide a qualifying jurisdiction with copies of returns and other information relating to a
961	distributed tax, fee, or charge collected within the qualifying jurisdiction.
962	(iii) (A) To obtain the information described in Subsection (4)(y)(ii), the chief
963	executive officer or the chief executive officer's designee of the qualifying jurisdiction shall
964	submit a written request to the commission that states the specific information sought and how
965	the qualifying jurisdiction intends to use the information.
966	(B) The information described in Subsection (4)(y)(ii) is available only in official
967	matters of the qualifying jurisdiction.
968	(iv) Information that a qualifying jurisdiction receives in response to a request under
969	this subsection is:
970	(A) classified as a private record under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records
971	Access and Management Act; and
972	(B) subject to the confidentiality requirements of this section.
973	(z) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission shall provide the Alcoholic
974	Beverage Services Commission, upon request, with taxpayer status information related to state
975	tax obligations necessary to comply with the requirements described in Section 32B-1-203.
976	(5) (a) Each report and return shall be preserved for at least three years.
977	(b) After the three-year period provided in Subsection (5)(a) the commission may
978	destroy a report or return.
979	(6) (a) Any individual who violates this section is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
980	(b) If the individual described in Subsection (6)(a) is an officer or employee of the
981	state, the individual shall be dismissed from office and be disqualified from holding public
982	office in this state for a period of five years thereafter.
983	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (6)(a) or (b), the GO Utah office, when requesting
984	information in accordance with Subsection (4)(n)(iii), or an individual who requests
985	information in accordance with Subsection (4)(n)(v):
986	(i) is not guilty of a class A misdemeanor; and

987	(ii) is not subject to:
988	(A) dismissal from office in accordance with Subsection (6)(b); or
989	(B) disqualification from holding public office in accordance with Subsection (6)(b).
990	(d) Notwithstanding Subsection (6)(a) or (b), for a disclosure of information to the
991	Office of the Legislative Auditor General in accordance with Title 36, Chapter 12, Legislative
992	Organization, an individual described in Subsection (2):
993	(i) is not guilty of a class A misdemeanor; and
994	(ii) is not subject to:
995	(A) dismissal from office in accordance with Subsection (6)(b); or
996	(B) disqualification from holding public office in accordance with Subsection (6)(b).
997	(7) Except as provided in Section 59-1-404, this part does not apply to the property tax.
998	Section 13. Section <b>59-1-404</b> is amended to read:
999	59-1-404. Definitions Confidentiality of commercial information obtained from
1000	a property taxpayer or derived from the commercial information Rulemaking
1001	authority Exceptions Written explanation Signature requirements Retention of
1002	signed explanation by employer Penalty.
1003	(1) As used in this section:
1004	(a) "Appraiser" means an individual who holds an appraiser's certificate or license
1005	issued by the Division of Real Estate under Title 61, Chapter 2g, Real Estate Appraiser
1006	Licensing and Certification Act and includes an individual associated with an appraiser who
1007	assists the appraiser in preparing an appraisal.
1008	(b) "Appraisal" is as defined in Section $61-2g-102$ .
1009	(c) (i) "Commercial information" means:
1010	(A) information of a commercial nature obtained from a property taxpayer regarding
1011	the property taxpayer's property; or
1012	(B) information derived from the information described in this Subsection $(1)(c)(i)$ .
1013	(ii) (A) "Commercial information" does not include information regarding a property
1014	taxpayer's property if the information is intended for public use.
1015	(B) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, for
1016	purposes of Subsection (1)(c)(ii)(A), the commission may by rule prescribe the circumstances
1017	under which information is intended for public use.

1018	(d) "Consultation service" is as defined in Section 61-2g-102.
1019	(e) "Locally assessed property" means property that is assessed by a county assessor in
1020	accordance with Chapter 2, Part 3, County Assessment.
1021	(f) "Property taxpayer" means a person that:
1022	(i) is a property owner; or
1023	(ii) has in effect a contract with a property owner to:
1024	(A) make filings on behalf of the property owner;
1025	(B) process appeals on behalf of the property owner; or
1026	(C) pay a tax under Chapter 2, Property Tax Act, on the property owner's property.
1027	(g) "Property taxpayer's property" means property with respect to which a property
1028	taxpayer:
1029	(i) owns the property;
1030	(ii) makes filings relating to the property;
1031	(iii) processes appeals relating to the property; or
1032	(iv) pays a tax under Chapter 2, Property Tax Act, on the property.
1033	(h) "Protected commercial information" means commercial information that:
1034	(i) identifies a specific property taxpayer; or
1035	(ii) would reasonably lead to the identity of a specific property taxpayer.
1036	(2) An individual listed under Subsection 59-1-403(2)(a) may not disclose commercial
1037	information:
1038	(a) obtained in the course of performing any duty that the individual listed under
1039	Subsection 59-1-403(2)(a) performs under Chapter 2, Property Tax Act; or
1040	(b) relating to an action or proceeding:
1041	(i) with respect to a tax imposed on property in accordance with Chapter 2, Property
1042	Tax Act; and
1043	(ii) that is filed in accordance with:
1044	(A) this chapter;
1045	(B) Chapter 2, Property Tax Act; or
1046	(C) this chapter and Chapter 2, Property Tax Act.
1047	(3) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (2) and subject to Subsection (3)(c), an individual
1048	listed under Subsection 59-1-403(2)(a) may disclose the following information:

1049	(i) the assessed value of property;
1050	(ii) the tax rate imposed on property;
1051	(iii) a legal description of property;
1052	(iv) the physical description or characteristics of property, including a street address or
1053	parcel number for the property;
1054	(v) the square footage or acreage of property;
1055	(vi) the square footage of improvements on property;
1056	(vii) the name of a property taxpayer;
1057	(viii) the mailing address of a property taxpayer;
1058	(ix) the amount of a property tax:
1059	(A) assessed on property;
1060	(B) due on property;
1061	(C) collected on property;
1062	(D) abated on property; or
1063	(E) deferred on property;
1064	(x) the amount of the following relating to property taxes due on property:
1065	(A) interest;
1066	(B) costs; or
1067	(C) other charges;
1068	(xi) the tax status of property, including:
1069	(A) an exemption;
1070	(B) a property classification;
1071	(C) a bankruptcy filing; or
1072	(D) whether the property is the subject of an action or proceeding under this title;
1073	(xii) information relating to a tax sale of property; or
1074	(xiii) information relating to single-family residential property.
1075	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2) and subject to Subsection (3)(c), an individual
1076	listed under Subsection 59-1-403(2)(a) shall disclose, upon request, the information described
1077	in Subsection 59-2-1007(9).
1078	(c) (i) Subject to Subsection (3)(c)(ii), a person may receive the information described
1079	in Subsection (3)(a) or (b) in written format.

1080	(ii) The following may charge a reasonable fee to cover the actual cost of providing the
1081	information described in Subsection (3)(a) or (b) in written format:
1082	(A) the commission;
1083	(B) a county;
1084	(C) a city; or
1085	(D) a town.
1086	(4) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (2) and except as provided in Subsection (4)(c), an
1087	individual listed under Subsection 59-1-403(2)(a) shall disclose commercial information:
1088	(i) in accordance with judicial order;
1089	(ii) on behalf of the commission in any action or proceeding:
1090	(A) under this title;
1091	(B) under another law under which a property taxpayer is required to disclose
1092	commercial information; or
1093	(C) to which the commission is a party;
1094	(iii) on behalf of any party to any action or proceeding under this title if the commercial
1095	information is directly involved in the action or proceeding; or
1096	(iv) if the requirements of Subsection (4)(b) are met, that is:
1097	(A) relevant to an action or proceeding:
1098	(I) filed in accordance with this title; and
1099	(II) involving property; or
1100	(B) in preparation for an action or proceeding involving property.
1101	(b) Commercial information shall be disclosed in accordance with Subsection
1102	(4)(a)(iv):
1103	(i) if the commercial information is obtained from:
1104	(A) a real estate agent if the real estate agent is not a property taxpayer of the property
1105	that is the subject of the action or proceeding;
1106	(B) an appraiser if the appraiser:
1107	(I) is not a property taxpayer of the property that is the subject of the action or
1108	proceeding; and
1109	(II) did not receive the commercial information pursuant to Subsection (8);
1110	(C) a property manager if the property manager is not a property taxpayer of the

1111 property that is the subject of the action or proceeding; or 1112 (D) a property taxpayer other than a property taxpayer of the property that is the subject 1113 of the action or proceeding; 1114 (ii) regardless of whether the commercial information is disclosed in more than one 1115 action or proceeding; and 1116 (iii) (A) if a county board of equalization conducts the action or proceeding, the county 1117 board of equalization takes action to provide that any commercial information disclosed during 1118 the action or proceeding may not be disclosed by any person conducting or participating in the 1119 action or proceeding except as specifically allowed by this section; 1120 (B) if the commission conducts the action or proceeding, the commission enters a 1121 protective order or, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking 1122 Act, makes rules specifying that any commercial information disclosed during the action or 1123 proceeding may not be disclosed by any person conducting or participating in the action or 1124 proceeding except as specifically allowed by this section; or 1125 (C) if a court of competent jurisdiction conducts the action or proceeding, the court 1126 enters a protective order specifying that any commercial information disclosed during the 1127 action or proceeding may not be disclosed by any person conducting or participating in the 1128 action or proceeding except as specifically allowed by this section. 1129 (c) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(a), a court may require the production of, and may 1130 admit in evidence, commercial information that is specifically pertinent to the action or 1131 proceeding. 1132 (5) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), this section does not prohibit: 1133 (a) the following from receiving a copy of any commercial information relating to the 1134 basis for assessing a tax that is charged to a property taxpayer: 1135 (i) the property taxpayer; 1136 (ii) a duly authorized representative of the property taxpayer; 1137 (iii) a person that has in effect a contract with the property taxpayer to: 1138 (A) make filings on behalf of the property taxpayer; 1139 (B) process appeals on behalf of the property taxpayer; or 1140 (C) pay a tax under Chapter 2, Property Tax Act, on the property taxpayer's property; 1141 (iv) a property taxpayer that purchases property from another property taxpayer; or

1142	(v) a person that the property taxpayer designates in writing as being authorized to
1143	receive the commercial information;
1144	(b) the publication of statistics as long as the statistics are classified to prevent the
1145	identification of a particular property taxpayer's commercial information; or
1146	(c) the inspection by the attorney general or other legal representative of the state or a
1147	legal representative of a political subdivision of the state of the commercial information of a
1148	property taxpayer:
1149	(i) that brings action to set aside or review a tax or property valuation based on the
1150	commercial information;
1151	(ii) against which an action or proceeding is contemplated or has been instituted under
1152	this title; or
1153	(iii) against which the state or a political subdivision of the state has an unsatisfied
1154	money judgment.
1155	(6) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
1156	Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may by rule establish standards authorizing
1157	an individual listed under Subsection 59-1-403(2)(a) to disclose commercial information:
1158	(a) (i) in a published decision; or
1159	(ii) in carrying out official duties; and
1160	(b) if that individual listed under Subsection 59-1-403(2)(a) consults with the property
1161	taxpayer that provided the commercial information.
1162	(7) Notwithstanding Subsection (2):
1163	(a) an individual listed under Subsection 59-1-403(2)(a) may share commercial
1164	information with the following:
1165	(i) another individual listed in Subsection 59-1-403(2)(a)(i) or (ii); or
1166	(ii) a representative, agent, clerk, or other officer or employee of a county as required
1167	to fulfill an obligation created by Chapter 2, Property Tax Act;
1168	(b) an individual listed under Subsection $59-1-403(2)(a)$ may perform the following to
1169	fulfill an obligation created by Chapter 2, Property Tax Act:
1170	(i) publish notice;
1171	(ii) provide notice; or
1172	(iii) file a lien; or

1172	(a) the commission may by rule made in accordance with Title 62C. Chapter 2. Utch
1173	(c) the commission may by rule, made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
1174	Administrative Rulemaking Act, share commercial information gathered from returns and other
1175	written statements with the federal government, any other state, any of the political
1176	subdivisions of another state, or any political subdivision of this state, if these political
1177	subdivisions or the federal government grant substantially similar privileges to this state.
1178	(8) Notwithstanding Subsection (2):
1179	(a) subject to the limitations in this section, an individual described in Subsection
1180	59-1-403(2)(a) may share the following commercial information with an appraiser:
1181	(i) the sales price of locally assessed property and the related financing terms;
1182	(ii) capitalization rates and related rates and ratios related to the valuation of locally
1183	assessed property; and
1184	(iii) income and expense information related to the valuation of locally assessed
1185	property; and
1186	(b) except as provided in Subsection (4), an appraiser who receives commercial
1187	information:
1188	(i) may disclose the commercial information:
1189	(A) to an individual described in Subsection 59-1-403(2)(a);
1190	(B) to an appraiser;
1191	(C) in an appraisal if protected commercial information is removed to protect its
1192	confidential nature; or
1193	(D) in performing a consultation service if protected commercial information is not
1194	disclosed; and
1195	(ii) may not use the commercial information:
1196	(A) for a purpose other than to prepare an appraisal or perform a consultation service;
1197	or
1198	(B) for a purpose intended to be, or which could reasonably be foreseen to be,
1199	anti-competitive to a property taxpayer.
1200	(9) (a) The commission shall:
1201	(i) prepare a written explanation of this section; and
1202	(ii) make the written explanation described in Subsection (9)(a)(i) available to the
1203	public.

1204	(b) An employer of a person described in Subsection 59-1-403(2)(a) shall:
1205	(i) provide the written explanation described in Subsection (9)(a)(i) to each person
1206	described in Subsection 59-1-403(2)(a) who is reasonably likely to receive commercial
1207	information;
1208	(ii) require each person who receives a written explanation in accordance with
1209	Subsection (9)(b)(i) to:
1210	(A) read the written explanation; and
1211	(B) sign the written explanation; and
1212	(iii) retain each written explanation that is signed in accordance with Subsection
1213	(9)(b)(ii) for a time period:
1214	(A) beginning on the day on which a person signs the written explanation in
1215	accordance with Subsection (9)(b)(ii); and
1216	(B) ending six years after the day on which the employment of the person described in
1217	Subsection (9)(b)(iii)(A) by the employer terminates.
1218	(c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1219	commission shall by rule define "employer."
1220	(10) (a) An individual described in Subsection (1)(a) or $59-1-403(2)(a)$ , or an
1221	individual that violates a protective order or similar limitation entered pursuant to Subsection
1222	(4)(b)(iii), is guilty of a class A misdemeanor if that person:
1223	(i) intentionally discloses commercial information in violation of this section; and
1224	(ii) knows that the disclosure described in Subsection (10)(a)(i) is prohibited by this
1225	section.
1226	(b) If the individual described in Subsection (10)(a) is an officer or employee of the
1227	state or a county and is convicted of violating this section, the individual shall be dismissed
1228	from office and be disqualified from holding public office in this state for a period of five years
1229	thereafter.
1230	(c) If the individual described in Subsection (10)(a) is an appraiser, the appraiser shall
1231	forfeit any certification or license received under Title 61, Chapter 2g, Real Estate Appraiser
1232	Licensing and Certification Act, for a period of five years.
1233	(d) If the individual described in Subsection (10)(a) is an individual associated with an
1234	appraiser who assists the appraiser in preparing appraisals, the individual shall be prohibited

1235	from becoming licensed or certified under Title 61, Chapter 2g, Real Estate Appraiser
1236	Licensing and Certification Act, for a period of five years.
1237	(11) Notwithstanding Subsection (10), for a disclosure of information to the Office of
1238	the Legislative Auditor General in accordance with Title 36, Chapter 12, Legislative
1239	Organization:
1240	(a) an individual does not violate a protective order or similar limitation entered in
1241	accordance with Subsection (4)(b)(iii); and
1242	(b) an individual described in Subsection (1)(a) or 59-1-403(2)(a):
1243	(i) is not guilty of a class A misdemeanor; and
1244	(ii) is not subject to the penalties described in Subsections (10)(b) through (d).
1245	Section 14. Section 63E-2-104 is amended to read:
1246	63E-2-104. Legislative review.
1247	(1) Each independent corporation is subject to:
1248	(a) review by the Retirement and Independent Entities Committee in accordance with
1249	Chapter 1, Independent Entities Act: and
1250	(b) the authority of the legislative auditor general in accordance with Utah
1251	Constitution, Article VI, Section 33, and Section 36-12-15.
1252	[(2) Notwithstanding Section 36-12-15, the Office of Legislative Auditor General may
1253	conduct comprehensive and special purpose audits, examinations, and reviews of any
1254	independent corporation.]
1255	[(3)] (2) Each independent corporation shall report, as requested, to the committee on
1256	matters related to audits.
1257	Section 15. Section 631-2-253 is amended to read:
1258	63I-2-253. Repeal dates: Titles 53 through 53G.
1259	[(1) (a) Subsection 53B-2a-108(5), regarding exceptions to the composition of a
1260	technical college board of trustees, is repealed July 1, 2022.]
1261	[(b) When repealing Subsection 53B-2a-108(5), the Office of Legislative Research and
1262	General Counsel shall, in addition to its authority under Subsection 36-12-12(3), make
1263	necessary changes to subsection numbering and cross references.]
1264	[(2)] (1) Section 53B-6-105.7 is repealed July 1, 2024.
1265	[(3)] (2) Section 53B-7-707 regarding performance metrics for technical colleges is

1266	repealed July 1, 2023.
1267	[ <del>(4)</del> ] <u>(3)</u> Section 53B-8-114 is repealed July 1, 2024.
1268	[(5)] (4) The following provisions, regarding the Regents' scholarship program, are
1269	repealed on July 1, 2023:
1270	(a) in Subsection $53B-8-105(12)$ , the language that states, "or any scholarship
1271	established under Sections 53B-8-202 through 53B-8-205";
1272	(b) Section 53B-8-202;
1273	(c) Section 53B-8-203;
1274	(d) Section 53B-8-204; and
1275	(e) Section 53B-8-205.
1276	[(6)] (5) Section 53B-10-101 is repealed on July 1, 2027.
1277	[(7)] (6) Title 53B, Chapter 18, Part 14, Uintah Basin Air Quality Research Project, is
1278	repealed July 1, 2023.
1279	[(8)] (7) Subsection 53E-1-201(1)(s) regarding the report by the Educational
1280	Interpretation and Translation Services Procurement Advisory Council is repealed July 1, 2024.
1281	[(9)] (8) Section 53E-1-202.2, regarding a Public Education Appropriations
1282	Subcommittee evaluation and recommendations, is repealed January 1, 2024.
1283	[(10)] (9) Subsection 53E-10-309(7), related to the PRIME pilot program, is repealed
1284	July 1, 2024.
1285	[(11)] (10) In Subsections 53F-2-205(4) and (5), regarding the State Board of
1286	Education's duties if contributions from the minimum basic tax rate are overestimated or
1287	underestimated, the language that states "or 53F-2-301.5, as applicable" is repealed July 1,
1288	2023.
1289	[(12)] (11) Section 53F-2-209, regarding local education agency budgetary flexibility,
1290	is repealed July 1, 2024.
1291	[(13)] (12) Subsection 53F-2-301(1), relating to the years the section is not in effect, is
1292	repealed July 1, 2023.
1293	[(14)] (13) Section 53F-2-302.1, regarding the Enrollment Growth Contingency
1294	Program, is repealed July 1, 2023.
1295	[(15)] (14) Subsection 53F-2-314(4), relating to a one-time expenditure between the
1296	at-risk WPU add-on funding and previous at-risk funding, is repealed January 1, 2024.

- 1297 [(16)] (15) Section 53F-2-524, regarding teacher bonuses for extra work assignments, 1298 is repealed July 1, 2024. 1299  $[\frac{(17)}{(16)}]$  (16) In Subsection 53F-2-515(1), the language that states "or 53F-2-301.5, as 1300 applicable" is repealed July 1, 2023. 1301 [(18) Subsection 53F-4-401(3)(b), regarding a child enrolled or eligible for enrollment 1302 in kindergarten, is repealed July 1, 2022.] 1303 [(19) In Subsection 53F-4-404(4)(c), the language that states "Except as provided in 1304 Subsection (4)(d)" is repealed July 1, 2022.] 1305 [(20) Subsection 53F-4-404(4)(d) is repealed July 1, 2022.]  $\left[\frac{(21)}{(21)}\right]$  (17) In Subsection 53F-9-302(3), the language that states "or 53F-2-301.5, as 1306 1307 applicable" is repealed July 1, 2023. [(22)] (18) In Subsection 53F-9-305(3)(a), the language that states "or 53F-2-301.5, as 1308 1309 applicable" is repealed July 1, 2023. 1310 [(23)] (19) In Subsection 53F-9-306(3)(a), the language that states "or 53F-2-301.5, as 1311 applicable" is repealed July 1, 2023. 1312 [(24)] (20) In Subsection 53G-3-304(1)(c)(i), the language that states "or 53F-2-301.5. 1313 as applicable" is repealed July 1, 2023. 1314  $\left[\frac{(25)}{(25)}\right]$  (21) On July 1, 2023, when making changes in this section, the Office of 1315 Legislative Research and General Counsel shall, in addition to the office's authority under [Subsection <u>36-12-12(3)</u>] Section <u>36-12-12</u>, make corrections necessary to ensure that sections 1316 1317 and subsections identified in this section are complete sentences and accurately reflect the 1318 office's perception of the Legislature's intent. 1319 Section 16. Section 68-3-13 is amended to read: 1320 68-3-13. Printing boldface in numbered bills -- Purpose -- Effect -- Power of 1321 Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel to change. 1322 A short summary of each section, part, chapter, or title, called boldface, may be printed 1323 in numbered bills introduced in the Legislature. This boldface is not law; it is intended only to 1324 highlight the content of each section, part, chapter, or title for legislators. Inaccurate boldface 1325 is not a basis for invalidating legislation. The Office of Legislative Research and General
  - 1326 Counsel is authorized in Section 36-12-12 to change the boldface [in the enrolling process] so
  - 1327 that it more accurately reflects the substance of each section, part, chapter, or title.

- 1328 Section 17. Effective date.
- 1329 If approved by two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, this bill takes effect
- 1330 upon approval by the governor, or the day following the constitutional time limit of Utah
- 1331 <u>Constitution, Article VII, Section 8, without the governor's signature, or in the case of a veto,</u>
- 1332 <u>the date of veto override.</u>