1	LEGISLATIVE OFFICES AMENDMENTS
2	2023 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Curtis S. Bramble
5	House Sponsor: Mike Schultz
6	
7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill amends provisions governing staff offices of the Utah Legislature.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	• clarifies the authority of the legislative auditor general over a project entity, a taxed
13	interlocal entity, the Utah Data Research Center, and an independent corporation;
14	 directs the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel to return enrolled
15	bills to the Senate or House of Representatives;
16	 amends certain duties and powers of the Office of Legislative Research and General
17	Counsel;
18	 prohibits the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel from providing
19	services to an individual who is not qualified to serve or is expelled from the House
20	of Representatives or Senate unless the services are approved by the Legislative
21	Management Committee;
22	 modifies certain duties and powers of the legislative auditor general and the Office
23	of the Legislative Auditor General;
24	 authorizes the legislative auditor general to issue a subpoena to financial institutions



and other entities;

26	 modifies the professional qualifications an individual must have to act as the
27	legislative auditor general;
28	 authorizes the Office of the Legislative Auditor General to conduct systemic
29	performance audits of certain executive branch entities and local education
30	agencies;
31	 amends criminal provisions related to interference with a legislative audit;
32	 clarifies issuers of legislative subpoenas;
33	 authorizes service of a legislative subpoena by electronic transmission;
34	 requires a public body that holds a closed meeting provide, upon request, the Office
35	of the Legislative Auditor General certain information;
36	 amends tax penalty provisions to clarify permitted access to certain information by
37	the Office of the Legislative Auditor General;
38	repeals sunset provisions that have expired; and
39	makes other clarifying corrections.
40	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
41	None
42	Other Special Clauses:
43	This bill provides a special effective date.
44	This bill provides a coordination clause.
45	Utah Code Sections Affected:
46	AMENDS:
47	11-13-316, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 422
48	11-13-603, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 422
49	36-3-306, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 383
50	36-12-12, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 92
51	36-12-15, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 421
52	36-12-15.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 331
53	36-14-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 339
54	36-14-4, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1989, Chapter 174
55	36-14-5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, First Special Session, Chapter 1
56	52-4-206, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 425

	53B-7-708, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 365
	53B-33-301, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 461
)	59-1-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 447
)	59-1-404, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 367
	63E-2-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 8
	63I-2-253, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapters 208, 229, 274, 354, 370,
	and 409
	68-3-13, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1989, Chapter 16
	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 11-13-316 is amended to read:
	11-13-316. Project entity oversight.
	(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a project entity is a political
	subdivision that[÷]
	[(a)] is subject to the authority of the legislative auditor general pursuant to Utah
	Constitution, Article VI, Section 33, [is subject to the authority of the legislative auditor to
	conduct audits of any funds, functions, and accounts in any political subdivision of this state;]
	and <u>Section 36-12-15.</u>
	[(b) is subject to the requirement to provide the Office of the Legislative Auditor
	General with all records, documents, and reports necessary for the legislative auditor general or
	the office to fulfill the duties described in Subsection (1)(a).]
	[(2) Subsection (1) takes precedence over Section 36-12-15.]
	[(3)] (2) A project entity shall comply with Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement
	Code, unless the governing board of the project entity adopts policies for procurement that
	enable the project entity to efficiently fulfill the project entity's responsibilities under the
	project entity's organization agreement.
	[(4)] (3) If a project entity does not adopt policies for procurement under Subsection
	[(3)] (2), then for purposes of Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code:
	(a) the project entity is a local government procurement unit, as defined in Section
	63G-6a-103; and
	(b) the governing board is a procurement official as defined in Section 63G-6a-103

88	$[\frac{5}{2}]$ (4) A project entity shall comply with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public
89	Meetings Act.
90	Section 2. Section 11-13-603 is amended to read:
91	11-13-603. Taxed interlocal entity.
92	(1) Except for purposes of an audit, examination, investigation, or review by the
93	[Office of the Legislative Auditor General] legislative auditor general as described in
94	Subsection (8) and notwithstanding any other provision of law:
95	(a) the use of an asset by a taxed interlocal entity does not constitute the use of a public
96	asset;
97	(b) a taxed interlocal entity's use of an asset that was a public asset before the taxed
98	interlocal entity's use of the asset does not constitute a taxed interlocal entity's use of a public
99	asset;
100	(c) an official of a project entity is not a public treasurer; and
101	(d) a taxed interlocal entity's governing board shall determine and direct the use of an
102	asset by the taxed interlocal entity.
103	(2) (a) A taxed interlocal entity that is not a project entity is not subject to the
104	provisions of Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code.
105	(b) A project entity is subject to the provisions of Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah
106	Procurement Code, to the extent described in Section 11-13-316.
107	(3) (a) A taxed interlocal entity is not a participating local entity as defined in Section
108	67-3-12.
109	(b) For each fiscal year of a taxed interlocal entity, the taxed interlocal entity shall
110	provide:
111	(i) the taxed interlocal entity's financial statements for and as of the end of the fiscal
112	year and the prior fiscal year, including:
113	(A) the taxed interlocal entity's statement of net position as of the end of the fiscal year
114	and the prior fiscal year, and the related statements of revenues and expenses and of cash flows
115	for the fiscal year; or
116	(B) financial statements that are equivalent to the financial statements described in
117	Subsection (3)(b)(i)(A) and, at the time the financial statements were created, were in
118	compliance with generally accepted accounting principles that are applicable to taxed interlocal

119 entities; and

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- 120 (ii) the accompanying auditor's report and management's discussion and analysis with 121 respect to the taxed interlocal entity's financial statements for and as of the end of the fiscal 122 year.
 - (c) The taxed interlocal entity shall provide the information described in Subsection (3)(b) within a reasonable time after the taxed interlocal entity's independent auditor delivers to the taxed interlocal entity's governing board the auditor's report with respect to the financial statements for and as of the end of the fiscal year.
 - (d) Notwithstanding Subsections (3)(b) and (c) or a taxed interlocal entity's compliance with one or more of the requirements of Title 63A, Chapter 3, Division of Finance:
 - (i) the taxed interlocal entity is not subject to Title 63A, Chapter 3, Division of Finance; and
- 131 (ii) the information described in Subsection (3)(b)(i) or (ii) does not constitute public 132 financial information as defined in Section 67-3-12.
- 133 (4) (a) A taxed interlocal entity's governing board is not a governing board as defined 134 in Section 51-2a-102.
- 135 (b) A taxed interlocal entity is not subject to the provisions of Title 51, Chapter 2a, 136 Accounting Reports from Political Subdivisions, Interlocal Organizations, and Other Local 137 Entities Act.
- (5) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a taxed interlocal entity is not subject 139 to the following provisions:
- 140 (a) Part 4, Governance;
- 141 (b) Part 5, Fiscal Procedures for Interlocal Entities;
- 142 (c) Subsection 11-13-204(1)(a)(i) or (ii)(J);
- 143 (d) Subsection 11-13-206(1)(f);
- 144 (e) Subsection 11-13-218(5)(a);
- 145 (f) Section 11-13-225;
- 146 (g) Section 11-13-226; or
- (h) Section 53-2a-605. 147
- 148 (6) (a) In addition to having the powers described in Subsection 11-13-204(1)(a)(ii), a 149 taxed interlocal entity may, for the regulation of the entity's affairs and conduct of its business,

adopt, amend, or repeal bylaws, policies, or procedures

- (b) Nothing in Part 4, Governance, or Part 5, Fiscal Procedures for Interlocal Entities, may be construed to limit the power or authority of a taxed interlocal entity.
- (7) (a) A governmental law enacted after May 12, 2015, and on or before November 10, 2021, is not applicable to, is not binding upon, and does not have effect on a taxed interlocal entity that is a project entity unless the governmental law expressly states the section of governmental law to be applicable to and binding upon the taxed interlocal entity with the following words: "[Applicable section or subsection number] constitutes an exception to Subsection 11-13-603(7)(a) and is applicable to and binding upon a taxed interlocal entity."
- (b) A governmental law enacted after May 12, 2015, is not applicable to, is not binding upon, and does not have effect on a taxed interlocal entity that is an energy services interlocal entity unless the governmental law expressly states the section of governmental law to be applicable to and binding upon the energy services interlocal entity with the following words: "[Applicable section or subsection number] constitutes an exception to Subsection 11-13-603(7)(a) and is applicable to and binding upon an energy services interlocal entity."
- (c) Sections 11-13-601 through 11-13-608 constitute an exception to Subsections (7)(a) and (7)(b) and are applicable to and binding upon a taxed interlocal entity.
- (8) [(a)] Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a taxed interlocal entity that is a project entity is a political subdivision that[:]
- [(i)] is subject to the authority of the legislative auditor general pursuant to Utah Constitution, Article VI, Section 33, [is subject to the authority of the legislative auditor to conduct audits of any funds, functions, and accounts in any political subdivision of this state;] and Section 36-12-15.
- [(ii) is subject to the requirement to provide the Office of the Legislative Auditor General with all records, documents, and reports necessary of the legislative auditor general or the office to fulfill the duties described in Subsection (8)(a)(i).]
- 176 [(b) Subsection (8)(a) takes precedence over Section 36-12-15.]
- Section 3. Section **36-3-306** is amended to read:
- **36-3-306.** Enrolling of bills.
- All bills ordered enrolled by the Legislature shall be delivered to the Office of
 Legislative Research and General Counsel, who shall without delay enroll the bills and return

181	them to [the secretary of] the Senate or [chief clerk of] the House of Representatives.
182	Section 4. Section 36-12-12 is amended to read:
183	36-12-12. Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel established
184	Powers, functions, and duties Organization of office Selection of director and general
185	counsel.
186	(1) There is established an Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel as a
187	permanent staff office for the Legislature.
188	(2) The powers, functions, and duties of the Office of Legislative Research and General
189	Counsel under the supervision of the director shall be:
190	(a) to provide research and legal staff assistance to all standing, special, and interim
191	committees as follows:
192	(i) to assist each committee chairman in planning the work of the committee;
193	(ii) to prepare and present research and legal information in accordance with committee
194	instructions or instructions of the committee chairman;
195	(iii) to prepare progress reports of committee work when requested; and
196	(iv) to prepare a final committee report in accordance with committee instructions, that
197	includes relevant research information, committee policy recommendations, and recommended
198	legislation;
199	(b) to collect and examine the acts and official reports of any state and report their
200	contents to any committee or member of the Legislature;
201	(c) to provide research and legal analysis services to any interim committee, legislative
202	standing committee, or individual legislator on actual or proposed legislation or subjects of
203	general legislative concern;
204	(d) to maintain a legislative research library that provides analytical, statistical, legal,
205	and descriptive data relative to current and potential governmental and legislative subjects;
206	(e) (i) to exercise under the direction of the general counsel the constitutional authority
207	provided in Article VI, [Sec.] Section 32, Utah Constitution, in serving as legal counsel to the
208	Legislature, majority and minority leadership of the House or Senate, any of the Legislature's
209	committees or subcommittees, individual legislators, any of the Legislature's staff offices, or
210	any of the legislative staff; and
211	(ii) to represent the Legislature, majority and minority leadership of the House of

212	Representatives or Senate, any of the Legislature's committees or subcommittees, individual
213	legislators, any of the Legislature's staff offices, or any of the legislative staff in cases and
214	controversies before courts and administrative agencies and tribunals;
215	(f) to prepare and assist in the preparation of legislative bills, resolutions, memorials,
216	amendments, and other documents or instruments required in the legislative process and, under
217	the direction of the general counsel, give advice and counsel regarding them to the Legislature,
218	majority and minority leadership of the House of Representatives or Senate, any of its members
219	or members-elect, any of its committees or subcommittees, or the legislative staff;
220	(g) under the direction of the general counsel[;]:
221	(i) to review, examine, and correct any technical errors [and approve legislation that
222	has passed both houses in order to enroll the legislation and prepare the laws for publication]
223	when:
224	(A) preparing legislation that passed both houses to enroll the legislation and prepare
225	the laws for publication; or
226	(B) maintaining the accuracy of the electronic code database; and
227	(ii) to deliver enrolled legislation to the House of Representatives and the Senate for
228	submission to the governor for gubernatorial action;
229	(h) to keep on file records concerning all legislation and proceedings of the Legislature
230	with respect to legislation referred to in Subsection (2)(g);
231	(i) to prepare the laws for publication;
232	(j) (i) to maintain an electronic record organized by title, chapter, part, and section that
233	contains the Utah Code that is currently in effect and that will take effect in the future; and
234	(ii) to modify the electronic record required by Subsection (2)(j)(i) based upon changes
235	to the Utah Code or to correct technical errors;
236	$\left[\frac{(i)}{(k)}\right]$ to formulate recommendations for the revision, clarification, classification,
237	arrangement, codification, annotation, and indexing of Utah statutes, and to develop proposed
238	legislation to effectuate the recommendations;
239	[(j)] (1) to appoint and develop a professional staff within budget limitations; and
240	[(k)] (m) to prepare and submit the annual budget request for the Office of Legislative
241	Research and General Counsel.
242	(3) (a) If, under Article VI, Section 10, Utah Constitution, the House of

243	Representatives or Senate determines that an individual is not qualified to serve in the House of
244	Representatives or Senate, or expels an individual from the respective chamber, but the
245	individual continues to hold his or her elected legislative office, the Office of Legislative
246	Research and General Counsel may not provide legislative staff services, including legal
247	services, to the individual.
248	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), the Office of Legislative Research and General
249	Counsel may provide legal services for an individual described in Subsection (3)(a) if the legal
250	services are approved by the Legislative Management Committee described in Section 36-12-7.
251	[(3)] (4) The statutory authorization of the Office of Legislative Research and General
252	Counsel to correct technical errors provided in Subsection (2)(g), to prepare the laws for
253	publication in Subsection (2)(i), and to modify the electronic record to correct technical errors
254	under Subsection (2)(j)(ii) includes:
255	(a) adopting a uniform system of punctuation, capitalization, numbering, and wording
256	for enrolled legislation and the Laws of Utah;
257	(b) eliminating duplication and the repeal of laws directly or by implication, including
258	renumbering when necessary;
259	(c) correcting defective or inconsistent [section and paragraph] title, chapter, part,
260	section, and subsection structure in the arrangement of the subject matter of existing statutes;
261	(d) eliminating [all] obsolete and redundant words;
262	(e) correcting:
263	(i) obvious typographical and grammatical errors; and
264	(ii) other obvious inconsistencies, including those involving punctuation,
265	capitalization, cross references, numbering, and wording;
266	(f) inserting or changing the boldface to more accurately reflect the substance of each
267	section, part, chapter, or title; [and]
268	(g) merging or determining priority of any amendments, enactments, or repealers to the
269	same code provisions that are passed by the Legislature;
270	(h) renumbering and rearranging of a title, chapter, part, section, or provisions of a
271	section;
272	(i) transferring sections or dividing sections to assign separate sections numbers to
273	distinct subject matters:

274	(j) modifying cross references to agree with renamed or renumbered titles, chapters,
275	parts, or sections;
276	(k) substituting the proper section or chapter number for the terms "this act," "this bill,"
277	or similar terms;
278	(1) substituting the proper calendar date in the database and in the Laws of Utah;
279	(m) modifying the highlighted provisions of legislation to correct an inconsistency
280	between the highlighted provisions and the enacted provisions of the legislation;
281	(n) correcting the names of agencies, departments, and similar units of government;
282	(o) rearranging any misplaced statutory material, incorporating any omitted statutory
283	material, and correcting other obvious errors of addition or omission;
284	(p) correcting or incorporating a special clause that was publicly available on the
285	Legislature's website but is errantly omitted, modified, or retained during the legislative process
286	due to obvious technological or human error, including:
287	(i) a severability clause;
288	(ii) an effective date clause;
289	(iii) a retrospective operation clause;
290	(iv) an uncodified repeal date clause;
291	(v) a revisor instruction clause; or
292	(vi) a coordination clause;
293	(q) correcting the incorporation of an amendment due to obvious technological or
294	human error; and
295	(r) alphabetizing definition sections.
296	[(4)] (5) In carrying out the duties provided for in this section, the director of the Office
297	of Legislative Research and General Counsel may obtain access to all records, documents, and
298	reports necessary to the scope of the director's duties according to the procedures contained in
299	[Title 36, Chapter 14, Legislative Subpoena Powers] Chapter 14, Legislative Subpoena Powers
300	[(5)] (6) In organizing the management of the Office of Legislative Research and
301	General Counsel, the Legislative Management Committee may either:
302	(a) select a person to serve as both the director of the office and as general counsel. In
303	such case, the director of the office shall be a lawyer admitted to practice in Utah and shall
304	have practical management experience or equivalent academic training; or

305	(b) select a person to serve as director of the office who would have general
306	supervisory authority and select another person to serve as the legislative general counsel
307	within the office. In such case, the director of the office shall have a master's degree in public
308	or business administration, economics, or the equivalent in academic or practical experience
309	and the legislative general counsel shall be a lawyer admitted to practice in Utah.
310	Section 5. Section 36-12-15 is amended to read:
311	36-12-15. Office of the Legislative Auditor General established Qualifications
312	Powers, functions, and duties Reporting Criminal penalty Employment.
313	(1) As used in this section:
314	(a) "Entity" means:
315	(i) a government organization; or
316	(ii) a receiving organization.
317	(b) "Government organization" means:
318	(i) a state branch, department, or agency; or
319	(ii) a political subdivision, including a county, municipality, local district, special
320	service district, school district, interlocal entity as defined in Section 11-13-103, or any other
321	local government unit.
322	(c) "Receiving organization" means an organization that receives public funds that is
323	not a government organization.
324	(2) There is created [an] the Office of the Legislative Auditor General as a permanent
325	staff office for the Legislature.
326	[(2)] (3) The legislative auditor general shall be a licensed certified public accountant
327	or certified internal auditor with at least [five] seven years of experience in the auditing or
328	public accounting profession, or the equivalent, prior to appointment.
329	[(3)] (4) The legislative auditor general shall appoint and develop a professional staff
330	within budget limitations.
331	[(4)] (5) [(a)] The Office of the Legislative Auditor General shall exercise the
332	constitutional authority provided in Article VI, [Sec.] Section 33, Utah Constitution.
333	[(b)] (6) Under the direction of the legislative auditor general, the [office] Office of the
334	<u>Legislative Auditor General</u> shall:
335	[(i)] (a) conduct comprehensive and special purpose audits, examinations, [and]

336	investigations, or reviews of [any entity that receives public funds;] entity funds, functions,
337	and accounts;
338	[(ii)] (b) prepare and submit a written report on each audit, examination, investigation,
339	or review to the [Legislative Management Committee, the audit subcommittee,] Audit
340	Subcommittee created in Section 36-12-8 and make the report available to all members of the
341	Legislature within 75 days after the audit [or], examination, investigation, or review is
342	completed; [and]
343	[(iii)] (c) monitor [and], conduct a risk assessment of, or audit any efficiency
344	evaluations that the legislative auditor general determines necessary, in accordance with Title
345	63J, Chapter 1, Part 9, Government Performance Reporting and Efficiency Process, and
346	legislative rule[-];
347	(d) create, manage, and report to the Audit Subcommittee a list of high risk programs
348	and operations that:
349	(i) threaten public funds or programs;
350	(ii) are vulnerable to inefficiency, waste, fraud, abuse, or mismanagement; or
351	(iii) require transformation;
352	(e) monitor and report to the Audit Subcommittee the health of a government
353	organization's internal audit functions;
354	(f) make recommendations to increase the independence and value added of internal
355	audit functions throughout the state;
356	(g) implement a process to track, monitor, and report whether the subject of an audit
357	has implemented recommendations made in the audit report;
358	(h) establish, train, and maintain individuals within the office to conduct investigations
359	and represent themselves as lawful investigators on behalf of the office;
360	(i) establish policies, procedures, methods, and standards of audit work and
361	investigations for the office and staff;
362	(j) prepare and submit each audit and investigative report independent of any influence
363	external of the office, including the content of the report, the conclusions reached in the report,
364	and the manner of disclosing the legislative auditor general's findings;
365	(k) prepare and submit the annual budget request for the office; and
366	(l) perform other duties as prescribed by the Legislature.

367	[(5)] (7) [The] In conducting an audit, examination, investigation, or review of [any
368	entity that receives public funds may include a] an entity, the Office of the Legislative Auditor
369	General may include a determination of any or all of the following:
370	(a) the honesty and integrity of [all] any of the entity's fiscal affairs;
371	(b) the accuracy and reliability of the entity's [financial] internal control systems and
372	specific financial statements and reports;
373	(c) whether or not the entity's financial controls are adequate and effective to properly
374	record and safeguard [its] the entity's acquisition, custody, use, and accounting of public funds;
375	(d) whether [or not] the entity's administrators have [faithfully adhered to] complied
376	with legislative intent;
377	(e) whether [or not] the entity's operations have been conducted in an efficient,
378	effective, and cost efficient manner;
379	(f) whether [or not] the entity's programs have been effective in accomplishing
380	intended objectives; and
381	(g) whether [or not] the entity's management control and information systems are
382	adequate and effective.
383	[(6) The Office of the Legislative Auditor General:]
384	[(a) (i) shall, notwithstanding any other provision of law, have access to all records,
385	documents, and reports of any entity that receives public funds that are necessary to the scope
386	of the duties of the legislative auditor general or the office; and]
387	[(ii) may issue a subpoena to obtain access as provided in Subsection (6)(a)(i) using the
388	procedures contained in Title 36, Chapter 14, Legislative Subpoena Powers;
389	[(b) establish policies, procedures, methods, and standards of audit work for the office
390	and staff;]
391	[(c) prepare and submit each audit report without interference from any source relative
392	to the content of the report, the conclusions reached in the report, or the manner of disclosing
393	the results of the legislative auditor general's findings; and]
394	[(d) prepare and submit the annual budget request for the office.]
395	[(7)] (8) (a) If requested by the Office of the Legislative Auditor General, each entity
396	that the legislative auditor general is authorized to audit under Utah Constitution, Article VI,
397	Section 33, or this section shall, notwithstanding any other provision of law except as provided

398	in Subsection (8)(b), provide the office with access to information, materials, or resources the
399	office determines are necessary to conduct an audit, examination, investigation, or review,
400	including:
401	(i) the following in the possession or custody of the entity in the format identified by
402	the office:
403	(A) a record, document, and report; and
404	(B) films, tapes, recordings, and electronically stored information;
405	(ii) entity personnel; and
406	(iii) each official or unofficial recording of formal or informal meetings or
407	conversations to which the entity has access.
408	(b) To the extent compliance would violate federal law, the requirements of Subsection
409	(8)(a) do not apply.
410	(9) (a) In carrying out the duties provided for in this section and under Utah
411	Constitution, Article VI, Section 33, the legislative auditor general may issue a subpoena to
412	access information, materials, or resources in accordance with Chapter 14, Legislative
413	Subpoena Powers.
414	(b) The legislative auditor general may issue a subpoena, as described in Subsection
415	(9)(a), to a financial institution or any other entity to obtain information as part of an
416	investigation of fraud, waste, or abuse, including any suspected malfeasance, misfeasance, or
417	nonfeasance involving public funds.
418	(10) To preserve the professional integrity and independence of the office:
419	(a) no legislator or public official may urge the appointment of any person to the office;
420	and
421	(b) the legislative auditor general may not be appointed to serve on any board,
422	authority, commission, or other agency of the state during the legislative auditor general's term
423	as legislative auditor general.
424	[(8)] (11) (a) The following records in the custody or control of the legislative auditor
425	general [shall be] are protected records under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records
426	Access and Management Act:
427	[(a)] (i) [Records that would] records and audit work papers that would disclose
428	information relating to allegations of personal misconduct, gross mismanagement, or illegal

429	activity of a past or present governmental employee if the information or allegation cannot be
430	corroborated by the legislative auditor general through other documents or evidence, and the
431	records relating to the allegation are not relied upon by the legislative auditor general in
432	preparing a final audit report[-];
433	[(b)] (ii) [Records] records and audit workpapers [to the extent they] that would
434	disclose the identity of a person who, during the course of a legislative audit, communicated
435	the existence of [any]:
436	(A) unethical behavior;
437	(B) waste of public funds, property, or [manpower,] personnel; or
438	(C) a violation or suspected violation of a United States, Utah state, or political
439	subdivision law, rule, ordinance, or regulation [adopted under the laws of this state, a political
440	subdivision of the state, or any recognized entity of the United States, if the information was],
441	if the person disclosed on the condition that the identity of the person be protected[];
442	[(c)] (iii) [Prior to the time that] before an audit is completed and the final audit report
443	is released, records or drafts circulated to a person who is not an employee or head of [a
444	governmental] an entity for [their] review, response, or information[-];
445	[(d)] (iv) [Records] records that would disclose:
446	(A) an outline;
447	(B) all or part of [any] an audit survey [plans], audit risk assessment plan, or audit
448	program[:]; or
449	(C) other procedural documents necessary to fulfill the duties of the office; and
450	[(e)] (v) [Requests] requests for audits, if disclosure would risk circumvention of an
451	audit.
452	[(f) The provisions of Subsections (8)(a), (b), and (c) do not prohibit the disclosure of
453	records or information that relate to a violation of the law by a governmental entity or
454	employee to a government prosecutor or peace officer.]
455	(b) The provisions of Subsection (11)(a) do not prohibit the disclosure of records or
456	information to a government prosecutor or peace officer if those records or information relate
457	to a violation of the law by an entity or entity employee.
458	(c) A record, as defined in Section 63G-2-103, created by the Office of the Legislative
459	General Auditor in a closed meeting held in accordance with Section 52-4-205:

460	(1) is a protected record, as defined in Section 63G-2-103;
461	(ii) to the extent the record contains information:
462	(A) described in Section 63G-2-302, is a private record; or
463	(B) described in Section 63G-2-304, is a controlled record; and
464	(iii) may not be reclassified by the office.
465	[(g)] (d) The provisions of this section do not limit the authority otherwise given to the
466	legislative auditor general to maintain the private, controlled, or protected record status of a
467	shared record in the legislative auditor general's possession or classify a document as public,
468	private, controlled, or protected under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and
469	Management Act.
470	[(9)] <u>(12)</u> The legislative auditor general shall:
471	(a) be available to the Legislature and to the Legislature's committees for consultation
472	on matters relevant to areas of the legislative auditor general's professional competence;
473	(b) conduct special audits as requested by the [Legislative Management Committee]
474	Audit Subcommittee;
475	(c) report immediately [in writing to the Legislative Management Committee through
476	its audit subcommittee] to the Audit Subcommittee any apparent violation of penal statutes
477	disclosed by the audit of [a state agency] an entity and furnish to the [Legislative Management
478	Committee] Audit Subcommittee all information relative to the apparent violation;
479	(d) report immediately [in writing to the Legislative Management Committee through
480	its audit subcommittee] to the Audit Subcommittee any apparent instances of malfeasance or
481	nonfeasance by [a state] an entity officer or employee disclosed by the audit of [a state agency]
482	an entity; and
483	(e) make any recommendations to the [Legislative Management Committee through its
484	audit subcommittee] Audit Subcommittee with respect to the alteration or improvement of the
485	accounting system used by [any] an entity [that receives public funds].
486	$[\frac{(10)}{(13)}]$ If the legislative auditor general conducts an audit of $[\frac{10}{(13)}]$ and $[\frac{10}{(13)}]$ If the legislative auditor general conducts an audit of $[\frac{10}{(13)}]$ and $[\frac{10}{(13)}]$ $[\frac$
487	entity that has previously been audited and finds that the [state agency] entity has not
488	implemented a recommendation made by the legislative auditor general in a previous audit, the
489	legislative auditor general shall, upon release of the audit:
490	(a) report immediately [in writing to the Legislative Management Committee through

491	its audit subcommittee that the [state agency] entity has not
492	implemented that recommendation; and
493	(b) shall report, as soon as possible, that the [state agency] entity has not implemented
494	that recommendation to [a meeting of] an appropriate legislative committee designated by the
495	[audit subcommittee of the Legislative Management Committee] Audit Subcommittee.
496	[(11) (a) Prior to each annual general session, the legislative auditor general shall
497	prepare a summary of the audits conducted and of actions taken based upon them during the
498	preceding year.]
499	[(b) This report shall also set forth any items and recommendations that are important
500	for consideration in the forthcoming session, together with a brief statement or rationale for
501	each item or recommendation.]
502	[(c) The legislative auditor general shall deliver the report to the Legislature and to the
503	appropriate committees of the Legislature.]
504	(14) Before each annual general session, the legislative auditor general shall:
505	(a) prepare an annual report that:
506	(i) summarizes the audits, examinations, investigations, and reviews conducted by the
507	office since the last annual report; and
508	(ii) evaluate and report the degree to which an entity that has been the subject of an
509	audit has implemented the audit recommendations;
510	(b) include in the report any items and recommendations that the legislative auditor
511	general believes the Legislature should consider in the annual general session; and
512	(c) deliver the report to the Legislature and to the appropriate committees of the
513	<u>Legislature.</u>
514	[(12) (a) No person or entity may:]
515	[(i) interfere with a legislative audit, examination, or review of any entity conducted by
516	the office; or]
517	[(ii) interfere with the office relative to the content of the report, the conclusions
518	reached in the report, or the manner of disclosing the results and findings of the office.]
519	[(b) Any person or entity that violates the provisions of this Subsection (12) is guilty of
520	a class B misdemeanor.]
521	[(13)] (15) (a) If the chief officer of an entity has actual knowledge or reasonable cause

522	to believe that there is misappropriation of the entity's public funds or assets, or another entity
523	officer has actual knowledge or reasonable cause to believe that the chief officer is
524	misappropriating the entity's public funds or assets, the chief officer or, alternatively, the other
525	entity officer, shall immediately notify, in writing:
526	(i) the Office of the Legislative Auditor General;
527	(ii) the attorney general, county attorney, or district attorney; and
528	(iii) (A) for a state government organization, the chief executive officer;
529	(B) for a political subdivision government organization, the legislative body or
530	governing board; or
531	(C) for a receiving organization, the governing board or chief executive officer unless
532	the chief executive officer is believed to be misappropriating the funds or assets, in which case
533	the next highest officer of the receiving organization.
534	(b) As described in Subsection (15)(a), the entity chief officer or, if applicable, another
535	entity officer, is subject to the protections of Title 67, Chapter 21, Utah Protection of Public
536	Employees Act.
537	(c) If the Office of the Legislative Auditor General receives a notification under
538	Subsection (15)(a) or other information of misappropriation of public funds or assets of an
539	entity, the office shall inform the Audit Subcommittee.
540	(d) The attorney general, county attorney, or district attorney shall notify, in writing,
541	the Office of the Legislative Auditor General whether the attorney general, county attorney, or
542	district attorney pursued criminal or civil sanctions in the matter.
543	(16) (a) An actor commits interference with a legislative audit if the actor uses force,
544	violence, intimidation, or engages in any other unlawful act with a purpose to interfere with:
545	(i) a legislative audit, examination, investigation, or review of an entity conducted by
546	the Office of the Legislative Auditor General; or
547	(ii) the Office of the Legislative Auditor General's decisions relating to:
548	(A) the content of the office's report;
549	(B) the conclusions reached in the office's report; or
550	(C) the manner of disclosing the results and findings of the office.
551	(b) A violation of Subsection (16)(a) is a class B misdemeanor.
552	(17) (a) Beginning July 1, 2020, the Office of the Legislative Auditor General may

553	require any current employee, or any applicant for employment, to submit to a
554	fingerprint-based local, regional, and criminal history background check as an ongoing
555	condition of employment.
556	(b) An employee or applicant for employment shall provide a completed fingerprint
557	card to the office upon request.
558	(c) The [office] Office of the Legislative Auditor General shall require that an
559	individual required to submit to a background check under this [subsection] Subsection (17)
560	also provide a signed waiver on a form provided by the office that meets the requirements of
561	Subsection 53-10-108(4).
562	[(c)] (d) For a noncriminal justice background search and registration in accordance
563	with Subsection 53-10-108(13), the office shall submit to the Bureau of Criminal
564	Identification:
565	(i) the employee's or applicant's personal identifying information and fingerprints for a
566	criminal history search of applicable local, regional, and national databases; and
567	(ii) a request for all information received as a result of the local, regional, and
568	nationwide background check.
569	Section 6. Section 36-12-15.1 is amended to read:
570	36-12-15.1. Systemic performance audits.
571	(1) As used in this section, "entity" means:
572	(a) an entity in the executive branch that receives an ongoing line item appropriation in
573	an appropriations act; and
574	(b) any local education agency, as defined in Section 53E-1-102, that receives public
575	funds.
576	(2) (a) Each year, subject to the availability of work capacity and the discretion of the
577	[Legislative] Audit [Committee] Subcommittee created in Section 36-12-8, the Office of the
578	Legislative Auditor General may, in addition to other audits performed by the office, perform:
579	(i) [an] a systemic performance audit of one or more executive branch [entity's
580	appropriations] entities; and
581	(ii) [an] a systemic performance audit of one or more local education [agency's
582	appropriations] agencies.
583	(b) An audit performed [pursuant to] under Subsection (2)(a) shall, as is appropriate for

584	each individual audit:
585	(i) evaluate the extent to which the entity has efficiently and effectively used the
586	appropriation by identifying:
587	(A) the entity's appropriation history;
588	(B) the entity's spending and efficiency history; and
589	(C) historic trends in the entity's operational performance effectiveness;
590	(ii) evaluate whether the entity's size and operation are commensurate with the entity's
591	spending history;
592	(iii) evaluate whether the entity is diligent in its stewardship of [state] resources;
593	(iv) provide [an in-depth analysis review] a systemic performance audit of the entity's
594	operations performance improvements;
595	(v) if possible, incorporate the audit methodology of other audits performed by the
596	Office of the Legislative Auditor General; and
597	(vi) be conducted according to the process established for the Audit Subcommittee
598	[created in Section 36-12-8].
599	(c) After releasing an audit report [pursuant to] under Subsection (2)(a), the Audit
600	Subcommittee shall make the audit report available to:
601	(i) each member of the Senate and the House of Representatives; and
602	(ii) the governor or the governor's designee.
603	(d) The Office of the Legislative Auditor General shall:
604	(i) summarize the findings of an audit described in Subsection (2)(a) [in:]; and
605	[(i) a unique section of the legislative auditor general's annual report; and]
606	[(ii) a format that the legislative fiscal analyst may use in preparation of the annual
607	appropriations no later than 30 days before the day on which the Legislature convenes]
608	(ii) provide a copy of each audit report and the annual report to the legislative fiscal
609	analyst and director of the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel as soon as each
610	report is completed.
611	(3) The Office of the Legislative Auditor General [shall] may consult with the
612	[legislative fiscal analyst] Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst or the Office of Legislative
613	Research and General Counsel in preparing the summary required by Subsection (2)(d).
614	(4) The Legislature, in evaluating an entity's request for an increase in its base budget,

615	shall:
616	(a) review the audit report required by this section and any relevant audits; and
617	(b) consider the entity's request for an increase in its base budget in light of the entity's
618	prior history of savings and efficiencies as evidenced by the audit report required by this
619	section.
620	Section 7. Section 36-14-2 is amended to read:
621	36-14-2. Issuers.
622	(1) Any of the following persons is an issuer, who may issue legislative subpoenas by
623	following the procedures set forth in this chapter:
624	(a) the speaker of the House of Representatives;
625	(b) the president of the Senate;
626	(c) a chair of any legislative standing committee;
627	(d) a chair of any legislative interim committee;
628	(e) a chair of any special committee established by the Legislative Management
629	Committee, the speaker of the House of Representatives, or the president of the Senate;
630	(f) a chair of any subcommittee of the Legislative Management Committee;
631	(g) a chair of a special investigative committee;
632	(h) a chair of a Senate or House Ethics Committee;
633	(i) a chair of the Executive Appropriations Committee as created in JR3-2-401;
634	(j) a chair of an appropriations subcommittee as created in JR3-2-302;
635	(k) the director of the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel;
636	(l) the legislative auditor general;
637	(m) the [director of the Office of Legislative Fiscal Analyst] legislative fiscal analyst;
638	and
639	(n) the legislative general counsel.
640	(2) A legislative body, a legislative office, an issuer, or a legislative staff member
641	designated by an issuer may:
642	(a) administer an oath or affirmation; and
643	(b) take evidence, including testimony.
644	Section 8. Section 36-14-4 is amended to read:
645	36-14-4. Service.

Legislative subpoenas may be served:

- (1) within the state, by the sheriff of the county where service is made, or by his deputy, or by any other person 18 years old or older who is not a member of the entity issuing the subpoena;
- (2) in another state or United States territory, by the sheriff of the county where the service is made, or by his deputy, or by a United States marshal or his deputy;
 - (3) in a foreign country:
 - (a) by following the procedures prescribed by the law of the foreign country;
- (b) upon an individual, by any person 18 years old or older who is not a member of the entity delivering the subpoena to him personally, and upon a corporation or partnership or association, by any person 18 years old or older who is not a member of the entity delivering the subpoena to an officer, a managing or general agent of the corporation, partnership, or association; or
- (c) by any form of mail requiring a signed receipt, to be addressed and dispatched by the legislative general counsel to the party to be served[-]; or
 - (4) by electronic transmission requiring acknowledgment of receipt.
- Section 9. Section **36-14-5** is amended to read:

36-14-5. Legislative subpoenas -- Enforcement.

- (1) If any person disobeys or fails to comply with a legislative subpoena, or if a person appears pursuant to a subpoena and refuses to testify to a matter upon which the person may be lawfully interrogated, that person is in contempt of the Legislature.
- (2) (a) When the subject of a legislative subpoena disobeys or fails to comply with the legislative subpoena, or if a person appears pursuant to a subpoena and refuses to testify to a matter upon which the person may be lawfully interrogated, the issuer may:
- (i) file a motion for an order to compel obedience to the subpoena with the district court;
- (ii) file, with the district court, a motion for an order to show cause why the penalties established in Title 78B, Chapter 6, Part 3, Contempt, should not be imposed upon the person named in the subpoena for contempt of the Legislature; or
 - (iii) pursue other remedies against persons in contempt of the Legislature.
 - (b) (i) Upon receipt of a motion under this subsection, the court shall expedite the

677 hearing and decision on the motion. 678 (ii) A court may: 679 (A) order the person named in the subpoena to comply with the subpoena; and 680 (B) impose any penalties authorized by Title 78B, Chapter 6, Part 3, Contempt, upon 681 the person named in the subpoena for contempt [of the Legislature]. 682 (3) (a) If a legislative subpoena requires the production of accounts, books, papers, documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, the person or entity to whom 683 684 [it] the subpoena is directed may petition a district court to quash or modify the subpoena at or 685 before the time specified in the subpoena for compliance. 686 (b) An issuer may respond to a motion to quash or modify the subpoena by pursuing 687 any remedy authorized by Subsection (2). 688 (c) If the court finds that a legislative subpoena requiring the production of accounts, 689 books, papers, documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things is unreasonable 690 or oppressive, the court may quash or modify the subpoena. 691 (4) Nothing in this section prevents an issuer from seeking an extraordinary writ to 692 remedy contempt of the Legislature. 693 (5) Any party aggrieved by a decision of a court under this section may appeal that 694 action directly to the Utah Supreme Court. 695 Section 10. Section **52-4-206** is amended to read: 696 52-4-206. Record of closed meetings. (1) Except as provided under Subsection (6), if a public body closes a meeting under 697 698 Subsection 52-4-205(1), the public body: 699 (a) shall make a recording of the closed portion of the meeting; and 700 (b) may keep detailed written minutes that disclose the content of the closed portion of 701 the meeting. 702 (2) A recording of a closed meeting shall be complete and unedited from the commencement of the closed meeting through adjournment of the closed meeting. 703 704 (3) The recording and any minutes of a closed meeting shall include: 705 (a) the date, time, and place of the meeting;

(c) the names of all others present except where the disclosure would infringe on the

(b) the names of members present and absent; and

- confidentiality necessary to fulfill the original purpose of closing the meeting.
- 709 (4) Minutes or recordings of a closed meeting that are required to be retained 710 permanently shall be maintained in or converted to a format that meets long-term records
- 711 storage requirements.
- 712 (5) A recording, transcript, report, and written minutes of a closed meeting are
- 713 protected records under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management
- Act, except that the records:
- 715 (a) may be disclosed under a court order only as provided under Section 52-4-304[-];
- 716 and
- 717 (b) shall be disclosed, upon request, to the Office of the Legislative Auditor General
- 718 under Section 36-12-15.
- 719 (6) If a public body closes a meeting exclusively for the purposes described under
- 720 Subsection 52-4-205(1)(a), (1)(f), or (2):
- (a) the person presiding shall sign a sworn statement affirming that the sole purpose for
- 722 closing the meeting was to discuss the purposes described under Subsection
- 723 52-4-205(1)(a), (1)(f), or (2); and
- (b) the provisions of Subsection (1) of this section do not apply.
- Section 11. Section **53B-7-708** is amended to read:
- 726 **53B-7-708.** Legislative audit.
- 727 (1) Subject to prioritization of the Audit Subcommittee, the Office of the Legislative
- Auditor General established under Section 36-12-15 shall in any fiscal year:
- 729 (a) conduct an audit of money appropriated for performance funding; and
- (b) prepare and submit a written report for an audit described in this section in
- 731 accordance with [Subsection 36-12-15(4)(b)(ii)] Section 36-12-15.
- 732 (2) An audit described in this section shall include:
- 733 (a) an evaluation of the implementation of performance funding; and
- 734 (b) the use of performance funding.
- 735 Section 12. Section **53B-33-301** is amended to read:
- 736 **53B-33-301.** Data research program.
- 737 (1) The center shall establish a data research program for the purpose of analyzing data
- 738 that is:

139	(a) confected over time;
740	(b) aggregated from multiple sources; and
741	(c) connected and de-identified.
742	(2) The center may, in order to establish the data research program described in
743	Subsection (1):
744	(a) acquire property or equipment in order to store aggregated, connected, and
745	de-identified data derived from data contributed by the participating entities; or
746	(b) contract with a private entity in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah
747	Procurement Code, or with a state government entity to:
748	(i) store aggregated, connected, and de-identified data derived from data contributed by
749	the participating entities; or
750	(ii) utilize existing aggregated, connected, and de-identified data maintained by a state
751	government entity.
752	(3) A participating entity shall contribute data to the data research program described in
753	Subsection (1) within guidelines established by the center.
754	(4) The center may only release data maintained by the center in accordance with the
755	procedures described in this chapter.
756	(5) The center shall:
757	(a) as directed by the board, serve as a repository in the state of data from institutions
758	of higher education;
759	(b) collaborate with the board and the State Board of Education to coordinate access to
760	the unique student identifier of a public education student who later attends an institution of
761	higher education in accordance with Sections 53B-1-109 and 53E-4-308;
762	(c) develop, establish, and maintain programs that promote access to data from
763	institutions of higher education;
764	(d) identify initiatives that leverage education data that will improve a state citizen's
765	ability to:
766	(i) access services at an institution of higher education; or
767	(ii) graduate with a postsecondary certificate or degree; and
768	(e) perform all other duties provided in this chapter.
769	(6) The director shall identify the resources necessary to successfully implement

770	initiatives described in Subsection (5)(d), in accordance with Section 53B-7-101.
771	(7) The center may:
772	(a) employ staff necessary to carry out the center's duties;
773	(b) purchase, own, create, or maintain equipment necessary to:
774	(i) collect data from the participating entities;
775	(ii) connect and de-identify data collected by the center;
776	(iii) store connected and de-identified data; or
777	(iv) conduct research on data stored or obtained by the center; or
778	(c) contract with a private entity, another state or federal entity, or a political
779	subdivision of the state to carry out the center's duties as provided in this chapter.
780	(8) The data research program is not subject to Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government
781	Records Access and Management Act.
782	(9) The center:
783	(a) shall, upon request by the Office of the Legislative Auditor General, provide access
784	to all records, data, and other materials in possession of the center; and
785	(b) is otherwise subject to the authority of the legislative auditor general in accordance
786	with Utah Constitution, Article VI, Section 33, and Section 36-12-15.
787	Section 13. Section 59-1-403 is amended to read:
788	59-1-403. Confidentiality Exceptions Penalty Application to property tax.
789	(1) As used in this section:
790	(a) "Distributed tax, fee, or charge" means a tax, fee, or charge:
791	(i) the commission administers under:
792	(A) this title, other than a tax under Chapter 12, Part 2, Local Sales and Use Tax Act;
793	(B) Title 10, Chapter 1, Part 3, Municipal Energy Sales and Use Tax Act;
794	(C) Title 10, Chapter 1, Part 4, Municipal Telecommunications License Tax Act;
795	(D) Section 19-6-805;
796	(E) Section 63H-1-205; or
797	(F) Title 69, Chapter 2, Part 4, Prepaid Wireless Telecommunications Service Charges
798	and
799	(ii) with respect to which the commission distributes the revenue collected from the
800	tax, fee, or charge to a qualifying jurisdiction.

801	(b) "Qualifying jurisdiction" means:
802	(i) a county, city, town, or metro township; or
803	(ii) the military installation development authority created in Section 63H-1-201.
804	(2) (a) Any of the following may not divulge or make known in any manner any
805	information gained by that person from any return filed with the commission:
806	(i) a tax commissioner;
807	(ii) an agent, clerk, or other officer or employee of the commission; or
808	(iii) a representative, agent, clerk, or other officer or employee of any county, city, or
809	town.
810	(b) An official charged with the custody of a return filed with the commission is not
811	required to produce the return or evidence of anything contained in the return in any action or
812	proceeding in any court, except:
813	(i) in accordance with judicial order;
814	(ii) on behalf of the commission in any action or proceeding under:
815	(A) this title; or
816	(B) other law under which persons are required to file returns with the commission;
817	(iii) on behalf of the commission in any action or proceeding to which the commission
818	is a party; or
819	(iv) on behalf of any party to any action or proceeding under this title if the report or
820	facts shown by the return are directly involved in the action or proceeding.
821	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(b), a court may require the production of, and may
822	admit in evidence, any portion of a return or of the facts shown by the return, as are specifically
823	pertinent to the action or proceeding.
824	(3) This section does not prohibit:
825	(a) a person or that person's duly authorized representative from receiving a copy of
826	any return or report filed in connection with that person's own tax;
827	(b) the publication of statistics as long as the statistics are classified to prevent the
828	identification of particular reports or returns; and
829	(c) the inspection by the attorney general or other legal representative of the state of the
830	report or return of any taxpayer:
831	(i) who brings action to set aside or review a tax based on the report or return;

- (ii) against whom an action or proceeding is contemplated or has been instituted under this title; or
 - (iii) against whom the state has an unsatisfied money judgment.
 - (4) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (2) and for purposes of administration, the commission may by rule, made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, provide for a reciprocal exchange of information with:
 - (i) the United States Internal Revenue Service; or
 - (ii) the revenue service of any other state.
 - (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2) and for all taxes except individual income tax and corporate franchise tax, the commission may by rule, made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, share information gathered from returns and other written statements with the federal government, any other state, any of the political subdivisions of another state, or any political subdivision of this state, except as limited by Sections 59-12-209 and 59-12-210, if the political subdivision, other state, or the federal government grant substantially similar privileges to this state.
 - (c) Notwithstanding Subsection (2) and for all taxes except individual income tax and corporate franchise tax, the commission may by rule, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, provide for the issuance of information concerning the identity and other information of taxpayers who have failed to file tax returns or to pay any tax due.
 - (d) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission shall provide to the director of the Division of Environmental Response and Remediation, as defined in Section 19-6-402, as requested by the director of the Division of Environmental Response and Remediation, any records, returns, or other information filed with the commission under Chapter 13, Motor and Special Fuel Tax Act, or Section 19-6-410.5 regarding the environmental assurance program participation fee.
 - (e) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), at the request of any person the commission shall provide that person sales and purchase volume data reported to the commission on a report, return, or other information filed with the commission under:
 - (i) Chapter 13, Part 2, Motor Fuel; or
- (ii) Chapter 13, Part 4, Aviation Fuel.

- 02-20-23 7:51 PM 3rd Sub. (Ivory) S.B. 136 863 (f) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), upon request from a tobacco product manufacturer, 864 as defined in Section 59-22-202, the commission shall report to the manufacturer: 865 (i) the quantity of cigarettes, as defined in Section 59-22-202, produced by the 866 manufacturer and reported to the commission for the previous calendar year under Section 867 59-14-407; and 868 (ii) the quantity of cigarettes, as defined in Section 59-22-202, produced by the 869 manufacturer for which a tax refund was granted during the previous calendar year under 870 Section 59-14-401 and reported to the commission under Subsection 59-14-401(1)(a)(v). 871 (g) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission shall notify manufacturers, 872 distributors, wholesalers, and retail dealers of a tobacco product manufacturer that is prohibited
 - from selling cigarettes to consumers within the state under Subsection 59-14-210(2).
 - (h) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission may:

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- (i) provide to the Division of Consumer Protection within the Department of Commerce and the attorney general data:
 - (A) reported to the commission under Section 59-14-212; or
 - (B) related to a violation under Section 59-14-211; and
- (ii) upon request, provide to any person data reported to the commission under Subsections 59-14-212(1)(a) through (c) and Subsection 59-14-212(1)(g).
- (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission shall, at the request of a committee of the Legislature, the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst, or the Governor's Office of Planning and Budget, provide to the committee or office the total amount of revenues collected by the commission under Chapter 24, Radioactive Waste Facility Tax Act, for the time period specified by the committee or office.
- (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission shall make the directory required by Section 59-14-603 available for public inspection.
- (k) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission may share information with federal, state, or local agencies as provided in Subsection 59-14-606(3).
- (1) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission shall provide the Office of Recovery Services within the Department of Health and Human Services any relevant information obtained from a return filed under Chapter 10, Individual Income Tax Act, regarding a taxpayer who has become obligated to the Office of Recovery Services.

- (ii) The information described in Subsection (4)(l)(i) may be provided by the Office of Recovery Services to any other state's child support collection agency involved in enforcing that support obligation.
- (m) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), upon request from the state court administrator, the commission shall provide to the state court administrator, the name, address, telephone number, county of residence, and social security number on resident returns filed under Chapter 10, Individual Income Tax Act.
- (ii) The state court administrator may use the information described in Subsection (4)(m)(i) only as a source list for the master jury list described in Section 78B-1-106.
 - (n) (i) As used in this Subsection (4)(n):
- (A) "GO Utah office" means the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity created in Section 63N-1a-301.
- (B) "Income tax information" means information gained by the commission that is required to be attached to or included in a return filed with the commission under Chapter 7, Corporate Franchise and Income Taxes, or Chapter 10, Individual Income Tax Act.
- (C) "Other tax information" means information gained by the commission that is required to be attached to or included in a return filed with the commission except for a return filed under Chapter 7, Corporate Franchise and Income Taxes, or Chapter 10, Individual Income Tax Act.
 - (D) "Tax information" means income tax information or other tax information.
- (ii) (A) Notwithstanding Subsection (2) and except as provided in Subsection (4)(n)(ii)(B) or (C), the commission shall at the request of the GO Utah office provide to the GO Utah office all income tax information.
- (B) For purposes of a request for income tax information made under Subsection (4)(n)(ii)(A), the GO Utah office may not request and the commission may not provide to the GO Utah office a person's address, name, social security number, or taxpayer identification number.
- (C) In providing income tax information to the GO Utah office, the commission shall in all instances protect the privacy of a person as required by Subsection (4)(n)(ii)(B).
- (iii) (A) Notwithstanding Subsection (2) and except as provided in Subsection (4)(n)(iii)(B), the commission shall at the request of the GO Utah office provide to the GO

925 Utah office other tax information.

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- (B) Before providing other tax information to the GO Utah office, the commission shall redact or remove any name, address, social security number, or taxpayer identification number.
- (iv) The GO Utah office may provide tax information received from the commission in accordance with this Subsection (4)(n) only:
 - (A) as a fiscal estimate, fiscal note information, or statistical information; and
- 932 (B) if the tax information is classified to prevent the identification of a particular return.
 - (v) (A) A person may not request tax information from the GO Utah office under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act, or this section, if the GO Utah office received the tax information from the commission in accordance with this Subsection (4)(n).
 - (B) The GO Utah office may not provide to a person that requests tax information in accordance with Subsection (4)(n)(v)(A) any tax information other than the tax information the GO Utah office provides in accordance with Subsection (4)(n)(iv).
 - (o) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission may provide to the governing board of the agreement or a taxing official of another state, the District of Columbia, the United States, or a territory of the United States:
 - (i) the following relating to an agreement sales and use tax:
 - (A) information contained in a return filed with the commission;
 - (B) information contained in a report filed with the commission;
 - (C) a schedule related to Subsection (4)(o)(i)(A) or (B); or
 - (D) a document filed with the commission; or
- 949 (ii) a report of an audit or investigation made with respect to an agreement sales and 950 use tax.
 - (p) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission may provide information concerning a taxpayer's state income tax return or state income tax withholding information to the Driver License Division if the Driver License Division:
 - (i) requests the information; and
- 955 (ii) provides the commission with a signed release form from the taxpayer allowing the

- 956 Driver License Division access to the information.
 - (q) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission shall provide to the Utah Communications Authority, or a division of the Utah Communications Authority, the information requested by the authority under Sections 63H-7a-302, 63H-7a-402, and 63H-7a-502.
 - (r) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission shall provide to the Utah Educational Savings Plan information related to a resident or nonresident individual's contribution to a Utah Educational Savings Plan account as designated on the resident or nonresident's individual income tax return as provided under Section 59-10-1313.
 - (s) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), for the purpose of verifying eligibility under Sections 26-18-2.5 and 26-40-105, the commission shall provide an eligibility worker with the Department of Health and Human Services or its designee with the adjusted gross income of an individual if:
 - (i) an eligibility worker with the Department of Health <u>and Human Services</u> or its designee requests the information from the commission; and
 - (ii) the eligibility worker has complied with the identity verification and consent provisions of Sections 26-18-2.5 and 26-40-105.
 - (t) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission may provide to a county, as determined by the commission, information declared on an individual income tax return in accordance with Section 59-10-103.1 that relates to eligibility to claim a residential exemption authorized under Section 59-2-103.
 - (u) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission shall provide a report regarding any access line provider that is over 90 days delinquent in payment to the commission of amounts the access line provider owes under Title 69, Chapter 2, Part 4, Prepaid Wireless Telecommunications Service Charges, to the board of the Utah Communications Authority created in Section 63H-7a-201.
 - (v) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission shall provide the Department of Environmental Quality a report on the amount of tax paid by a radioactive waste facility for the previous calendar year under Section 59-24-103.5.
- 985 (w) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission may, upon request, provide to the 986 Department of Workforce Services any information received under Chapter 10, Part 4,

Withholding of Tax, that is relevant to the duties of the Department of Workforce Services.

- (x) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission may provide the Public Service Commission or the Division of Public Utilities information related to a seller that collects and remits to the commission a charge described in Subsection 69-2-405(2), including the seller's identity and the number of charges described in Subsection 69-2-405(2) that the seller collects.
- (y) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission shall provide to each qualifying jurisdiction the collection data necessary to verify the revenue collected by the commission for a distributed tax, fee, or charge collected within the qualifying jurisdiction.
- (ii) In addition to the information provided under Subsection (4)(y)(i), the commission shall provide a qualifying jurisdiction with copies of returns and other information relating to a distributed tax, fee, or charge collected within the qualifying jurisdiction.
- (iii) (A) To obtain the information described in Subsection (4)(y)(ii), the chief executive officer or the chief executive officer's designee of the qualifying jurisdiction shall submit a written request to the commission that states the specific information sought and how the qualifying jurisdiction intends to use the information.
- (B) The information described in Subsection (4)(y)(ii) is available only in official matters of the qualifying jurisdiction.
- (iv) Information that a qualifying jurisdiction receives in response to a request under this subsection is:
- (A) classified as a private record under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act; and
 - (B) subject to the confidentiality requirements of this section.
- (z) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission shall provide the Alcoholic Beverage Services Commission, upon request, with taxpayer status information related to state tax obligations necessary to comply with the requirements described in Section 32B-1-203.
 - (5) (a) Each report and return shall be preserved for at least three years.
- (b) After the three-year period provided in Subsection (5)(a) the commission may destroy a report or return.
 - (6) (a) Any individual who violates this section is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
- 1016 (b) If the individual described in Subsection (6)(a) is an officer or employee of the state, the individual shall be dismissed from office and be disqualified from holding public

1018	office in this state for a period of five years thereafter.
1019	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (6)(a) or (b), the GO Utah office, when requesting
1020	information in accordance with Subsection (4)(n)(iii), or an individual who requests
1021	information in accordance with Subsection (4)(n)(v):
1022	(i) is not guilty of a class A misdemeanor; and
1023	(ii) is not subject to:
1024	(A) dismissal from office in accordance with Subsection (6)(b); or
1025	(B) disqualification from holding public office in accordance with Subsection (6)(b).
1026	(d) Notwithstanding Subsection (6)(a) or (b), for a disclosure of information to the
1027	Office of the Legislative Auditor General in accordance with Title 36, Chapter 12, Legislative
1028	Organization, an individual described in Subsection (2):
1029	(i) is not guilty of a class A misdemeanor; and
1030	(ii) is not subject to:
1031	(A) dismissal from office in accordance with Subsection (6)(b); or
1032	(B) disqualification from holding public office in accordance with Subsection (6)(b).
1033	(7) Except as provided in Section 59-1-404, this part does not apply to the property tax.
1034	Section 14. Section 59-1-404 is amended to read:
1035	59-1-404. Definitions Confidentiality of commercial information obtained from
1036	a property taxpayer or derived from the commercial information Rulemaking
1037	authority Exceptions Written explanation Signature requirements Retention of
1038	signed explanation by employer Penalty.
1039	(1) As used in this section:
1040	(a) "Appraiser" means an individual who holds an appraiser's certificate or license
1041	issued by the Division of Real Estate under Title 61, Chapter 2g, Real Estate Appraiser
1042	Licensing and Certification Act and includes an individual associated with an appraiser who
1043	assists the appraiser in preparing an appraisal.
1044	(b) "Appraisal" is as defined in Section 61-2g-102.
1045	(c) (i) "Commercial information" means:
1046	(A) information of a commercial nature obtained from a property taxpayer regarding
1047	the property taxpayer's property; or
1048	(B) information derived from the information described in this Subsection (1)(c)(i).

1049 (ii) (A) "Commercial information" does not include information regarding a property 1050 taxpayer's property if the information is intended for public use. 1051 (B) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, for 1052 purposes of Subsection (1)(c)(ii)(A), the commission may by rule prescribe the circumstances 1053 under which information is intended for public use. 1054 (d) "Consultation service" is as defined in Section 61-2g-102. 1055 (e) "Locally assessed property" means property that is assessed by a county assessor in 1056 accordance with Chapter 2, Part 3, County Assessment. 1057 (f) "Property taxpayer" means a person that: 1058 (i) is a property owner; or 1059 (ii) has in effect a contract with a property owner to: 1060 (A) make filings on behalf of the property owner; 1061 (B) process appeals on behalf of the property owner; or 1062 (C) pay a tax under Chapter 2, Property Tax Act, on the property owner's property. 1063 (g) "Property taxpayer's property" means property with respect to which a property 1064 taxpayer: 1065 (i) owns the property; 1066 (ii) makes filings relating to the property: 1067 (iii) processes appeals relating to the property; or 1068 (iv) pays a tax under Chapter 2, Property Tax Act, on the property. 1069 (h) "Protected commercial information" means commercial information that: 1070 (i) identifies a specific property taxpayer; or 1071 (ii) would reasonably lead to the identity of a specific property taxpaver. 1072 (2) An individual listed under Subsection 59-1-403(2)(a) may not disclose commercial 1073 information: 1074 (a) obtained in the course of performing any duty that the individual listed under 1075 Subsection 59-1-403(2)(a) performs under Chapter 2, Property Tax Act; or 1076 (b) relating to an action or proceeding: 1077 (i) with respect to a tax imposed on property in accordance with Chapter 2, Property 1078 Tax Act; and

(ii) that is filed in accordance with:

1080	(A) this chapter;
1081	(B) Chapter 2, Property Tax Act; or
1082	(C) this chapter and Chapter 2, Property Tax Act.
1083	(3) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (2) and subject to Subsection (3)(c), an individual
1084	listed under Subsection 59-1-403(2)(a) may disclose the following information:
1085	(i) the assessed value of property;
1086	(ii) the tax rate imposed on property;
1087	(iii) a legal description of property;
1088	(iv) the physical description or characteristics of property, including a street address or
1089	parcel number for the property;
1090	(v) the square footage or acreage of property;
1091	(vi) the square footage of improvements on property;
1092	(vii) the name of a property taxpayer;
1093	(viii) the mailing address of a property taxpayer;
1094	(ix) the amount of a property tax:
1095	(A) assessed on property;
1096	(B) due on property;
1097	(C) collected on property;
1098	(D) abated on property; or
1099	(E) deferred on property;
1100	(x) the amount of the following relating to property taxes due on property:
1101	(A) interest;
1102	(B) costs; or
1103	(C) other charges;
1104	(xi) the tax status of property, including:
1105	(A) an exemption;
1106	(B) a property classification;
1107	(C) a bankruptcy filing; or
1108	(D) whether the property is the subject of an action or proceeding under this title;
1109	(xii) information relating to a tax sale of property; or
1110	(xiii) information relating to single-family residential property.

1111	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2) and subject to Subsection (3)(c), an individual
1112	listed under Subsection 59-1-403(2)(a) shall disclose, upon request, the information described
1113	in Subsection 59-2-1007(9).
1114	(c) (i) Subject to Subsection (3)(c)(ii), a person may receive the information described
1115	in Subsection (3)(a) or (b) in written format.
1116	(ii) The following may charge a reasonable fee to cover the actual cost of providing the
1117	information described in Subsection (3)(a) or (b) in written format:
1118	(A) the commission;
1119	(B) a county;
1120	(C) a city; or
1121	(D) a town.
1122	(4) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (2) and except as provided in Subsection (4)(c), an
1123	individual listed under Subsection 59-1-403(2)(a) shall disclose commercial information:
1124	(i) in accordance with judicial order;
1125	(ii) on behalf of the commission in any action or proceeding:
1126	(A) under this title;
1127	(B) under another law under which a property taxpayer is required to disclose
1128	commercial information; or
1129	(C) to which the commission is a party;
1130	(iii) on behalf of any party to any action or proceeding under this title if the commercial
1131	information is directly involved in the action or proceeding; or
1132	(iv) if the requirements of Subsection (4)(b) are met, that is:
1133	(A) relevant to an action or proceeding:
1134	(I) filed in accordance with this title; and
1135	(II) involving property; or
1136	(B) in preparation for an action or proceeding involving property.
1137	(b) Commercial information shall be disclosed in accordance with Subsection
1138	(4)(a)(iv):
1139	(i) if the commercial information is obtained from:
1140	(A) a real estate agent if the real estate agent is not a property taxpayer of the property
1141	that is the subject of the action or proceeding;

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1142 (B) an appraiser if the appraiser: 1143 (I) is not a property taxpayer of the property that is the subject of the action or 1144 proceeding; and 1145 (II) did not receive the commercial information pursuant to Subsection (8): 1146 (C) a property manager if the property manager is not a property taxpayer of the 1147 property that is the subject of the action or proceeding; or 1148 (D) a property taxpayer other than a property taxpayer of the property that is the subject 1149 of the action or proceeding; 1150 (ii) regardless of whether the commercial information is disclosed in more than one 1151 action or proceeding; and 1152 (iii) (A) if a county board of equalization conducts the action or proceeding, the county 1153 board of equalization takes action to provide that any commercial information disclosed during 1154 the action or proceeding may not be disclosed by any person conducting or participating in the 1155 action or proceeding except as specifically allowed by this section; 1156 (B) if the commission conducts the action or proceeding, the commission enters a 1157 protective order or, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking 1158 Act, makes rules specifying that any commercial information disclosed during the action or 1159 proceeding may not be disclosed by any person conducting or participating in the action or 1160 proceeding except as specifically allowed by this section; or 1161 (C) if a court of competent jurisdiction conducts the action or proceeding, the court 1162 enters a protective order specifying that any commercial information disclosed during the 1163 action or proceeding may not be disclosed by any person conducting or participating in the 1164 action or proceeding except as specifically allowed by this section. 1165 (c) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(a), a court may require the production of, and may 1166 admit in evidence, commercial information that is specifically pertinent to the action or 1167 proceeding. 1168 (5) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), this section does not prohibit: 1169 (a) the following from receiving a copy of any commercial information relating to the

basis for assessing a tax that is charged to a property taxpayer:

(ii) a duly authorized representative of the property taxpayer;

(i) the property taxpayer;

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1173 (iii) a person that has in effect a contract with the property taxpayer to: 1174 (A) make filings on behalf of the property taxpayer; 1175 (B) process appeals on behalf of the property taxpayer; or 1176 (C) pay a tax under Chapter 2, Property Tax Act, on the property taxpayer's property; 1177 (iv) a property taxpayer that purchases property from another property taxpayer; or 1178 (v) a person that the property taxpayer designates in writing as being authorized to 1179 receive the commercial information; 1180 (b) the publication of statistics as long as the statistics are classified to prevent the 1181 identification of a particular property taxpayer's commercial information; or 1182 (c) the inspection by the attorney general or other legal representative of the state or a 1183 legal representative of a political subdivision of the state of the commercial information of a 1184 property taxpayer: 1185 (i) that brings action to set aside or review a tax or property valuation based on the 1186 commercial information; 1187 (ii) against which an action or proceeding is contemplated or has been instituted under 1188 this title; or 1189 (iii) against which the state or a political subdivision of the state has an unsatisfied 1190 money judgment. 1191 (6) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah 1192 Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may by rule establish standards authorizing 1193 an individual listed under Subsection 59-1-403(2)(a) to disclose commercial information: 1194 (a) (i) in a published decision; or 1195 (ii) in carrying out official duties; and 1196 (b) if that individual listed under Subsection 59-1-403(2)(a) consults with the property 1197 taxpayer that provided the commercial information. 1198 (7) Notwithstanding Subsection (2): 1199 (a) an individual listed under Subsection 59-1-403(2)(a) may share commercial 1200 information with the following: 1201 (i) another individual listed in Subsection 59-1-403(2)(a)(i) or (ii); or 1202 (ii) a representative, agent, clerk, or other officer or employee of a county as required 1203 to fulfill an obligation created by Chapter 2, Property Tax Act;

1204	(b) an individual listed under Subsection 59-1-403(2)(a) may perform the following to
1205	fulfill an obligation created by Chapter 2, Property Tax Act:
1206	(i) publish notice;
1207	(ii) provide notice; or
1208	(iii) file a lien; or
1209	(c) the commission may by rule, made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
1210	Administrative Rulemaking Act, share commercial information gathered from returns and other
1211	written statements with the federal government, any other state, any of the political
1212	subdivisions of another state, or any political subdivision of this state, if these political
1213	subdivisions or the federal government grant substantially similar privileges to this state.
1214	(8) Notwithstanding Subsection (2):
1215	(a) subject to the limitations in this section, an individual described in Subsection
1216	59-1-403(2)(a) may share the following commercial information with an appraiser:
1217	(i) the sales price of locally assessed property and the related financing terms;
1218	(ii) capitalization rates and related rates and ratios related to the valuation of locally
1219	assessed property; and
1220	(iii) income and expense information related to the valuation of locally assessed
1221	property; and
1222	(b) except as provided in Subsection (4), an appraiser who receives commercial
1223	information:
1224	(i) may disclose the commercial information:
1225	(A) to an individual described in Subsection 59-1-403(2)(a);
1226	(B) to an appraiser;
1227	(C) in an appraisal if protected commercial information is removed to protect its
1228	confidential nature; or
1229	(D) in performing a consultation service if protected commercial information is not
1230	disclosed; and
1231	(ii) may not use the commercial information:
1232	(A) for a purpose other than to prepare an appraisal or perform a consultation service;
1233	or
1234	(B) for a purpose intended to be, or which could reasonably be foreseen to be,

1235	anti-competitive to a property taxpayer.
1236	(9) (a) The commission shall:
1237	(i) prepare a written explanation of this section; and
1238	(ii) make the written explanation described in Subsection (9)(a)(i) available to the
1239	public.
1240	(b) An employer of a person described in Subsection 59-1-403(2)(a) shall:
1241	(i) provide the written explanation described in Subsection (9)(a)(i) to each person
1242	described in Subsection 59-1-403(2)(a) who is reasonably likely to receive commercial
1243	information;
1244	(ii) require each person who receives a written explanation in accordance with
1245	Subsection (9)(b)(i) to:
1246	(A) read the written explanation; and
1247	(B) sign the written explanation; and
1248	(iii) retain each written explanation that is signed in accordance with Subsection
1249	(9)(b)(ii) for a time period:
1250	(A) beginning on the day on which a person signs the written explanation in
1251	accordance with Subsection (9)(b)(ii); and
1252	(B) ending six years after the day on which the employment of the person described in
1253	Subsection (9)(b)(iii)(A) by the employer terminates.
1254	(c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1255	commission shall by rule define "employer."
1256	(10) (a) An individual described in Subsection (1)(a) or 59-1-403(2)(a), or an
1257	individual that violates a protective order or similar limitation entered pursuant to Subsection
1258	(4)(b)(iii), is guilty of a class A misdemeanor if that person:
1259	(i) intentionally discloses commercial information in violation of this section; and
1260	(ii) knows that the disclosure described in Subsection (10)(a)(i) is prohibited by this
1261	section.
1262	(b) If the individual described in Subsection (10)(a) is an officer or employee of the
1263	state or a county and is convicted of violating this section, the individual shall be dismissed
1264	from office and be disqualified from holding public office in this state for a period of five years
1265	thereafter.

1266	(c) If the individual described in Subsection (10)(a) is an appraiser, the appraiser shall
1267	forfeit any certification or license received under Title 61, Chapter 2g, Real Estate Appraiser
1268	Licensing and Certification Act, for a period of five years.
1269	(d) If the individual described in Subsection (10)(a) is an individual associated with an
1270	appraiser who assists the appraiser in preparing appraisals, the individual shall be prohibited
1271	from becoming licensed or certified under Title 61, Chapter 2g, Real Estate Appraiser
1272	Licensing and Certification Act, for a period of five years.
1273	(11) Notwithstanding Subsection (10), for a disclosure of information to the Office of
1274	the Legislative Auditor General in accordance with Title 36, Chapter 12, Legislative
1275	Organization:
1276	(a) an individual does not violate a protective order or similar limitation entered in
1277	accordance with Subsection (4)(b)(iii); and
1278	(b) an individual described in Subsection (1)(a) or 59-1-403(2)(a):
1279	(i) is not guilty of a class A misdemeanor; and
1280	(ii) is not subject to the penalties described in Subsections (10)(b) through (d).
1281	Section 15. Section 63E-2-104 is amended to read:
1282	63E-2-104. Legislative review.
1283	(1) Each independent corporation is subject to:
1284	(a) review by the Retirement and Independent Entities Committee in accordance with
1285	Chapter 1, Independent Entities Act; and
1286	(b) the authority of the legislative auditor general in accordance with Utah
1287	Constitution, Article VI, Section 33, and Section 36-12-15.
1288	[(2) Notwithstanding Section 36-12-15, the Office of Legislative Auditor General may
1289	conduct comprehensive and special purpose audits, examinations, and reviews of any
1290	independent corporation.]
1291	[(3)] (2) Each independent corporation shall report, as requested, to the committee on
1292	matters related to audits.
1293	Section 16. Section 63I-2-253 is amended to read:
1294	63I-2-253. Repeal dates: Titles 53 through 53G.
1295	[(1) (a) Subsection 53B-2a-108(5), regarding exceptions to the composition of a
1296	technical college board of trustees, is repealed July 1, 2022.

1297 [(b) When repealing Subsection 53B-2a-108(5), the Office of Legislative Research and 1298 General Counsel shall, in addition to its authority under Subsection 36-12-12(3), make 1299 necessary changes to subsection numbering and cross references. 1300 $[\frac{(2)}{(2)}]$ (1) Section 53B-6-105.7 is repealed July 1, 2024. 1301 [(3)] (2) Section 53B-7-707 regarding performance metrics for technical colleges is 1302 repealed July 1, 2023. 1303 [4] (3) Section 53B-8-114 is repealed July 1, 2024. 1304 [(5)] (4) The following provisions, regarding the Regents' scholarship program, are 1305 repealed on July 1, 2023: 1306 (a) in Subsection 53B-8-105(12), the language that states, "or any scholarship 1307 established under Sections 53B-8-202 through 53B-8-205"; 1308 (b) Section 53B-8-202; 1309 (c) Section 53B-8-203: 1310 (d) Section 53B-8-204; and 1311 (e) Section 53B-8-205. 1312 [6] (5) Section 53B-10-101 is repealed on July 1, 2027. [(7)] (6) Title 53B, Chapter 18, Part 14, Uintah Basin Air Quality Research Project, is 1313 1314 repealed July 1, 2023. 1315 $[\frac{(8)}{(8)}]$ (7) Subsection 53E-1-201(1)(s) regarding the report by the Educational 1316 Interpretation and Translation Services Procurement Advisory Council is repealed July 1, 2024. 1317 [(9)] (8) Section 53E-1-202.2, regarding a Public Education Appropriations 1318 Subcommittee evaluation and recommendations, is repealed January 1, 2024. 1319 [(10)] (9) Subsection 53E-10-309(7), related to the PRIME pilot program, is repealed 1320 July 1, 2024. 1321 [(11)] (10) In Subsections 53F-2-205(4) and (5), regarding the State Board of 1322 Education's duties if contributions from the minimum basic tax rate are overestimated or 1323 underestimated, the language that states "or 53F-2-301.5, as applicable" is repealed July 1, 1324 2023. 1325 [(12)] (11) Section 53F-2-209, regarding local education agency budgetary flexibility, 1326 is repealed July 1, 2024. 1327 $[\frac{(13)}{(12)}]$ (12) Subsection 53F-2-301(1), relating to the years the section is not in effect, is

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1328	repealed July 1, 2023.
1329	[(14)] (13) Section 53F-2-302.1, regarding the Enrollment Growth Contingency
1330	Program, is repealed July 1, 2023.
1331	[(15)] (14) Subsection 53F-2-314(4), relating to a one-time expenditure between the
1332	at-risk WPU add-on funding and previous at-risk funding, is repealed January 1, 2024.
1333	[(16)] (15) Section 53F-2-524, regarding teacher bonuses for extra work assignments,
1334	is repealed July 1, 2024.
1335	$[\frac{(17)}{(16)}]$ In Subsection 53F-2-515(1), the language that states "or 53F-2-301.5, as
1336	applicable" is repealed July 1, 2023.
1337	[(18) Subsection 53F-4-401(3)(b), regarding a child enrolled or eligible for enrollment
1338	in kindergarten, is repealed July 1, 2022.]
1339	[(19) In Subsection 53F-4-404(4)(c), the language that states "Except as provided in
1340	Subsection (4)(d)" is repealed July 1, 2022.]
1341	[(20) Subsection 53F-4-404(4)(d) is repealed July 1, 2022.]
1342	$\left[\frac{(21)}{(17)}\right]$ In Subsection 53F-9-302(3), the language that states "or 53F-2-301.5, as
1343	applicable" is repealed July 1, 2023.
1344	$[\frac{(22)}{(18)}]$ In Subsection 53F-9-305(3)(a), the language that states "or 53F-2-301.5, as
1345	applicable" is repealed July 1, 2023.
1346	[(23)] (19) In Subsection 53F-9-306(3)(a), the language that states "or 53F-2-301.5, as
1347	applicable" is repealed July 1, 2023.
1348	[(24)] (20) In Subsection 53G-3-304(1)(c)(i), the language that states "or 53F-2-301.5,
1349	as applicable" is repealed July 1, 2023.
1350	[(25)] (21) On July 1, 2023, when making changes in this section, the Office of
1351	Legislative Research and General Counsel shall, in addition to the office's authority under
1352	[Subsection 36-12-12(3)] Section 36-12-12, make corrections necessary to ensure that sections
1353	and subsections identified in this section are complete sentences and accurately reflect the
1354	office's perception of the Legislature's intent.
1355	Section 17. Section 68-3-13 is amended to read:
1356	68-3-13. Printing boldface in numbered bills Purpose Effect Power of
1357	Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel to change.
1358	A short summary of each section, part, chapter, or title, called boldface, may be printed

1359	in numbered bills introduced in the Legislature. This boldface is not law; it is intended only to
1360	highlight the content of each section, part, chapter, or title for legislators. Inaccurate boldface
1361	is not a basis for invalidating legislation. The Office of Legislative Research and General
1362	Counsel is authorized in Section 36-12-12 to change the boldface [in the enrolling process] so
1363	that it more accurately reflects the substance of each section, part, chapter, or title.
1364	Section 18. Effective date.
1365	If approved by two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, this bill takes effect
1366	upon approval by the governor, or the day following the constitutional time limit of Utah
1367	Constitution, Article VII, Section 8, without the governor's signature, or in the case of a veto,
1368	the date of veto override.
1369	Section 19. Coordinating S.B. 136 with H.B. 414 Substantive and technical
1370	amendments.
1371	If this S.B. 136 and H.B. 414, Records Management Amendments, both pass and
1372	become law, it is the intent of the Legislature that the Office of Legislative Research and
1373	General Counsel shall prepare the Utah Code database for publication by:
1374	(1) omitting Subsection 36-12-12(2)(h) enacted by H.B. 414; and
1375	(2) amending Subsection 36-12-12(2)(j) in S.B. 136 to read:
1376	"(j)(i) to maintain, exercise control over, and act as the repository and custodian of the
1377	official copy and database of the Utah Code, organized by title, chapter, part, and section; and
1378	(ii) to keep the Utah Code database current, including updating the database to reflect:
1379	(A) any duly enacted legislation making changes, including future changes, to the Utah
1380	Code; and
1381	(B) any corrections of technical errors;".