{deleted text} shows text that was in SB0162 but was deleted in SB0162S01.

inserted text shows text that was not in SB0162 but was inserted into SB0162S01.

DISCLAIMER: This document is provided to assist you in your comparison of the two bills. Sometimes this automated comparison will NOT be completely accurate. Therefore, you need to read the actual bills. This automatically generated document could contain inaccuracies caused by: limitations of the compare program; bad input data; or other causes.

Senator Daniel McCay proposes the following substitute bill:

### MARRIAGE SOLEMNIZATION AMENDMENTS

2023 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Daniel McCay

House	e Sponsor	•	

#### LONG TITLE

### **General Description:**

This bill amends provisions related to marriage solemnization.

### **Highlighted Provisions:**

This bill:

- amends the duties of a county clerk as the duties relate to marriage solemnization;
- amends the list of individuals authorized to solemnize a marriage; and
- makes technical and conforming changes.

### Money Appropriated in this Bill:

None

### **Other Special Clauses:**

None

#### **Utah Code Sections Affected:**

#### AMENDS:

17-20-4, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 46

30-1-6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 444

*Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:* 

Section 1. Section 17-20-4 is amended to read:

### 17-20-4. Duties of county clerk.

A county clerk shall:

- (1) establish policies to:
- (a) issue all marriage licenses and keep a register of marriages as provided by law; and
- [(2)] (b) [establish policies to] ensure that the county clerk, [or a designee of the county clerk who is willing] or an employee of the county clerk's office designated by the county clerk, is available during business hours to solemnize a legal marriage for which a marriage license has been issued;
- (2) make publicly available and maintain on the county clerk's website educational information on solemnizing a marriage, including information regarding:
- (a) the eligibility requirements to solemnize a marriage, as provided under Section 30-1-6; and
- (b) the responsibilities of an individual solemnizing a marriage, as provided under Sections 30-1-6, 30-1-11, 30-1-13, 30-1-14, and 30-1-15;
- (3) execute under the clerk's seal and in the name of and for the county, all deeds and conveyances of all real estate conveyed by the county;
  - (4) take and certify acknowledgments and administer oaths;
  - (5) keep a fee book as provided by law; and
- (6) take charge of and safely keep the seal of the county, and keep other records and perform other duties as may be prescribed by law.

Section 2. Section **30-1-6** is amended to read:

#### 30-1-6. Who may solemnize marriages -- Certificate.

- [(1) As used in this section:]
- (a) "Judge or magistrate of the United States" means:
- (i) a justice of the United States Supreme Court;

(ii) a judge of a court of appeals; [(iii) a judge of a district court;] [(iv) a judge of any court created by an act of Congress, the judges of which are entitled to hold office during good behavior; (v) a judge of a bankruptcy court; [(vi) a judge of a tax court; or] (vii) a United States magistrate. (b) (i) "Native American spiritual advisor" means an individual who: [(A) leads, instructs, or facilitates a Native American religious ceremony or service or provides religious counseling; and] [(B) is recognized as a spiritual advisor by a federally recognized Native American tribe.] [(ii) "Native American spiritual advisor" includes a sweat lodge leader, medicine person, traditional religious practitioner, or holy man or woman. [(2) The following individuals may solemnize a marriage:] [(a) an individual 18 years old or older who is authorized by a religious denomination to solemnize a marriage; (b) a Native American spiritual advisor; (c) the governor; (d) the lieutenant governor; (e) the state attorney general; [(f) the state treasurer;] [(g) the state auditor;] (h) a mayor of a municipality or county executive; (i) a justice, judge, or commissioner of a court of record; [(i) a judge of a court not of record of the state;] (k) a judge or magistrate of the United States; (1) the county clerk of any county in the state or the county clerk's designee as authorized by Section 17-20-4; (m) a senator or representative of the Utah Legislature; [(n) a member of the state's congressional delegation; or]

- [(o) a judge or magistrate who holds office in Utah when retired, under rules set by the Supreme Court.]
  - (12)1) An individual may solemnize a marriage in this state if the individual is:
  - (a) 18 years old or older { and is a resident of this state;
  - (b) a Native American spiritual advisor;
  - (c) a judge or magistrate of the United States}; or
- (td)b) the county clerk of a county in this state or an employee of the county clerk's office designated by the county clerk.
- [(3)] An individual authorized under Subsection [(2)] who solemnizes a marriage shall give to the couple married a certificate of marriage that shows the:
  - (a) name of the county from which the license is issued; and
  - (b) date of the license's issuance.
- [(4)] (3) Except for an individual described in Subsection [(2)(1)] ((2)1)((4)2), an individual described in Subsection [(2)] (1) has discretion to solemnize a marriage.
- [(5)] (4) Except as provided in Section 17-20-4 and Subsection [(2)(1)] ((2)1)((4)2), and notwithstanding any other provision in law, [(1)30] an individual authorized under Subsection [(2)31] (1) to solemnize a marriage may not delegate or deputize another individual to perform the function of solemnizing a marriage.