PRESCRIPTION COST AMENDMENTS
2023 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Curtis S. Bramble
House Sponsor:
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill enacts provisions related to health benefit plan cost sharing.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
defines terms;
requires an insurer to calculate any amounts paid on behalf of an individual towards
the individual's cost sharing requirement;
requires a pharmacy benefit manager to calculate any amounts paid on behalf of an
individual towards the individual's cost sharing requirement;
 prohibits designating prescription drugs as nonessential drugs; and
makes technical changes.
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
31A-46-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapters 198, 275 and 372
ENACTS:
31A-46-311 , Utah Code Annotated 1953



	REPEALS AND REENACTS:
	31A-22-657, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 198
	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 31A-22-657 is repealed and reenacted to read:
	31A-22-657. Cost sharing requirements for health benefit plans.
	(1) As used in this section:
	(a) (i) "Cost sharing requirement" means any copayment, coinsurance, deductible, or
3	annual limitation on cost sharing required by a health benefit plan for a specific health care
	service covered by the health benefit plan.
	(ii) "Cost sharing requirement" includes any copayment, coinsurance, deductible, or
	annual limitation that is subject to 42 U.S.C. Secs. 18022(c) or 300gg-6(b).
	(b) (i) "Health care service" means an item or service furnished to an individual for the
1	purpose of preventing, alleviating, curing, or healing human illness, injury, or physical
	disability.
	(ii) "Health care service" includes a prescription drug.
	(c) "High deductible health plan" means the same as that term is defined in 26 U.S.C.
	Sec. 223(c)(2).
	(d) "Insurer" means the same as that term is defined in Section 31A-22-636.
	(2) When calculating an enrollee's contribution to any applicable cost sharing
	requirement for a health care service, an insurer shall include any cost sharing amounts paid:
	(a) by the enrollee; or
	(b) on behalf of the enrollee by another person.
	(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), an insurer shall calculate cost sharing
	requirements for a health care service in accordance with Subsection (2) even if the enrollee
	has not met the enrollee's deductible.
	(b) An insurer may calculate cost sharing requirements for a health care service in
3	accordance with Subsection (2) after the enrollee has met the enrollee's minimum deductible
	under 26 U.S.C. Sec. 223 only if:
	(i) the enrollee is enrolled in a health benefit plan that is a high deductible health plan;
	(ii) calculating the cost sharing requirements in accordance with Subsection (2) before

59	the enrollee has met the high deductible health plan's minimum deductible under 26 U.S.C.
60	Sec. 223 would result in health savings account ineligibility under 26 U.S.C. Sec. 223; and
61	(iii) the health care service is not preventive care under 26 U.S.C. Sec. 223(c)(2)(C).
62	(4) An insurer may not designate a prescription drug as non-essential.
63	(5) This section applies to any health benefit plan entered into, amended, extended, or
64	renewed on or after January 1, 2024.
65	(6) The commissioner may make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
66	Administrative Rulemaking Act, to implement this section.
67	Section 2. Section 31A-46-102 is amended to read:
68	31A-46-102. Definitions.
69	As used in this chapter:
70	(1) "340B drug" means a drug purchased through the 340B drug discount program by a
71	340B entity.
72	(2) "340B drug discount program" means the 340B drug discount program described in
73	42 U.S.C. Sec. 256b.
74	(3) "340B entity" means:
75	(a) an entity participating in the 340B drug discount program;
76	(b) a pharmacy of an entity participating in the 340B drug discount program; or
77	(c) a pharmacy contracting with an entity participating in the 340B drug discount
78	program to dispense drugs purchased through the 340B drug discount program.
79	(4) "Administrative fee" means any payment, other than a rebate, that a pharmaceutical
80	manufacturer makes directly or indirectly to a pharmacy benefit manager.
81	(5) "Allowable claim amount" means the amount paid by an insurer under the
82	[customer's] enrollee's health benefit plan.
83	(6) "Contracting insurer" means an insurer with whom a pharmacy benefit manager
84	contracts to provide a pharmacy benefit management service.
85	(7) "Cost share" means the amount paid by an [insured customer under the customer's]
86	enrollee under the enrollee's health benefit plan.
87	(8) "Cost sharing requirement" means the same as that term is defined in Section
88	31A-22-657.
89	[8] "Device" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-17b-102.

S.B. 184

90	[(9)] (10) "Direct or indirect remuneration" means any adjustment in the total
91	compensation:
92	(a) received by a pharmacy from a pharmacy benefit manager for the sale of a drug,
93	device, or other product or service; and
94	(b) that is determined after the sale of the product or service.
95	$[\frac{(10)}{(11)}]$ "Dispense" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-17b-102.
96	[(11)] (12) "Drug" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-17b-102.
97	(13) "Health care service" means the same as that term is defined in Section
98	<u>31A-22-657.</u>
99	(14) "High deductible health plan" means the same as that term is defined in 26 U.S.C.
100	Sec. 223(c)(2).
101	$[\frac{(12)}{(15)}]$ "Insurer" means the same as that term is defined in Section 31A-22-636.
102	[(13)] (16) "Maximum allowable cost" means:
103	(a) a maximum reimbursement amount for a group of pharmaceutically and
104	therapeutically equivalent drugs; or
105	(b) any similar reimbursement amount that is used by a pharmacy benefit manager to
106	reimburse pharmacies for multiple source drugs.
107	[(14)] (17) "Medicaid program" means the same as that term is defined in Section
108	26-18-2.
109	[(15)] (18) "Obsolete" means a product that may be listed in national drug pricing
110	compendia but is no longer available to be dispensed based on the expiration date of the last lot
111	manufactured.
112	[(16)] (19) "Patient counseling" means the same as that term is defined in Section
113	58-17b-102.
114	[(17)] (20) "Pharmaceutical facility" means the same as that term is defined in Section
115	58-17b-102.
116	[(18)] (21) "Pharmaceutical manufacturer" means a pharmaceutical facility that
117	manufactures prescription drugs.
118	[(19)] (22) "Pharmacist" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-17b-102.
119	[(20)] (23) "Pharmacy" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-17b-102.
120	[(21)] (24) "Pharmacy benefits management service" means any of the following

121	services provided to a health benefit plan, or to a participant of a health benefit plan:
122	(a) negotiating the amount to be paid by a health benefit plan for a prescription drug; or
123	(b) administering or managing a prescription drug benefit provided by the health
124	benefit plan for the benefit of a participant of the health benefit plan, including administering
125	or managing:
126	(i) an out-of-state mail service pharmacy;
127	(ii) a specialty pharmacy;
128	(iii) claims processing;
129	(iv) payment of a claim;
130	(v) retail network management;
131	(vi) clinical formulary development;
132	(vii) clinical formulary management services;
133	(viii) rebate contracting;
134	(ix) rebate administration;
135	(x) a participant compliance program;
136	(xi) a therapeutic intervention program;
137	(xii) a disease management program; or
138	(xiii) a service that is similar to, or related to, a service described in Subsection [(21)(a)
139	or (21)(b)(i)] (24)(a) or (24)(b)(i) through (xii).
140	[(22)] (25) "Pharmacy benefit manager" means a person licensed under this chapter to
141	provide a pharmacy benefits management service.
142	[(23)] (26) "Pharmacy service" means a product, good, or service provided to an
143	individual by a pharmacy or pharmacist.
144	[(24)] (27) "Pharmacy services administration organization" means an entity that
145	contracts with a pharmacy to assist with third-party payer interactions and administrative
146	services related to third-party payer interactions, including:
147	(a) contracting with a pharmacy benefit manager on behalf of the pharmacy; and
148	(b) managing a pharmacy's claims payments from third-party payers.
149	[(25)] (28) "Pharmacy service entity" means:
150	(a) a pharmacy services administration organization; or
151	(b) a pharmacy benefit manager.

152	[(26)] (29) "Prescription device" means the same as that term is defined in Section
153	58-17b-102.
154	[(27)] (30) "Prescription drug" means the same as that term is defined in Section
155	58-17b-102.
156	[(28)] (31) (a) "Rebate" means a refund, discount, or other price concession that is paid
157	by a pharmaceutical manufacturer to a pharmacy benefit manager based on a prescription
158	drug's utilization or effectiveness.
159	(b) "Rebate" does not include an administrative fee.
160	[(29)] (32) (a) "Reimbursement report" means a report on the adjustment in total
161	compensation for a claim.
162	(b) "Reimbursement report" does not include a report on adjustments made pursuant to
163	a pharmacy audit or reprocessing.
164	[(30)] (33) "Retail pharmacy" means the same as that term is defined in Section
165	58-17b-102.
166	[(31)] (34) "Sale" means a prescription drug or prescription device claim covered by a
167	health benefit plan.
168	$[\frac{(32)}{(35)}]$ "Wholesale acquisition cost" means the same as that term is defined in 42
169	U.S.C. Sec. 1395w-3a.
170	Section 3. Section 31A-46-311 is enacted to read:
171	31A-46-311. Cost sharing requirements for pharmacy benefit managers.
172	(1) When calculating an enrollee's contribution to any applicable cost sharing
173	requirement for a health care service, a pharmacy benefit manager shall include any cost
174	sharing amounts paid:
175	(a) by the enrollee; or
176	(b) on behalf of the enrollee by another person.
177	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), a pharmacy benefit manager shall
178	calculate cost sharing requirements for a health care service in accordance with Subsection (1)
179	even if the enrollee has not met the enrollee's minimum deductible.
180	(b) A pharmacy benefit manger may calculate cost sharing requirements for a health
181	care service in accordance with Subsection (1) after the enrollee has met the minimum
182	deductible under 26 U.S.C. Sec. 223 only if:

02-06-23 11:07 AM S.B. 184

183	(i) the enrollee is enrolled in a health benefit plan that is a high deductible health plan;
184	(ii) calculating the cost sharing requirements in accordance with Subsection (1) before
185	the enrollee has met the high deductible health plan's minimum deductible would result in
186	health savings account ineligibility under 26 U.S.C. Sec. 223; and
187	(iii) the health care service is not preventive care under 26 U.S.C. Sec. 223(c)(2)(C).
188	(3) An insurer may not designate a prescription drug as non-essential.
189	(4) This section applies to any health benefit plan entered into, amended, extended, or
190	renewed on or after January 1, 2024.
191	(5) The commissioner may make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
192	Administrative Rulemaking Act, to implement this section.