Senator Kirk A. Peterson proposes the following substitute bill:

TRANSPORTATION FUNDING REQUIREMENTS
2023 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Kirk A. Cullimore

House Sponsor: Val L. Peterson

LONG TITLE

General Description:

This bill amends provisions related to allowed uses for a certain local option sales and use tax for transportation.

Highlighted Provisions:

This bill:

- defines terms;
- removes the requirement for a county legislative body to receive voter approval to change the allocation for a certain local option sales and use tax;
- amends provisions related to the allowed uses for a certain local option sales and use taxes;
- allows a certain portion of a local option sales and use tax within a county of the
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first class to be used to provide support and services for certain individuals with behavioral or mental health conditions;

allows a certain portion of a local option sales and use tax within a county of the first class to be used to fund or provide loans for public transit projects in a county of the first class;

amends the distribution for a certain local option sales and use tax;

specifies the allowed uses and conditions for a county, city, or town to expend the sales and use tax revenue based on allocations;

provides requirements for a county to meet if the county elects to change distribution allocations;

requires a city to comply with the moderate income housing plan requirements to receive a sales and use tax distribution;

eliminates the deadline for a county to impose the local option sales and use tax; and

makes technical changes.

Money Appropriated in this Bill:

None

Other Special Clauses:

This bill provides a special effective date.

None

Utah Code Sections Affected:

AMENDS:

10-9a-408, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 406
17-27a-408, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 406
59-12-2202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 479
59-12-2216, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 479
59-12-2219, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 479
59-12-2220, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 259
72-2-121, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 259
72-2-124, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapters 69, 259 and 406

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 10-9a-408 is amended to read:

10-9a-408. Moderate income housing report -- Contents -- Prioritization for funds or projects -- Ineligibility for funds after noncompliance -- Civil actions.

(1) As used in this section:

(a) "Division" means the Housing and Community Development Division within the Department of Workforce Services.

(b) "Implementation plan" means the implementation plan adopted as part of the moderate income housing element of a specified municipality's general plan as provided in Subsection 10-9a-403(2)(c).

(c) "Moderate income housing report" or "report" means the report described in Subsection (2)(a).

(d) "Moderate income housing strategy" means a strategy described in Subsection 10-9a-403(2)(b)(iii).

(e) "Specified municipality" means:

(i) a city of the first, second, third, or fourth class;

(ii) a city of the fifth class with a population of 5,000 or more, if the city is located within a county of the first, second, or third class; or

(iii) a metro township with a population of 5,000 or more.

(2) (a) Beginning in 2022, on or before October 1 of each calendar year, the legislative body of a specified municipality shall annually submit a written moderate income housing report to the division.

(b) The moderate income housing report submitted in 2022 shall include:

(i) a description of each moderate income housing strategy selected by the specified municipality for implementation; and

(ii) an implementation plan.

(c) The moderate income housing report submitted in each calendar year after 2022 shall include:

(i) the information required under Subsection (2)(b);

(ii) a description of each action, whether one-time or ongoing, taken by the specified municipality during the previous fiscal year to implement the moderate income housing strategies selected by the specified municipality for implementation;
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(iii) a description of each land use regulation or land use decision made by the specified municipality during the previous fiscal year to implement the moderate income housing strategies, including an explanation of how the land use regulation or land use decision supports the specified municipality's efforts to implement the moderate income housing strategies;

(iv) a description of any barriers encountered by the specified municipality in the previous fiscal year in implementing the moderate income housing strategies;

(v) information regarding the number of internal and external or detached accessory dwelling units located within the specified municipality for which the specified municipality:
   (A) issued a building permit to construct; or
   (B) issued a business license to rent;

(vi) a description of how the market has responded to the selected moderate income housing strategies, including the number of entitled moderate income housing units or other relevant data; and

(vii) any recommendations on how the state can support the specified municipality in implementing the moderate income housing strategies.

(d) The moderate income housing report shall be in a form:

(i) approved by the division; and

(ii) made available by the division on or before July 1 of the year in which the report is required.

(3) Within 90 days after the day on which the division receives a specified municipality's moderate income housing report, the division shall:

(a) post the report on the division's website;

(b) send a copy of the report to the Department of Transportation, the Governor's Office of Planning and Budget, the association of governments in which the specified municipality is located, and, if the specified municipality is located within the boundaries of a metropolitan planning organization, the appropriate metropolitan planning organization; and

(c) subject to Subsection (4), review the report to determine compliance with Subsection (2).

(4) (a) The report described in Subsection (2)(b) complies with Subsection (2) if the report:
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(i) includes the information required under Subsection (2)(b);

(ii) demonstrates to the division that the specified municipality made plans to implement:

(A) three or more moderate income housing strategies if the specified municipality does not have a fixed guideway public transit station; or

(B) subject to Subsection 10-9a-403(2)(b)(iv), five or more moderate income housing strategies if the specified municipality has a fixed guideway public transit station; and

(iii) is in a form approved by the division.

(b) The report described in Subsection (2)(c) complies with Subsection (2) if the report:

(i) includes the information required under Subsection (2)(c);

(ii) demonstrates to the division that the specified municipality made plans to implement:

(A) three or more moderate income housing strategies if the specified municipality does not have a fixed guideway public transit station; or

(B) four or more moderate income housing strategies if the specified municipality has a fixed guideway public transit station;

(iii) is in a form approved by the division; and

(iv) provides sufficient information for the division to:

(A) assess the specified municipality's progress in implementing the moderate income housing strategies;

(B) monitor compliance with the specified municipality's implementation plan;

(C) identify a clear correlation between the specified municipality's land use regulations and land use decisions and the specified municipality's efforts to implement the moderate income housing strategies; and

(D) identify how the market has responded to the specified municipality's selected moderate income housing strategies.

(5) (a) A specified municipality qualifies for priority consideration under this Subsection (5) if the specified municipality's moderate income housing report:

(i) complies with Subsection (2); and

(ii) demonstrates to the division that the specified municipality made plans to
implement:

(A) five or more moderate income housing strategies if the specified municipality does not have a fixed guideway public transit station; or

(B) six or more moderate income housing strategies if the specified municipality has a fixed guideway public transit station.

(b) The following apply to a specified municipality described in Subsection (5)(a) during the fiscal year immediately following the fiscal year in which the report is required:

(i) the Transportation Commission may give priority consideration to transportation projects located within the boundaries of the specified municipality in accordance with Subsection 72-1-304(3)(c); and

(ii) the Governor's Office of Planning and Budget may give priority consideration for awarding financial grants to the specified municipality under the COVID-19 Local Assistance Matching Grant Program in accordance with Subsection 63J-4-802(6).

(c) Upon determining that a specified municipality qualifies for priority consideration under this Subsection (5), the division shall send a notice of prioritization to the legislative body of the specified municipality, the Department of Transportation, and the Governor's Office of Planning and Budget.

(d) The notice described in Subsection (5)(c) shall:

(i) name the specified municipality that qualifies for priority consideration;

(ii) describe the funds or projects for which the specified municipality qualifies to receive priority consideration;

(iii) specify the fiscal year during which the specified municipality qualifies for priority consideration; and

(iv) state the basis for the division's determination that the specified municipality qualifies for priority consideration.

(6) (a) If the division, after reviewing a specified municipality's moderate income housing report, determines that the report does not comply with Subsection (2), the division shall send a notice of noncompliance to the legislative body of the specified municipality.

(b) The notice described in Subsection (6)(a) shall:

(i) describe each deficiency in the report and the actions needed to cure each deficiency;
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(ii) state that the specified municipality has an opportunity to cure the deficiencies within 90 days after the day on which the notice is sent; and

(iii) state that failure to cure the deficiencies within 90 days after the day on which the notice is sent will result in ineligibility for funds under Subsection (7).

(7) (a) A specified municipality is ineligible for funds under this Subsection (7) if the specified municipality:

(i) fails to submit a moderate income housing report to the division; or

(ii) fails to cure the deficiencies in the specified municipality's moderate income housing report within 90 days after the day on which the division sent to the specified municipality a notice of noncompliance under Subsection (6).

(b) The following apply to a specified municipality described in Subsection (7)(a) during the fiscal year immediately following the fiscal year in which the report is required:

(i) the executive director of the Department of Transportation may not program funds from the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005, including the Transit Transportation Investment Fund, to projects located within the boundaries of the specified municipality in accordance with Subsection 72-2-124(5); and

(ii) the Governor's Office of Planning and Budget may not award financial grants to the specified municipality under the COVID-19 Local Assistance Matching Grant Program in accordance with Subsection 63J-4-802(7).

(c) Upon determining that a specified municipality is ineligible for funds under this Subsection (7), the division shall send a notice of ineligibility to the legislative body of the specified municipality, the Department of Transportation, the State Tax Commission, and the Governor's Office of Planning and Budget.

(d) The notice described in Subsection (7)(c) shall:

(i) name the specified municipality that is ineligible for funds;

(ii) describe the funds for which the specified municipality is ineligible to receive;

(iii) specify the fiscal year during which the specified municipality is ineligible for funds; and

(iv) state the basis for the division's determination that the specified municipality is ineligible for funds.

(8) In a civil action seeking enforcement or claiming a violation of this section or of
Subsection 10-9a-404(4)(c), a plaintiff may not recover damages but may be awarded only injunctive or other equitable relief.

Section 2. Section 17-27a-408 is amended to read:

17-27a-408. Moderate income housing report -- Contents -- Prioritization for funds or projects -- Ineligibility for funds after noncompliance -- Civil actions.

(1) As used in this section:

(a) "Division" means the Housing and Community Development Division within the Department of Workforce Services.

(b) "Implementation plan" means the implementation plan adopted as part of the moderate income housing element of a specified county's general plan as provided in Subsection 10-9a-403(2)(c).

(c) "Moderate income housing report" or "report" means the report described in Subsection (2)(a).

(d) "Moderate income housing strategy" means a strategy described in Subsection 17-27a-403(2)(b)(ii).

(e) "Specified county" means a county of the first, second, or third class, which has a population of more than 5,000 in the county's unincorporated areas.

(2) (a) Beginning in 2022, on or before October 1 of each calendar year, the legislative body of a specified county shall annually submit a written moderate income housing report to the division.

(b) The moderate income housing report submitted in 2022 shall include:

(i) a description of each moderate income housing strategy selected by the specified county for implementation; and

(ii) an implementation plan.

(c) The moderate income housing report submitted in each calendar year after 2022 shall include:

(i) the information required under Subsection (2)(b);

(ii) a description of each action, whether one-time or ongoing, taken by the specified county during the previous fiscal year to implement the moderate income housing strategies selected by the specified county for implementation;

(iii) a description of each land use regulation or land use decision made by the
specified county during the previous fiscal year to implement the moderate income housing strategies, including an explanation of how the land use regulation or land use decision supports the specified county's efforts to implement the moderate income housing strategies;

(iv) a description of any barriers encountered by the specified county in the previous fiscal year in implementing the moderate income housing strategies; and

(v) information regarding the number of internal and external or detached accessory dwelling units located within the specified county for which the specified county:

(A) issued a building permit to construct; or
(B) issued a business license to rent;

(vi) a description of how the market has responded to the selected moderate income housing strategies, including the number of entitled moderate income housing units or other relevant data; and

(vii) any recommendations on how the state can support the specified county in implementing the moderate income housing strategies.

(d) The moderate income housing report shall be in a form:

(i) approved by the division; and

(ii) made available by the division on or before July 1 of the year in which the report is required.

(3) Within 90 days after the day on which the division receives a specified county's moderate income housing report, the division shall:

(a) post the report on the division's website;

(b) send a copy of the report to the Department of Transportation, the Governor's Office of Planning and Budget, the association of governments in which the specified county is located, and, if the unincorporated area of the specified county is located within the boundaries of a metropolitan planning organization, the appropriate metropolitan planning organization; and

(c) subject to Subsection (4), review the report to determine compliance with Subsection (2).

(4) (a) The report described in Subsection (2)(b) complies with Subsection (2) if the report:

(i) includes the information required under Subsection (2)(b);
(ii) demonstrates to the division that the specified county made plans to implement three or more moderate income housing strategies; and

(iii) is in a form approved by the division.

(b) The report described in Subsection (2)(c) complies with Subsection (2) if the report:

(i) includes the information required under Subsection (2)(c);

(ii) demonstrates to the division that the specified county made plans to implement three or more moderate income housing strategies;

(iii) is in a form approved by the division; and

(iv) provides sufficient information for the division to:

(A) assess the specified county's progress in implementing the moderate income housing strategies;

(B) monitor compliance with the specified county's implementation plan;

(C) identify a clear correlation between the specified county's land use decisions and efforts to implement the moderate income housing strategies; and

(D) identify how the market has responded to the specified county's selected moderate income housing strategies.

(5) (a) A specified county qualifies for priority consideration under this Subsection (5) if the specified county's moderate income housing report:

(i) complies with Subsection (2); and

(ii) demonstrates to the division that the specified county made plans to implement five or more moderate income housing strategies.

(b) The following apply to a specified county described in Subsection (5)(a) during the fiscal year immediately following the fiscal year in which the report is required:

(i) the Transportation Commission may give priority consideration to transportation projects located within the unincorporated areas of the specified county in accordance with Subsection 72-1-304(3)(c); and

(ii) the Governor's Office of Planning and Budget may give priority consideration for awarding financial grants to the specified county under the COVID-19 Local Assistance Matching Grant Program in accordance with Subsection 63J-4-802(6).

(c) Upon determining that a specified county qualifies for priority consideration under
this Subsection (5), the division shall send a notice of prioritization to the legislative body of the specified county, the Department of Transportation, and the Governor's Office of Planning and Budget.

(d) The notice described in Subsection (5)(c) shall:

(i) name the specified county that qualifies for priority consideration;

(ii) describe the funds or projects for which the specified county qualifies to receive priority consideration;

(iii) specify the fiscal year during which the specified county qualifies for priority consideration; and

(iv) state the basis for the division's determination that the specified county qualifies for priority consideration.

(6) (a) If the division, after reviewing a specified county's moderate income housing report, determines that the report does not comply with Subsection (2), the division shall send a notice of noncompliance to the legislative body of the specified county.

(b) The notice described in Subsection (6)(a) shall:

(i) describe each deficiency in the report and the actions needed to cure each deficiency;

(ii) state that the specified county has an opportunity to cure the deficiencies within 90 days after the day on which the notice is sent; and

(iii) state that failure to cure the deficiencies within 90 days after the day on which the notice is sent will result in ineligibility for funds under Subsection (7).

(7) (a) A specified county is ineligible for funds under this Subsection (7) if the specified county:

(i) fails to submit a moderate income housing report to the division; or

(ii) fails to cure the deficiencies in the specified county's moderate income housing report within 90 days after the day on which the division sent to the specified county a notice of noncompliance under Subsection (6).

(b) The following apply to a specified county described in Subsection (7)(a) during the fiscal year immediately following the fiscal year in which the report is required:

(i) the executive director of the Department of Transportation may not program funds from the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005, including the Transit Transportation
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Investment Fund, to projects located within the unincorporated areas of the specified county in accordance with Subsection 72-2-124(6); and

(ii) the Governor's Office of Planning and Budget may not award financial grants to the specified county under the COVID-19 Local Assistance Matching Grant Program in accordance with Subsection 63J-4-802(7).

(c) Upon determining that a specified county is ineligible for funds under this Subsection (7), the division shall send a notice of ineligibility to the legislative body of the specified county, the Department of Transportation, the State Tax Commission, and the Governor's Office of Planning and Budget.

(d) The notice described in Subsection (7)(c) shall:

(i) name the specified county that is ineligible for funds;

(ii) describe the funds for which the specified county is ineligible to receive;

(iii) specify the fiscal year during which the specified county is ineligible for funds; and

(iv) state the basis for the division's determination that the specified county is ineligible for funds.

(8) In a civil action seeking enforcement or claiming a violation of this section or of Subsection 17-27a-404(5)(c), a plaintiff may not recover damages but may be awarded only injunctive or other equitable relief.

Section 3. Section 59-12-2202 is amended to read:

59-12-2202. Definitions.

As used in this part:

(1) "Airline" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-2-102.

(2) "Airport facility" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-12-602.

(3) "Airport of regional significance" means an airport identified by the Federal Aviation Administration in the most current National Plan of Integrated Airport Systems or an update to the National Plan of Integrated Airport Systems.

(4) "Annexation" means an annexation to:

(a) a county under Title 17, Chapter 2, County Consolidations and Annexations; or

(b) a city or town under Title 10, Chapter 2, Part 4, Annexation.

(5) "Annexing area" means an area that is annexed into a county, city, or town.
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(6) "Class A road" means the same as that term is described in Section 72-3-102.
(7) "Class B road" means the same as that term is described in Section 72-3-103.
(8) "Class C road" means the same as that term is described in Section 72-3-104.
(9) "Class D road" means the same as that term is described in Section 72-3-105.
(10) "Council of governments" means the same as that term is defined in Section 72-2-117.5.
(11) "Eligible political subdivision" means a political subdivision that:
   (a) provides public transit services;
   (b) is not a public transit district; and
   (c) is not annexed into a public transit district.
(12) "Fixed guideway" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-12-102.
(13) "Large public transit district" means the same as that term is defined in Section 17B-2a-802.
(14) "Major collector highway" means the same as that term is defined in Section 72-4-102.5.
(15) "Metropolitan planning organization" means the same as that term is defined in Section 72-1-208.5.
(16) "Minor arterial highway" means the same as that term is defined in Section 72-4-102.5.
(17) "Minor collector road" means the same as that term is defined in Section 72-4-102.5.
(18) "Principal arterial highway" means the same as that term is defined in Section 72-4-102.5.
(19) "Public transit" means the same as that term is defined in Section 17B-2a-802.
(20) "Public transit district" means the same as that term is defined in Section 17B-2a-802.
(21) "Public transit provider" means a public transit district or an eligible political subdivision.
(22) "Public transit service" means a service provided as part of public transit.
(23) "Regionally significant transportation facility" means: 

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(a) in a county of the first or second class:
   (i) a principal arterial highway;
   (ii) a minor arterial highway;
   (iii) a fixed guideway that:
      (A) extends across two or more cities or unincorporated areas; or
      (B) is an extension to an existing fixed guideway; or
   (iv) an airport of regional significance; or

(b) in a county of the second class that is not part of a large public transit district, or in a county of the third, fourth, fifth, or sixth class:
   (i) a principal arterial highway;
   (ii) a minor arterial highway;
   (iii) a major collector highway;
   (iv) a minor collector road; or
   (v) an airport of regional significance.

[(19) (24)] "State highway" means a highway designated as a state highway under Title 72, Chapter 4, Designation of State Highways Act.

[(20) (25) (a) Subject to Subsection [(20)(b)] (25)(b), "system for public transit" means the same as the term "public transit" is defined in Section 17B-2a-802.

   (b) "System for public transit" includes:
      (i) the following costs related to public transit:
         (A) maintenance costs; or
         (B) operating costs;
      (ii) a fixed guideway;
      (iii) a park and ride facility;
      (iv) a passenger station or passenger terminal;
      (v) a right-of-way for public transit; or
      (vi) the following that serve a public transit facility:
         (A) a maintenance facility;
         (B) a platform;
         (C) a repair facility;
         (D) a roadway;
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(E) a storage facility;

(F) a utility line; or

(G) a facility or item similar to those described in Subsections [(20)(b)(vi)(A)] through (F).

Section 4. Section 59-12-2216 is amended to read:

59-12-2216. County option sales and use tax for a fixed guideway, to fund a system for public transit, or for highways -- Base -- Rate -- Allocation and expenditure of revenues:

(1) Subject to the other provisions of this part, a county legislative body may impose a sales and use tax of up to .30% on the transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1) within the county, including the cities and towns within the county:

(2) Subject to Subsection (3), before obtaining voter approval in accordance with Section 59-12-2208, a county legislative body shall adopt a resolution specifying the percentage of revenues the county will receive from the sales and use tax under this section that will be allocated to fund uses described in Section 59-12-2212.2:

(3) A county legislative body shall in the resolution described in Subsection (2) allocate 100% of the revenues the county will receive from the sales and use tax under this section for one or more of the purposes described in Section 59-12-2212.2:

(4) Notwithstanding Section 59-12-2208, the opinion question required by Section 59-12-2208 shall state the allocations the county legislative body makes in accordance with this section:

(5) The revenues collected from a sales and use tax under this section shall be:

(a) allocated in accordance with the allocations specified in the resolution under Subsection (2); and

(b) expended as provided in this section:

(6) If a county legislative body allocates revenues collected from a sales and use tax under this section for a state highway project, before beginning the state highway project within the county, the county legislative body shall:

(a) obtain approval from the Transportation Commission to complete the project; and

(b) enter into an interlocal agreement established in accordance with Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act, with the Department of Transportation to complete the project.
(7) If after a county legislative body imposes a sales and use tax under this section the county legislative body seeks to change an allocation specified in the resolution under Subsection (2), the county legislative body may change the allocation by:

(a) adopting a resolution in accordance with Subsection (2) specifying the percentage of revenues the county will receive from the sales and use tax under this section that will be allocated to fund one or more of the items described in Section 59-12-2212.2; and

(b) obtaining approval to change the allocation of the sales and use tax by a majority of all of the members of the county legislative body[; and];

(c) subject to Subsection (8):

(i) in accordance with Section 59-12-2208, submitting an opinion question to the county's registered voters voting on changing the allocation so that each registered voter has the opportunity to express the registered voter's opinion on whether the allocation should be changed; and

(ii) in accordance with Section 59-12-2208, obtaining approval to change the allocation from a majority of the county's registered voters voting on changing the allocation.

(8) Notwithstanding Section 59-12-2208, the opinion question required by Subsection (7)(c)(i) shall state the allocations specified in the resolution adopted in accordance with Subsection (7)(a) and approved by the county legislative body in accordance with Subsection (7)(b);

(9) Revenues collected from a sales and use tax under this section that a county allocates for a state highway within the county shall be:

(a) deposited into the Highway Projects Within Counties Fund created by Section 72-2-121.1; and

(b) expended as provided in Section 72-2-121.1.

(10) Notwithstanding Section 59-12-2206 and subject to Subsection (10)(b), revenues collected from a sales and use tax under this section that a county allocates for a project, debt service, or bond issuance cost relating to a highway that is a principal arterial highway or minor arterial highway that is included in a metropolitan planning organization's regional transportation plan, but is not a state highway, shall be transferred to the Department of Transportation if the transfer of the revenues is required under an interlocal agreement:

(i) entered into on or before January 1, 2010; and
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(ii) established in accordance with Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act.

(b) The Department of Transportation shall expend the revenues described in Subsection [(10)(a)] [(9)(a)] as provided in the interlocal agreement described in Subsection [(10)(a)] [(9)(a)].

Section 3. Section 59-12-2219 is amended to read:

59-12-2219. County option sales and use tax for highways and public transit -- Base -- Rate -- Distribution and expenditure of revenue -- Revenue may not supplant existing budgeted transportation revenue.

(1) As used in this section:

(a) "Eligible political subdivision" means a political subdivision that:

(i) (A) on May 12, 2015, provides public transit services; or

(B) after May 12, 2015, provides written notice to the commission in accordance with Subsection (9)(b) that it intends to provide public transit service within a county;

(ii) is not a public transit district; and

(iii) is not annexed into a public transit district.

(b) "Public transit district" means a public transit district organized under Title 17B, Chapter 2a, Part 8, Public Transit District Act.

(2) Subject to the other provisions of this part, and subject to Subsection [(14)] [(13)], a county legislative body may impose a sales and use tax of .25% on the transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1) within the county, including the cities and towns within the county.

(3) Subject to Subsection [(10)] [(9)], the commission shall distribute sales and use tax revenue collected under this section as provided in Subsections [(4) through (9)] [(3) through (8)].

(4) If the entire boundary of a county that imposes a sales and use tax under this section is annexed into a single public transit district, the commission shall distribute the sales and use tax revenue collected within the county as follows:

(a) .10% shall be transferred to the public transit district in accordance with Section 59-12-2206; 

(b) .10% shall be distributed as provided in Subsection [(7)] [(6)]; and

(c) .05% shall be distributed to the county legislative body.
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[(5) (4)] If the entire boundary of a county that imposes a sales and use tax under this section is not annexed into a single public transit district, but a city or town within the county is annexed into a single large public transit district, the commission shall distribute the sales and use tax revenue collected within the county as follows:

(a) for a city or town within the county that is annexed into a single public transit district, the commission shall distribute the sales and use tax revenue collected within that city or town as follows:

(i) .10% shall be transferred to the public transit district in accordance with Section 59-12-2206;
(ii) .10% shall be distributed as provided in Subsection [(7) (6)]; and
(iii) .05% shall be distributed to the county legislative body;

(b) for an eligible political subdivision within the county, the commission shall distribute the sales and use tax revenue collected within that eligible political subdivision as follows:

(i) .10% shall be transferred to the eligible political subdivision in accordance with Section 59-12-2206;
(ii) .10% shall be distributed as provided in Subsection [(7) (6)]; and
(iii) .05% shall be distributed to the county legislative body; and

(c) the commission shall distribute the sales and use tax revenue, except for the sales and use tax revenue described in Subsections [(5)(a) (4)(a) and (b), as follows:

(i) .10% shall be distributed as provided in Subsection [(7) (6)]; and
(ii) .15% shall be distributed to the county legislative body.

[(6) (5)] For a county not described in Subsection [(4) or (5)] (3) or (4), if a county of the second, third, fourth, fifth, or sixth class imposes a sales and use tax under this section, the commission shall distribute the sales and use tax revenue collected within the county as follows:

(a) for a city or town within the county that is annexed into a single public transit district, the commission shall distribute the sales and use tax revenue collected within that city or town as follows:

(i) .10% shall be distributed as provided in Subsection [(7) (6)];
(ii) .10% shall be distributed as provided in Subsection [(8) (7)]; and
(iii) .05% shall be distributed to the county legislative body;

(b) for an eligible political subdivision within the county, the commission shall distribute the sales and use tax revenue collected within that eligible political subdivision as follows:

(i) .10% shall be distributed as provided in Subsection [(7)] (6);

(ii) .10% shall be distributed as provided in Subsection [(8)] (7); and

(iii) .05% shall be distributed to the county legislative body; and

(c) the commission shall distribute the sales and use tax revenue, except for the sales and use tax revenue described in Subsections [(6)(a)] (5)(a) and (b), as follows:

(i) .10% shall be distributed as provided in Subsection [(7)] (6); and

(ii) .15% shall be distributed to the county legislative body.

[(7)] (6) (a) Subject to Subsection [(7)(b)] (6)(b), the commission shall make the distributions required by Subsections [(4)(b), (5)(a)(ii), (5)(b)(ii), (5)(c)(i), (6)(a)(i), (6)(b)(i), (6)(c)(i), and (8)(d)(ii)(A)] (3)(b), (4)(a)(ii), (4)(b)(ii), (4)(c)(i), (5)(a)(i), (5)(b)(i), (5)(c)(i), and (7)(d)(ii)(A) as follows:

(i) 50% of the total revenue collected under Subsections [(4)(b), (5)(a)(ii), (5)(b)(ii), (5)(c)(i), (6)(a)(i), (6)(b)(i), (6)(c)(i), and (8)(d)(ii)(A)] (3)(b), (4)(a)(ii), (4)(b)(ii), (4)(c)(i), (5)(a)(i), (5)(b)(i), (5)(c)(i), and (7)(d)(ii)(A) within the counties and cities that impose a tax under this section shall be distributed to the unincorporated areas, cities, and towns within those counties and cities on the basis of the percentage that the population of each unincorporated area, city, or town bears to the total population of all of the counties and cities that impose a tax under this section; and

(ii) 50% of the total revenue collected under Subsections [(4)(b), (5)(a)(ii), (5)(b)(ii), (5)(c)(i), (6)(a)(i), (6)(b)(i), (6)(c)(i), and (8)(d)(ii)(A)] (3)(b), (4)(a)(ii), (4)(b)(ii), (4)(c)(i), (5)(a)(i), (5)(b)(i), (5)(c)(i), and (7)(d)(ii)(A) within the counties and cities that impose a tax under this section shall be distributed to the unincorporated areas, cities, and towns within those counties and cities on the basis of the location of the transaction as determined under Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215.

(b) (i) Population for purposes of this Subsection [(7)] (6) shall be determined on the basis of the most recent official census or census estimate of the United States Bureau of the Census.
(ii) If a needed population estimate is not available from the United States Bureau of the Census, population figures shall be derived from an estimate from the Utah Population Committee.

[(8)] (7) (a) (i) Subject to the requirements in Subsections [(8)(b)] (7)(b) and (c), a county legislative body:

(A) for a county that obtained approval from a majority of the county's registered voters voting on the imposition of a sales and use tax under this section prior to May 10, 2016, may, in consultation with any cities, towns, or eligible political subdivisions within the county, and in compliance with the requirements for changing an allocation under Subsection [(8)(e) (7)(e), allocate the revenue under Subsection [(6)(a)(ii) or (6)(b)(ii)] (5)(a)(ii) or (5)(b)(ii) by adopting a resolution specifying the percentage of revenue under Subsection [(6)(a)(ii) or (6)(b)(ii)] (5)(a)(ii) or (5)(b)(ii) that will be allocated to a public transit district or an eligible political subdivision; or

(B) for a county that imposes a sales and use tax under this section on or after May 10, 2016, shall, in consultation with any cities, towns, or eligible political subdivisions within the county, allocate the revenue under Subsection [(6)(a)(ii) or (6)(b)(ii)] (5)(a)(ii) or (5)(b)(ii) by adopting a resolution specifying the percentage of revenue under Subsection [(6)(a)(ii) or (6)(b)(ii)] (5)(a)(ii) or (5)(b)(ii) that will be allocated to a public transit district or an eligible political subdivision.

(ii) If a county described in Subsection [(8)(a)(i)(A)] (7)(a)(i)(A) does not allocate the revenue under Subsection [(6)(a)(ii) or (6)(b)(ii)] (5)(a)(ii) or (5)(b)(ii) in accordance with Subsection [(8)(a)(i)(A)] (7)(a)(i)(A), the commission shall distribute 100% of the revenue under Subsection [(6)(a)(ii) or (6)(b)(ii)] (5)(a)(ii) or (5)(b)(ii) to:

(A) a public transit district for a city or town within the county that is annexed into a single public transit district; or

(B) an eligible political subdivision within the county.

(b) If a county legislative body allocates the revenue as described in Subsection [(8)(a)(ii)] (7)(a)(i), the county legislative body shall allocate not less than 25% of the revenue under Subsection [(6)(a)(ii) or (6)(b)(ii)] (5)(a)(ii) or (5)(b)(ii) to:

(i) a public transit district for a city or town within the county that is annexed into a single public transit district; or
(ii) an eligible political subdivision within the county.

(c) Notwithstanding Section 59-12-2208, the opinion question described in Section 59-12-2208 shall state the allocations the county legislative body makes in accordance with this Subsection [(8)] (7).

(d) The commission shall make the distributions required by Subsection [(6)(a)(ii) or (6)(b)(ii)] [(7)(a)(ii) or (7)(b)(ii)] as follows:

(i) the percentage specified by a county legislative body shall be distributed in accordance with a resolution adopted by a county legislative body under Subsection [(8)(a)] (7)(a) to an eligible political subdivision or a public transit district within the county; and

(ii) except as provided in Subsection [(8)(a)(ii)] (7)(a)(ii), if a county legislative body allocates less than 100% of the revenue under Subsection [(6)(a)(ii) or (6)(b)(ii)] [(5)(a)(ii) or (5)(b)(ii)] to a public transit district or an eligible political subdivision, the remainder of the revenue under Subsection [(6)(a)(ii) or (6)(b)(ii)] [(5)(a)(ii) or (5)(b)(ii)] not allocated by a county legislative body through a resolution under Subsection [(8)(a)] (7)(a) shall be distributed as follows:

(A) 50% of the revenue as provided in Subsection [(7)] (6); and

(B) 50% of the revenue to the county legislative body.

(e) If a county legislative body seeks to change an allocation specified in a resolution under Subsection [(8)(a)] (7)(a), the county legislative body may change the allocation by:

(i) adopting a resolution in accordance with Subsection [(8)(a)] (7)(a) specifying the percentage of revenue under Subsection [(6)(a)(ii) or (6)(b)(ii)] [(5)(a)(ii) or (5)(b)(ii)] that will be allocated to a public transit district or an eligible political subdivision;

(ii) obtaining approval to change the allocation of the sales and use tax by a majority of all the members of the county legislative body; and

(iii) subject to Subsection [(8)(f)] (7)(f):

(A) in accordance with Section 59-12-2208, submitting an opinion question to the county's registered voters voting on changing the allocation so that each registered voter has the opportunity to express the registered voter's opinion on whether the allocation should be changed; and

(B) in accordance with Section 59-12-2208, obtaining approval to change the allocation from a majority of the county's registered voters voting on changing the allocation.
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(f) Notwithstanding Section 59-12-2208, the opinion question required by Subsection [(8)(e)(iii)(A)] (7)(e)(iii)(A) shall state the allocations specified in the resolution adopted in accordance with Subsection [(8)(e)] (7)(e) and approved by the county legislative body in accordance with Subsection [(8)(e)(iii)] (7)(e)(ii).

(g) (i) If a county makes an allocation by adopting a resolution under Subsection [(8)(a)] (7)(a) or changes an allocation by adopting a resolution under Subsection [(8)(e)] (7)(e), the allocation shall take effect on the first distribution the commission makes under this section after a 90-day period that begins on the date the commission receives written notice meeting the requirements of Subsection [(8)(g)(ii)] (7)(g)(ii) from the county.

(ii) The notice described in Subsection [(8)(g)(i)] (7)(g)(i) shall state:

(A) that the county will make or change the percentage of an allocation under Subsection [(8)(a)] (7)(a) or (e); and

(B) the percentage of revenue under Subsection [(6)(a)(ii) or (6)(b)(ii)] (5)(a)(ii) or (5)(b)(ii) that will be allocated to a public transit district or an eligible political subdivision.

[(9)] (8) (a) If a public transit district is organized after the date a county legislative body first imposes a tax under this section, a change in a distribution required by this section may not take effect until the first distribution the commission makes under this section after a 90-day period that begins on the date the commission receives written notice from the public transit district of the organization of the public transit district.

(b) If an eligible political subdivision intends to provide public transit service within a county after the date a county legislative body first imposes a tax under this section, a change in a distribution required by this section may not take effect until the first distribution the commission makes under this section after a 90-day period that begins on the date the commission receives written notice from the eligible political subdivision stating that the eligible political subdivision intends to provide public transit service within the county.

[(10)] (9) (a) (i) Notwithstanding Subsections [(4) through (9)] (3) through (8), for a county that has not imposed a sales and use tax under this section before May 8, 2018, and if the county imposes a sales and use tax under this section before June 30, 2019, the commission shall distribute all of the sales and use tax revenue collected by the county before June 30, 2019, to the county for the purposes described in Subsection [(10)(a)(ii)] (9)(a)(ii).

(ii) For any revenue collected by a county pursuant to Subsection [(10)(a)(i)] (9)(a)(i)
before June 30, 2019, the county may expend that revenue for:

(A) reducing transportation related debt;

(B) a regionally significant transportation facility; or

(C) a public transit project of regional significance.

(b) For a county that has not imposed a sales and use tax under this section before May 8, 2018, and if the county imposes a sales and use tax under this section before June 30, 2019, the commission shall distribute the sales and use tax revenue collected by the county on or after July 1, 2019, as described in Subsections [(4) through (9)]; [(3) through (8)].

(c) For a county that has not imposed a sales and use tax under this section before June 30, 2019, if the entire boundary of that county is annexed into a large public transit district, and if the county imposes a sales and use tax under this section on or after July 1, 2019, the commission shall distribute the sales and use tax revenue collected by the county as described in Subsections [(4) through (9)]; [(3) through (8)].

[(10) A county, city, or town may expend revenue collected from a tax under this section, except for revenue the commission distributes in accordance with Subsection [(4)(a), (5)(a)(i), (5)(b)(i), or (8)(d)(i)] [(3)(a), (4)(a)(i), (4)(b)(i), or (7)(d)(i)], for a purpose described in Section 59-12-2212.2.

[(11) A public transit district or an eligible political subdivision may expend revenue the commission distributes in accordance with Subsection [(4)(a), (5)(a)(i), (5)(b)(i), or (8)(d)(i)] [(3)(a), (4)(a)(i), (4)(b)(i), or (7)(d)(i)] for capital expenses and service delivery expenses of the public transit district or eligible political subdivision.

[(12) Notwithstanding Section 59-12-2208, a county, city, or town legislative body may, but is not required to, submit an opinion question to the county's, city's, or town's registered voters in accordance with Section 59-12-2208 to impose a sales and use tax under this section.

[(13) (a) (i) Notwithstanding any other provision in this section, if the entire boundary of a county is annexed into a large public transit district, if the county legislative body wishes to impose a sales and use tax under this section, the county legislative body shall pass the ordinance to impose a sales and use tax under this section on or before June 30, 2022.

(ii) If the entire boundary of a county is annexed into a large public transit district, the county legislative body may not pass an ordinance to impose a sales and use tax under this
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section on or after July 1, 2022.

(b) Notwithstanding the deadline described in Subsection [(14)(a)] (13)(a), any sales
and use tax imposed under this section by passage of a county ordinance on or before June 30,
2022, may remain in effect.

[(15)] (14) (a) Beginning on July 1, 2020, and subject to Subsection [(16)] (15), if a
county has not imposed a sales and use tax under this section, subject to the provisions of this
part, the legislative body of a city or town described in Subsection [(15)(b)] (14)(b) may
impose a .25% sales and use tax on the transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1)
within the city or town.

(b) The following cities or towns may impose a sales and use tax described in
Subsection [(15)(a)] (14)(a):

(i) a city or town that has been annexed into a public transit district; or
(ii) an eligible political subdivision.

(c) If a city or town imposes a sales and use tax as provided in this section, the
commission shall distribute the sales and use tax revenue collected by the city or town as
follows:

(i) .125% to the city or town that imposed the sales and use tax, to be distributed as
provided in Subsection [(7)] (6); and
(ii) .125%, as applicable, to:

(A) the public transit district in which the city or town is annexed; or
(B) the eligible political subdivision for public transit services.

(d) If a city or town imposes a sales and use tax under this section and the county
subsequently imposes a sales and use tax under this section, the commission shall distribute the
sales and use tax revenue collected within the city or town as described in Subsection [(15)(c)]
(14)(c).

[(16)] (15) (a) (i) Notwithstanding any other provision in this section, if a city or town
legislative body wishes to impose a sales and use tax under this section, the city or town
legislative body shall pass the ordinance to impose a sales and use tax under this section on or
before June 30, 2022.

(ii) A city or town legislative body may not pass an ordinance to impose a sales and use
tax under this section on or after July 1, 2022.
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(b) Notwithstanding the deadline described in Subsection [(16)(a)] (15)(a), any sales and use tax imposed under this section by passage of an ordinance by a city or town legislative body on or before June 30, 2022, may remain in effect.

Section 59-12-2220 is amended to read:

59-12-2220. County option sales and use tax to fund highways or a system for public transit -- Base -- Rate.

(1) Subject to the other provisions of this part and subject to the requirements of this section, beginning on July 1, 2019, the following counties may impose a sales and use tax under this section:

(a) A county legislative body may impose the sales and use tax on the transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1) located within the county, including the cities and towns within the county if:

(i) the entire boundary of a county is annexed into a large public transit district; and

(ii) the maximum amount of sales and use tax authorizations allowed pursuant to Section 59-12-2203 and authorized under the following sections has been imposed:

(A) Section 59-12-2213;

(B) Section 59-12-2214;

(C) Section 59-12-2215;

(D) Section 59-12-2216;

(E) Section 59-12-2217;

(F) Section 59-12-2218; and

(G) Section 59-12-2219;

(b) if the county is not annexed into a large public transit district, the county legislative body may impose the sales and use tax on the transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1) located within the county, including the cities and towns within the county if:

(i) the county is an eligible political subdivision [as defined in Section 59-12-2219]; or

(ii) a city or town within the boundary of the county is an eligible political subdivision [as defined in Section 59-12-2219]; or

(c) a county legislative body of a county not described in Subsection (1)(a) may impose the sales and use tax on the transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1) located within the county, including the cities and towns within the county[ if there is a public transit district]
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within the boundary of the county].

(2) For purposes of Subsection (1) and subject to the other provisions of this section, a county legislative body that imposes a sales and use tax under this section may impose the tax at a rate of .2%.

[(3) A county imposing a sales and use tax under this section shall expend the revenues collected from the sales and use tax for capital expenses and service delivery expenses of:]

[(a) a public transit district;]
[(b) an eligible political subdivision, as that term is defined in Section 59-12-2219; or]
[(c) another entity providing a service for public transit or a transit facility within the county as those terms are defined in Section 17B-2a-802.]

(3) (a) The commission shall distribute sales and use tax revenue collected under this section as determined by a county legislative body as described in Subsection (3)(b).

(b) If a county legislative body imposes a sales and use tax as described in this section, the county legislative body may elect to impose a sales and use tax revenue distribution as described in Subsection (4), (5), (6), or (7), depending on the class of county, and presence and type of a public transit provider in the county.

(4) If a county legislative body imposes a sales and use tax as described in this section, and the entire boundary of the county is annexed into a large public transit district, and the county is a county of the first class, the commission shall distribute the sales and use tax revenue as [designated by the county as ] follows:

(a) .2% sales and use tax revenue collected within the county to a public transit district described in Subsection (11); or

(b) (i) 10% to a public transit district as described in Subsection (11); and

(ii) .05% to the cities and towns as provided in Subsection (8); and

(iii) .05% to the county legislative body.

(5) If a county legislative body imposes a sales and use tax as described in this section and the entire boundary of the county is annexed into a large public transit district, and the county is a county not described in Subsection (4), the commission shall distribute the sales and use tax revenue as [designated by the county as ] follows:

(a) .2% sales and use tax revenue collected within the county to a public transit district as described in Subsection (11); or
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(b) (i) 10% to a public transit district as described in Subsection (11); (iii) (b) .05% to the cities and towns as provided in Subsection (8); and (iii) (c) .05% to the county legislative body.

(6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (12)(d), if the entire boundary of a county that imposes a sales and use tax as described in this section is not annexed into a single public transit district, but a city or town within the county is annexed into a single public transit district, or if the city or town is an eligible political subdivision, the commission shall distribute the sales and use tax revenue collected within the county as provided in Subsection (6)(b) or (c).

(b) For a city, town, or portion of the county described in Subsection (6)(a) that is annexed into the single public transit district, or an eligible political subdivision, the county legislative body may request that the commission distribute:

(i) the .2% sales and use tax revenue collected within the portion of the county that is within a public transit district or eligible political subdivision to a public transit provider as described in Subsection (11); or

(ii) the .2% commission shall distribute the sales and use tax revenue collected within the portion of the county that is within a public transit district or eligible political subdivision as follows:

(A) .05% to a public transit provider as described in Subsection (11);
(B) .075% to the cities and towns as provided in Subsection (8); and
(C) .075% to the county legislative body.

(c) Except as provided in Subsection (12)(d), for a city, town, or portion of the county described in Subsection (6)(a) that is not annexed into a single public transit district or eligible political subdivision in the county, the commission shall distribute the .2% sales and use tax revenue collected within that portion of the county as follows:

(i) .08% to the cities and towns as provided in Subsection (8); and

(ii) .12% to the county legislative body.

(7) For a county without a public transit service that imposes a sales and use tax as described in this section, the commission shall distribute the sales and use tax revenue collected within the county as follows:

(a) .08% to the cities and towns as provided in Subsection (8); and
(b) .12% to the county legislative body.

(8)(a) Subject to Subsections (8)(b) and (c), the commission shall make the distributions required by Subsections (4)(b)(ii), (5)(b)(ii), (6)(b)(ii)(B), (6)(c)(i), and (7)(a) as follows:

(i) 50% of the total revenue collected under Subsections (4)(b)(ii), (5)(b)(ii), (6)(b)(ii)(B), (6)(c)(i), and (7)(a) within the counties that impose a tax under Subsections (4) through (7) shall be distributed to the unincorporated areas, cities, and towns within those counties on the basis of the percentage that the population of each unincorporated area, city, or town bears to the total population of all of the counties that impose a tax under this section; and

(ii) 50% of the total revenue collected under Subsections (4)(b)(ii), (5)(b)(ii), (6)(b)(ii)(B), (6)(c)(i), and (7)(a) within the counties that impose a tax under Subsections (4) through (7) shall be distributed to the unincorporated areas, cities, and towns within those counties on the basis of the location of the transaction as determined under Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215.

(b) (i) Population for purposes of this Subsection (8) shall be determined on the basis of the most recent official census or census estimate of the United States Census Bureau.

(ii) If a needed population estimate is not available from the United States Census Bureau, population figures shall be derived from an estimate from the Utah Population Estimates Committee created by executive order of the governor.

(c) (i) Beginning on January 1, 2024, if the Housing and Community Development Division within the Department of Workforce Services determines that a city, town, or metro township is ineligible for funds in accordance with Subsection 10-9a-408(7), beginning the first day of the calendar quarter after receiving 90 days' notice, the commission shall distribute the distribution that city, town, or metro township would have received under Subsection (8)(a) to cities, towns, or metro townships to which Subsection 10-9a-408(7) does not apply.

(ii) Beginning on January 1, 2024, if the Housing and Community Development Division within the Department of Workforce Services determines that a county is ineligible for funds in accordance with Subsection 17-27a-408(7), beginning the first day of the calendar quarter after receiving 90 days' notice, the commission shall distribute the distribution that county would have received under Subsection (8)(a) to counties to which Subsection 17-27a-408(7) does not apply.
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(9) If a public transit service is organized after the date a county legislative body first imposes a tax under this section, a change in a distribution required by this section may not take effect until the first distribution the commission makes under this section after a 90-day period that begins on the date the commission receives written notice from the public transit provider that the public transit service has been organized.

(10) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (10)(b), a county, city, or town that received distributions described in Subsections (4)(b)(ii), (4)(b)(iii), (5)(b)(ii), (5)(c), (6)(b)(iii), (6)(b)(ii)(B), (6)(b)(ii)(C), (6)(c), and (7) may only expend those funds for a purpose described in Section 59-12-2212.2.

(b) A county of the first class receiving the county distribution described in Subsection (4)(b)(iii) may only use the distribution as provided in Subsection (10)(a), except that a county legislative body may use the .05% to provide services to individuals with a mental or behavioral health condition, including:

   (i) evaluation and diversion from incarceration to mental and behavioral health treatment;
   (ii) assistance in transitioning from incarceration, including housing stability; and
   (iii) other related services.

(11) (a) Subject to Subsections (11)(b), (c), and (d), revenue designated for public transit providers may expend revenue the commission distributes to that provider only as described in this section may be used for capital expenses and service delivery expenses of:

   (i) a public transit district;
   (ii) an eligible political subdivision; or
   (iii) another entity providing a service for public transit or a transit facility within the relevant county, as those terms are defined in Section 17B-2a-802.

   (b) Revenue distributed (i) If a county of the first class imposes a sales and use tax described in this section, for a three-year period following the date on which the county imposes the sales and use tax under this section, revenue designated for public transit within a county of the first class as described in Subsection (4)(b)(i) shall be transferred to the County of the First Class Highway Projects Fund created in Section 72-2-121.

   (ii) If a county of the first class imposes a sales and use tax described in this section,
beginning on the day three years after the date on which the county imposed the tax as described in Subsection (11)(b)(i), for revenue designated for public transit as described in Subsection (4)(a):

(A) 50% of the revenue from a sales and use tax imposed under this section in a county of the first class shall be transferred to the County of the First Class Highway Projects Fund created in Section 72-2-121; and

(B) 50% of the revenue from a sales and use tax imposed under this section in a county of the first class shall be transferred to the Transit Transportation Investment Fund created in Subsection 72-2-124(9).

(c) (i) If a county that is not a county of the first class for which the entire boundary of the county is annexed into a large public transit district imposes a sales and use tax described in this section, for a three-year period following the date on which the county imposes the sales and use tax under this section, revenue designated for public transit as described in Subsection (5)(a) shall be transferred to the relevant county legislative body to be used for a purpose described in Subsection (11)(a).

(ii) If a county that is not a county of the first class for which the entire boundary of the county is annexed into a large public transit district imposes a sales and use tax described in this section, beginning on the day three years after the date on which the county imposed the tax as described in Subsection (11)(c)(i), for the revenue that is designated for public transit in Subsection (5)(a):

(A) 50% shall be transferred to the Transit Transportation Investment Fund created in Subsection 72-2-124(9); and

(B) 50% shall be transferred to the relevant county legislative body to be used for a purpose described in Subsection (11)(a).

(d) Except as provided in Subsection (12)(d), for a county that imposes a sales and use tax under this section, for revenue designated for public transit as described in Subsection (6)(b)(i), the revenue shall be transferred to the relevant county legislative body to be used for a purpose described in Subsection (11)(a).

[(4)] (12) (a) Notwithstanding Section 59-12-2208, a county legislative body may, but is not required to, submit an opinion question to the county's registered voters in accordance with Section 59-12-2208 to impose a sales and use tax under this section.
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(b) Notwithstanding Section 59-12-2208 and subject to Subsection (12)(c), if a county legislative body described in Subsection (4), (5), or (6) seeks to make an allocation or change the distribution of sales and use tax revenue as described in Subsection (4), (5), or (6), the county legislative body may make or change the allocation by adopting a resolution specifying the new allocation or change in allocation.

(c) (i) If a county legislative body seeks to make or change the distribution as described in Subsection (12)(b), the allocation shall take effect on the first day of a calendar quarter after a 90-day period that begins on the date the commission receives written notice from the county that meets the requirements of Subsection (12)(c)(ii).

(ii) The notice described in Subsection (12)(c)(i) shall state:

(A) that the county will make or change the percentage of an allocation under Subsection (12)(b); and

(B) the percentage of revenue that will be allocated to the cities and towns, the county legislative body, and, when applicable, the public transit provider.

(d) A county that imposed the local option sales and use tax described in this section before January 1, 2023, may maintain that county's distribution allocation in place as of January 1, 2023.

(5) (a) Notwithstanding any other provision in this section, if a county wishes to impose a sales and use tax under this section, the county legislative body shall pass the ordinance to impose a sales and use tax under this section on or before June 30, 2023.

(b) The county legislative body may not pass an ordinance to impose a sales and use tax under this section on or after July 1, 2023.

(e) Notwithstanding the deadline described in Subsection (5)(a), any sales and use tax imposed under this section on or before June 30, 2023, may remain in effect.

(6) (13) (a) Revenue collected from a sales and use tax under this section may not be used to supplant existing General Fund appropriations that a county, city, or town has budgeted for transportation or public transit as of the date the tax becomes effective for a county, city, or town.

(b) The limitation under Subsection [(6)(a)] (13)(a) does not apply to a designated transportation or public transit capital or reserve account a county may have established prior
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The city, or town established before the date the tax becomes effective.

Section 72-2-121 is amended to read:

72-2-121. County of the First Class Highway Projects Fund.

(1) There is created a special revenue fund within the Transportation Fund known as the "County of the First Class Highway Projects Fund."

(2) The fund consists of money generated from the following revenue sources:

(a) any voluntary contributions received for new construction, major renovations, and improvements to highways within a county of the first class;

(b) the portion of the sales and use tax described in Subsection 59-12-2214(3)(b) deposited into or transferred to the fund;

(c) the portion of the sales and use tax described in Section 59-12-2217 deposited into or transferred to the fund; [and]

(d) a portion of the local option highway construction and transportation corridor preservation fee imposed in a county of the first class under Section 41-1a-1222 deposited into or transferred to the fund[; and]

(e) the portion of the sales and use tax described in Subsection 59-12-2220(4)(b)(i) transferred into the fund as described in Subsections 59-12-2220(4)(a) and 59-12-2220(11)(b).

(3) (a) The fund shall earn interest.

(b) All interest earned on fund money shall be deposited into the fund.

(4) [The] Subject to Subsection (9), the executive director shall use the fund money only:

(a) to pay debt service and bond issuance costs for bonds issued under Sections 63B-16-102, 63B-18-402, and 63B-27-102;

(b) for right-of-way acquisition, new construction, major renovations, and improvements to highways within a county of the first class and to pay any debt service and bond issuance costs related to those projects, including improvements to a highway located within a municipality in a county of the first class where the municipality is located within the boundaries of more than a single county;

(c) for the construction, acquisition, use, maintenance, or operation of:

(i) an active transportation facility for nonmotorized vehicles;

(ii) multimodal transportation that connects an origin with a destination; or
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(iii) a facility that may include a:
  (A) pedestrian or nonmotorized vehicle trail;
  (B) nonmotorized vehicle storage facility;
  (C) pedestrian or vehicle bridge; or
  (D) vehicle parking lot or parking structure;

(d) to transfer to the 2010 Salt Lake County Revenue Bond Sinking Fund created by Section 72-2-121.3 the amount required in Subsection 72-2-121.3(4)(c) minus the amounts transferred in accordance with Subsection 72-2-124(4)(a)(iv);

(e) for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2013, to pay debt service and bond issuance costs for $30,000,000 of the bonds issued under Section 63B-18-401 for the projects described in Subsection 63B-18-401(4)(a);

(f) for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2013, and after the department has verified that the amount required under Subsection 72-2-121.3(4)(c) is available in the fund, to transfer an amount equal to 50% of the revenue generated by the local option highway construction and transportation corridor preservation fee imposed under Section 41-1a-1222 in a county of the first class:
  (i) to the legislative body of a county of the first class; and
  (ii) to be used by a county of the first class for:
    (A) highway construction, reconstruction, or maintenance projects; or
    (B) the enforcement of state motor vehicle and traffic laws;

(g) for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2015, after the department has verified that the amount required under Subsection 72-2-121.3(4)(c) is available in the fund and the transfer under Subsection (4)(e) has been made, to annually transfer an amount of the sales and use tax revenue imposed in a county of the first class and deposited into the fund in accordance with Subsection 59-12-2214(3)(b) equal to an amount needed to cover the debt to:
  (i) the appropriate debt service or sinking fund for the repayment of bonds issued under Section 63B-27-102; and
  (ii) the appropriate debt service or sinking fund for the repayment of bonds issued under Sections 63B-31-102 and 63B-31-103;

(h) after the department has verified that the amount required under Subsection 72-2-121.3(4)(c) is available in the fund and after the transfer under Subsection (4)(d), the
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payment under Subsection (4)(e), and the transfer under Subsection (4)(g)(i) has been made, to annually transfer $2,000,000 to a public transit district in a county of the first class to fund a system for public transit;

(i) for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2018, after the department has verified that the amount required under Subsection 72-2-121.3(4)(c) is available in the fund and after the transfer under Subsection (4)(d), the payment under Subsection (4)(e), and the transfer under Subsection (4)(g)(i) has been made, to annually transfer 20% of the amount deposited into the fund under Subsection (2)(b):

(i) to the legislative body of a county of the first class; and

(ii) to fund parking facilities in a county of the first class that facilitate significant economic development and recreation and tourism within the state;

(j) for the 2018-19 fiscal year only, after the department has verified that the amount required under Subsection 72-2-121.3(4)(c) is available in the fund and after the transfer under Subsection (4)(d), the payment under Subsection (4)(e), and the transfers under Subsections (4)(g), (h), and (i) have been made, to transfer $12,000,000 to the department to distribute for the following projects:

(i) $2,000,000 to West Valley City for highway improvement to 4100 South;

(ii) $1,000,000 to Herriman for highway improvements to Herriman Boulevard from 6800 West to 7300 West;

(iii) $1,100,000 to South Jordan for highway improvements to Grandville Avenue;

(iv) $1,800,000 to Riverton for highway improvements to Old Liberty Way from 13400 South to 13200 South;

(v) $1,000,000 to Murray City for highway improvements to 5600 South from State Street to Van Winkle;

(vi) $1,000,000 to Draper for highway improvements to Lone Peak Parkway from 11400 South to 12300 South;

(vii) $1,000,000 to Sandy City for right-of-way acquisition for Monroe Street;

(viii) $900,000 to South Jordan City for right-of-way acquisition and improvements to 10200 South from 2700 West to 3200 West;

(ix) $1,000,000 to West Jordan for highway improvements to 8600 South near Mountain View Corridor;
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(x) $700,000 to South Jordan right-of-way improvements to 10550 South; and
(xi) $500,000 to Salt Lake County for highway improvements to 2650 South from 7200 West to 8000 West; and

(k) subject to Subsection (5), for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2021, and for 15 years thereafter, to annually transfer the following amounts to the following cities, metro townships, and the county of the first class for priority projects to mitigate congestion and improve transportation safety:

(i) $2,000,000 to Sandy;
(ii) $2,000,000 to Taylorsville;
(iii) $1,100,000 to Salt Lake City;
(iv) $1,100,000 to West Jordan;
(v) $1,100,000 to West Valley City;
(vi) $800,000 to Herriman;
(vii) $700,000 to Draper;
(viii) $700,000 to Riverton;
(ix) $700,000 to South Jordan;
(x) $500,000 to Bluffdale;
(xi) $500,000 to Midvale;
(xii) $500,000 to Millcreek;
(xiii) $500,000 to Murray;
(xiv) $400,000 to Cottonwood Heights; and
(xv) $300,000 to Holladay.

(5) (a) If revenue in the fund is insufficient to satisfy all of the transfers described in Subsection (4)(k), the executive director shall proportionately reduce the amounts transferred as described in Subsection (4)(k).

(b) A local government entity, as that term is defined in Section 63J-1-220, is exempt from entering into an agreement as described in Section 63J-1-220 pertaining to the receipt or expenditure of any funding described in Subsection (4)(k).

(c) A local government may not use revenue described in Subsection (4)(k) to supplant existing class B or class C road funds that a local government has budgeted for transportation projects.
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(d) (i) A municipality or county that received a transfer of funds described in Subsection (4)(j) shall submit to the department a statement of cash flow and progress pertaining to the municipality's or county's respective project described in Subsection (4)(j).

(ii) After the department is satisfied that the municipality or county described in Subsection (4)(j) has made substantial progress and the expenditure of funds is programmed and imminent, the department may transfer to the same municipality or county the respective amounts described in Subsection (4)(k).

(6) The revenues described in Subsections (2)(b), (c), and (d) that are deposited into the fund and bond proceeds from bonds issued under Sections 63B-16-102, 63B-18-402, and 63B-27-102 are considered a local matching contribution for the purposes described under Section 72-2-123.

(7) The additional administrative costs of the department to administer this fund shall be paid from money in the fund.

(8) [Notwithstanding] Subject to Subsection (9), and notwithstanding any statutory or other restrictions on the use or expenditure of the revenue sources deposited into this fund, the Department of Transportation may use the money in this fund for any of the purposes detailed in Subsection (4).

[(9) As resources allow, the department shall study in 2020 transportation connectivity in the southwest valley of Salt Lake County, including the feasibility of connecting major east-west corridors to U-111:]

(9) Any revenue deposited into the fund as described in Subsection (2)(e) shall be used to provide funding or loans for public transit projects, operations, and supporting infrastructure in the county of the first class.

Section 46. Effective date:

This bill takes effect on July 1, 2023.

7. Section 72-2-124 is amended to read:


(1) There is created a capital projects fund entitled the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005.

(2) The fund consists of money generated from the following sources:

(a) any voluntary contributions received for the maintenance, construction,
reconstruction, or renovation of state and federal highways;

(b) appropriations made to the fund by the Legislature;

(c) registration fees designated under Section 41-1a-1201;

(d) the sales and use tax revenues deposited into the fund in accordance with Section 59-12-103; and

(e) revenues transferred to the fund in accordance with Section 72-2-106.

(3) (a) The fund shall earn interest.

(b) All interest earned on fund money shall be deposited into the fund.

(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), the executive director may only use fund money to pay:

(i) the costs of maintenance, construction, reconstruction, or renovation to state and federal highways prioritized by the Transportation Commission through the prioritization process for new transportation capacity projects adopted under Section 72-1-304;

(ii) the costs of maintenance, construction, reconstruction, or renovation to the highway projects described in Subsections 63B-18-401(2), (3), and (4);

(iii) principal, interest, and issuance costs of bonds authorized by Section 63B-18-401 minus the costs paid from the County of the First Class Highway Projects Fund in accordance with Subsection 72-2-121(4)(e);

(iv) for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2013, to transfer to the 2010 Salt Lake County Revenue Bond Sinking Fund created by Section 72-2-121.3 the amount certified by Salt Lake County in accordance with Subsection 72-2-121.3(4)(c) as necessary to pay the debt service on $30,000,000 of the revenue bonds issued by Salt Lake County;

(v) principal, interest, and issuance costs of bonds authorized by Section 63B-16-101 for projects prioritized in accordance with Section 72-2-125;

(vi) all highway general obligation bonds that are intended to be paid from revenues in the Centennial Highway Fund created by Section 72-2-118;

(vii) for fiscal year 2015-16 only, to transfer $25,000,000 to the County of the First Class Highway Projects Fund created in Section 72-2-121 to be used for the purposes described in Section 72-2-121;

(viii) if a political subdivision provides a contribution equal to or greater than 40% of the costs needed for construction, reconstruction, or renovation of paved pedestrian or paved
nonmotorized transportation for projects that:

(A) mitigate traffic congestion on the state highway system;
(B) are part of an active transportation plan approved by the department; and
(C) are prioritized by the commission through the prioritization process for new
transportation capacity projects adopted under Section 72-1-304;

(ix) $705,000,000 for the costs of right-of-way acquisition, construction, reconstruction, or renovation of or improvement to the following projects:

(A) the connector road between Main Street and 1600 North in the city of Vineyard;
(B) Geneva Road from University Parkway to 1800 South;
(C) the SR-97 interchange at 5600 South on I-15;
(D) two lanes on U-111 from Herriman Parkway to 11800 South;
(E) widening I-15 between mileposts 10 and 13 and the interchange at milepost 11;
(F) improvements to 1600 North in Orem from 1200 West to State Street;
(G) widening I-15 between mileposts 6 and 8;
(H) widening 1600 South from Main Street in the city of Spanish Fork to SR-51;
(I) widening US 6 from Sheep Creek to Mill Fork between mileposts 195 and 197 in Spanish Fork Canyon;
(J) I-15 northbound between mileposts 43 and 56;
(K) a passing lane on SR-132 between mileposts 41.1 and 43.7 between mileposts 43 and 45.1;
(L) east Zion SR-9 improvements;
(M) Toquerville Parkway;
(N) an environmental study on Foothill Boulevard in the city of Saratoga Springs;
(O) using funds allocated in this Subsection (4)(a)(ix), and other sources of funds, for
construction of an interchange on Bangerter Highway at 13400 South; and
(P) an environmental impact study for Kimball Junction in Summit County; and
(x) $28,000,000 as pass-through funds, to be distributed as necessary to pay project costs based upon a statement of cash flow that the local jurisdiction where the project is located provides to the department demonstrating the need for money for the project, for the following projects in the following amounts:

(A) $5,000,000 for Payson Main Street repair and replacement;
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(B) $8,000,000 for a Bluffdale 14600 South railroad bypass;
(C) $5,000,000 for improvements to 4700 South in Taylorsville; and
(D) $10,000,000 for improvements to the west side frontage roads adjacent to U.S. 40 between mile markers 7 and 10.

(b) The executive director may use fund money to exchange for an equal or greater amount of federal transportation funds to be used as provided in Subsection (4)(a).

(5) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), if the department receives a notice of ineligibility for a municipality as described in Subsection 10-9a-408(7), the executive director may not program fund money to a project prioritized by the commission under Section 72-1-304, including fund money from the Transit Transportation Investment Fund, within the boundaries of the municipality during the fiscal year specified in the notice.

(b) Within the boundaries of a municipality described in Subsection (5)(a), the executive director:

(i) may program fund money in accordance with Subsection (4)(a) for a limited-access facility or interchange connecting limited-access facilities;
(ii) may not program fund money for the construction, reconstruction, or renovation of an interchange on a limited-access facility;
(iii) may program Transit Transportation Investment Fund money for a multi-community fixed guideway public transportation project; and
(iv) may not program Transit Transportation Investment Fund money for the construction, reconstruction, or renovation of a station that is part of a fixed guideway public transportation project.

(c) Subsections (5)(a) and (b) do not apply to a project programmed by the executive director before July 1, 2022, for projects prioritized by the commission under Section 72-1-304.

(6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), if the department receives a notice of ineligibility for a county as described in Subsection 17-27a-408(7), the executive director may not program fund money to a project prioritized by the commission under Section 72-1-304, including fund money from the Transit Transportation Investment Fund, within the boundaries of the unincorporated area of the county during the fiscal year specified in the notice.

(b) Within the boundaries of the unincorporated area of a county described in
Subsection (6)(a), the executive director:

(i) may program fund money in accordance with Subsection (4)(a) for a limited-access facility to a project prioritized by the commission under Section 72-1-304;

(ii) may not program fund money for the construction, reconstruction, or renovation of an interchange on a limited-access facility;

(iii) may program Transit Transportation Investment Fund money for a multi-community fixed guideway public transportation project; and

(iv) may not program Transit Transportation Investment Fund money for the construction, reconstruction, or renovation of a station that is part of a fixed guideway public transportation project.

(c) Subsections (6)(a) and (b) do not apply to a project programmed by the executive director before July 1, 2022, for projects prioritized by the commission under Section 72-1-304.

(7) (a) Before bonds authorized by Section 63B-18-401 or 63B-27-101 may be issued in any fiscal year, the department and the commission shall appear before the Executive Appropriations Committee of the Legislature and present the amount of bond proceeds that the department needs to provide funding for the projects identified in Subsections 63B-18-401(2), (3), and (4) or Subsection 63B-27-101(2) for the current or next fiscal year.

(b) The Executive Appropriations Committee of the Legislature shall review and comment on the amount of bond proceeds needed to fund the projects.

(8) The Division of Finance shall, from money deposited into the fund, transfer the amount of funds necessary to pay principal, interest, and issuance costs of bonds authorized by Section 63B-18-401 or 63B-27-101 in the current fiscal year to the appropriate debt service or sinking fund.

(9) (a) There is created in the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 the Transit Transportation Investment Fund.

(b) The fund shall be funded by:

(i) contributions deposited into the fund in accordance with Section 59-12-103;

(ii) appropriations into the account by the Legislature;

(iii) deposits of sales and use tax increment related to a housing and transit reinvestment zone as described in Section 63N-3-610:
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(iv) transfers of local option sales and use tax revenue as described in Subsection 59-12-2220(11)(b) or (c):

[(iv) (v) private contributions; and

[(v) (vi) donations or grants from public or private entities.

(c) (i) The fund shall earn interest.

(ii) All interest earned on fund money shall be deposited into the fund.

(d) Subject to Subsection (9)(e), the Legislature may appropriate money from the fund:

(i) for public transit capital development of new capacity projects and fixed guideway capital development projects to be used as prioritized by the commission through the prioritization process adopted under Section 72-1-304:

(ii) for development of the oversight plan described in Section 72-1-202(5); or

(iii) to the department for oversight of a fixed guideway capital development project for which the department has responsibility.

(e) (i) Subject to Subsections (9)(g) and (h), the Legislature may only appropriate money from the fund for a public transit capital development project or pedestrian or nonmotorized transportation project that provides connection to the public transit system if the public transit district or political subdivision provides funds of equal to or greater than 40% of the costs needed for the project.

(ii) A public transit district or political subdivision may use money derived from a loan granted pursuant to Title 72, Chapter 2, Part 2, State Infrastructure Bank Fund, to provide all or part of the 40% requirement described in Subsection (9)(e)(i) if:

(A) the loan is approved by the commission as required in Title 72, Chapter 2, Part 2, State Infrastructure Bank Fund; and

(B) the proposed capital project has been prioritized by the commission pursuant to Section 72-1-303.

(f) Before July 1, 2022, the department and a large public transit district shall enter into an agreement for a large public transit district to pay the department $5,000,000 per year for 15 years to be used to facilitate the purchase of zero emissions or low emissions rail engines and trainsets for regional public transit rail systems.

(g) For any revenue transferred into the fund pursuant to Subsection 59-12-2220(11)(b):
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(i) the commission may prioritize money from the fund for public transit projects, operations, or maintenance within the county of the first class; and

(ii) Subsection (9)(e) does not apply.

(h) For any revenue transferred into the fund pursuant to Subsection 59-12-2220(11)(c):

(i) the commission may prioritize public transit projects, operations, or maintenance in the county from which the revenue was generated; and

(ii) Subsection (9)(e) does not apply.

(10)(a) There is created in the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 the Cottonwood Canyons Transportation Investment Fund.

(b) The fund shall be funded by:

(i) money deposited into the fund in accordance with Section 59-12-103;

(ii) appropriations into the account by the Legislature;

(iii) private contributions; and

(iv) donations or grants from public or private entities.

(c) (i) The fund shall earn interest.

(ii) All interest earned on fund money shall be deposited into the fund.

(d) The Legislature may appropriate money from the fund for public transit or transportation projects in the Cottonwood Canyons of Salt Lake County.