{deleted text} shows text that was in SB0260 but was deleted in SB0260S03.

inserted text shows text that was not in SB0260 but was inserted into SB0260S03.

DISCLAIMER: This document is provided to assist you in your comparison of the two bills. Sometimes this automated comparison will NOT be completely accurate. Therefore, you need to read the actual bills. This automatically generated document could contain inaccuracies caused by: limitations of the compare program; bad input data; or other causes.

Representative James A. Dunnigan proposes the following substitute bill:

TRANSPORTATION FUNDING REQUIREMENTS

2023 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Kirk A. Cullimore

LONG TITLE

General Description:

This bill amends provisions related to allowed uses for a certain local option sales and use tax for transportation.

Highlighted Provisions:

This bill:

- <u>defines terms;</u>
- <u>amends the rate authorized for imposition of certain local option sales and use</u>
 <u>taxes;</u>
- <u>amends provisions related to changing the allocation of certain local option sales</u>
 <u>and use taxes that have already been imposed;</u>
- amends provisions related to the allowed uses for a certain local option sales and use {tax within a county of the first class}taxes;

- ▶ allows {a }certain {portion of a}<u>local option sales taxes already imposed to remain;</u>
- extends the deadline for a county to impose the local option sales and use tax within a county of the first class to be used to provide support and services for certain individuals with behavioral or mental health conditions;
- allows a certain portion of a local option sales and use tax within a county of the first class to be used to fund or provide loans for public transit projects in a county of the first class}; and
- makes technical changes.

Money Appropriated in this Bill:

None

Other Special Clauses:

{ None} This bill provides a special effective date.

Utah Code Sections Affected:

AMENDS:

59-12-2202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 479

59-12-2216, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 479

59-12-2219, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 479

59-12-2220, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 259

72-2-121, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 259

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

Section 1. Section **59-12-2202** is amended to read:

59-12-2202. Definitions.

As used in this part:

- (1) "Airline" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-2-102.
- (2) "Airport facility" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-12-602.
- (3) "Airport of regional significance" means an airport identified by the Federal Aviation Administration in the most current National Plan of Integrated Airport Systems or an update to the National Plan of Integrated Airport Systems.
 - (4) "Annexation" means an annexation to:
 - (a) a county under Title 17, Chapter 2, County Consolidations and Annexations; or

- (b) a city or town under Title 10, Chapter 2, Part 4, Annexation.
- (5) "Annexing area" means an area that is annexed into a county, city, or town.
- (6) "Class A road" means the same as that term is described in Section 72-3-102.
- (7) "Class B road" means the same as that term is described in Section 72-3-103.
- (8) "Class C road" means the same as that term is described in Section 72-3-104.
- (9) "Class D road" means the same as that term is described in Section 72-3-105.
- (10) "Council of governments" means the same as that term is defined in Section 72-2-117.5.
 - (11) "Eligible political subdivision" means a political subdivision that:
 - (a) provides public transit services;
 - (b) is not a public transit district; and
 - (c) is not annexed into a public transit district.
- [(11)] (12) "Fixed guideway" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-12-102.
- [(12)] (13) "Large public transit district" means the same as that term is defined in Section 17B-2a-802.
- [(13)] (14) "Major collector highway" means the same as that term is defined in Section 72-4-102.5.
- [(14)] (15) "Metropolitan planning organization" means the same as that term is defined in Section 72-1-208.5.
- [(15)] (16) "Minor arterial highway" means the same as that term is defined in Section 72-4-102.5.
- [(16)] (17) "Minor collector road" means the same as that term is defined in Section 72-4-102.5.
- [(17)] (18) "Principal arterial highway" means the same as that term is defined in Section 72-4-102.5.
 - (19) "Public transit" means the same as that term is defined in Section 17B-2a-802.
- (20) "Public transit district" means the same as that term is defined in Section 17B-2a-802.
- (21) "Public transit provider" means a public transit district or an eligible political subdivision.

(22) "Public transit service" means a service provided as part of public transit.

[(18)] (23) "Regionally significant transportation facility" means:

- (a) in a county of the first or second class:
- (i) a principal arterial highway;
- (ii) a minor arterial highway;
- (iii) a fixed guideway that:
- (A) extends across two or more cities or unincorporated areas; or
- (B) is an extension to an existing fixed guideway; or
- (iv) an airport of regional significance; or
- (b) in a county of the second class that is not part of a large public transit district, or in a county of the third, fourth, fifth, or sixth class:
 - (i) a principal arterial highway;
 - (ii) a minor arterial highway;
 - (iii) a major collector highway;
 - (iv) a minor collector road; or
 - (v) an airport of regional significance.

[(19)] (24) "State highway" means a highway designated as a state highway under Title 72, Chapter 4, Designation of State Highways Act.

[(20)](25) (a) Subject to Subsection [(20)(b)](25)(b), "system for public transit" means the same as the term "public transit" is defined in Section 17B-2a-802.

- (b) "System for public transit" includes:
- (i) the following costs related to public transit:
- (A) maintenance costs; or
- (B) operating costs;
- (ii) a fixed guideway;
- (iii) a park and ride facility;
- (iv) a passenger station or passenger terminal;
- (v) a right-of-way for public transit; or
- (vi) the following that serve a public transit facility:
- (A) a maintenance facility;
- (B) a platform;

- (C) a repair facility;
- (D) a roadway;
- (E) a storage facility;
- (F) a utility line; or
- (G) a facility or item similar to those described in Subsections [(20)(b)(vi)(A)] (25)(b)(vi)(A) through (F).

Section 2. Section **59-12-2216** is amended to read:

59-12-2216. County option sales and use tax for a fixed guideway, to fund a system for public transit, or for highways -- Base -- Rate -- Allocation and expenditure of revenues.

- (1) Subject to the other provisions of this part, a county legislative body may impose a sales and use tax of up to .30% on the transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1) within the county, including the cities and towns within the county.
- (2) Subject to Subsection (3), before obtaining voter approval in accordance with Section 59-12-2208, a county legislative body shall adopt a resolution specifying the percentage of revenues the county will receive from the sales and use tax under this section that will be allocated to fund uses described in Section 59-12-2212.2.
- (3) A county legislative body shall in the resolution described in Subsection (2) allocate 100% of the revenues the county will receive from the sales and use tax under this section for one or more of the purposes described in Section 59-12-2212.2.
- (4) Notwithstanding Section 59-12-2208, the opinion question required by Section 59-12-2208 shall state the allocations the county legislative body makes in accordance with this section.
 - (5) The revenues collected from a sales and use tax under this section shall be:
- (a) allocated in accordance with the allocations specified in the resolution under Subsection (2); and
 - (b) expended as provided in this section.
- (6) If a county legislative body allocates revenues collected from a sales and use tax under this section for a state highway project, before beginning the state highway project within the county, the county legislative body shall:
 - (a) obtain approval from the Transportation Commission to complete the project; and

- (b) enter into an interlocal agreement established in accordance with Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act, with the Department of Transportation to complete the project.
- (7) If after a county legislative body imposes a sales and use tax under this section the county legislative body seeks to change an allocation specified in the resolution under Subsection (2), the county legislative body may change the allocation by:
- (a) adopting a resolution in accordance with Subsection (2) specifying the percentage of revenues the county will receive from the sales and use tax under this section that will be allocated to fund one or more of the items described in Section 59-12-2212.2; and
- (b) obtaining approval to change the allocation of the sales and use tax by a majority of all of the members of the county legislative body[; and].
 - [(c) subject to Subsection (8):]
- [(i) in accordance with Section 59-12-2208, submitting an opinion question to the county's registered voters voting on changing the allocation so that each registered voter has the opportunity to express the registered voter's opinion on whether the allocation should be changed; and]
- [(ii) in accordance with Section 59-12-2208, obtaining approval to change the allocation from a majority of the county's registered voters voting on changing the allocation.]
- [(8) Notwithstanding Section 59-12-2208, the opinion question required by Subsection (7)(c)(i) shall state the allocations specified in the resolution adopted in accordance with Subsection (7)(a) and approved by the county legislative body in accordance with Subsection (7)(b).]
- [(9)] (8) Revenues collected from a sales and use tax under this section that a county allocates for a state highway within the county shall be:
- (a) deposited into the Highway Projects Within Counties Fund created by Section 72-2-121.1; and
 - (b) expended as provided in Section 72-2-121.1.
- [(10)] (9) (a) Notwithstanding Section 59-12-2206 and subject to Subsection [(10)(b),] (9)(b), revenues collected from a sales and use tax under this section that a county allocates for a project, debt service, or bond issuance cost relating to a highway that is a principal arterial highway or minor arterial highway that is included in a metropolitan planning organization's regional transportation plan, but is not a state highway, shall be transferred to the Department

of Transportation if the transfer of the revenues is required under an interlocal agreement:

- (i) entered into on or before January 1, 2010; and
- (ii) established in accordance with Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act.
- (b) The Department of Transportation shall expend the revenues described in Subsection [(10)(a)] (9)(a) as provided in the interlocal agreement described in Subsection [(10)(a).] (9)(a).

Section 3. Section **59-12-2219** is amended to read:

59-12-2219. County option sales and use tax for highways and public transit -- Base -- Rate -- Distribution and expenditure of revenue -- Revenue may not supplant existing budgeted transportation revenue.

- (1) As used in this section:
- [(a) "Eligible political subdivision" means a political subdivision that:]
- [(i) (A) on May 12, 2015, provides public transit services; or]
- [(B) after May 12, 2015, provides written notice to the commission in accordance with Subsection (9)(b) that it intends to provide public transit service within a county;]
 - [(ii) is not a public transit district; and]
 - [(iii) is not annexed into a public transit district.]
- [(b) "Public transit district" means a public transit district organized under Title 17B, Chapter 2a, Part 8, Public Transit District Act.]
- [(2)] (1) Subject to the other provisions of this part, and subject to Subsection [(14)] (13), a county legislative body may impose a sales and use tax of .25% on the transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1) within the county, including the cities and towns within the county.
- [(3)](2) Subject to Subsection [(10)](9), the commission shall distribute sales and use tax revenue collected under this section as provided in Subsections [(4) through (9)](3) through (8).
- [(4)] (3) If the entire boundary of a county that imposes a sales and use tax under this section is annexed into a single public transit district, the commission shall distribute the sales and use tax revenue collected within the county as follows:
- (a) .10% shall be transferred to the public transit district in accordance with Section 59-12-2206;

- (b) .10% shall be distributed as provided in Subsection [(7)] (6); and
- (c) .05% shall be distributed to the county legislative body.
- [(5)] (4) If the entire boundary of a county that imposes a sales and use tax under this section is not annexed into a single public transit district, but a city or town within the county is annexed into a single large public transit district, the commission shall distribute the sales and use tax revenue collected within the county as follows:
- (a) for a city or town within the county that is annexed into a single public transit district, the commission shall distribute the sales and use tax revenue collected within that city or town as follows:
- (i) .10% shall be transferred to the public transit district in accordance with Section 59-12-2206;
 - (ii) .10% shall be distributed as provided in Subsection [(7)] (6); and
 - (iii) .05% shall be distributed to the county legislative body;
- (b) for an eligible political subdivision within the county, the commission shall distribute the sales and use tax revenue collected within that eligible political subdivision as follows:
- (i) .10% shall be transferred to the eligible political subdivision in accordance with Section 59-12-2206;
 - (ii) .10% shall be distributed as provided in Subsection [(7)] (6); and
 - (iii) .05% shall be distributed to the county legislative body; and
- (c) the commission shall distribute the sales and use tax revenue, except for the sales and use tax revenue described in Subsections [(5)(a)](4)(a) and (b), as follows:
 - (i) .10% shall be distributed as provided in Subsection [(7)] (6); and
 - (ii) .15% shall be distributed to the county legislative body.
- [(6)] (5) For a county not described in Subsection [(4) or (5)] (3) or (4), if a county of the second, third, fourth, fifth, or sixth class imposes a sales and use tax under this section, the commission shall distribute the sales and use tax revenue collected within the county as follows:
- (a) for a city or town within the county that is annexed into a single public transit district, the commission shall distribute the sales and use tax revenue collected within that city or town as follows:

- (i) .10% shall be distributed as provided in Subsection [(7)] (6);
- (ii) .10% shall be distributed as provided in Subsection [(8)] (7); and
- (iii) .05% shall be distributed to the county legislative body;
- (b) for an eligible political subdivision within the county, the commission shall distribute the sales and use tax revenue collected within that eligible political subdivision as follows:
 - (i) .10% shall be distributed as provided in Subsection [(7)] (6);
 - (ii) .10% shall be distributed as provided in Subsection [(8)] (7); and
 - (iii) .05% shall be distributed to the county legislative body; and
- (c) the commission shall distribute the sales and use tax revenue, except for the sales and use tax revenue described in Subsections [(6)(a)](5)(a) and (b), as follows:
 - (i) .10% shall be distributed as provided in Subsection [(7)] (6); and
 - (ii) .15% shall be distributed to the county legislative body.
- [(7)] (a) Subject to Subsection [(7)(b)] (6)(b), the commission shall make the distributions required by Subsections [(4)(b), (5)(a)(ii), (5)(b)(ii), (5)(c)(i), (6)(a)(i), (6)(b)(i), (6)(c)(i), and <math>(8)(d)(ii)(A) (3)(b), (4)(a)(ii), (4)(b)(ii), (4)(c)(i), (5)(a)(i), (5)(b)(i), (5)(c)(i), and (7)(d)(ii)(A) as follows:
- (i) 50% of the total revenue collected under Subsections [(4)(b), (5)(a)(ii), (5)(b)(ii), (5)(c)(i), (6)(a)(i), (6)(b)(i), (6)(c)(i), and (8)(d)(ii)(A)] (3)(b), (4)(a)(ii), (4)(b)(ii), (4)(c)(i), (5)(a)(i), (5)(b)(i), (5)(c)(i), and (7)(d)(ii)(A) within the counties and cities that impose a tax under this section shall be distributed to the unincorporated areas, cities, and towns within those counties and cities on the basis of the percentage that the population of each unincorporated area, city, or town bears to the total population of all of the counties and cities that impose a tax under this section; and
- (ii) 50% of the total revenue collected under Subsections [(4)(b), (5)(a)(ii), (5)(b)(ii), (5)(c)(i), (6)(a)(i), (6)(b)(i), (6)(c)(i), and (8)(d)(ii)(A)] (3)(b), (4)(a)(ii), (4)(b)(ii), (4)(c)(i), (5)(a)(i), (5)(b)(i), (5)(c)(i), and (7)(d)(ii)(A) within the counties and cities that impose a tax under this section shall be distributed to the unincorporated areas, cities, and towns within those counties and cities on the basis of the location of the transaction as determined under Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215.
 - (b) (i) Population for purposes of this Subsection [(7)] (6) shall be determined on the

basis of the most recent official census or census estimate of the United States Bureau of the Census.

- (ii) If a needed population estimate is not available from the United States Bureau of the Census, population figures shall be derived from an estimate from the Utah Population Committee.
- [(8)] (a) (i) Subject to the requirements in Subsections [(8)(b)] (7)(b) and (c), a county legislative body:
- (A) for a county that obtained approval from a majority of the county's registered voters voting on the imposition of a sales and use tax under this section prior to May 10, 2016, may, in consultation with any cities, towns, or eligible political subdivisions within the county, and in compliance with the requirements for changing an allocation under Subsection [(8)(e)] (7)(e), allocate the revenue under Subsection [(6)(a)(ii) or (6)(b)(ii)] (5)(a)(ii) or (5)(b)(ii) by adopting a resolution specifying the percentage of revenue under Subsection [(6)(a)(ii) or (5)(b)(ii)] that will be allocated to a public transit district or an eligible political subdivision; or
- (B) for a county that imposes a sales and use tax under this section on or after May 10, 2016, shall, in consultation with any cities, towns, or eligible political subdivisions within the county, allocate the revenue under Subsection [(6)(a)(ii) or (6)(b)(ii)] (5)(a)(ii) or (5)(b)(ii) by adopting a resolution specifying the percentage of revenue under Subsection [(6)(a)(ii) or (5)(b)(ii)] (5)(a)(ii) or (5)(b)(ii) that will be allocated to a public transit district or an eligible political subdivision.
- (ii) If a county described in Subsection [(8)(a)(i)(A)] (7)(a)(i)(A) does not allocate the revenue under Subsection [(6)(a)(ii) or (6)(b)(ii)] (5)(a)(ii) or (5)(b)(ii) in accordance with Subsection [(8)(a)(i)(A)] (7)(a)(i)(A), the commission shall distribute 100% of the revenue under Subsection [(6)(a)(ii) or (6)(b)(ii)] (5)(a)(ii) or (5)(b)(ii) to:
- (A) a public transit district for a city or town within the county that is annexed into a single public transit district; or
 - (B) an eligible political subdivision within the county.
- (b) If a county legislative body allocates the revenue as described in Subsection [(8)(a)(i)](7)(a)(i), the county legislative body shall allocate not less than 25% of the revenue under Subsection [(6)(a)(ii) or (6)(b)(ii)](5)(a)(ii) or (5)(b)(ii) to:

- (i) a public transit district for a city or town within the county that is annexed into a single public transit district; or
 - (ii) an eligible political subdivision within the county.
- (c) Notwithstanding Section 59-12-2208, the opinion question described in Section 59-12-2208 shall state the allocations the county legislative body makes in accordance with this Subsection [(8)] (7).
- (d) The commission shall make the distributions required by Subsection $\underline{[(6)(a)(ii) \text{ or } (6)(b)(ii)]}$ (5)(a)(ii) or (5)(b)(ii) as follows:
- (i) the percentage specified by a county legislative body shall be distributed in accordance with a resolution adopted by a county legislative body under Subsection [(8)(a)] (7)(a) to an eligible political subdivision or a public transit district within the county; and
- (ii) except as provided in Subsection [(8)(a)(ii)](7)(a)(ii), if a county legislative body allocates less than 100% of the revenue under Subsection [(6)(a)(ii)](b)(ii)](b)(a)(ii) or (6)(b)(ii)](b)(ii) to a public transit district or an eligible political subdivision, the remainder of the revenue under Subsection [(6)(a)(ii)](b)(ii)](b)(a)(ii) or (6)(b)(ii)](b)(a)(ii) not allocated by a county legislative body through a resolution under Subsection [(8)(a)](7)(a) shall be distributed as follows:
 - (A) 50% of the revenue as provided in Subsection [(7)] (6); and
 - (B) 50% of the revenue to the county legislative body.
- (e) If a county legislative body seeks to change an allocation specified in a resolution under Subsection [(8)(a)] (7)(a), the county legislative body may change the allocation by:
- (i) adopting a resolution in accordance with Subsection [(8)(a)] (7)(a) specifying the percentage of revenue under Subsection [(6)(a)(ii) or (6)(b)(ii)] (5)(a)(ii) or (5)(b)(ii) that will be allocated to a public transit district or an eligible political subdivision;
- (ii) obtaining approval to change the allocation of the sales and use tax by a majority of all the members of the county legislative body; and
 - (iii) subject to Subsection [(8)(f)](7)(f):
- (A) in accordance with Section 59-12-2208, submitting an opinion question to the county's registered voters voting on changing the allocation so that each registered voter has the opportunity to express the registered voter's opinion on whether the allocation should be changed; and

- (B) in accordance with Section 59-12-2208, obtaining approval to change the allocation from a majority of the county's registered voters voting on changing the allocation.
- (f) Notwithstanding Section 59-12-2208, the opinion question required by Subsection [(8)(e)(iii)(A)] (7)(e)(iii)(A) shall state the allocations specified in the resolution adopted in accordance with Subsection [(8)(e)] (7)(e) and approved by the county legislative body in accordance with Subsection [(8)(e)(ii)] (7)(e)(ii).
- (g) (i) If a county makes an allocation by adopting a resolution under Subsection [(8)(a)] (7)(a) or changes an allocation by adopting a resolution under Subsection [(8)(e)] (7)(e), the allocation shall take effect on the first distribution the commission makes under this section after a 90-day period that begins on the date the commission receives written notice meeting the requirements of Subsection [(8)(g)(ii)] (7)(g)(ii) from the county.
 - (ii) The notice described in Subsection [(8)(g)(i)] (7)(g)(i) shall state:
- (A) that the county will make or change the percentage of an allocation under Subsection [(8)(a)] (7)(a) or (e); and
- (B) the percentage of revenue under Subsection [(6)(a)(ii) or (6)(b)(ii)] (5)(a)(ii) or (5)(b)(ii) that will be allocated to a public transit district or an eligible political subdivision.
- [(9)] (8) (a) If a public transit district is organized after the date a county legislative body first imposes a tax under this section, a change in a distribution required by this section may not take effect until the first distribution the commission makes under this section after a 90-day period that begins on the date the commission receives written notice from the public transit district of the organization of the public transit district.
- (b) If an eligible political subdivision intends to provide public transit service within a county after the date a county legislative body first imposes a tax under this section, a change in a distribution required by this section may not take effect until the first distribution the commission makes under this section after a 90-day period that begins on the date the commission receives written notice from the eligible political subdivision stating that the eligible political subdivision intends to provide public transit service within the county.
- [(10)] (9) (a) (i) Notwithstanding Subsections [(4) through (9)] (3) through (8), for a county that has not imposed a sales and use tax under this section before May 8, 2018, and if the county imposes a sales and use tax under this section before June 30, 2019, the commission shall distribute all of the sales and use tax revenue collected by the county before June 30,

2019, to the county for the purposes described in Subsection [(10)(a)(ii)] (9)(a)(ii).

- (ii) For any revenue collected by a county pursuant to Subsection [(10)(a)(i)] (9)(a)(ii) before June 30, 2019, the county may expend that revenue for:
 - (A) reducing transportation related debt;
 - (B) a regionally significant transportation facility; or
 - (C) a public transit project of regional significance.
- (b) For a county that has not imposed a sales and use tax under this section before May 8, 2018, and if the county imposes a sales and use tax under this section before June 30, 2019, the commission shall distribute the sales and use tax revenue collected by the county on or after July 1, 2019, as described in Subsections [(4) through (9).] (3) through (8).
- (c) For a county that has not imposed a sales and use tax under this section before June 30, 2019, if the entire boundary of that county is annexed into a large public transit district, and if the county imposes a sales and use tax under this section on or after July 1, 2019, the commission shall distribute the sales and use tax revenue collected by the county as described in Subsections [(4) through (9).] (3) through (8).

[(11)] (10) A county, city, or town may expend revenue collected from a tax under this section, except for revenue the commission distributes in accordance with Subsection [(4)(a), (5)(a)(i), (5)(b)(i), or (8)(d)(i)] (3)(a), (4)(a)(i), (4)(b)(i), or (7)(d)(i), for a purpose described in Section 59-12-2212.2.

[(12)] (11) A public transit district or an eligible political subdivision may expend revenue the commission distributes in accordance with Subsection [(4)(a), (5)(a)(i), (5)(b)(i), or (8)(d)(i)] (3)(a), (4)(a)(i), (4)(b)(i), or (7)(d)(i) for capital expenses and service delivery expenses of the public transit district or eligible political subdivision.

[(13)] (12) Notwithstanding Section 59-12-2208, a county, city, or town legislative body may, but is not required to, submit an opinion question to the county's, city's, or town's registered voters in accordance with Section 59-12-2208 to impose a sales and use tax under this section.

[(14)] (13) (a) (i) Notwithstanding any other provision in this section, if the entire boundary of a county is annexed into a large public transit district, if the county legislative body wishes to impose a sales and use tax under this section, the county legislative body shall pass the ordinance to impose a sales and use tax under this section on or before June 30, 2022.

- (ii) If the entire boundary of a county is annexed into a large public transit district, the county legislative body may not pass an ordinance to impose a sales and use tax under this section on or after July 1, 2022.
- (b) Notwithstanding the deadline described in Subsection [(14)(a)] (13)(a), any sales and use tax imposed under this section by passage of a county ordinance on or before June 30, 2022, may remain in effect.
- [(15)] (14) (a) Beginning on July 1, 2020, and subject to Subsection [(16)] (15), if a county has not imposed a sales and use tax under this section, subject to the provisions of this part, the legislative body of a city or town described in Subsection [(15)(b)] (14)(b) may impose a .25% sales and use tax on the transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1) within the city or town.
- (b) The following cities or towns may impose a sales and use tax described in Subsection [(15)(a)](14)(a):
 - (i) a city or town that has been annexed into a public transit district; or
 - (ii) an eligible political subdivision.
- (c) If a city or town imposes a sales and use tax as provided in this section, the commission shall distribute the sales and use tax revenue collected by the city or town as follows:
- (i) .125% to the city or town that imposed the sales and use tax, to be distributed as provided in Subsection [(7)] (6); and
 - (ii) .125%, as applicable, to:
 - (A) the public transit district in which the city or town is annexed; or
 - (B) the eligible political subdivision for public transit services.
- (d) If a city or town imposes a sales and use tax under this section and the county subsequently imposes a sales and use tax under this section, the commission shall distribute the sales and use tax revenue collected within the city or town as described in Subsection [(15)(c)] (14)(c).
- [(16)] (15) (a) (i) Notwithstanding any other provision in this section, if a city or town legislative body wishes to impose a sales and use tax under this section, the city or town legislative body shall pass the ordinance to impose a sales and use tax under this section on or before June 30, 2022.

- (ii) A city or town legislative body may not pass an ordinance to impose a sales and use tax under this section on or after July 1, 2022.
- (b) Notwithstanding the deadline described in Subsection [(16)(a)] (15)(a), any sales and use tax imposed under this section by passage of an ordinance by a city or town legislative body on or before June 30, 2022, may remain in effect.

Section $\{1\}$ 4. Section **59-12-2220** is amended to read:

59-12-2220. County option sales and use tax to fund a system for public transit -- Base -- Rate.

- (1) Subject to the other provisions of this part and subject to the requirements of this section, [beginning on July 1, 2019,] the following counties may impose a sales and use tax under this section:
- (a) a county legislative body may impose the sales and use tax on the transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1) located within the county, including the cities and towns within the county if:
 - (i) the entire boundary of a county is annexed into a large public transit district; and
- (ii) the maximum amount of sales and use tax authorizations allowed pursuant to Section 59-12-2203 and authorized under the following sections has been imposed:
 - (A) Section 59-12-2213;
 - (B) Section 59-12-2214;
 - (C) Section 59-12-2215;
 - (D) Section 59-12-2216;
 - (E) Section 59-12-2217;
 - (F) Section 59-12-2218; and
 - (G) Section 59-12-2219;
- (b) if the county is not annexed into a large public transit district, the county legislative body may impose the sales and use tax on the transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1) located within the county, including the cities [and], towns, and metro townships within the county if:
 - (i) the county is an eligible political subdivision [as defined in Section 59-12-2219]; or
- (ii) a city [or], town, or metro township within the boundary of the county is an eligible political subdivision [as defined in Section 59-12-2219]; or

- (c) a county legislative body of a county not described in Subsection (1)(a) may impose the sales and use tax on the transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1) located within the county, including the cities [and], towns, and metro townships within the county[, if there is a public transit district within the boundary of the county].
- (2) (a) For purposes of Subsection (1) and subject to the other provisions of this section, <u>until December 31, 2023</u>, a county legislative body that imposes a sales and use tax under this section may impose the tax at a rate of .2%.
- ({3) [A] Except as provided in Subsection (4), a}b) For purposes of Subsection (1) and subject to the other provisions of this section, beginning on January 1, 2023, a county legislative body that imposes a sales and use tax under this section may impose the tax at a rate of .1%.
- [(3) A county imposing a sales and use tax under this section shall expend the revenues collected from the sales and use tax for capital expenses and service delivery expenses of:]
 - [(a) a public transit district;]
 - [(b) an eligible political subdivision, as that term is defined in Section 59-12-2219; or]
- [(c) another entity providing a service for public transit or a transit facility within the county as those terms are defined in Section 17B-2a-802.]
- (\{\daggerightarrow{4\) (a\}\(\delta\)}\) If a county \{\text{of the first class}\) legislative body imposes a sales and use tax \\
 \text{\text{under}\}\) as described in this section, the commission shall distribute the sales and use tax \\
 \text{revenue \{\collected within the county \}\}\) as follows:
- (\{\)i) .05% shall be transferred to the county and used in accordance with Subsection (4)(b); and
- (ii) .15% shall be transferred to the County of the First Class Highway Projects Fund created in Section 72-2-121.
- (b) The a) .05% to the county legislative body { of a county of the first class may use revenue transferred to the county}; and
 - (b) .05% to the city, town, or metro township legislative body.
- (4) For revenue generated by a sales and use tax imposed as described in {Subsection (4)(a)(i) to provide services to individuals with a mental or behavioral health condition, including:
 - (i) evaluation and diversion from incarceration to mental and behavioral health

treatment;

- (ii) assistance in transitioning from incarceration, including housing stability; and

 (iii) other related services}this section, the legislative body of the relevant county, city,
 town, or metro township may use the revenue for uses described in Section 59-12-2212.2.
- [(4)] (5) Notwithstanding Section 59-12-2208, a county legislative body may, but is not required to, submit an opinion question to the county's registered voters in accordance with Section 59-12-2208 to impose a sales and use tax under this section.
- (6) A county that imposed the local option sales and use tax described in this section before December 31, 2022, may maintain that county's distribution allocation in place as of December 31, 2022.
- [(5)] ((6)7) (a) Notwithstanding any other provision in this section, if a county wishes to impose a sales and use tax under this section, the county legislative body shall pass the ordinance to impose a sales and use tax under this section on or before June 30, [2023] 2024.
- (b) The county legislative body may not pass an ordinance to impose a sales and use tax under this section on or after July 1, 2023.
- (c) Notwithstanding the deadline described in Subsection $[(5)(a),] \{ \}((6), 7)(a),$ any sales and use tax imposed under this section on or before June 30, [2023] 2024, may remain in effect.
- [(6)] (178) (a) Revenue collected from a sales and use tax under this section may not be used to supplant existing General Fund appropriations that a county [has], city, town, or metro township budgeted for transportation or public transit as of the date the tax becomes effective for a county, city, or town.
- (b) The limitation under Subsection [(6)(a)] (17)8)(a) does not apply to a designated transportation or public transit capital or reserve account a county [may have established prior to], city, town, or metro township established before the date the tax becomes effective.

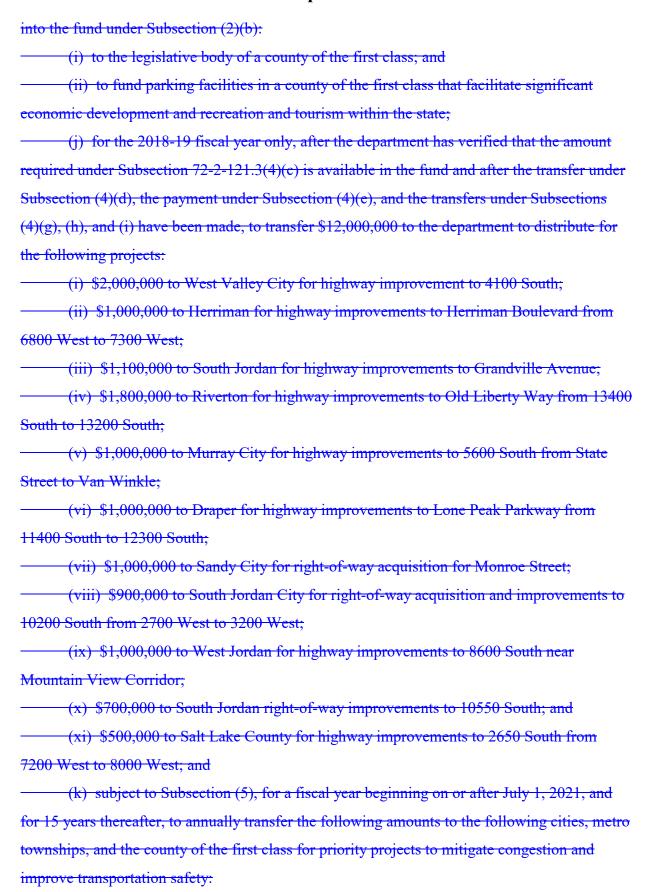
Section {2. Section 72-2-121 is amended to read:

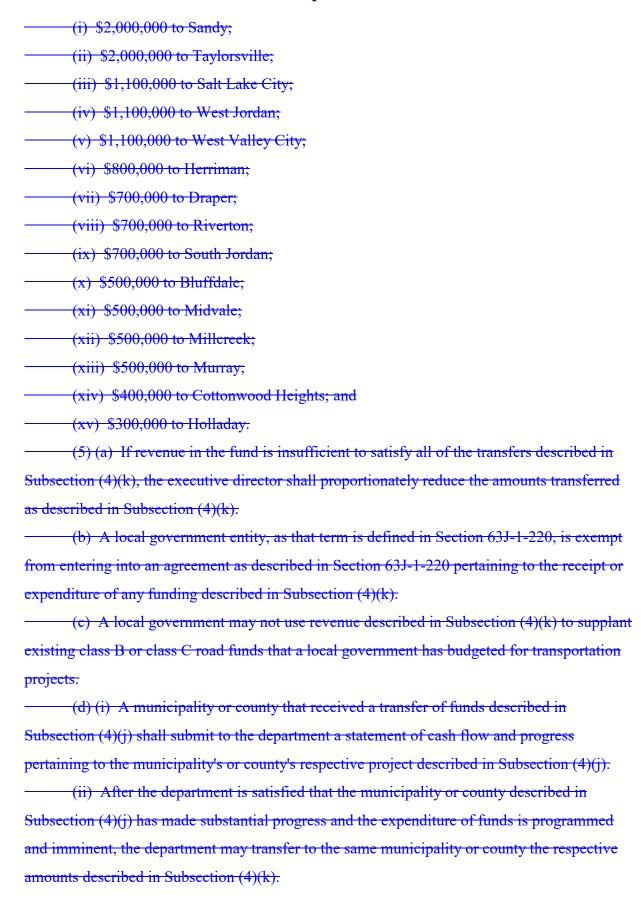
- 72-2-121. County of the First Class Highway Projects Fund.
- (1) There is created a special revenue fund within the Transportation Fund known as the "County of the First Class Highway Projects Fund."
 - (2) The fund consists of money generated from the following revenue sources:
 - (a) any voluntary contributions received for new construction, major renovations, and

improvements to highways within a county of the first class; (b) the portion of the sales and use tax described in Subsection 59-12-2214(3)(b) deposited into or transferred to the fund; (c) the portion of the sales and use tax described in Section 59-12-2217 deposited into or transferred to the fund; [and] (d) a portion of the local option highway construction and transportation corridor preservation fee imposed in a county of the first class under Section 41-1a-1222 deposited into or transferred to the fund[.]; and (e) the portion of the sales and use tax described in Subsection 59-12-2220(4)(a)(ii) transferred into the fund. (3) (a) The fund shall earn interest. (b) All interest earned on fund money shall be deposited into the fund. (4) [The] Subject to Subsection (9), the executive director shall use the fund money only: (a) to pay debt service and bond issuance costs for bonds issued under Sections 63B-16-102, 63B-18-402, and 63B-27-102; (b) for right-of-way acquisition, new construction, major renovations, and improvements to highways within a county of the first class and to pay any debt service and bond issuance costs related to those projects, including improvements to a highway located within a municipality in a county of the first class where the municipality is located within the boundaries of more than a single county; (c) for the construction, acquisition, use, maintenance, or operation of: (i) an active transportation facility for nonmotorized vehicles; (ii) multimodal transportation that connects an origin with a destination; or (iii) a facility that may include a: (A) pedestrian or nonmotorized vehicle trail; (B) nonmotorized vehicle storage facility; (C) pedestrian or vehicle bridge; or (D) vehicle parking lot or parking structure; (d) to transfer to the 2010 Salt Lake County Revenue Bond Sinking Fund created by Section 72-2-121.3 the amount required in Subsection 72-2-121.3(4)(c) minus the amounts

transferred in accordance with Subsection 72-2-124(4)(a)(iv);

- (e) for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2013, to pay debt service and bond issuance costs for \$30,000,000 of the bonds issued under Section 63B-18-401 for the projects described in Subsection 63B-18-401(4)(a); (f) for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2013, and after the department has verified that the amount required under Subsection 72-2-121.3(4)(c) is available in the fund, to transfer an amount equal to 50% of the revenue generated by the local option highway construction and transportation corridor preservation fee imposed under Section 41-1a-1222 in a county of the first class: (i) to the legislative body of a county of the first class; and (ii) to be used by a county of the first class for: (A) highway construction, reconstruction, or maintenance projects; or (B) the enforcement of state motor vehicle and traffic laws; (g) for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2015, after the department has verified that the amount required under Subsection 72-2-121.3(4)(c) is available in the fund and the transfer under Subsection (4)(e) has been made, to annually transfer an amount of the sales and use tax revenue imposed in a county of the first class and deposited into the fund in accordance with Subsection 59-12-2214(3)(b) equal to an amount needed to cover the debt to: (i) the appropriate debt service or sinking fund for the repayment of bonds issued under Section 63B-27-102; and (ii) the appropriate debt service or sinking fund for the repayment of bonds issued under Sections 63B-31-102 and 63B-31-103: (h) after the department has verified that the amount required under Subsection 72-2-121.3(4)(c) is available in the fund and after the transfer under Subsection (4)(d), the payment under Subsection (4)(e), and the transfer under Subsection (4)(g)(i) has been made, to annually transfer \$2,000,000 to a public transit district in a county of the first class to fund a system for public transit;
- (i) for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2018, after the department has verified that the amount required under Subsection 72-2-121.3(4)(c) is available in the fund and after the transfer under Subsection (4)(d), the payment under Subsection (4)(e), and the transfer under Subsection (4)(g)(i) has been made, to annually transfer 20% of the amount deposited





- (6) The revenues described in Subsections (2)(b), (c), and (d) that are deposited into the fund and bond proceeds from bonds issued under Sections 63B-16-102, 63B-18-402, and 63B-27-102 are considered a local matching contribution for the purposes described under Section 72-2-123.
- (7) The additional administrative costs of the department to administer this fund shall be paid from money in the fund.
- (8) [Notwithstanding] <u>Subject to Subsection (9), notwithstanding</u> any statutory or other restrictions on the use or expenditure of the revenue sources deposited into this fund, the <u>Department of Transportation may use the money in this fund for any of the purposes detailed in Subsection (4).</u>
- [(9) As resources allow, the department shall study in 2020 transportation connectivity in the southwest valley of Salt Lake County, including the feasibility of connecting major east-west corridors to U-111.]
- (9) Any revenue deposited into the fund as described in Subsection (2)(e) shall be used to provide funding or loans for public transit projects and supporting infrastructure in the county of the first class.

<u>}5. Effective date.</u>

This bill takes effect on July 1, 2023.