1	STATE SETTLEMENT AGREEMENTS REQUIREMENTS			
2	2023 GENERAL SESSION			
3	STATE OF UTAH			
4	Chief Sponsor: Don L. Ipson			
5	House Sponsor: Robert M. Spendlove			
6 7	LONG TITLE			
8	General Description:			
9	This bill modifies provisions related to approval of settlements.			
10	Highlighted Provisions:			
11	This bill:			
12	provides definitions;			
13	 requires notice of certain settlements be provided to the Legislative Management 			
14	Committee;			
15	 adjusts thresholds for executive and legislative approval of settlement agreements 			
16	involving the state or the state's subdivisions;			
17	 clarifies that final approval is contingent upon receipt of approvals of lower 			
18	threshold amounts;			
19	 requires the Legislature's general counsel to receive notice of and updates on 			
20	negotiation proceedings, and permits the general counsel to attend negotiations in			
21	some circumstances;			
22	 requires notice of certain settlements to be sent to the Legislative Management 			
23	Committee;			
24	revises language for clarity; and			
25	makes technical changes.			
26	Money Appropriated in this Bill:			
27	None			



28 **Other Special Clauses:** 29 None 30 **Utah Code Sections Affected:** 31 AMENDS: 32 **63G-10-102**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 365 33 63G-10-201, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382 34 63G-10-202, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382 35 63G-10-301, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382 36 63G-10-302, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382 37 63G-10-303, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382 38 63G-10-401, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382 39 63G-10-402, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 361 40 63G-10-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 348 41 63G-10-503, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 63 42 43 *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:* 44 Section 1. Section **63G-10-102** is amended to read: **63G-10-102.** Definitions. 45 46 As used in this chapter: 47 (1) (a) "Action settlement agreement" includes a stipulation, consent decree, settlement 48 agreement, or any other legally binding document or representation that resolves a threatened 49 or pending lawsuit between the state and another party by requiring the state to take legally 50 binding action. 51 (b) "Action settlement agreement" includes stipulations, consent decrees, settlement 52 agreements, and other legally binding documents or representations resolving a dispute 53 between the state and another party when the state is required to pay money and required to 54 take legally binding action. 55 (c) "Action settlement agreement" does not include: 56 (i) the internal process established by the Department of Transportation to resolve 57 construction contract claims; (ii) any resolution of an employment dispute or claim made by an employee of the state 58

of Utah against the state as employer;

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- (iii) adjudicative orders issued by the State Tax Commission, the Public Service Commission, the Labor Commission, or the Department of Workforce Services; or
- (iv) the settlement of disputes arising from audits, defaults, or breaches of permits, contracts of sale, easements, or leases by the School and Institutional Trust Lands Administration.
- (2) (a) "Agency" means each department, commission, board, council, agency, institution, officer, corporation, fund, division, office, committee, authority, laboratory, library, unit, bureau, panel, or other administrative unit of the state.
- (b) "Agency" includes the legislative branch, the judicial branch, the attorney general's office, the State Board of Education, the Utah Board of Higher Education, the institutional councils of each higher education institution, and each higher education institution.
- (3) (a) "Financial settlement agreement" includes a stipulation, consent decree, settlement agreement, and any other legally binding document or representation that resolves a dispute between the state and another party exclusively by requiring the payment of money from one party to the other.
 - (b) "Financial settlement agreement" does not include:
- (i) agreements made under the internal process established by the Department of Transportation to resolve construction contract claims;
- (ii) adjudicative orders issued by the State Tax Commission, Public Service Commission, Labor Commission, or the Department of Workforce Services;
- (iii) the settlement of disputes arising from audits, defaults, or breaches of permits, contracts of sale, easements, or leases by the School and Institutional Trust Lands Administration; or
- (iv) agreements made under the internal processes established by the Division of Facilities Construction and Management or by law to resolve construction contract claims made against the state by contractors or subcontractors.
 - (4) "Government entities" means the state and its political subdivisions.
- (5) "Settlement agreement report" means a report that:
- 88 (a) states the total amount of the settlement;
- (b) states the payer of the settlement;

90	(c) states the recipient of the payment;
91	(d) summarizes the circumstances related to the settlement; and
92	(e) contains a copy of the settlement agreement, unless the agreement is not permitted
93	to be disclosed due to a court order or other legal requirement.
94	Section 2. Section 63G-10-201 is amended to read:
95	63G-10-201. Governor to approve financial settlement agreements.
96	(1) Before legally binding the state by executing a financial settlement agreement that
97	might cost government entities more than [\$100,000] \$250,000 to implement, an agency shall
98	submit the proposed financial settlement agreement to the governor for the governor's approval
99	or rejection.
100	(2) The governor shall approve or reject each financial settlement agreement.
101	(3) (a) If the governor approves the financial settlement agreement, the agency may
102	execute the agreement.
103	(b) If the governor rejects the financial settlement agreement, the agency may not
104	execute the agreement.
105	(4) If an agency executes a financial settlement agreement without obtaining the
106	governor's approval under this section, the governor may issue an executive order declaring the
107	settlement agreement void.
108	(5) An agency executing an agreement under this section shall give notice of the
109	settlement to the Legislative Management Committee by sending a settlement agreement report
110	to the president of the Senate, the speaker of the House of Representatives, and the director of
111	the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel within three business days of executing
112	the agreement.
113	Section 3. Section 63G-10-202 is amended to read:
114	63G-10-202. Legislative review and approval of financial settlement agreements.
115	(1) (a) Before legally binding the state by executing a financial settlement agreement
116	that might cost government entities more than [\$\\$500,000] \\$1,000,000 to implement, an agency
117	shall:
118	(i) submit the proposed financial settlement agreement to the governor for the
119	governor's approval or rejection as required by Section 63G-10-201; and
120	(ii) if the governor approves the financial settlement agreement, submit the financial

121	settlement agreement to the Legislative Management Committee for its review and				
122	recommendations.				
123	(b) The Legislative Management Committee shall review the financial settlement				
124	agreement and may:				
125	(i) recommend that the agency execute the financial settlement agreement;				
126	(ii) recommend that the agency reject the financial settlement agreement; or				
127	(iii) recommend to the governor that the governor call a special session of the				
128	Legislature to review and approve or reject the financial settlement agreement.				
129	(2) (a) Before legally binding the state by executing a financial settlement agreement				
130	that might cost government entities more than [\$1,000,000] \$2,000,000 to implement, an				
131	agency shall:				
132	(i) upon initiation of negotiations that an agency reasonably believes to have the				
133	potential to lead to a settlement agreement:				
134	(A) notify the Legislature's general counsel that negotiations have commenced;				
135	(B) continue to keep the Legislature's general counsel informed of material				
136	developments in the negotiation process; and				
137	(C) permit the Legislature's general counsel to attend the negotiations;				
138	(ii) submit the proposed financial settlement agreement to the governor for the				
139	governor's approval or rejection as required by Section 63G-10-201; and				
140	[(iii)] (iii) if the governor approves the financial settlement agreement, submit the				
141	financial settlement agreement to the Legislature for its approval in an annual general session				
142	or a special session.				
143	(b) (i) If the Legislature approves the financial settlement agreement, the agency may				
144	execute the agreement.				
145	(ii) If the Legislature rejects the financial settlement agreement, the agency may not				
146	execute the agreement.				
147	(c) If an agency executes a financial settlement agreement without obtaining the				
148	Legislature's approval under this Subsection (2):				
149	(i) the governor may issue an executive order declaring the settlement agreement void;				
150	or				
151	(ii) the Legislature may pass a joint resolution declaring the settlement agreement void.				

152	Section 4. Section 63G-10-301 is amended to read:
153	63G-10-301. Cost evaluation of action settlement agreements.
154	(1) Before legally binding the state to an action settlement agreement that might cost
155	the state a total of $[\$100,000]$ $\$250,000$ or more to implement, an agency shall estimate the
156	cost of implementing the action settlement agreement and submit that cost estimate to the
157	governor and the Legislative Management Committee.
158	(2) The Legislative Management Committee may:
159	(a) direct its staff to make an independent cost estimate of the cost of implementing the
160	action settlement agreement; and
161	(b) affirmatively adopt a cost estimate as the benchmark for determining which
162	authorizations established by this part are necessary.
163	Section 5. Section 63G-10-302 is amended to read:
164	63G-10-302. Governor to approve action settlement agreements.
165	(1) Before legally binding the state by executing an action settlement agreement that
166	might cost government entities more than [\$100,000] \$250,000 to implement, an agency shall
167	submit the proposed settlement agreement to the governor for the governor's approval or
168	rejection.
169	(2) The governor shall approve or reject each action settlement agreement.
170	(3) (a) If the governor approves the action settlement agreement, the agency may
171	execute the agreement.
172	(b) If the governor rejects the action settlement agreement, the agency may not execute
173	the agreement.
174	(4) If an agency executes an action settlement agreement without obtaining the
175	governor's approval under this section, the governor may issue an executive order declaring the
176	settlement agreement void.
177	(5) An agency executing an agreement under this section shall give notice of the
178	settlement to the Legislative Management Committee by sending a settlement agreement report
179	to the president of the Senate, the speaker of the House of Representatives, and the director of
180	the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel within three business days of executing
181	the agreement.
182	Section 6. Section 63G-10-303 is amended to read:

183 63G-10-303. Legislative review and approval of action settlement agreements. 184 (1) (a) Before legally binding the state by executing an action settlement agreement that 185 might cost government entities more than [\$500,000] \$1,000,000 to implement, an agency 186 shall: 187 (i) submit the proposed action settlement agreement to the governor for the governor's 188 approval or rejection as required by Section 63G-10-302; and 189 (ii) if the governor approves the action settlement agreement, submit the action 190 settlement agreement to the Legislative Management Committee for its review and 191 recommendations. 192 (b) The Legislative Management Committee shall review the action settlement 193 agreement and may: 194 (i) recommend that the agency execute the settlement agreement; 195 (ii) recommend that the agency reject the settlement agreement; or 196 (iii) recommend to the governor that the governor call a special session of the 197 Legislature to review and approve or reject the settlement agreement. 198 (2) (a) Before legally binding the state by executing an action settlement agreement that 199 might cost government entities more than [\$1,000,000] \$2,000,000 to implement, an agency 200 shall: 201 (i) submit the proposed action settlement agreement to the governor for the governor's 202 approval or rejection as required by Section 63G-10-302; and 203 (ii) if the governor approves the action settlement agreement, submit the action 204 settlement agreement to the Legislature for its approval in an annual general session or a 205 special session. 206 (b) (i) If the Legislature approves the action settlement agreement, the agency may 207 execute the agreement. 208 (ii) If the Legislature rejects the action settlement agreement, the agency may not 209 execute the agreement. 210 (c) If an agency executes an action settlement agreement without obtaining the 211 Legislature's approval under this Subsection (2): 212 (i) the governor may issue an executive order declaring the action settlement agreement

void; or

214 (ii) the Legislature may pass a joint resolution declaring the action settlement 215 agreement void. 216 Section 7. Section **63G-10-401** is amended to read: 217 63G-10-401. Condemnation, inverse condemnation settlements involving the 218 **Department of Transportation.** 219 (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of this chapter, the Department of Transportation 220 need not obtain the approval of the governor or the Legislature for financial or action 221 settlement agreements that resolve condemnation or inverse condemnation cases. 222 (2) Financial settlement agreements involving condemnation or inverse condemnation 223 cases for \$1,000,000 to \$2,000,000 over the Department of Transportation's original appraisal 224 shall be presented to the Transportation Commission for approval or rejection. 225 (3) (a) Financial settlement agreements involving condemnation or inverse 226 condemnation cases for more than \$2,000,000 over the Department of Transportation's original 227 appraisal and all action settlement agreements that resolve condemnation or inverse 228 condemnation cases shall be presented: 229 (i) to the Transportation Commission for approval or rejection; and 230 (ii) if the financial or action settlement agreement is approved by the Transportation 231 Commission, to the Legislative Management Committee. 232 (b) The Legislative Management Committee may recommend approval or rejection of 233 the financial or action settlement agreement. 234 (4) (a) The Department of Transportation may not enter into a financial settlement 235 agreement that resolves a condemnation or inverse condemnation case and requires payment of 236 \$1,000,000 to \$2,000,000 over the Department of Transportation's original appraisal until the 237 Transportation Commission has approved the agreement. 238 (b) The Department of Transportation may not enter into a financial settlement 239 agreement that resolves a condemnation or inverse condemnation case and requires payment of 240 more than \$2,000,000 over the Department of Transportation's original appraisal or enter into 241 an action settlement agreement that resolves a condemnation or inverse condemnation case 242 until: 243 (i) the Transportation Commission has approved the agreement; and

(ii) the Legislative Management Committee has reviewed the agreement.

245	(5) The Department of Transportation shall, for each settlement agreement approved
246	under this section for an amount greater than \$1,000,000 but less than \$2,000,000, give notice
247	to the Legislative Management Committee by sending a settlement agreement report to the
248	president of the Senate, the speaker of the House of Representatives, and the director of the
249	Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel within three business days of executing the
250	agreement.
251	Section 8. Section 63G-10-402 is amended to read:
252	63G-10-402. Department of Transportation construction contract claim
253	settlement agreement approval and review.
254	(1) As used in this section:
255	(a) "Claims review board" means a committee established by the department to hear
256	unresolved claims and make recommendations for settlement to the deputy director of the
257	department.
258	(b) "Department" means the Department of Transportation created in Section 72-1-201.
259	(c) "Settlement agreement" includes stipulations, consent decrees, settlement
260	agreements, or other legally binding documents or representations resolving a dispute between
261	the department and another party when the department is required to pay money or required to
262	take legally binding action.
263	(2) The department shall obtain the approval of the Transportation Commission or the
264	governor or review by the Legislative Management Committee of a settlement agreement that
265	involves a construction contract claim in accordance with this section.
266	(3) A construction contract claim settlement agreement that is being recommended by
267	the department's claims review board that might cost government entities more than [\$100,000]
268	\$250,000 to implement shall be presented to the Transportation Commission for approval or
269	rejection.
270	(4) A construction contract claim settlement agreement that is being recommended by
271	the department's claims review board that might cost government entities more than [\$500,000]
272	\$1,000,000 to implement shall be presented:
273	(a) to the Transportation Commission for approval or rejection; and
274	(b) to the governor for approval or rejection.

(5) (a) A construction contract claim settlement agreement that is being recommended

276	by the department's claims review board that might cost government entities more than					
277	[\$1,000,000] \$2,000,000 to implement shall be presented:					
278	(i) to the Transportation Commission for approval or rejection;					
279	(ii) to the governor for approval or rejection; and					
280	(iii) if the construction contract claim settlement agreement is approved by the					
281	Transportation Commission and the governor, to the Legislative Management Committee.					
282	(b) The Legislative Management Committee may recommend approval or rejection of					
283	the construction contract claim settlement agreement.					
284	(6) (a) The department may not enter into a construction contract claim settlement					
285	agreement that is being recommended by the department's claims review board that might co					
286	government entities more than [\$100,000] \$250,000 to implement until the Transportation					
287	Commission has approved the agreement.					
288	(b) The department may not enter into a construction contract claim settlement					
289	agreement that is being recommended by the department's claims review board that might cost					
290	government entities more than [\$500,000] \$1,000,000 to implement until the Transportation					
291	Commission and the governor have approved the agreement.					
292	(c) The department may not enter into a construction contract claim settlement					
293	agreement that is being recommended by the department's claims review board that might cost					
294	government entities more than [\$1,000,000] \$2,000,000 to implement until:					
295	(i) the Transportation Commission has approved the agreement;					
296	(ii) the governor has approved the agreement; and					
297	(iii) the Legislative Management Committee has reviewed the agreement.					
298	(7) The department shall, for each settlement agreement approved under this section					
299	for an amount greater than \$250,000 but less than \$2,000,000, give notice to the Legislative					
300	Management Committee by sending a settlement agreement report to the president of the					
301	Senate, the speaker of the House of Representatives, and the director of the Office of					
302	Legislative Research and General Counsel within three business days of executing the					
303	agreement.					
304	Section 9. Section 63G-10-403 is amended to read:					
305	63G-10-403. Department of Transportation bid or request for proposals protest					
306	settlement agreement approval and review.					

307 (1) As used in this section:

- 308 (a) "Department" means the Department of Transportation created in Section 72-1-201.
 - (b) "Settlement agreement" includes stipulations, consent decrees, settlement agreements, or other legally binding documents or representations resolving a dispute between the department and another party when the department is required to pay money or required to take legally binding action.
 - (2) The department shall obtain the approval of the Transportation Commission or the governor or review by the Legislative Management Committee of a settlement agreement that involves a bid or request for proposal protest in accordance with this section.
 - (3) A settlement agreement that is being settled by the department as part of a bid or request for proposal protest, in accordance with Subsection 63G-6a-1602(8), that might cost government entities more than [\$100,000] \$250,000 to implement shall be presented to the Transportation Commission for approval or rejection.
 - (4) A settlement agreement that is being settled by the department as part of a bid or request for proposal protest, in accordance with Subsection 63G-6a-1602(8), that might cost government entities more than [\$500,000] \$1,000,000 to implement shall be presented:
 - (a) to the Transportation Commission for approval or rejection; and
 - (b) to the governor for approval or rejection.
 - (5) (a) A settlement agreement that is being settled by the department as part of a bid or request for proposal protest, in accordance with Subsection 63G-6a-1602(8), that might cost government entities more than [\$1,000,000] \$2,000,000 to implement shall be presented:
 - (i) to the Transportation Commission for approval or rejection;
 - (ii) to the governor for approval or rejection; and
 - (iii) if the settlement agreement is approved by the Transportation Commission and the governor, to the Legislative Management Committee.
 - (b) The Legislative Management Committee may recommend approval or rejection of the settlement agreement.
 - (6) (a) The department may not enter into a settlement agreement that resolves a bid or request for proposal protest, in accordance with Subsection 63G-6a-1602(8), that might cost government entities more than [\$100,000] \$250,000 to implement until the Transportation Commission has approved the agreement.

338	(b) The department may not enter into a settlement agreement that resolves a bid or				
339	request for proposal protest, in accordance with Subsection 63G-6a-1602(8), that might cost				
340	government entities more than [\$500,000] \$1,000,000 to implement until the Transportation				
341	Commission and the governor have approved the agreement.				
342	(c) The department may not enter into a settlement agreement that resolves a bid or				
343	request for proposal protest, in accordance with Subsection 63G-6a-1602(8), that might cost				
344	government entities more than [\$1,000,000] \$2,000,000 to implement until:				
345	(i) the Transportation Commission has approved the agreement;				
346	(ii) the governor has approved the agreement; and				
347	(iii) the Legislative Management Committee has reviewed the agreement.				
348	(7) The department shall, for each settlement agreement approved under this section				
349	for an amount greater than \$250,000 but less than \$2,000,000, give notice to the Legislative				
350	Management Committee by sending a settlement agreement report to the president of the				
351	Senate, the speaker of the House of Representatives, and the director of the Office of				
352	Legislative Research and General Counsel within three business days of executing the				
353	agreement.				
354	Section 10. Section 63G-10-503 is amended to read:				
355	63G-10-503. Risk manager's authority to settle a claim Additional approvals				
356	required.				
357	(1) The risk manager may compromise and settle any claim for which the risk				
358	management fund may be liable:				
359	(a) if the settlement amount is \$500,000 or less, on the risk manager's own authority[;				
360	if the settlement amount is \$100,000 or less];				
361	(b) if the settlement amount is more than \$500,000 but not more than \$1,000,000, upon				
362	the approval of the attorney general, or the attorney general's representative, and the executive				
363	director[, if the settlement amount is more than \$100,000 but not more than \$250,000];				
364	(c) if the settlement amount is more than \$1,000,000 but not more than \$1,500,000,				
365	upon the governor's approval[, if the settlement amount is more than \$250,000 but not more				
366	than \$500,000] after receiving approval under Subsection (1)(b);				
367	(d) if the settlement amount is more than \$1,500,000 but not more than \$2,000,000,				

upon the Legislative Management Committee's approval[, if the settlement amount is more

than \$500,000 but not more than \$1,000,000] after receiving approval under Subsections (1)(b) 369 370 and (c); and 371 (e) if the settlement amount is more than \$2,000,000, upon the Legislature's approval 372 if the settlement amount is more than \$1,000,000.] after receiving approval under Subsections 373 (1)(b), (c), and (d). 374 (2) (a) The risk manager shall [: (i) as soon as reasonably possible after negotiations 375 begin, notify legislative general counsel of], upon initiation of negotiations that the risk 376 manager reasonably believes to have the potential to lead to a settlement requiring approval 377 under Subsection (1)(d) or (e)[; and]: 378 (i) notify the Legislature's general counsel that negotiations have commenced; 379 (ii) continue to keep [legislative] the Legislature's general counsel informed of material 380 developments in the negotiation process[-]; and 381 (iii) permit the Legislature's general counsel to attend negotiations. 382 (b) The information that the risk manager shall provide to [legislative] the Legislature's 383 general counsel under Subsection (2)(a) includes: 384 (i) the nature of the claim that is the subject of the settlement negotiations; 385 (ii) the known facts that support the claim and the known facts that controvert the 386 claim: and 387 (iii) the risk manager's assessment of the potential liability under the claim. 388 (c) A document, paper, electronic data, communication, or other material that the risk 389 manager provides to legislative general counsel in the discharge of the risk manager's 390 responsibility under Subsection (2) may not be considered to be a record, as defined in Section 391 63G-2-103. 392 (d) Information provided by the risk manager to legislative general counsel under 393 Subsection (2)(a) and a communication between the risk manager and legislative general 394 counsel under Subsection (2)(a) shall be considered to be evidence that is subject to Rule 408 395 of the Utah Rules of Evidence to the fullest extent possible. 396 (e) Subsections (2)(c) and (d) apply regardless of whether: 397 (i) the risk manager acts personally under this section or through counsel or another

(ii) other individuals under the direction of legislative general counsel are involved in

individual acting under the risk manager's direction; or

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(3) The risk manager shall, for each settlement agreement approved under this section
for an amount greater than \$250,000 but less than \$1,500,000, give notice of the settlement to
the Legislative Management Committee by sending a settlement agreement report to the
president of the Senate, the speaker of the House of Representatives, and the director of the
Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel within three business days of executing the
agreement.