LOCAL DISTRICT REQUIREMENTS
2023 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Kirk A. Cullimore
House Sponsor:
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill modifies provisions regarding local district processes, the annexation of areas
for special service districts, and the Open and Public Meetings Act.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
 amends the time requirement for notices and hearings of impact fee resolution from
14 to 10 days;
 amends the election procedures for a local district board;
 modifies the process for local district boundary changes;
 modifies the fee collection and payment process for local districts;
 provides that an annexed area for a special service district is subject to the user fees
imposed and property taxes levied for the benefit of the special service district once
the required documents are recorded; and
makes technical changes.
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:



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17B-1-111, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 355
17B-1-306, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapters 18, 381
17B-1-417, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
17B-1-635, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 329
17B-1-643, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, First Special Session, Chapter 15
17D-1-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 354
17D-1-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 350
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 17B-1-111 is amended to read:
17B-1-111. Impact fee resolution Notice and hearing requirements.
(1) (a) If a local district wishes to impose impact fees, the board of trustees of the local
district shall:
(i) prepare a proposed impact fee resolution that meets the requirements of Title 11,
Chapter 36a, Impact Fees Act;
(ii) make a copy of the impact fee resolution available to the public at least $[\frac{14}{2}]$ 10
days before the date of the public hearing and hold a public hearing on the proposed impact fee
resolution; and
(iii) provide reasonable notice of the public hearing at least $[\frac{14}{10}]$ days before the
date of the hearing.
(b) After the public hearing, the board of trustees may:
(i) adopt the impact fee resolution as proposed;
(ii) amend the impact fee resolution and adopt or reject it as amended; or
(iii) reject the resolution.
(2) A local district meets the requirements of reasonable notice required by this section
if it:
(a) posts notice of the hearing or meeting in at least three public places within the
jurisdiction; or
(b) gives actual notice of the hearing or meeting.
(3) The local district's board of trustees may enact a resolution establishing stricter
notice requirements than those required by this section.

(4) (a) Proof that one of the two forms of notice required by this section was given is prima facie evidence that notice was properly given.

- (b) If notice given under authority of this section is not challenged within 30 days from the date of the meeting for which the notice was given, the notice is considered adequate and proper.
 - Section 2. Section 17B-1-306 is amended to read:

17B-1-306. Local district board -- Election procedures.

- (1) Except as provided in Subsection (12), each elected board member shall be selected as provided in this section.
 - (2) (a) Each election of a local district board member shall be held:
- (i) at the same time as the municipal general election or the regular general election, as applicable; and
- (ii) at polling places designated by the local district board in consultation with the county clerk for each county in which the local district is located, which polling places shall coincide with municipal general election or regular general election polling places, as applicable, whenever feasible.
- (b) The local district board, in consultation with the county clerk, may consolidate two or more polling places to enable voters from more than one district to vote at one consolidated polling place.
- (c) (i) Subject to Subsections (5)(h) and (i), the number of polling places under Subsection (2)(a)(ii) in an election of board members of an irrigation district shall be one polling place per division of the district, designated by the district board.
- (ii) Each polling place designated by an irrigation district board under Subsection (2)(c)(i) shall coincide with a polling place designated by the county clerk under Subsection (2)(a)(ii).
- (3) (a) The clerk of each local district with a board member position to be filled at the next municipal general election or regular general election, as applicable, shall provide notice of:
- [(a)] (i) each elective position of the local district to be filled at the next municipal general election or regular general election, as applicable;
 - [(b)] (ii) the constitutional and statutory qualifications for each position; and

90 [(c)] (iii) the dates and times for filing a declaration of candidacy. 91 (b) If the election is to be held at the same time as the municipal general election, 92 subject to Subsection (5)(a), a declaration of candidacy may be filed on the days specified in 93 Subsection (5)(a). 94 (c) If the election is to be held at the same time as the regular general election, a 95 declaration of candidacy may be filed by the deadline stated in Subsection 20A-9-202(1)(b). 96 (4) The clerk of the local district shall publish the notice described in Subsection [(3)] 97 (3)(a): 98 (a) by posting the notice on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 99 63A-16-601, for 10 days before the first day for filing a declaration of candidacy; 100 (b) by posting the notice in at least five public places within the local district at least 10 101 days before the first day for filing a declaration of candidacy; and 102 (c) if the local district has a website, on the local district's website for 10 days before 103 the first day for filing a declaration of candidacy. 104 (5) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(c), to become a candidate for an elective 105 local district board position, an individual shall file a declaration of candidacy in person with 106 an official designated by the local district within the candidate filing period [for], which is 107 between June 1 and June 7 of the applicable election year in which the election for the local 108 district board is held and: (i) during the local district's standard office hours, if the standard office hours provide 109 110 at least three consecutive office hours each day during the candidate filing period that is not a 111 holiday or weekend; or 112 (ii) if the standard office hours of a local district do not provide at least three 113 consecutive office hours each day, a three-hour consecutive time period each day designated by 114 the local district during the candidate filing period that is not a holiday or weekend. 115 (b) When the candidate filing deadline falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or holiday, the 116 filing time shall be extended until the close of normal office hours on the following regular 117 business day.

(c) Subject to Subsection (5)(f), an individual may designate an agent to file a declaration of candidacy with the official designated by the local district if:

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(i) the individual is located outside of the state during the entire filing period;

121	(ii) the designated agent appears in person before the official designated by the local
122	district; and
123	(iii) the individual communicates with the official designated by the local district using
124	an electronic device that allows the individual and official to see and hear each other.
125	(d) (i) Before the filing officer may accept any declaration of candidacy from an
126	individual, the filing officer shall:
127	(A) read to the individual the constitutional and statutory qualification requirements for
128	the office that the individual is seeking; and
129	(B) require the individual to state whether the individual meets those requirements.
130	(ii) If the individual does not meet the qualification requirements for the office, the
131	filing officer may not accept the individual's declaration of candidacy.
132	(iii) If it appears that the individual meets the requirements of candidacy, the filing
133	officer shall accept the individual's declaration of candidacy.
134	(e) The declaration of candidacy shall be in substantially the following form:
135	"I, (print name), being first duly sworn, say that I reside at (Street)
136	, City of, County of, state of Utah, (Zip
137	Code), (Telephone Number, if any); that I meet the qualifications for the
138	office of board of trustees member for (state the name of the local
139	district); that I am a candidate for that office to be voted upon at the next election; and that, if
140	filing via a designated agent, I will be out of the state of Utah during the entire candidate filing
141	period, and I hereby request that my name be printed upon the official ballot for that election.
142	(Signed)
143	Subscribed and sworn to (or affirmed) before me by on this day
144	of,
145	(Signed)
146	(Clerk or Notary Public)".
147	(f) An agent designated under Subsection (5)(c) may not sign the form described in
148	Subsection (5)(e).
149	(g) Each individual wishing to become a valid write-in candidate for an elective local
150	district board position is governed by Section 20A-9-601.
151	(h) If at least one individual does not file a declaration of candidacy as required by this

section, an individual shall be appointed to fill that board position in accordance with the appointment provisions of Section 20A-1-512.

- (i) If only one candidate files a declaration of candidacy and there is no write-in candidate who complies with Section 20A-9-601, the board, in accordance with Section 20A-1-206, may:
 - (i) consider the candidate to be elected to the position; and
- 158 (ii) cancel the election.

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- (6) (a) A primary election may be held if:
 - (i) the election is authorized by the local district board; and
- 161 (ii) the number of candidates for a particular local board position or office exceeds 162 twice the number of persons needed to fill that position or office.
 - (b) The primary election shall be conducted:
- 164 (i) on the same date as the municipal primary election or the regular primary election, 165 as applicable; and
 - (ii) according to the procedures for primary elections provided under Title 20A, Election Code.
 - (7) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(c), within one business day after the deadline for filing a declaration of candidacy, the local district clerk shall certify the candidate names to the clerk of each county in which the local district is located.
 - (b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(c) and in accordance with Section 20A-6-305, the clerk of each county in which the local district is located and the local district clerk shall coordinate the placement of the name of each candidate for local district office in the nonpartisan section of the ballot with the appropriate election officer.
 - (ii) If consolidation of the local district election ballot with the municipal general election ballot or the regular general election ballot, as applicable, is not feasible, the local district board of trustees, in consultation with the county clerk, shall provide for a separate local district election ballot to be administered by poll workers at polling places designated under Subsection (2).
 - (c) (i) Subsections (7)(a) and (b) do not apply to an election of a member of the board of an irrigation district established under Chapter 2a, Part 5, Irrigation District Act.
 - (ii) (A) Subject to Subsection (7)(c)(ii)(B), the board of each irrigation district shall

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183 prescribe the form of the ballot for each board member election. 184 (B) Each ballot for an election of an irrigation district board member shall be in a 185 nonpartisan format. 186 (C) The name of each candidate shall be placed on the ballot in the order specified 187 under Section 20A-6-305. 188 (8) (a) Each voter at an election for a board of trustees member of a local district shall: 189 (i) be a registered voter within the district, except for an election of: 190 (A) an irrigation district board of trustees member; or 191 (B) a basic local district board of trustees member who is elected by property owners; 192 and 193 (ii) meet the requirements to vote established by the district. 194 (b) Each voter may vote for as many candidates as there are offices to be filled. 195 (c) The candidates who receive the highest number of votes are elected. 196 (9) Except as otherwise provided by this section, the election of local district board 197 members is governed by Title 20A, Election Code. 198 (10) (a) Except as provided in Subsection 17B-1-303(8), a person elected to serve on a 199 local district board shall serve a four-year term, beginning at noon on the January 1 after the 200 person's election. 201 (b) A person elected shall be sworn in as soon as practical after January 1. 202 (11) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (11)(b), each local district shall reimburse 203 the county or municipality holding an election under this section for the costs of the election 204 attributable to that local district. 205 (b) Each irrigation district shall bear the district's own costs of each election the district 206 holds under this section. 207 (12) This section does not apply to an improvement district that provides electric or gas 208 service. 209 (13) Except as provided in Subsection 20A-3a-605(1)(b), the provisions of Title 20A,

Chapter 3a, Part 6, Early Voting, do not apply to an election under this section.

(14) (a) As used in this Subsection (14), "board" means:

(i) a local district board; or

(ii) the administrative control board of a special service district that has elected

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214 members on the board.

- (b) A board may hold elections for membership on the board at a regular general election instead of a municipal general election if the board submits an application to the lieutenant governor that:
- (i) requests permission to hold elections for membership on the board at a regular general election instead of a municipal general election; and
- (ii) indicates that holding elections at the time of the regular general election is beneficial, based on potential cost savings, a potential increase in voter turnout, or another material reason.
- (c) Upon receipt of an application described in Subsection (14)(b), the lieutenant governor may approve the application if the lieutenant governor concludes that holding the elections at the regular general election is beneficial based on the criteria described in Subsection (14)(b)(ii).
 - (d) If the lieutenant governor approves a board's application described in this section:
- (i) all future elections for membership on the board shall be held at the time of the regular general election; and
- (ii) the board may not hold elections at the time of a municipal general election unless the board receives permission from the lieutenant governor to hold all future elections for membership on the board at a municipal general election instead of a regular general election, under the same procedure, and by applying the same criteria, described in this Subsection (14).
 - (15) (a) This Subsection (15) applies to a local district if:
- (i) the local district's board members are elected by the owners of real property, as provided in Subsection 17B-1-1402(1)(b); and
 - (ii) the local district was created before January 1, 2020.
- (b) The board of a local district described in Subsection (15)(a) may conduct an election:
- (i) to fill a board member position that expires at the end of the term for that board member's position; and
- (ii) notwithstanding Subsection 20A-1-512(1)(a)(i), to fill a vacancy in an unexpired term of a board member.
- (c) An election under Subsection (15)(b) may be conducted as determined by the local

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(iii) (A) post notice:

245 district board, subject to Subsection (15)(d). 246 (d) (i) The local district board shall provide to property owners eligible to vote at the 247 local district election: 248 (A) notice of the election; and 249 (B) a form to nominate an eligible individual to be elected as a board member. 250 (ii) (A) The local district board may establish a deadline for a property owner to submit 251 a nomination form. 252 (B) A deadline under Subsection (15)(d)(ii)(A) may not be earlier than 15 days after 253 the board provides the notice and nomination form under Subsection (15)(d)(i). 254 (iii) (A) After the deadline for submitting nomination forms, the local district board 255 shall provide a ballot to all property owners eligible to vote at the local district election. 256 (B) A local district board shall allow at least five days for ballots to be returned. 257 (iv) A local district board shall certify the results of an election under this Subsection 258 (15) during an open meeting of the board. 259 Section 3. Section 17B-1-417 is amended to read: 260 17B-1-417. Boundary adjustment -- Notice and hearing -- Protest -- Resolution 261 adjusting boundaries -- Filing of notice and plat with the lieutenant governor --262 Recording requirements -- Effective date. 263 (1) As used in this section, "affected area" means the area located within the 264 boundaries of one local district that will be removed from that local district and included within the boundaries of another local district because of a boundary adjustment under this section. 265 266 (2) The boards of trustees of two or more local districts having a common boundary 267 and providing the same service on the same wholesale or retail basis may adjust their common 268 boundary as provided in this section. 269 (3) (a) The board of trustees of each local district intending to adjust a boundary that is 270 common with another local district shall: 271 (i) adopt a resolution indicating the board's intent to adjust a common boundary; 272 (ii) hold a public hearing on the proposed boundary adjustment no less than 60 days 273 after the adoption of the resolution under Subsection (3)(a)(i); and

(I) in at least four conspicuous places within the local district at least two weeks before

276	the public hearing; and
277	(II) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601, for two weeks;
278	or
279	(B) mail a notice to each owner of property located within the affected area and to each
280	registered voter residing within the affected area.
281	(b) The notice required under Subsection (3)(a)(iii) shall:
282	(i) state that the board of trustees of the local district has adopted a resolution
283	indicating the board's intent to adjust a boundary that the local district has in common with
284	another local district that provides the same service as the local district;
285	(ii) describe the affected area;
286	(iii) state the date, time, and location of the public hearing required under Subsection
287	(3)(a)(ii);
288	(iv) provide a local district telephone number where additional information about the
289	proposed boundary adjustment may be obtained;
290	(v) explain the financial and service impacts of the boundary adjustment on property
291	owners or residents within the affected area; and
292	(vi) state in conspicuous and plain terms that the board of trustees may approve the
293	adjustment of the boundaries unless, at or before the public hearing under Subsection (3)(a)(ii),
294	written protests to the adjustment are filed with the board by:
295	(A) the owners of private real property that:
296	(I) is located within the affected area;
297	(II) covers at least 50% of the total private land area within the affected area; and
298	(III) is equal in assessed value to at least 50% of the assessed value of all private real
299	property within the affected area; or
300	(B) registered voters residing within the affected area equal in number to at least 50%
301	of the votes cast in the affected area for the office of governor at the last regular general
302	election before the filing of the protests.
303	(c) The boards of trustees of the local districts whose boundaries are being adjusted
304	may jointly:
305	(i) post or mail the notice required under Subsection (3)(a)(iii); and
306	(ii) hold the public hearing required under Subsection (3)(a)(ii).

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307	(d) Subsections (3)(a)(ii) and (iii), (3)(b), and (3)(c) do not apply if written consents to
308	the boundary adjustment have been filed with the board that are signed by:
309	(i) the owners of 100% of the private real property located within the affected area; and
310	(ii) registered voters residing within the affected area equal in number to at least the
311	number votes cast in the affected area for the office of governor at the last regular general
312	election before the filing of the written consents to the boundary adjustment.
313	(4) [After] Except as provided in Subsection (3)(d), after the public hearing required
314	under Subsection (3)(a)(ii), the board of trustees may adopt a resolution approving the
315	adjustment of the common boundary unless, at or before the public hearing, written protests to
316	the boundary adjustment have been filed with the board by:
317	(a) the owners of private real property that:
318	(i) is located within the affected area;
319	(ii) covers at least 50% of the total private land area within the affected area; and
320	(iii) is equal in assessed value to at least 50% of the assessed value of all private real
321	property within the affected area; or
322	(b) registered voters residing within the affected area equal in number to at least 50%
323	of the votes cast in the affected area for the office of governor at the last regular general
324	election before the filing of the protests.
325	(5) A resolution adopted under Subsection (4) does not take effect until the board of
326	each local district whose boundaries are being adjusted has adopted a resolution under
327	Subsection (4).
328	(6) The board of the local district whose boundaries are being adjusted to include the
329	affected area shall:
330	(a) within 30 days after the resolutions take effect under Subsection (5), file with the
331	lieutenant governor:
332	(i) a copy of a notice of an impending boundary action, as defined in Section 67-1a-6.5,
333	that meets the requirements of Subsection 67-1a-6.5(3); and
334	(ii) a copy of an approved final local entity plat, as defined in Section 67-1a-6.5; and
335	(b) upon the lieutenant governor's issuance of a certificate of boundary adjustment
336	under Section 67-1a-6.5:
337	(i) if the affected area is located within the boundary of a single county, submit to the

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338	recorder of that county:
339	(A) the original:
340	(I) notice of an impending boundary action;
341	(II) certificate of boundary adjustment; and
342	(III) approved final local entity plat; and
343	(B) a certified copy of each resolution adopted under Subsection (4); or
344	(ii) if the affected area is located within the boundaries of more than a single county:
345	(A) submit to the recorder of one of those counties:
346	(I) the original of the documents listed in Subsections (6)(b)(i)(A)(I), (II), and (III); and
347	(II) a certified copy of each resolution adopted under Subsection (4); and
348	(B) submit to the recorder of each other county:
349	(I) a certified copy of the documents listed in Subsections (6)(b)(i)(A)(I), (II), and (III);
350	and
351	(II) a certified copy of each resolution adopted under Subsection (4).
352	(7) (a) Upon the lieutenant governor's issuance of a certificate of boundary adjustment
353	under Section 67-1a-6.5, the affected area is annexed to the local district whose boundaries are
354	being adjusted to include the affected area, and the affected area is withdrawn from the local
355	district whose boundaries are being adjusted to exclude the affected area.
356	(b) (i) The effective date of a boundary adjustment under this section for purposes of
357	assessing property within the affected area is governed by Section 59-2-305.5.
358	(ii) Until the documents listed in Subsection (6)(b) are recorded in the office of the
359	recorder of the county in which the property is located, a local district in whose boundary an
360	affected area is included because of a boundary adjustment under this section may not:
361	(A) levy or collect a property tax on property within the affected area;
362	(B) levy or collect an assessment on property within the affected area; or
363	(C) charge or collect a fee for service provided to property within the affected area.
364	(iii) Subsection (7)(b)(ii)(C):
365	(A) may not be construed to limit a local district's ability before a boundary adjustment
366	to charge and collect a fee for service provided to property that is outside the local district's
367	boundary; and
368	(B) does not apply until 60 days after the effective date, under Subsection [(7)(a)]

369	(/)(b), of the local district's boundary adjustment, with respect to a fee that the local district
370	was charging for service provided to property within the area affected by the boundary
371	adjustment immediately before the boundary adjustment.
372	Section 4. Section 17B-1-635 is amended to read:
373	17B-1-635. Duties with respect to issuance of payments.
374	(1) The district clerk or other designated person not performing treasurer duties shall
375	prepare the necessary checks or make the necessary arrangements for direct deposit, wire
376	transfer, or other electronic payment mechanism after having determined that:
377	(a) the claim was authorized by:
378	(i) the board of trustees; or
379	(ii) the local district financial officer, if the financial officer is not the clerk, in
380	accordance with Section 17B-1-642;
381	(b) the claim does not overexpend the appropriate departmental budget established by
382	the board of trustees; and
383	(c) the expenditure was approved in advance by the board of trustees or its designee.
384	(2) (a) (i) The treasurer or any other person appointed by the board of trustees shall
385	sign all checks or review and authorize all direct deposits, wire transfers, or other electronic
386	payments.
387	(ii) The person maintaining the financial records may not sign any single signature
388	check or unilaterally authorize any direct deposit, wire transfer, or other electronic payment.
389	(b) In a local district with an expenditure budget of less than \$50,000 per year, a
390	member of the board of trustees shall also sign all checks and review and authorize all direct
391	deposits, wire transfers, or other electronic payments.
392	(c) Before affixing a signature or other authorization, the treasurer or other designated
393	person shall determine that a sufficient amount is on deposit in the appropriate bank account of
394	the district to honor the check.
395	Section 5. Section 17B-1-643 is amended to read:
396	17B-1-643. Imposing or increasing a fee for service provided by local district.
397	(1) (a) Before imposing a new fee or increasing an existing fee for a service provided
398	by a local district, each local district board of trustees shall first hold a public hearing at which:
399	(i) the local district shall demonstrate its need to impose or increase the fee: and

(ii) any interested person may speak for or against the proposal to impose a fee or to increase an existing fee.

- (b) Each public hearing under Subsection (1)(a) shall be held in the evening beginning no earlier than 6 p.m.
- (c) A public hearing required under this Subsection (1) may be combined with a public hearing on a tentative budget required under Section 17B-1-610.
- (d) Except to the extent that this section imposes more stringent notice requirements, the local district board shall comply with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act, in holding the public hearing under Subsection (1)(a).
- (2) (a) Each local district board shall give notice of a hearing under Subsection (1) as provided in Subsections (2)(b) and (c) or Subsection (2)(d).
 - (b) The local district board shall:

- (i) post the notice required under Subsection (2)(a) on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section 63A-16-601; and
- (ii) post at least one of the notices required under Subsection (2)(a) per 1,000 population within the local district, at places within the local district that are [most] likely to provide actual notice to residents within the local district, subject to a maximum of 10 notices.
- (c) The notice described in Subsection (2)(b) shall state that the local district board intends to impose or increase a fee for a service provided by the local district and will hold a public hearing on a certain day, time, and place fixed in the notice, which shall be not less than seven days after the day the [first] notice is [published,] first posted as provided in Subsection (2)(b) for the purpose of hearing comments regarding the proposed imposition or increase of a fee and to explain the reasons for the proposed imposition or increase.
- (d) (i) In lieu of providing notice under Subsection (2)(b), the local district board of trustees may give the notice required under Subsection (2)(a) by mailing the notice to those within the district who:
- (A) will be charged the fee for a district service, if the fee is being imposed for the first time; or
 - (B) are being charged a fee, if the fee is proposed to be increased.
 - (ii) Each notice under Subsection (2)(d)(i) shall comply with Subsection (2)(c).
- 430 (iii) A notice under Subsection (2)(d)(i) may accompany a district bill for an existing

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432	(e) If the hearing required under this section is combined with the public hearing
433	required under Section 17B-1-610, the notice required under this Subsection (2):
434	(i) may be combined with the notice required under Section 17B-1-609; and
435	(ii) shall be posted or mailed in accordance with the notice provisions of this section.
436	(f) Proof that notice was given as provided in Subsection (2)(b) or (d) is prima facie
437	evidence that notice was properly given.
438	(g) If no challenge is made to the notice given of a hearing required by Subsection (1)
439	within 30 days after the date of the hearing, the notice is considered adequate and proper.
440	(3) After holding a public hearing under Subsection (1), a local district board may:
441	(a) impose the new fee or increase the existing fee as proposed;
442	(b) adjust the amount of the proposed new fee or the increase of the existing fee and
443	then impose the new fee or increase the existing fee as adjusted; or
444	(c) decline to impose the new fee or increase the existing fee.
445	(4) This section applies to each new fee imposed and each increase of an existing fee
446	that occurs on or after July 1, 1998.
447	(5) (a) This section does not apply to an impact fee.
448	(b) The imposition or increase of an impact fee is governed by Title 11, Chapter 36a,
449	Impact Fees Act.
450	Section 6. Section 17D-1-103 is amended to read:
451	17D-1-103. Special service district status, powers, and duties Registration as a
452	limited purpose entity Limitation on districts providing jail service.
453	(1) A special service district:
454	(a) is:
455	(i) a body corporate and politic with perpetual succession, separate and distinct from
456	the county or municipality that creates it;
457	(ii) a quasi-municipal corporation; and
458	(iii) a political subdivision of the state; and
459	(b) may sue and be sued.
460	(2) A special service district may:
461	(a) exercise the power of eminent domain possessed by the county or municipality that

462 creates the special service district;

(b) enter into a contract that the governing authority considers desirable to carry out special service district functions, including a contract:

- (i) with the United States or an agency of the United States, the state, an institution of higher education, a county, a municipality, a school district, a local district, another special service district, or any other political subdivision of the state; or
- (ii) that includes provisions concerning the use, operation, and maintenance of special service district facilities and the collection of fees or charges with respect to commodities, services, or facilities that the district provides;
 - (c) acquire or construct facilities;
- (d) acquire real or personal property, or an interest in real or personal property, including water and water rights, whether by purchase, lease, gift, devise, bequest, or otherwise, and whether the property is located inside or outside the special service district, and own, hold, improve, use, finance, or otherwise deal in and with the property or property right;
- (e) sell, convey, lease, exchange, transfer, or otherwise dispose of all or any part of the special service district's property or assets, including water and water rights;
- (f) mortgage, pledge, or otherwise encumber all or any part of the special service district's property or assets, including water and water rights;
- (g) enter into a contract with respect to the use, operation, or maintenance of all or any part of the special service district's property or assets, including water and water rights;
- (h) accept a government grant or loan and comply with the conditions of the grant or loan;
- (i) use an officer, employee, property, equipment, office, or facility of the county or municipality that created the special service district, subject to reimbursement as provided in Subsection (4);
- (j) employ one or more officers, employees, or agents, including one or more engineers, accountants, attorneys, or financial consultants, and establish their compensation;
- (k) designate an assessment area and levy an assessment as provided in Title 11, Chapter 42, Assessment Area Act;
- (l) contract with a franchised, certificated public utility for the construction and operation of an electrical service distribution system within the special service district;

493	(m) borrow money and incur indebtedness;
494	(n) as provided in Part 5, Special Service District Bonds, issue bonds for the purpose of
495	acquiring, constructing, and equipping any of the facilities required for the services the special
496	service district is authorized to provide, including:
497	(i) bonds payable in whole or in part from taxes levied on the taxable property in the
498	special service district;
499	(ii) bonds payable from revenues derived from the operation of revenue-producing
500	facilities of the special service district;
501	(iii) bonds payable from both taxes and revenues;
502	(iv) guaranteed bonds, payable in whole or in part from taxes levied on the taxable
503	property in the special service district;
504	(v) tax anticipation notes;
505	(vi) bond anticipation notes;
506	(vii) refunding bonds;
507	(viii) special assessment bonds; and
508	(ix) bonds payable in whole or in part from mineral lease payments as provided in
509	Section 11-14-308;
510	(o) except as provided in Subsection (5), impose fees or charges or both for
511	commodities, services, or facilities that the special service district provides;
512	(p) provide to an area outside the special service district's boundary, whether inside or
513	outside the state, a service that the special service district is authorized to provide within its
514	boundary, if the governing body makes a finding that there is a public benefit to providing the
515	service to the area outside the special service district's boundary;
516	(q) provide other services that the governing body determines will more effectively
517	carry out the purposes of the special service district; and
518	(r) adopt an official seal for the special service district.
519	(3) (a) Each special service district shall register and maintain the special service
520	district's registration as a limited purpose entity, in accordance with Section 67-1a-15.
521	(b) A special service district that fails to comply with Subsection (3)(a) or Section
522	67-1a-15 is subject to enforcement by the state auditor, in accordance with Section 67-3-1.

(4) (a) Each special service district that uses an officer, employee, property, equipment,

524	office, or facility of the county or municipality that created the special service district shall
525	reimburse the county or municipality a reasonable amount for what the special service district
526	uses.
527	(b) The amount invoiced for what the special service district uses under Subsection
528	(4)(a) may not exceed the actual documented cost incurred, without markup, by the county or
529	municipality.
530	(5) (a) A special service district that provides jail service as provided in Subsection
531	17D-1-201(10) may not impose a fee or charge for the service it provides.
532	(b) Subsection (5)(a) may not be construed to limit a special service district that
533	provides jail service from:
534	(i) entering into a contract with the federal government, the state, or a political
535	subdivision of the state to provide jail service for compensation; or
536	(ii) receiving compensation for jail service it provides under a contract described in
537	Subsection (5)(b)(i).
538	Section 7. Section 17D-1-403 is amended to read:
539	17D-1-403. Notice and plat to lieutenant governor Lieutenant governor
540	certification Recording requirements Effective date.
541	(1) If a county or municipal legislative body adopts a resolution approving the
542	annexation of an area to an existing special service district, the legislative body shall:
543	(a) within 30 days after adopting the resolution, file with the lieutenant governor:
544	(i) a copy of a notice of an impending boundary action, as defined in Section 67-1a-6.5
545	that meets the requirements of Subsection 67-1a-6.5(3); and
546	(ii) a copy of an approved final local entity plat, as defined in Section 67-1a-6.5; and
547	(b) upon the lieutenant governor's issuance of a certificate of annexation under Section
548	67-1a-6.5, submit to the recorder of the county in which the special service district is located:
549	(i) the original notice of an impending boundary action;
550	(ii) the original certificate of annexation;
551	(iii) the original approved final local entity plat; and
552	(iv) a certified copy of the resolution approving the annexation.
553	(2) (a) Upon the lieutenant governor's issuance of the certificate of annexation under
554	Section 67-1a-6.5, the additional area that is the subject of the legislative body's resolution is

annexed to the special service district.

- (b) (i) The effective date of an annexation under this section for purposes of assessing property within the annexed area is governed by Section 59-2-305.5.
- (ii) Until the documents listed in Subsection (1)(b) are recorded in the office of the recorder of the county in which the property is located:
- (A) the county, city, or town that created the special service district may not levy or collect a property tax for special service district purposes on property within the annexed area; and
 - (B) the special service district may not:
 - (I) levy or collect an assessment on property within the annexed area; or
 - (II) charge or collect a fee for service provided to property within the annexed area.
 - (iii) Subsection (2)(b)(ii)(B)(II):
- (A) may not be construed to limit a special service district's ability before annexation to charge and collect a fee for service provided to property that is outside the special service district's boundary; and
- (B) does not apply until 60 days after the effective date, under Subsection [(2)(a)] (2)(b), of the special service district's annexation, with respect to a fee that the special service district was charging for service provided to property within the annexed area immediately before the area was annexed to the special service district.
- (3) After the documents listed in Subsection (1)(b) are recorded in the office of the recorder of the county in which the property is located, the annexed area shall be subject to user fees imposed by and property taxes levied for the benefit of the special service district.